# CURRICULUM FOR FIRST BHMS PROFESSIONAL COURSE

(Applicable from Batch 2022-2023 onwards for 5 years or until further notification by National Commission for Homoeopathy whichever is earlier)

# (Anatomy, Histology and Embryology)



# HOMOEOPATHY EDUCATION BOARD NATIONAL COMMISSION FOR HOMOEOPATHY MINISTRY OF AYUSH, GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

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### INDEX

SI. No	Description	Page Number
1	Preamble	04
2	Program Outcomes (PO)	05
3	Course Outcomes (CO)	06
4	Teaching Hours	07
5	Course Content	09
6	Teaching Learning Methods	27
7	Content Mapping (Competencies Table)	29
8	Practical Topics (Non-Lecture Activities)	103
9	Assessment	104
10	List of Recommended Books	114
11	List of Contributors	116

### FINAL VERSION OF COMPETANCY BASED CURRICULUM FOR ANATOMY FOR FIRST BHMS COURSE

Subject- Human Anatomy

Subject Code: Hom UG-AN

#### 1. PREAMBLE

Anatomy is a study of the structural organization and development of man from gross to cellular aspects along with exploring the interrelationship of different tissues, organs and systems.

An important aspect for the homoeopathic student to grasp is the essentially holistic approach emphasized by Hahnemann. From that perspective, study of anatomy is not a study of isolated organs, parts or tissues but that of a hierarchical system which is intimately interconnected and functions with a purpose of striking balance when in a state of adaptation. The subtle ways in which this balance is lost through a malfunctioning of the vital force needs to be appreciated. This can occur when anatomy is taught with applied anatomy in the background.

While anatomy explores the structural organization of man, physiology gives us an understanding of the functional organization of the human being. These subjects, which are in reality the two sides of the coin, need to be taught interdependently. This enables the student to develop an insight into the essential interconnection of both in normal health and how both these alter when the disease process gets initiated in the system. This will also reduce the number of teaching hours due to avoiding duplication of information. While the clinical integration is taking place, homoeopathic connection is emphasized when the relevance of the Homoeopathic subjects being taught in the 1<sup>st</sup> year (Philosophy, Materia Medica, Pharmacy and Repertory), is simultaneously brought to the forefront and hence student-centered teaching of the first BHMS year be achieved.

Advances in the understanding of tissues and cell structures which subsume functions of the organs and systems can afford a fertile area for exploring the action of drugs of Materia medica.

#### 2. PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

At the end of BHMS program, a student should;

- 1. Develop the competencies essential for primary health care in clinical diagnosis and treatment of diseases through the judicious application of homoeopathic principles.
- 2. Recognize the scope and limitation of homoeopathy and to apply the Homoeopathic Principles for curative, prophylactic, promotive, palliative, and rehabilitative primary health care for the benefit of the individual and community.
- 3. Discern the relevance of other systems of medical practice for rational use of cross referral and life saving measures, so as to address clinical emergences.
- 4. Develop capacity for critical thinking and research aptitude as required for evidence based homoeopathic practice.
- 5. Demonstrate aptitude for lifelong learning and develop competencies as and when conditions of practice demand.
- 6. Be competent enough to practice homoeopathy as per the medical ethics and professionalism.
- 7. Develop the necessary communication skills to work as a team member in various healthcare setting and contribute towards the larger goals of national policies such as school health, community health, environmental conservation.
- 8. Identify and respect the socio-demographic, psychological, cultural, environmental & economic factors that affect health and disease and plan homoeopathic intervention to achieve the sustainable development Goal.

#### 3. COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of the I BHMS course, I BHMS student should be able to;

- 1. Discuss the evolution of life and the developmental anatomy and genetics of human.
- 2. Explain the ethics of Anatomy, such as Anatomy act, Body donation & receiving procedure and its legal aspects, develop respect to the human cadaver.
- 3. Differentiate the structural organization of man from micro to macro and its evolution from embryo.
- 4. Correlate the structural organization of man with functional organization and its applied aspect.
- 5. Apply anatomy knowledge to achieve vertical integration with clinical subjects.
- 6. Correlate structural organization of man with Homeopathic Philosophy and concept of man, Homoeopathic Materia Medica, Repertory and Pharmacy.
- 7. Correlate structural organization in interpreting different investigations.

#### 4. TEACHING HOURS

SI. No.	Subject	Theoretical Lecture	(Non – Lecture hours) Practical / Tutorials / Seminars / Clinical Postings
01	Anatomy	325 hrs.	33ohrs.

Theory (hrs)	Non-lecture (hrs)			
325	Practical	Non-lecture activities		
5-5	250	80		
Total – 655 hours				

#### a. TEACHING HOURS (THEORY)

	Paper-I			
Sl. No	List of Topics	Term	Teaching Hours	
1	General Anatomy	I	32	
2	Head, Neck & Face	II	50	
3	Central Nervous System	II	30	
4	Upper Extremities	I	35	
5	Embryology	I	20	

	Paper-II			
Sl. No	List of Topics	Term	Teaching Hours	
1	Thorax	II	28	
2	Abdomen & Pelvis		70	
3	Lower Extremities		40	

4	Histology	I	20

#### b. TEACHING HOURS (PRACTICAL)

Sl. No	List of Topics	Term	Teaching Hours
1	Head, Neck & Face	II	56
2	Central Nervous System	II	16
3	Upper Extremities	I	34
4	Thorax	П	30
5	Abdomen & Pelvis	111	50
6	Lower Extremities	111	40
7	Histology	I	24

#### 5. COURSE CONTENT: Syllabus Planning

#### a. Theory:

- a. Syllabus should start with revision of some of important topics of BIOLOGY (To connect Biology to Medical Science), origin of Earth and Environment, Origin of LIFE-Evolution of Human Lives.
- **b.** The complete course of Human Anatomy should be subdivided in number of modules according to topics/regions/systems.
- **c.** Syllabus of other subjects of same course should be planned out where the maximum integration (Vertical & Horizontal) of topics is possible.
- **d.** Theory/Practical/Tutorial/Case based learning should be arranged in parallel.
- **e.** Each module should be planned according to the need of system-Co-relation with Homoeopathy & time dimension (number of hours).
- **f.** At the end of each module knowledge should be assessed by arranging joint seminars (application of classroom knowledge to practical understanding).
- g. The curriculum includes the following;
  - 1. Anatomy Act.
  - 2. Body donation procedure and its legal aspects.
  - 3. Develop respect to the human cadaver, empathy towards diseased and sense of gratification for the voluntary body donors and their families.
  - 4. Anatomy and Ethics.

#### b. Practical

- **a.** Dissection of whole Human Body, Demonstration of dissected parts and small group discussions.
- **b.** Identification of histological slides, related to tissue & organs.
- c. Students shall maintain Practical/Dissection & Histology record.

#### THEORY

Sl. No.	Topics	No. of hours	Term
1.	GENERAL ANATOMY		I
	1. Modern concepts of cell and its components; cell division, types with their significance	2	
	2. Basic tissues	2	
	<ul> <li>Genetics</li> <li>i. DNA &amp; RNA</li> <li>ii. Chromosomes</li> </ul>	6	

Sl. No.	Topics	No. of hours	Term
	iii. Genes		
	iv. Inheritances		
	v. Genetic basis of diseases and Integration		
	with homoeopathic concept of miasmatic influence		
	4. Basics of General Anatomy-		-
	i. Definition and subdivisions of Anatomy	1	
	ii. History of Anatomy	1	
	iii. Anatomical terms of position &	2	
	movement	2	
	<ul><li>iv. Skin, superficial and deep fasciae</li><li>v. Muscles</li></ul>	2 2	
	vi. Bones	2	
	vii. Joints	2	
	viii. Blood vessels	2	
	ix. Lymphatic system	2	
	x. Nerves	2	
	xi. Glands: types and classification		
	5. Revision	2	
	Total Hours	32	
2.	DEVELOPMENTAL ANATOMY (EMBRYC	DLOGY)	1
	1. Introduction	1	
	2. Spermatogenesis	1	
	3. Oogenesis	1	
	4. Fertilization	1 2	
	5. Cleavage and implantation	2	
	6. Bilaminar germ disc formation	3	
		5	
	7. Gastrulation: Germ layers & Derivatives	1	
	8. Intraembryonic mesoderm derivatives:	1 1	
	8. Intraembryonic mesoderm derivatives: Somites		
	<ol> <li>8. Intraembryonic mesoderm derivatives: Somites</li> <li>9. Ossification</li> </ol>	1 1 1	
	<ol> <li>8. Intraembryonic mesoderm derivatives: Somites</li> <li>9. Ossification</li> <li>10. Notochord</li> </ol>	1 1 1 2	
	<ol> <li>8. Intraembryonic mesoderm derivatives: Somites</li> <li>9. Ossification</li> <li>10. Notochord</li> <li>11. Folding of the embryonic: formation of</li> </ol>	1 1 2 1	
	<ol> <li>8. Intraembryonic mesoderm derivatives: Somites</li> <li>9. Ossification</li> <li>10. Notochord</li> <li>11. Folding of the embryonic: formation of primitive gut</li> </ol>	1 1 1 2	
	<ol> <li>8. Intraembryonic mesoderm derivatives: Somites</li> <li>9. Ossification</li> <li>10. Notochord</li> <li>11. Folding of the embryonic: formation of</li> </ol>	1 1 2 1	
	<ol> <li>8. Intraembryonic mesoderm derivatives: Somites</li> <li>9. Ossification</li> <li>10. Notochord</li> <li>11. Folding of the embryonic: formation of primitive gut</li> <li>12. Placenta</li> </ol>	1 1 2 1	

Sl. No.	Topics	No. of hours	Term
	1. Introduction	1	
	2. Epithelial tissue	2	_
	3. Connective tissue	2	_
	4. Cartilage	1	-
	5. Bone	1	-
	6. Muscle	2	-
	7. Nervous tissue	1	-
	8. Skin	2	-
	9. Lymphoid organs	2	-
	10. Blood vessels	2	_
	11. Glands	2	_
	12. Revision	2	_
	Total Hours	20	_
4.	UPPER EXTREMITY		I
	1. Introduction	1	
	2. Pectoral region and axilla	2	_
	3. Mammary Gland	2	_
	4. Brachial plexus	2	_
	5. Axillary artery	1	_
	6. Back and Intermuscular spacesaround scapula	2	_
	7. Shoulder Joint	2	-
	8. Musculocutaneous and axillary nerves	1	-
	9. Arm and cubital fossa; brachial artery	2	-
	10. Fore arm: Muscles, nerves and blood vessels (Superficial and Deep Flexors and Extensors)	4	-
	11. Radial artery	1	-
	12. Ulnar artery	1	1

Sl. No.	Topics	No. of hours	Term
	13. Median nerve	2	
	14. Ulnar nerve	1	-
	15. Radial nerve	2	-
	16. Elbow joint and radio-ulnar articulations	2	-
	17. Wrist joint	1	-
	18. Flexor and extensor retinacula	1	-
	19. Palmar aponeurosis and spaces in palmar spaces	2	
	20. Venous drainage of upper extremity	1	-
	21. Revision	2	
	Total Hours	35	
5٠	LOWER EXTREMITY		- 111
	1. Introduction	1	
	2. Lumbar plexus and femoral nerve	2	-
	3. Front of thigh	2	
	4. Femoral Triangle and Femoral artery	2	-
	5. Median compartment of thigh and obturator nerve	2	
	6. Gluteal region	2	-
	<ol> <li>Sacral plexus and sciatic nerve, tibial and common peroneal nerves</li> </ol>	4	
	8. Back of the thigh Popliteal fossa	2	
	9. Hip joint	2	-
	10. Front of the leg and dorsum of the foot: Anterior tibial artery, deep peroneal nerve	4	
	11. Back of the leg: Tibial nerve and posterior tibial artery	3	
	12. Side of the leg: Superficial peroneal nerve	2	1

Sl. No.	Topics	No. of hours	Term
	13. Retinacula around the ankle	1	
	14. Sole of foot	2	-
	15. Knee Joint	2	-
	16. Ankle joint	1	-
	17. Arches of foot	2	-
	18. Venous drainage of lower extremity	2	-
	19. Revision	2	
	Total Hours	40	-
6.	THORAX		II
	1. Introduction	1	
	2. Trachea	1	-
	3. Pleura	1	-
	4. Lungs	3	-
	5. Mediastinum	2	-
	6. Pericardium and Heart	4	-
	7. Blood supply of heart	2	-
	8. Superior mediastinum: Arch of aorta	1	-
	9. Superior mediastinum: Superior Vena cava	1	-
	10. Inferior Vena Cava	1	-
	11. Posterior mediastinum: Azygous vein & Thoracic duct	2	-
	12. Posterior mediastinum: Oesophagus & Descending thoracic aorta	2	1
	13. Diaphragm	1	-
	14. Systemic embryology: Development of Heart and lung	3	-
	15. Systemic histology: Trachea and Lung	1	1

Sl. No.	Topics	No. of hours	Term
	16. Revision	2	
	Total Hours	28	-
7.	ABDOMEN, PELVIS & PERINEUN	1	III
	1. Introduction	1	
	2. Anterior Abdominal wall	2	-
	3. Peritoneum	2	-
	4. Stomach	2	-
	5. Liver	2	-
	6. Gall bladder and Extrahepatic biliary apparatus	2	-
	7. Spleen	1	-
	8. Duodenum	1	-
	9. Pancreas	2	-
	10. Jejunum and Ileum, Superior mesenteric artery	2	-
	11. Caecum & appendix	2	-
	12. Large intestine	2	_
	13. Portal venous system	2	-
	14. Kidney	2	-
	15. Supra renal glands	1	_
	16. Abdominal aorta	1	1
	17. Posterior abdominal wall	1	1
	18. Urinary bladder	2	1
	19. Ureter	1	1
	20. Prostate gland	2	1
	21. Ovary	1	1
	22. Uterus	2	1
	23. Fallopian tube	1	1

Sl. No.	Topics	No. of hours	Term
	24. Scrotum and testis	2	
	25. Vas deferens	1	-
	26. Rectum	1	-
	27. Anal canal	1	-
	28. Walls of pelvis including pelvic diaphragm	2	-
	29. Perineum: superficial and deep perineal pouches	3	-
	30. Ischiorectal fossa	1	-
	31. Systemic embryology: Development of digestive system	4	-
	32. Systemic embryology: Development of urogenital organs	2	
	33. Systemic histology: Digestive system34. Systemic histology: Urinary system & supra renal gland35. Systemic histology: Male reproductive system		-
			-
			-
	36. Systemic histology: Female reproductive system	2	-
	37. Revision	6	-
	Total Hours	70	-
8.	HEAD, NECK & FACE		II
	1. Introduction	1	
	2. Scalp	2	1
	3. Face: muscles, nerves and blood vessels	2	1
	4. Lachrymal apparatus	1	1
	5. Side of the neck: Posterior triangle	1	1
	6. Front of the neck: Anterior triangle and its subdivisions	3	1

Sl. No.	Topics	No. of hours	Term
	7. Deep cervical fascia	1	
	8. Back of the neck: Suboccipital triangle	1	-
	9. Contents of vertebral canal	1	-
	10. Parotid gland	1	-
	11. Submandibular gland	1	-
	12. Muscles of mastication	1	-
	13. Temporomandibular joint	1	1
	14. Thyroid gland	2	1
	15. Cranial cavity: Dura mater, Dural venous sinuses & Pituitary gland	3	-
	16. Contents of the orbit	1	-
	17. Extraocular muscles	1	
	18. Oral cavity	1	
	19. Soft palate and palatine tonsil	1	1
	20. Tongue	1	1
	21. Pharynx	2	
	22. Larynx	2	
	23. Nose and paranasal air sinuses	2	-
	24. Ear: EAC & middle ear, inner ear	2	-
	25. Eustachian tube	1	1
	26. Eyeball	2	1
	27. Common & Internal carotidartery	1	1
	28. External carotid artery	2	1
	29. Vertebral artery	1	1
	30. Internal Jugular vein	1	1
	31. Systemic histology: Thyroid gland, Pituitary gland and Tongue	3	-

Sl. No.	Topics	No. of hours	Term	
	32. Systemic embryology: Pharyngeal arches: derivatives	1		
	33. Revision	3		
	Total Hours	50 hrs		
9.	CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM: BR	AIN	II	
	1. Introduction	1		
	2. Meninges & CSF	1		
	3. Spinal cord	1		
	4. Medulla oblongata	1		
	5. Pons	1		
	6. Cerebellum	1		
	7. Fourth ventricle	1		
	8. Mid-brain	1		
	9. Diencephalon: Thalamus & Hypothalamus	2		
	10. Third Ventricle	1		
	11. Lateral Ventricle	1		
	12. Cerebrum: external features	2		
	13. Functional areas of cerebral cortex	1		
	14. Basal ganglia	1		
	15. White matter of cerebrum: Corpus callosum & Internal capsule	2		
	16. Blood supply of brain	2		
	17. Cranial nerves	6		
	18. Systemic embryology: Development of Brain	2		
	19. Revision	2		
	Total Hours	30		

# Total — 325 hrs

# PRACTICAL

Sl. No.	Topics	No. of hours	Term	
1.	GENERAL HISTOLOGY			
	1. Epithelial tissue: Simple & Stratified	4		
	2. Connective tissue: Loose/Areolar & Adipose	2		
	3. Connective tissue: Cartilages	2		
	<ol> <li>Connective tissue: Compact bone (L.S, T.S) and Spongy bone</li> </ol>	2		
	5. Muscle tissue: Skeletal (L.S, T.S), Smooth and Cardiac	2		
	6. Nervous tissue: Peripheral nerve (T.S) & Nerve fibre (L.S)	2		
	7. Skin: Thick & Thin	2	-	
	8. Lymphoid organs: Lymph node, Spleen, Thymus & Tonsil	4		
	9. Blood vessels: Large artery, Medium sized artery & Large vein	2		
	10. Glands: Serous, Mucous & Mixed	2		
	Total Hours	24	-	
2.	UPPER EXTREMITY		I	
	1. Introduction	2		
	Osteology			
	2. Clavicle	2		
	3. Scapula	2		
	4. Humerus	2		
	5. Radius	2		
	6. Ulna	2		
	7. Articulated hand	2		

Sl. No.	Topics	No. of hours	Term
	8. Surface Markings in upper extremity	2	
	Dissection	1	-
	9. Pectoral region	2	-
	10. Axilla 11. Back & Shoulder		
	12. Arm: Front & Cubital fossa and Back of the arm	2	-
	13. Front of Forearm & palm of hand	4	-
	14. Back of Forearm & Dorsum of Hand	2	
	15. Joints of upper extremity	2	
	16. Radiology of upper extremity	2	
	Total Hours	34	
3.	HEAD, NECK & FACE	II	-
	1. Introduction	2	-
	Osteology		-
	2. Skull	6	
	3. Mandible	2	
	4. Hyoid bone	2	
	5. Cervical vertebrae: Typical & Atypical	2	
	6. Surface Markings in head, neck & face.	2	
	Dissection		-
	7. Scalp	2	1
	8. Face	2	1
	9. Posterior triangle of neck	2	1
	10. Anterior triangle of neck	2	1
	11. Back of neck	2	1
	12. Cranial cavity & Contents of vertebral canal	4	1

Sl. No.	Topics	No. of hours	Term	
	13. Deep dissection of neck	2		
	14. Orbit & Eyeball	2		
	15. Ear	2		
	16. Parotid region17. Temporal & infratemporal region			
	18. Sub mandibular region	2		
	19. Mouth, Tongue & Pharynx	2		
	20. Nose & Larynx	2		
	21. Temporo-Mandibular joint & joints of Neck	2		
	22. Radiological anatomy of Head, Neck and Face	2		
	Systemic Histology-			
	23. Thyroid gland (including parathyroid)24. Pituitary gland			
	25. Revision	2		
	Total Hours	56		
4.	CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM		II	
	1. Introduction	2		
	Demonstration			
	2. Parts of the brain	4		
	3. Spinal cord	2		
	4. Ventricles (model)	2		
	5. Radiology of brain	2		
	Systemic Histology			
	6. Nervous tissue: Cerebrum & Cerebellum	2		
	7. Revision	2		

Sl. No.	Topics	No. of hours	Term
	Total Hours	16	
5.	THORAX		II
	1. Introduction	2	
	Osteology		-
	2. Sternum. Ribs: Typical & Atypical	2	-
	3. Thoracic vertebrae: Typical & Atypical	2	-
	Surface Marking	4	-
	Dissection		-
	4. Anterior Thoracic wall, Intercostal space & contents	2	
	5. Pleura & Lungs	4	-
	6. Contents of superior mediastinum & Pericardium	2	
	7. Heart: External features	2	
	8. Interior of Heart with valves of heart	2	
	9. Contents of posterior Mediastinum	2	-
	10. Radiological anatomy	2	
	Systemic Histology		
	11. Trachea & Lung	2	
	12. Revision	2	-
	Total Hours	30	-
6.	LOWER LIMB		
	1. Introduction	2	
	Osteology		1
	2. Hip Bone	2	1
	3. Femur & Patella	2	1
	4. Tibia	2	1

SI. No.	Topics	No. of hours	Term
	5. Fibula	2	
	6. Articulated Foot	2	
	7. Surface Marking	2	
	Dissection		
	8. Front of thigh	4	
	9. Medial side of thigh	2	
	10. Gluteal region	2	
	11. Back of thigh & Popliteal fossa	2	
	12. Front of Leg & Dorsum of Foot	2	
	13. Leg: Medial, Lateral & Back of Leg	4	
	14. Sole of Foot	4	
	15. Joints of the lower extremity	2	
	16. Radiology lower extremity	2	
	17. Revision	2	
	Total Hours	40	
7.	ABDOMEN & PELVIS		111
	1. Introduction	2	
	2. Osteology		
	3. Lumbar Vertebrae	2	
	4. Sacrum and joints	2	
	5. Articulated Pelvis: Male & female	2	
	6. Surface Marking	4	
	Dissection		
	7. Anterior abdominal wall	2	
	8. External genitalia of Male	2	
	9. Abdominal cavity: Positions & Relations of viscera, Peritoneum, Greater & Lesser sac	2	

Sl. No.	Topics	No. of hours	Term
	10. Stomach & Spleen	2	
	11. Small intestine (Jejunum & Ileum) & Large intestine	2	
	12. Duodenum & Pancreas	2	
	13. Liver, Gall bladder & blood vessels of Digestive system	2	
	14. Kidney & Suprarenal gland	2	
	15. Posterior Abdominal wall & Diaphragm	2	
	16. Walls of the pelvis & Pelvic cavity : position & relations of viscera, Perineum	2	
	17. Urinary bladder, Urethra & Prostate	2	
	18. Ovary, Uterus, Fallopian tubes, Vagina	2	
	19. Sigmoid colon, Rectum & Anal canal	2	
	20. Radiological anatomy	2	
	Systemic Histology		
	21. Digestive system: Basic structure of GIT	2	
	22. Digestive system: Liver & Gall bladder, Pancreas	2	
	23. Urinary system: Kidney, Ureter & Suprarenal gland	2	
	24. Male Reproductive system: Testis & Prostate	2	
L	25. Female Reproductive system: Ovary & Uterus	2	
	Total Hours	50	
Total Prac	tical hours	250 Hours	

Non-Lecture activities

SI. No	Non-Lecture Teaching Learning methods	Time Allotted per Activity (in Hours)
1.	Seminars/ Workshops	10
2.	Group Discussions	10
3.	Problem based learning	10
4.	Integrated Teaching	15
5.	Case Based Learning	10
6.	Self-directed Learning	15
7.	Tutorials, Assignments and projects	10
	Sub total	80
8.	Practical	250
	Total	330

# Description of Non-Lecture Activities

Sl. No	Non-Lecture Teaching Learning methods	Time Allotted per Activity (in Hours)	Topics
1.	Seminars/ Workshops	10	Seminars: Guest Seminars, Student Seminars of Fast Learners can be conducted on any topic of Anatomy. E.g.: Shoulder joint, Liver etc. Workshop: Workshop can be arranged on important topics of Anatomy. E.g.: Abdomen, Thorax, CNS etc.
2.	Group Discussions	10	Group discussions can be conducted during practical hours on any topic of Practical and dissection. E.g.: Heart, Lungs, actions of joints etc.
3.	Problem based learning	10	Problem based learning can be conducted on any applied anatomy topic. E.g.: Bell's palsy, Frozen shoulder, Varicose veins etc.

4.	Integrated	15	A] Horizontal Integration
+·	Teaching	¢-	Physiology: Any topic related to Physiology can be conducted. E.g.: Anatomy: Physiology Seminar on Respiratory System.
			Homoeopathic Subjects: Any topic related to Homoeopathic Materia Medica, Repertory, Organon of Medicine. E.g.:
			a) Integrated lecture with HMM - Homoeopathic drugs related to organs of Abdomen.
			b) Integrated lecture with Repertory – Rubrics related to structures of Thorax.
			c) Integrated lecture with Organon – Miasmatic influence on heredity.
			d) Integrated lecture with Homoeopathic Pharmacy - Action of Homoeopathic drugs on cellular level.
			B] Vertical Integration
			Gynecology – E.g.: Any topic related on female reproductive System.
			Surgery – E.g.: Integrated lecture on radiology.
			Medicine – E.g.: Embryological basis of major congenital anomalies of heart
5.	Case Based Learning	10	Case Based Learning can be conducted on any clinical topic of anatomy by presenting a case scenario with the help of Simulation or Audiovisual aid in the classroom. E.g.: A case of Bell's Palsy for the topic Facial Nerve, A case of Wrist drop for the topic Radial Nerve etc.
6.	Self-Directed Learning	15	Self-Directed Learning can be conducted for any topic of Anatomy. E.g.: Functional

			areas of cerebrum, Actions of Facial muscles.
7.	Tutorials, Assignments, Projects	10	Tutorials, Assignments, projects can be conducted on any topic of anatomy at the end of the topic.

#### 6. TEACHING LEARNING METHODS

#### **General Instructions**

- (a) Instructions in anatomy should be so planned as to present a general working knowledge of the structure of the human body both at micro and macro level and should correlate with function. Topics/syllabus should be planned out in parallel with other subjects for better understanding & to achieve integration.
- (b) The amount of detail which a student is required to memorise should be reduced to the minimum but should connect to syllabus of other subjects and applied anatomy.
- (c) Major emphasis should be laid on functional anatomy of the living subject rather than on the static structures of the cadaver and on general anatomical positions and broad relations of the viscera, muscles, blood vessels, nerves and lymphatics and study of the cadaver is the only means to achieve this.
- (d) Students should know the basic applied anatomy & should not be burdened with minute anatomical details which have no clinical significance.
- (e) Only such details which have professional or general educational value for the Homoeopathic medical students need to be focused.
- (f) Normal radiological anatomy may also form part of practical or clinical training and the structure of the body should be presented linking functional aspects.
- (g) A good part of theoretical lectures on anatomy can be transferred to tutorial classes with the demonstrations/ Projection / Dissection.
- (h) Case based learning should be conducted for the students on various clinical conditions with the help of case scenario, simulation or Audiovisual aids as a Non-Lecture activity.
- (i) Seminars and group discussions to be arranged periodically with view of presenting these subjects in an integrated manner.
- (j) More stress on demonstrations and tutorials should be given. Emphasis should be laid on the general anatomical positions and broad relations of the viscera, muscles, blood vessels, nerves and lymphatics.
- (k) There should be joint seminars with the departments of Physiology and Biochemistry, Repertory, HMM, Philosophy and Pharmacy which should be organized wherever necessary as per the topic.
- (I) There should be a close correlation in the teaching of gross Anatomy, Histology, Embryology and Genetics and the teaching of Anatomy, Physiology including Biochemistry along with Homoeopathic subjects shall be integrated.

Though dissection of the entire body is essential for the preparation of the student for his clinical studies, the burden of dissection can be reduced and much saving of time can be affected with considerable reduction of the number of topographical details while following the above points. The purpose of dissection is to give the student an understanding of the body-Structure from Macro to Micro correlate to its function- Functional anatomy to integrate with Physiology and the dissection should be designed to achieve this goal.

Dissection should be preceded by a course of lectures on the general structure of the organ or the system under discussion and then its function. In this way anatomical and physiological knowledge can be presented to students in an integrated form and the instruction of the whole course of anatomy and physiology made interesting, lively practical or clinical. Syllabus of all the subjects of First BHMS course should be structured to run parallel, horizontally & vertically as far as possible to achieve maximum integration.

Students should be able to identify anatomical specimens and structures displayed in the dissection. Teaching and Demonstration methods should be supported with latest software/Practical/Charts/slides/Working or 3D Diagrams, Audio-Visual/ Multimedia presentation/Simulation to train clinical application.

The Teaching Learning activities in Anatomy requires change in structure & process in order to be more skill based & providing hands on experience.

The Teaching Learning methods with respect to Anatomy may be covered in the following manner:

- a. Class Room Lectures Oral Presentation, Board Work, Power point Presentation. Tutorials on the topics covered.
- b. Assignments For Slow Learners
- c. Practical Class Demonstration, Dissection, Surface Marking, Histology, Radiology
- d. **Student Activities** Working out the Assignments, Projects, PowerPoint presentations as assigned
- e. **Case based Learning & Problem Based Learning (CBL & PBL)** for students to understand the application of knowledge of Anatomy with Clinical subjects.
- f. DOAP (Demonstration Observation Assistance Performance) For Clinical Anatomy.

#### 7. CONTENT MAPPING (COMPETENCY TABLE)

- 1. General Anatomy
- 2. Developmental anatomy (Embryology)
- 3. Regional anatomy (Upper and Lower Extremities, Thorax, Abdomen, Pelvis & Perineum, Head, Neck & Face and Brain)
  - 3.1 Each of the region will be studied under the following headings
    - (a) Osteology
    - (b) Syndesmology and Arthrology (Joints)
    - (c) Myology
    - (d) Angiology
    - (e) Neurology
    - (f) Splanchnology (Viscera/Organ)
    - (g) Histology
    - (h) Surface anatomy
    - (i) Applied anatomy
    - (j) Radiographic anatomy
    - (k) Correlation with homoeopathic subjects

#### Semester - I

1. Topic: General Anatomy

Learning Outcomes (LO): At the end of general anatomy, I-BHMS student must;

- 1. Describe the structure of a cell, its components and their function.
- 2. Recall the terminologies used in Anatomy.
- 3. Classify bones, muscles, joints and nerves
- 4. Mention the homoeopathy

- 5. hic drugs indicated for particular tissue/organ involvement.
- 6. Practice Ethics related to the learning of Anatomy.

SI. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: Knows (K) /Knows how (KH) / Shows how (SH) /Does (D) K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	Specific learning objectives: At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert's level	Must know (MK) / Desire to know (DK) / Nice to know (NK)	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment Summative	Integration Horizontal (H) / Vertical(V)
Hom UG- AN- 1.1	on/ Integration of Information	Anatomy	К	Concept of cell as structural and functional unit of the body	<ol> <li>Mention their functions of cell organelle</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	<ol> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> <li>DK</li> </ol>	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H)
Hom UG- AN- 1.2	Problem formulation/ Knowledge/	General A	К	Understanding of the four basic tissues that make up organs and systems	<ol> <li>Describe the structure and location</li> <li>Mention the characteristics</li> <li>Function of each of the basic tissues</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. MK	Lecture Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H)

Hom UG- AN- 1.3. i			К	Understand 1. role of DNA in carrying the 2. genetic code and RNA in gene expression	Describe the structure of DNA a RNA List the functions of DNA and R	Cognitiv	Level / (Remer ber/ recall)	1 1. DK n 2. DK	Lecture Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Medicine (V)
Sl. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	Specific learning objectives: At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert's level	Must know/ Desire to know/ Nice to know	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal/ Vertical
Hom UG- AN- 1.3. ii	Problem formulation/ Integration of Knowledge/ Information gathering/Practical	Anatomy	К	Describe the role of chromosomes in transfer or genetic material & role in cell division	<ol> <li>Definition and number</li> <li>Karyotyping</li> <li>Barr body</li> <li>Chromosomal abnormalities</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	<ol> <li>MK</li> <li>DK</li> <li>NK</li> <li>DK</li> </ol>	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Medicine (V)
Hom UG- AN- 1.3. iii	Problem formulation/ Int Knowledge/ Information gathering/Practical	General Anatomy	К	Explain the concept of Gene as unit of inheritance	<ol> <li>Definition</li> <li>Functions</li> <li>Types and location</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Medicine (V)

Hom UG- AN- 1.3. iv			КН	Describe the types of inheritance and their role in hereditary diseases	<ol> <li>Definition</li> <li>Define autosomal inheritance</li> <li>Define sex linked inheritance</li> <li>Define mitochondrial inheritance</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 2 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. 2. 3. 4.	MK DK DK NK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Medicine (V)
SI. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	Specific learning objectives: At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert's level		Must know/ Desire to know/ Nice to know	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal/ Vertical
Hom UG- AN- 1.3. V	Problem formulation/ Integration of	General Anatomy	КН	Describe the genetic basis of diseases	<ol> <li>Mention the types of genetic abnormalities</li> <li>Describe the genetic basis of Down's syndrome</li> <li>Explain miasmatic influence on heredity</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 2 (underst and/inter pret)	1. 2. 3.	DK DK NK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Medicine (V) Organon (H)

Hom UG- AN- 1.4.i			К	Definition and subdivisions of anatomy	<ol> <li>Definition of anatomy</li> <li>List the subdivisions of anatomy</li> <li>Recall the methods of study in each sub division of anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitive	e Level 1 (Remem ber)	1. MK 2. DK 3. DK 4.		MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	-
Hom UG- AN- 1.4. ii			К	History of Anatomy	<ol> <li>Recall the evolution of anatomy as a science</li> <li>Enumerate the major contributors and their work</li> </ol>	Cognitive	e Level 1 (Remem ber)	1. NK 2. NK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	-
					of						t t	
SI. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	<b>Specific learning</b> <b>objectives:</b> At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert's level	Must know/ Desire to know/ Nice to know	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal/ Vertical

Hom UG- AN- 1.4.iv			К	Skin, Superficial and Deep fasciae	<ol> <li>Describe the structure, appendages of skin</li> <li>Mention the functions of skin</li> <li>Describe superficial fascia and its distribution</li> <li>Describe deep fascia and its functions</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remember)	1. 2. 3. 4.	МК МК DК МК	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H)
Hom UG- AN- 1.4. V			К & КН	Muscles	<ol> <li>Classify muscles</li> <li>Classify skeletal muscles based on fascicular architecture and their blood and nerve supply</li> <li>Explain the actions of skeletal muscles</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remember) & Level 2 (understand)	1. 2. 3.	MK DK DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H)
	ipetency	ō		npetency	Specific learning objectives: At the end of the session student should be able to	s Domain	s level		Desire to o know	arning dia	ssessment	Summative Assessment Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal/ Vertical
SI. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	Specific learning objectives: At the e the session student should be able to	Bloom's D	Guilbert's l		Must know/ Desire to know/ Nice to know	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Summative	Integratio Horizonta

Sl. No. Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	Specific learning objectives: At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert's level	Must know/ Desire to know/ Nice to know	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal/ Vertical
Hom UG- AN- 1.4. viii		К	Blood vessels	<ol> <li>Describe the types of blood vessels</li> <li>Explain anastomosis &amp; arteriovenous anastomosis</li> <li>Describe the types of blood circulation</li> <li>Describe foetal circulation</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remember) & Level 2 (understand)	<ol> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> </ol>	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H)
Hom UG- AN- 1.4.vii		К	Joints	<ol> <li>Define joints</li> <li>Classify joints</li> <li>Describe the structure of synovial joint</li> <li>Classify synovial joints</li> <li>Mention the blood and nerve supply of joints</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remember)	1. MK 2. MK 3. MK 4. DK 5. DK 5.	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H)

Hom UG- AN- 14. ix	ledge/ Information agement/synthesis		K	Lymphatic system	<ol> <li>Define the lymphatic system and mention its functions</li> <li>Enumerate the components of lymphatic systems</li> <li>Define mucosa associated lymphatic tissue and bronchus associated lymphatic tissue</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level (Remember)	2.	МК МК МК	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H)
Hom UG- AN- 1.4X	Problem formulation/ Integration of Knowledge/ Information gathering/Practical Skills/Information management/synthesis	General Anatomy	К & КН	Nerves	<ol> <li>Classify nervous system</li> <li>Describe neuron &amp; neuroglia</li> <li>Describe the formation of typical spinal nerve</li> <li>Differentiate sympathetic and parasympathetic nervous systems</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level (Remember) & Level 2 (understand)	2. 3.	MK MK MK DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H)
Hom UG- AN- 1.4. xi	Problem formulatio gathering/Practical		К & КН	Glands	<ol> <li>Define a gland</li> <li>Describe exocrine and endocrine glands</li> <li>Classify exocrine glands</li> <li>Classify endocrine glands</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level (Remember) & Level 2 (understand)	2. 3.	MK MK DK DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H)
Hom UG- AN- 1.5			К	Cell, Tissues, organs, Organ System	Describe the action of Homoeopathic drugs on cellular level.	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remember/ recall)	NK		Integrate d lecture	Viva Voce	-	Pharmacy , Homoeopat hic Materia Medica (H),

# 2. Topic: Developmental Anatomy (Embryology)

Learning Outcomes (LO): At the end of embryology, I-BHMS student should be able to;

- 1. Describe evolution of life on earth and the developmental anatomy and genetics.
- 2. Explain the structural organization of man from micro to macro and its evolution from embryo.
- 3. Explain the evolution of different organs and systems from the embryo.
- 4. Enumerate the homoeopathic drugs indicated for particular genetic or developmental defect.

SI. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	<b>Specific learning</b> <b>objectives:</b> At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert's level		Must know/ Desire to know/ Nice to know	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal/ Vertical
Hom UG- AN- 2.1	dge/ Information Jement/synthesis		К & КН	Introduction to embryology	<ol> <li>Define embryology</li> <li>Enumerate the parts of male and female reproductive systems</li> <li>Correlate meiosis with gametogenesis</li> <li>Describe menstrual cycle</li> </ol>	Cogniti ve	Level 1 (Remember) & Level 2 (understand)	1. 2. 3. 4.	MK MK DK DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Obstetrics and Gynecology (V)
Hom UG- AN- 2.2	egration of Knowlec /Information manag	Embryology	К & КН	Spermatogenesi s	<ol> <li>Define spermatogenesis</li> <li>Describe the process of spermatogenesis</li> <li>Describe spermiogenesis</li> <li>Describe the structure of spermatozoon</li> </ol>	Cogniti ve	Level 1 (Remember) & Level 2 (understand)	1. 2. 3. 4.	MK MK DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H)
Hom UG- AN- 2.3	Problem formulation/Integration of Knowledge/ Information gathering/Practical Skills/Information management/synthesis	E	К & КН	Oogenesis	<ol> <li>Define Oogenesis</li> <li>Describe the process of oogenesis</li> <li>Describe formation of graafian follicle</li> <li>Compare spermatogenesis and oogenesis</li> </ol>	Cogniti ve	Level 1 (Remember) & Level 2 (understand)	1. 2. 3. 4.	MK MK MK DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Obstetrics and Gynecology (V)

SI. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	<b>Specific learning</b> <b>objectives:</b> At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert's level	Must know/ Desire to know/ Nice to know	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal/ Vertical
<b>5</b> Hom UG- AN- 2.4 & 2.5		Sul	KH KKK	Fertilization	<ul> <li>A G G G G G</li> <li>Define fertilization</li> <li>Describe the process of fertilization</li> <li>Describe the process of cleavage and formation of blastocyst</li> <li>Explain the clinical correlation with IVF</li> </ul>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember) & Level 2 (understand)	■ ¥ 1. MK 2. MK 3. MK 4. NK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Ĕ Î Physiology (H)
Hom UG- AN- 2.6	ation of Knowledge/ Ini formation management	Embryology	К	Formation of bilaminar germ disc	<ol> <li>Describe the formation of amniotic cavity and yolk sac</li> <li>Describe the formation of bilaminar germ disc</li> <li>Describe the formation of extraembryonic mesoderm</li> <li>Define chorion and amnion</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember) & Level 2 (understand)	1. MK 2. MK 3. MK 4. DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	-
Hom UG- AN- 2.7	Problem formulation/ Integration of Knowledge/ Information gathering/Practical Skills/Information management/synthesis	Е	К	Gastrulation	<ol> <li>Define Gastrulation</li> <li>Describe the formation of prochordal plate</li> <li>Describe the formation of primitive streak</li> <li>Describe the formation of germ layers</li> <li>Mention derivatives of each germ layer</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember)	<ol> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> <li>DK</li> <li>DK</li> </ol>	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H)

SI. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	Specific learning objectives: At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert's level	Must know/ Desire to know/ Nice to know	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal/ Vertical
Hom UG- AN- 2.8	Integration of ion cils/Information	logy	К	Intra embryonic mesoderm and formation of somites	<ol> <li>Describe the parts of intra embryonic mesoderm</li> <li>Describe the formation of somites and their derivatives</li> <li>Define Sclerotome, myotome and dermatome</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remem ber)	<ol> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> </ol>	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H)
Hom UG- AN- 2.9	Problem formulation/ Integration of Knowledge/ Information gathering/Practical Skills/Information	Embryology	K	Ossification	<ol> <li>Define ossification</li> <li>Mention the types of ossification</li> <li>Describe intramembranous ossification</li> <li>Describe endochondral ossification</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remem ber)	<ol> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> <li>DK</li> <li>DK</li> </ol>	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H)
Hom UG- AN- 2.10			K	Notochord	<ol> <li>Describe the formation of notochord</li> <li>Mention the function and fate of notochord</li> <li>Describe the formation of neural tube</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remem ber)	<ol> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> </ol>	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	-

SI. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	<b>Specific learning</b> <b>objectives:</b> At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert' s level	Must know/ Desire to know/ Nice to know	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal/ Vertical
Hom UG- AN- 2.11	Integration of on .ills/Information is	>	К	Folding of the embryonic disc and formation of primitive gut tube	<ol> <li>Explain the sagittal folding of embryo</li> <li>Explain the transverse folding of embryo</li> <li>Describe the parts of primitive gut tube</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remem ber)	<ol> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> </ol>	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	-
Hom UG- AN- 2.12	Problem formulation/ Integration of Knowledge/ Information gathering/Practical Skills/Information	Embryology	К	Placenta	<ol> <li>Define amnion and chorion</li> <li>Define decidua</li> <li>Describe the formation of placenta</li> <li>Mention the functions of placenta</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remem ber)	<ol> <li>DK</li> <li>DK</li> <li>MK</li> <li>DK</li> </ol>	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	-
Hom UG- AN- 2.13			К	Stages of development	<ol> <li>Describe the Development of embryo and layers of suppression.</li> <li>Enumerate the homoeopathic drugs indicated for particular genetic or developmental defect</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. NK	Integrate d lecture	Viva Voce	-	Organon (H), Homoeopat hic Materia Medica (H)

## 3. Topic: General Histology

Learning Outcomes (LO): At the end of embryology, I-BHMS student should be able to;

- 1. Describe microscopic structure of the basic tissues and clinically relevant structures.
- 2. Correlate the histological features with their functions.
- 3. Explain the possible changes in cells, tissues and organs due to injury or disease.

SI. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	<b>Specific learning</b> <b>objectives:</b> At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert's level	Must know/ Desire to know/ Nice to know	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal/ Vertical
Hom UG- AN- 3.1	ge/ Information ement/synthesis		К & КН	Introduc tion to histolog y	<ol> <li>Define histology</li> <li>Describe parts of microscope</li> <li>Explain the use of microscope</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember) & Level 2 (understand)	1. M K 2. M K 3. M K	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H)
Hom UG- AN- 3.2	Problem formulation/ Integration of Knowledge/ Information gathering/Practical Skills/Information management/synthesis	Histology	К	Epithelia I tissue	<ol> <li>Define epithelium</li> <li>Mention the characteristics of epithelial tissue</li> <li>Classify epithelia</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember)	1. M K 2. M K 3. M K	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H)
Hom UG- AN- 3·3	Problem formulation gathering/Practical S		К & КН	Connecti ve tissue	<ol> <li>Define connective tissue</li> <li>Mention the characteristics of connective tissue</li> <li>Classify connective tissue</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember) & Level 2 (understand)	1. M K 2. M 3. M K	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H)

SI. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	<b>Specific learning</b> <b>objectives:</b> At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert's level	Must know/ Desire to know/ Nice to know	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal/ Vertical
Hom UG- AN- 3·4	Problem formulation/ Integration of Knowledge/ Information gathering/Practical Skills/Information management/synthesis	Histology	К	Cartilag e	<ol> <li>Classify cartilages</li> <li>Describe the microscopic structure of hyaline cartilage</li> <li>Describe the microscopic structure of fibro cartilage</li> <li>Describe the microscopic structure of elastic cartilage</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember)	1. M K 2. M K 3. M K 4. M K	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H)
Hom UG- AN- 3·5	Problem formulation/ Integration of K gathering/Practical Skills/Information management/synthesis		К	Bone	<ol> <li>Describe haversian system</li> <li>Describe the microscopic structure of L S and T S of compact bone</li> <li>Describe the microscopic structure of spongy bone</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember)	1. M K 2. M K 3. M K	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H)

Hom UG- AN- 3.6			К	Muscle	<ol> <li>Classify muscle tissue</li> <li>Describe the microscopic structure of L S and T S of skeletal muscle</li> <li>Describe the microscopic structure of smooth muscle</li> <li>Describe the microscopic structure of cardiac muscle</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remembe	er) 1. 2. 3. 4.	М К К К К	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H)
Sl. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	<b>Specific learning</b> <b>objectives:</b> At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert's level	Must know/ Desire to		Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal/ Vertical

Hom UG- AN- 3.8 Hom UG- AN- 3.9			К	Skin	1. N 2. C 3. C 1. N 2. C	Describe microscopic structure of hin skin Describe microscopic structure of hick skin Describe appendages of skin Mention lymphoid organs Describe the microscopic tructure of lymph node, Describe the microscopic	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remem ber) Level 1 (Remem ber)	1. 2. 3. 1. 2.	МК МК МК МК МК	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ. MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Physiology (H)
2-2			К	Lymphoid organs	5. C	tructure of tonsil Describe the microscopic tructure of thymus Describe the microscopic tructure of spleen	Cognitive		3. 4. 5.	МК				
SI. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers:	к/кп/ Sп/U Specific Competency		<b>Specific learning</b> <b>objectives:</b> At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert's level		Must know/ Desire to know/ Nice to know	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal/ Vertical

Hom UG- AN- 3.10	tion of Knowledge/ al Skills/Information		К	Blood vessels	1. 2. 3. 4.	Classify blood vessels Describe the microscopic structure of large artery Describe the histology of medium sized artery Describe the microscopic structure of large vein	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remem ber)	1. 2. 3. 4.	МК МК МК МК	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H)
Hom UG- AN- 3.11	Problem formulation/ Integration of Knowledge/ Information gathering/Practical Skills/Information management/synthesis	Histology	К	Glands	1. 2. 3. 4.	Classify glands based on type of secretion Describe the microscopic structure of serous gland Describe the microscopic structure of mucous gland Describe the microscopic structure of mixed gland	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remem ber)	1. 2. 3. 4.	МК МК МК МК	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H)

4.Topic: Upper Extremities

Learning Outcomes (LO): At the end of Upper Extremities, I-BHMS student should be able to;

1. Describe the anatomy of the bones of the upper extremities, their blood supply and applied anatomy.

2. Describe anatomy of the joints of the upper extremities, their blood supply, action and applied anatomy.

3. Describe the muscles of the upper extremities, their origin, insertion, nerve supply, action and applied anatomy.

4. Explain anatomy of the vessels and nerves of the upper extremities, their course, muscles they supply, relations and applied anatomy.

- 5. Describe the anatomy of mammary gland with its applied anatomy.
- 6. Describe the anatomy of axilla.

7. Enumerate homoeopathic drugs and rubrics indicated for particular involvement of bones, muscles, joints, nerves, blood vessels.

Sr No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency		Specific learning objectives: At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert's level	-	Must know/ Desire to know/ Nice to know	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal/ Vertical
HomUG- AN-4.2, 4.6, 4.9, 4.10, 4.18 and 4.19	of Knowledge/ Information tion management/ synthesis		K & KH	Anatomic al features of Pectoral region and axilla Back and Intermuscular spaces around scapula Arm and cubital fossa Fore arm Flexor and extensor retinacula Palmar aponeurosis and spaces in palmar spaces	1. 2. 3. 4.	Describe the contents of the regions of upper extremity Recall the attachments, nerve supply and actions of the muscles in the regions Describe the main joint, blood vessels and nerves in the region. Identify the surface land marks in the region for surface marking	Cogniti ve	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. 2. 3. 4.	MK MK MK	Lectu re	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H)
HomUG- AN-4.4, 4.5 4.9 to 4. 12 & 4.20	Problem formulation/ Integration of Knowledge/ Info gathering/Practical Skills/ Information management/	Upper Extremity	К	Main blood vessels of the upper limb: Axillary artery, brachial artery Radial artery and ulnar artery and superficial veins of upper extremity	1. 2. 3. 4.	Describe the origin, extent, parts, branches and distribution of main arteries Describe superficial and deep palmar arches Describe the venous drainage of upper extremity Describe their applied anatomy		Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	5. 1. 2. 3.	MK MK MK	Lectu re	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. LAQ Viva Voce	Physiology (H)
HomUG- AN-4.8, 4.10, 4.13 to 4.15	Problem formulation/ Integration gathering/Practical Skills/ Informa		К	Describe the Anatomy of nerves of Upper extremity Median nerve, Ulnar nerve, Radial nerve, Musculocutaneous nerve and Axillary nerve	1. 2. 3.	Describe the formation, course and relations of main nerves of the upper extremity Mention their branches and their distribution Describe the applied anatomy	Cogniti ve	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. 2. 3.	MK MK DK	Lectu re	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. LAQ Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Medicine (V) Surgery (V)

Sl. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	<b>Specific learning</b> objectives: At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert's level	Must know/ Desire to	o knov	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal/ Vertical
HomUG -AN-4.4	egration of Knowledge/ ictical Skills/ Information	mity	К	Describe the anatomy of Brachial plexus	<ol> <li>Define nerve plexus</li> <li>Enumerate the root value of Brachial plexus</li> <li>Mention the stages of formation of Brachial plexus</li> <li>Name the branches of Brachial plexus</li> <li>Enlist the deformities due to injuries to Brachial plexus</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember/ recall)	1. 2. 3. 4.	M K M K M K M K D K	Lectur e	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. LAQ Viva Voce	Physiolog y H)
HomUG -AN-4.3	Problem formulation/ Integration of Knowledge/ Information gathering/Practical Skills/ Information	Upper Extremity	К	Describe the anatomy of Breast (Mammary gland)		Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember/ recall)	1. 2. 3. 4.	M K M K M K K DK	Lectur e	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. LAQ Viva Voce	Surgery (V)

HomUG		Describe the	1.	Enumerate the joints of upper	Cognitive	Level 1	1.	М	Lectur	MCQ,	MCQ,	Surgery
-AN-4.7,		Anatomy of		extremity		(Remember/		К	e	SAQ.	SAQ.	(V)
4.16		joints of	2.	Describe the articulating surfaces,		recall)	2.	М			LAQ	
&4.17		Upper		ligaments, blood and nerve supply				К			Viva	
		extremity		of joints of upper extremity			3.	М			Voce	
	К	Shoulder,	3.	Describe the movements of joints				К				
		Elbow,		upper extremity			4.	DK				
		Radio-ulnar	4.	Describe the applied anatomy of								
		and wrist		joints of upper extremity								
		joints										
HomUG		Structures		1. Enumerate the homoeopathic	Cognitive	Level 1	NK		Integra	Viva		Homoeop
-AN-		of upper		drugs related to structures of	-	(Remember/			ted	voce		athic
4.18		extremity		upper extremity.		recall)			Lectur			Materia
	K			2. Enumerate the rubrics related to					e			Medica
				structures of upper extremity.								(H),
												Repertory
												(H).

## 5. Topic: Lower Extremity

Learning Outcomes (LO): At the end of Lower Extremities, I-BHMS student should be able to;

1.Describe the anatomy of the bones of the lower extremities, their blood supply, and applied anatomy.

- 2. Describe the anatomy of the joints of the lower extremities, their blood supply, action and applied anatomy.
- 3. Describe the anatomy of the muscles of the lower extremities, their origin, insertion, nerve supply, action and applied anatomy.
- 4. Describe the anatomy of the vessels and nerves of the lower extremities, their course, muscles they supply, relations and applied anatomy.
- 5. Enumerate the homoeopathic drugs indicated for particular involvement of bones, muscles, joints, nerves, blood vessels.

Sr. No	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	<b>Specific learning</b> <b>objectives:</b> At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert's level	Must know/ Desire to know/ Nice to know	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal/ Vertical
HomUG- AN-5.3 to 5.6, 5.8, 5.10 To 5.14	of Knowledge/ Information tion management/ synthesis		К & КН	Front of the thigh, Femoral triangle, Medial side of thigh, Gluteal region, Back of the thigh and popliteal fossa, Front of the thigh and dorsum of the foot, Back & side of the leg, retinacula and sole of the foot	<ol> <li>Describe Contents of the regions of lower extremity</li> <li>Recall the attachments, nerve supply and actions of the muscles in the regions</li> <li>Describe the main joint, blood vessels and nerves in the region.</li> <li>Identify the surface land marks in the region for surface marking</li> </ol>	Cogniti ve	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. MK 4. MK	Lectu re	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H)
HomUG- AN-5.4, 5.8 5.10 to 5.11, 5.14 & 5.18	Problem formulation/ Integration of Knowledge/ Info gathering/Practical Skills/ Information management/	Lower Extremity	К	Main blood vessels of the upper extremity: Femoral artery, Popliteal artery, Anterior tibial & Posterior tibial and Dorsalis pedis artery	<ol> <li>Describe the origin, extent, parts, branches and distribution of main arteries</li> </ol>		Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. MK 4. MK	Lectu re	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. LAQ Viva Voce	Physiology (H)
HomUG- AN-5.2, 5.5,5.7, 5.10 to 5.12, 5.14	Problem formulation/ Integration gathering/Practical Skills/ Informa		К	Describe morphology nerves of lower extremity Femoral, obturator, Sciatic, common peroneal and Tibial nerves	lower extremity	Cogniti ve	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. DK	Lectu re	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. LAQ Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Medicine (V) Surgery (V)

SI. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	<b>Specific learning</b> <b>objectives:</b> At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert's level	Must know/ Desire to know/ Nice to know	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal/ Vertical
Hom UG-AN- 5.2 & 5.7	Problem formulation/ Integration of Knowledge/ Information gathering/Practical Skills/ Information management/ synthesis	emity	К	Describe the anatomy of Lumbar & Sacral plexuses	<ol> <li>Define nerve plexus</li> <li>Enumerate the root value of the plexuses</li> <li>Describe the formation of the plexuses</li> <li>Name the branches of sacral and lumbar plexus</li> <li>Enlist the deformities due to injuries to lumbar &amp; sacral plexuses</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember/ recall)	1. M K 2. M K 3. M K 4. M K 5. DK	Lectur e	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. LAQ Viva Voce	Physiolog y H)
HomUG- AN-5.9, 5.15 to 5.17	Problem formulation/ Integration of Knowledge/ Information gathering/Practical Skills/ Information management/ synthesis	Lower Extremity	К	Describe the Anatomy of joints of Lower extremity Hip, Knee and Ankle Arches of the foot	<ol> <li>Describe the articulating surfaces, ligaments, blood and nerve supply of joints of lower extremity</li> <li>Describe the movements of joints lower extremity</li> <li>Describe the applied anatomy of joints of lower extremity</li> <li>Describe the formation of arches of foot</li> <li>Describe the applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember/ recall)	1. M K 2. M K 3. M K 4. DK	Lectur e	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. LAQ Viva Voce	Surgery (V)
Hom UG-AN- 5.18			К	Structures of lower extremity	<ol> <li>Enumerate the homoeopathic drugs related to structures of lower extremity.</li> <li>Enumerate the rubrics related to structures of lower extremity.</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember/ recall)	NK	Integra ted Lectur e	Viva voce		Homoeop athic Materia Medica (H), Repertory (H).

## 6. Topic: Thorax

Learning Outcomes (LO): At the end of Thorax, I-BHMS student should be able to;

1. Describe the parts of Respiratory and Cardiovascular system with their applied anatomy.

2. Enumerate the homoeopathic drugs and rubrics related to thorax.

Sl. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: Knows (K) /Knows how (KH) / Shows how (SH) /Does (D) K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	Specific learning objectives: At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert's level	Must know (MK) / Desire to know (DK) / Nice to know (NK)	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal (H) I/ Vertical(V)
Hom UG- AN- 6.1 & 6.2	ion/ Integration of Information	Thorax	К	Introduction & Trachea	<ol> <li>Describe the Boundaries and content of thoracic cage</li> <li>Describe the morphology of trachea</li> <li>Mention the Blood supply and nerve supply</li> <li>Describe the applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. DK 3. DK 4. DK	Lecture Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H)
Hom UG- AN- 6.3	Problem formulation/ Knowledge/	Τh	К	Pleura	<ol> <li>Define pleura</li> <li>Mention the layers</li> <li>Describe the parts of parietal pleura</li> <li>Mention its blood and nerve supply</li> <li>Describe its applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. MK 4. DK 5. DK	Lecture Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. LAQ Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Medicine (V)

Hom			1. Describe the external features of	Cognitiv	Level 1	1.	MK	Lecture	MCQ,	MCQ,	Physiology
UG- AN- 6.4	К	Lungs	<ol> <li>compare the features of right and left lungs</li> <li>State the blood supply and nerve supply</li> <li>Explain the broncho-pulmonary segments and their applied aspect</li> </ol>	e	(Remem ber/ recall)	2. 3. 4.	DK DK MK	Group discussion	SAQ.	SAQ. LAQ Viva Voce	(H) Medicine (V)

Sl. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: Knows (K) /Knows how (KH) / Shows how (SH) /Does (D) K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	<b>Specific learning</b> <b>objectives:</b> At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert s level	Must know (MK) / Desire to know (DK) / Nice to know (NK)	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal (H) I/ Vertical(V)
Hom UG- AN- 6.5	:dge/ Information t/synthesis		К	Mediastinum	<ol> <li>Define mediastinum</li> <li>Describe the boundaries of mediastinum</li> <li>Mention the contents of each mediastinum</li> <li>Describe its applied aspect</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. MK 4. DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. LAQ Viva Voce	Physiology (H)
Hom UG- AN- 6.6	Integration of Knowledge/ Info Information management/synthesis	Thorax	К	Pericardium and Heart	<ol> <li>Describe the morphology of the pericardium</li> <li>Describe the external features of the heart</li> <li>Describe the internal features of the chambers of heart</li> <li>Describe the applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	4. MK 5. MK 6. MK	Lecture Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ Viva Voce	Physiology (H)
Hom UG- AN- 6.7	Problem formulation/ Integration gathering/Practical Skills/Information		К	Blood supply of heart	<ol> <li>Mention the arteries and veins supplying the heart</li> <li>Describe the course and distribution of right and left coronary arteries</li> <li>Describe the course and drainage of coronary sinus</li> <li>Describe the applied aspect</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. MK 4. MK	Lecture Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ LAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Medicine (V)

SI. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: Knows (K) /Knows how (KH) / Shows how (SH) /Does (D) K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	Specific learning objectives: At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert s level	Must know (MK) / Desire to know (DK) / Nice to know (NK)	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal (H) I/ Vertical(V)
Hom UG- AN- 6.8	of Knowledge/ Skills/Information		К	Superior mediastinum: Arch of aorta	<ol> <li>Describe the extent, course, convexities of arch of aorta</li> <li>Mention the relations</li> <li>Name the branches</li> <li>Describe the applied aspect</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	<ol> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> </ol>	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H)
Hom UG- AN- 6.9	uo	Thorax	К	Superior mediastinum: Superior Vena cava	<ol> <li>Describe the formation of SVC</li> <li>Describe its course and relations</li> <li>Name the tributaries</li> <li>Describe it applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	<ol> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> </ol>	Lecture Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Surgery (V)
Hom UG- AN- 6.10	Problem formulation/ Integrati Information gathering/Practical	Т	К	Posterior mediastinum: Azygous vein & Thoracic duct	<ol> <li>Describe the origin, course and tributaries of azygos vein</li> <li>Mention the relations</li> <li>Describe the origin, course and tributaries of thoracic duct</li> <li>Mention the relations of thoracic duct</li> <li>Describe their applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	<ol> <li>DK</li> <li>DK</li> <li>DK</li> <li>DK</li> <li>DK</li> <li>DK</li> <li>DK</li> </ol>	Lecture Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Medicine (V)

SI. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: Knows (K) /Knows how (KH) / Shows how (SH) /Does (D)	Specific Competency	<b>Specific learning</b> <b>objectives:</b> At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert s level	Must know (MK) / Desire to know (DK) / Nice to know (NK)	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal (H) / Vertical(V)
Hom UG- AN- 6.11	Integration of Knowledge/ Practical Skills/Information	Thorax	К	Posterior mediastinum: Oesophagus & Descending thoracic aorta	<ol> <li>Describe the morphology and relations of the oesophagus</li> <li>Mention constrictions in its course</li> <li>Mention the blood supply and nerve supply</li> <li>Describe the extent, branches and relations of descending thoracic aorta</li> <li>Describe the applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	<ol> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> <li>DK</li> </ol>	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H)
Hom UG- AN- 6.12	Problem formulation/ Integrati Information gathering/Practical management/synthesis	Thc	К	Diaphragm	<ol> <li>Describe the attachments, nerve supply and actions of diaphragm</li> <li>Mention the major openings in the diaphragm and structures passing through it.</li> <li>Describe the nerve and blood supply</li> <li>Describe its applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. MK 4. DK 5. DK	Lecture Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H)

Hom UG- AN- 6.13			К	Systemic embryology: Development of Heart and lung	<ol> <li>Describe the formation of primitive heart tube</li> <li>Describe the formation of the atria and ventricles of the heart</li> <li>Explain the embryological basis of major congenital anomalies of heart</li> <li>Describe formation of lung</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	6. DK 7. DK	Lecture Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Medicine (V)
Sl. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: Knows (K) /Knows how (KH) / Shows how (SH) /Does (D)	Specific Competency	<b>Specific learning</b> <b>objectives:</b> At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert s level	Must know (MK) / Desire to know (DK) / Nice to know (NK)	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal (H) I/ Vertical(V)
Hom UG- AN- 6.14	Problem formulation/ Integration of Knowledge/ Information gathering/Practical	Thorax	К	Systemic histology: Trachea and Lung	<ol> <li>Describe the microscopic structure of trachea and lung</li> <li>Correlate with their functions</li> <li>Explain the applied aspect and correlate with histopathology</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. MK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Pathology (V)

Hom			1. Enumerate the homoeopathic	Cognitiv	Level 1	NK	Integrated	Viva	-	Homoeopat
UG-			drugs related to thorax.	e	(Remem		lecture	Voce		hic Materia
AN-			2. Enumerate the rubrics related to		ber/					Medica (H),
6.15			thorax.		recall)					Repertory.
-										(H)
	к	Structures of								
		Thorax.								

## 7.Topic: Abdomen

Learning Outcomes (LO): At the end of Abdomen, I-BHMS student should be able to;

1. Describe the anatomy of the abdomen and pelvic organs with their applied anatomy.

2. Enumerate the homoeopathic drugs and rubrics indicated for involvement of the abdominal and pelvic organs.

SI. No.	Generic Competency Subject Area	Millers: K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	<b>Specific learning</b> <b>objectives:</b> At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert's level	Must know/ Desire to know/ Nice to know	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal/ Vertical	
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Hom UG- AN- 7.1	mation nthesis		К	Introduction	<ol> <li>Describe the regions of abdominal cavity</li> <li>Name the contents of abdominal cavity and pelvic cavity</li> <li>Describe perineum</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remem ber	1. 2. 3.	MK MK DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H)
Hom UG- AN- 7.2	on of Knowledge/ Information nation management/synthesi	Pelvis & Perineum	K & KH	Anterior abdominal wall	<ol> <li>Describe the muscles of anterior abdominal wall and their actions</li> <li>Describe the boundaries and contents of inguinal canal</li> <li>Explain the applied anatomy of inguinal canal</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remem ber) & Level 2 (underst and)	1. 2. 3. 4.	MK MK DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ Viva Voce	Surgery (V)
Hom UG- AN- 7.3	Problem formulation/ Integration of Knowledge/ Information gathering/Practical Skills/Information management/synthesis	Abdomen,	К & КН	Peritoneum	<ol> <li>Define peritoneum</li> <li>Describe greater sac, lesser sac and epiploic foramen</li> <li>Describe the folds of peritoneum</li> <li>Describe recto-uterine pouch and hepatorenal pouch</li> <li>Define mesoappendix, transverse mesocolon and sigmoid mesocolon</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remem ber) & Level 2 (underst and)	1. 2. 3. 4.	МК МК МК МК	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ Viva Voce	Surgery (V)

SI. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	<b>Specific learning</b> <b>objectives:</b> At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert's level	Must know/ Desire to know/ Nice to know	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal/ Vertical
Hom UG- AN- 7·4	/ Information ient/synthesis			Stomach	<ol> <li>Describe the morphology of stomach</li> <li>Describe the relations of stomach</li> <li>Describe the interior of stomach</li> <li>Describe the blood and nerve supply of stomach</li> <li>Explain the applied anatomy of stomach</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remem ber) & Level 2 (underst and)	<ol> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> <li>DK</li> </ol>	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Surgery (V)
rHom UG- AN- 7·5	egration of Knowledge /Information managem	men, Pelvis & Perineum	K & KH	Liver	<ol> <li>Describe the morphology of liver</li> <li>Describe the ligaments of liver</li> <li>through porta hepatis</li> <li>Describe the blood and nerve supply of liver</li> <li>Explain the applied anatomy of liver</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remem ber) & Level 2 (underst and)	1. MK 2. MK 3. MK 4. DK 5. DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Surgery (V)
Hom UG- AN- 7.6	Problem formulation/ Integration of Knowledge/ Information gathering/Practical Skills/Information management/synthesis	Abdomen,	К & КН	Extra hepatic biliary apparatus	<ol> <li>Mention the parts of extra hepatic biliary apparatus</li> <li>Describe the morphology of gall bladder and its interior</li> <li>Describe the blood and nerve supply of gall bladder</li> <li>Describe the formation of bile duct</li> <li>Describe the applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remem ber) & Level 2 (underst and)	1. MK 2. MK 3. MK 4. DK 5. MK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Surgery (V)

SI. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	<b>Specific learning</b> <b>objectives:</b> At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert's level	Must know/ Desire to know/ Nice to know	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal/ Vertical
Hom UG- AN- 7-7	nowledge/ nformation	ц	K & KH	Spleen	<ol> <li>Describe the morphology of spleen</li> <li>Describe the ligaments of spleen</li> <li>Describe the functions of spleen and its applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember) & Level 2 (understand)	1. MK 2. NK 3. DK 4. DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Surgery (V)
Hom UG- AN- 7.8	Problem formulation/ Integration of Knowledge/ Information gathering/Practical Skills/Information management/synthesis	en, Pelvis & Perineum	K KH	Duodenum	<ol> <li>Describe the morphology of duodenum</li> <li>Describe interior of duodenum</li> <li>Describe the blood and nerve supply of duodenum</li> <li>Describe the applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember) & Level 2 (understand)	1. MK 2. NK 3. DK 4. DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Surgery (V)
Hom UG- AN- 7-9	Problem formulation/ Ir Information gathering/F management/synthesis	Abdomen,	K & KH	Pancreas	<ol> <li>Describe the morphology of pancreas</li> <li>Describe duct system of pancreas</li> <li>Describe the blood and nerve supply and applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember) & Level 2 (understand)	1. MK 2. NK 3. DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Surgery (V)

SI. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	<b>Specific learning</b> <b>objectives:</b> At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert's level	Must know/ Desire to know/ Nice to know	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal/ Vertical
Hom UG- AN- 7.10	ge/ Information ement/synthesis		K K H	Jejunum, lleum and Superior mesenteric artery	<ol> <li>Mention the characteristics of small intestine</li> <li>State the differences between jejunum and ileum</li> <li>Describe the origin, branches and distribution of superior mesenteric artery</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remember) & Level 2 (understand)	1. MK 2. NK 3. DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Surgery (V)
Hom UG- AN- 7.11	tegration of Knowled	Abdomen, Pelvis & Perineum	К & КН	Caecum and appendix	<ol> <li>Mention the morphology of caecum and vermiform appendix</li> <li>Describe their relations, blood and nerve supply</li> <li>Describe the applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember) & Level 2 (understand)	1. MK 2. NK 3. DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ Viva Voce	Surgery (V)
Hom UG- AN- 7.12	Problem formulation/ Integration of Knowledge/ Information gathering/Practical Skills/Information management/synthesis	Abdome	К & КН	Large intestine	<ol> <li>Mention the parts of large intestine</li> <li>Mention the characteristics of large intestine</li> <li>Mention the differences between large and small intestines Describe the applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember) & Level 2 (understand)	1. MK 2. DK 3. DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ Viva Voce	Surgery (V)

Sl. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	<b>Specific learning</b> <b>objectives:</b> At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert's level	Must know/ Desire to know/ Nice to know	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal/Vertical
Hom UG- AN- 7.13	ation of Knowledge/ tical nent/synthesis	Perineum	К & КН	Portal venous system	<ol> <li>Define portal vein</li> <li>Describe its formation, course and relations</li> <li>Mention the tributaries</li> <li>Mention the sites of portacaval anastomosis and its applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remem ber) & Level 2 (underst and)	1. MK 2. MK 3. DK 4. DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	Surgery (V)
Hom UG- AN- 7.14	Problem formulation/ Integration of Knowledge/ Information gathering/Practical Skills/Information management/synthesis	Abdomen, Pelvis & P	К & КН	Kidney	<ol> <li>Describe the morphology of kidney</li> <li>Mention the relations of the kidneys</li> <li>Describe the structure of kidney in coronal section</li> <li>Describe the blood supply of kidneys</li> <li>Explain the applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remem ber) & Level 2 (underst and)	1. MK 2. MK 3. DK 4. DK 5. DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Surgery (V)
Hom UG- AN- 7.15			K & KH	Supra renal glands	<ol> <li>Describe the morphology of supra renal glands</li> <li>Mention their relations</li> <li>Mention the functions</li> <li>Describe the blood supply of supra renal glands</li> <li>Explain the applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remem ber) & Level 2 (underst and)	1. MK 2. DK 3. DK 4. DK 5. DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Surgery (V)

SI. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	Specific learning objectives: At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert's level	Must know/ Desire to know/ Nice to know	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal/ Vertical
Hom UG- AN- 7.16	Problem formulation/ Integration of Knowledge/ Information gathering/Practical Skills/Information management/synthesis	, Pelvis & Perineum	К & КН	Abdominal aorta	<ol> <li>Describe the origin and extent of abdominal aorta</li> <li>Mention the relations</li> <li>Name the branches</li> <li>Describe the course and distribution of coeliac trunk</li> <li>Describe the course and distribution of coeliac trunk</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remem ber) & Level 2 (underst and)	<ol> <li>MK</li> <li>DK</li> <li>MK</li> <li>DK</li> <li>DK</li> </ol>	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	Surgery (V)
Hom UG- AN- 7.17	Problem formulation/ Ir Information gathering/F management/synthesis	Abdomen,	К & КН	Posterior abdominal wall and Inferior vena cava	<ol> <li>Name the structures in the posterior abdominal wall</li> <li>Describe the origin, course relations and tributaries of inferior vena cava</li> <li>Describe the applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remem ber) & Level 2 (underst and)	1. DK 2. MK 3. DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ Viva Voce	Surgery (V)

Hom UG- AN- 7.18				Jrinary ladder	<ol> <li>Describe the morphology of urinary bladder</li> <li>Describe the relations of urinary bladder</li> <li>Describe the ligaments of urinary bladder</li> <li>Describe the applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remem ber) & Level 2 (underst and)	1. MK 2. MK 3. DK DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	Surgery (V)
SI. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	Specific learning objectives: At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert's level	Must know/ Desire to know/ Nice to know	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal/ Vertical
Hom UG- AN- 7.19	Integration of on ills/Information is	& Perineum	К & КН	Ureter	<ol> <li>Describe the extent and parts of ureter</li> <li>Describe the course and relations</li> <li>Describe the applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remem ber) & Level 2 (underst and)	1. MK 2. MK 3. DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ Viva Voce	Surgery (V)
Hom UG- AN- 7.20	Problem formulation/ Integration of K nowledge/ Information gathering/Practical Skills/Information management/synthesis	Abdomen, Pelvis & Perineum	K & KH	Prostate gland	<ol> <li>Describe the morphology of prostate gland</li> <li>Describe the relations of prostate gland</li> <li>Describe the applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remem ber) & Level 2 (underst and)	1. MK 2. MK 3. DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ Viva Voce	Surgery (V)

Hom UG- AN- 7.21			К & КН	Ovary	<ol> <li>Describe the morphology of ovary</li> <li>Describe the relations of ovary</li> <li>Name the ligaments of ovary</li> <li>Mention the blood supply of ovary</li> <li>Describe the applied anatomy of ovary</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remem ber) & Level 2 (underst and)	1. MK 2. MK 3. NK 4. DK 4. DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Obstetrics and Gynecology (V)
SI. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	<b>Specific learning objectives</b> : At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert's level	Must know/ Desire to know/ Nice to know	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal/ Vertical
Hom UG- AN- 7.22	Problem formulation/ Integration of Knowledge/ Information gathering/Practical	odomen, Pelvis & Perineum <b>S</b>	К & КН	Uterus	<ol> <li>Describe the morphology of uterus</li> <li>Describe the relations of Uterus</li> <li>Name the ligaments and supports of uterus</li> <li>Mention the blood supply of uterus</li> <li>Describe the applied anatomy of uterus</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remem ber) & Level 2 (underst and)	1. MK 2. MK 3. NK 4. DK 5. DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Obstetrics and Gynecology (V)

Hom UG- AN- 7.23	K & KH	Fallopian tube	<ol> <li>Describe the morphology of fallopian tube</li> <li>Describe the relations of fallopian tube</li> <li>Describe the applied anatomy of fallopian tube</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remem ber) & Level 2 (underst and)		MK MK DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Obstetrics and Gynecology (V)
Hom UG- AN- 7.24	К & КН	Scrotum and Testis	<ol> <li>Describe the morphology of scrotum</li> <li>Mention its blood and nerve supply</li> <li>Describe the morphology of testis</li> <li>Describe the applied anatomy of testis</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remem ber) & Level 2 (underst and)	3.	MK DK MK DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Surgery (V)

SI. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	<b>Specific learning</b> <b>objectives:</b> At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert's level	Must know/ Desire to know/ Nice to know	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal/ Vertical
Hom UG- AN- 7.25	Problem formulation/ Integration of Knowledge/	.bdomen, Pelvis & Perineum	K & KH	Vas deferens	<ol> <li>Mention the extent of ductus deferens, its course and relations</li> <li>Mention its blood and nerve supply</li> <li>Describe the applied anatomy of vas deferens</li> </ol>	Cogniti ve	Level 1 (Remember) & Level 2 (understand)	1. MK 2. DK 3. MK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	Surgery (V)

Hom UG- AN- 7.26	К & КН	Rectum	<ol> <li>Describe the morphology of rectum and its relations</li> <li>Mention its blood and nerve supply</li> <li>Describe the applied anatomy of rectum</li> </ol>	Cogniti ve	Level 1 (Remember) & Level 2 (understand)	1. 2. 3. 4.	MK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	Surgery (V)
Hom UG- AN- 7.27	К & КН	Anal canal	<ol> <li>Describe the morphology of anal canal and its relations</li> <li>Mention its blood and nerve supply</li> <li>Describe the applied anatomy of anal canal</li> </ol>	Cogniti ve	Level 1 (Remember) & Level 2 (understand)	5. 6. 7. 8.	MK MK MK DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ LAQ Viva Voce	Surgery (V)

SI. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency		Specific learning objectives: At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert's level	Must know/ Desire to know/ Nice to know	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal/ Vertical
Hom UG- AN- 7.28	Problem formulation/ Integration of Knowledge/ Information	Abdomen, Pelvis & Perineum	K & KH	Wall of pelvis including pelvic diaphragm	1. 2. 3.	Describe the structures that form the walls and pelvic diaphragm Describe the main blood vessels and nerves pelvis and perineum Describe their applied aspect	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember) & Level 2 (understand)	1. MK 2. DK 3. DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ Viva Voce	Surgery (V)

Hom	К		1.	Define perineum and	Cognitive	Level 1	1.	MK	Lecture	MCQ,	MCQ,	Surgery (V)
UG-	&	superficial		mention its sub divisions		(Remember)	2.	MK		SAQ.	SAQ	
AN-	KH	and deep	2.	Describe the boundaries		&	3.	DK				
7.29		perineal		and contents of		Level 2						
		pouches		superficial and deep		(understand)					Viva	
		-		perineal pouches							Voce	
			3.	Describe the applied								
				anatomy								
Hom	К	Ischiorectal	1.	Describe the morphology	Cognitive	Level 1	1.	МК	Lecture	MCQ,	MCQ,	Surgery (V)
UG-	&	fossa		of ischiorectal fossa	_	(Remember)	2.	MK		SAQ.	SAQ	
AN-	KH		2.	Mention the contents		&	3.	MK				
7.30			3.	Describe the applied		Level 2					Viva	
			-	anatomy of anal canal		(understand)					Voce	

SI. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency		Specific learning objectives: At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert's level	Must know/		Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal/ Vertical
Hom UG- 7.31 & 7.32	on of Knowledge/ Information mation management/synthesis	Pelvis & Perineum	K & KH	Systemic embryology: Development of Digestive system and Urogenital system	2.	Explain the process of formation of primitive and development of digestive system including liver and pancreas Explain the process of development of kidney, urinary bladder and ureter Explain the process of formation of male and female gonads and reproductive organs.	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember) & Level 2 (understand)	1. 2. 3.	DK DK DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ Viva Voce	Surgery (V)
Hom UG- AN- 7.33 to 7.36	Problem formulation/ Integration of Knowledge/ Information gathering/Practical Skills/Information management/synthesis	Abdomen, P	К & КН	Systemic histology: Microscopic structure of Digestive, urinary, reproductive systems and Supra renal gland	2.	Describe the microscopic structure of digestive, urinary, reproductive systems and supra renal gland Correlate with their functions Explain the applied aspect and correlate with histopathology	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember) & Level 2 (understand)	1. 2. 3.	MK MK DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ Viva Voce	Surgery (V)

Hom UG- AN- 7.37	к	Structures of Abdomen & Pelvis.	<ol> <li>1.Enumerate the homoeopathic drugs related to Structures of Abdomen &amp; Pelvis.</li> <li>2. Enumerate the rubrics related to Structures of Abdomen &amp; Pelvis.</li> </ol>		Level 1 (Remember/ recall)	NK	Integrate d lecture	Viva Voce	-	Homoeopat hic Materia Medica (H), Repertory. (H)
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### 8.Topic: Head Neck Face & Special Senses

Learning Outcomes (LO): At the end of Head Neck & Face, I-BHMS student should be able to;

- 1. Describe the anatomy of the bones of the Head Neck & Face, their blood supply, and applied anatomy.
- 2. Describe the anatomy of the joints of the Head Neck & Face, their blood supply, action and applied anatomy.
- 3. Explain the anatomy of the muscles of the Head Neck & Face, their origin, insertion, nerve supply, action and applied anatomy.
- 4. Describe the atomy of the vessels and nerves of the Head Neck & Face, their course, muscles they supply, relations and applied anatomy.
- 5. Describe the triangles of the Neck with its applied anatomy.
- 6. Identify a particular bone of Head Neck & Face on X-Ray.
- 7. Describe the structure of the special senses organs with its applied anatomy.
- 8. Enumerate the homoeopathic drugs and rubrics related to structures of HNF.

SI. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: Knows (K) /Knows how (KH) / Shows how (SH) /Does (D)	Specific Competency	Specific learning objectives: At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert s level	Must know (MK) / Desire to know (DK) / Nice to know (NK)	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal (H) I/ Vertical(V)
Hom UG- AN- 8.1 and 8.2	ition/ Integration of Information	Neck and Face	К	Introduction & Scalp	<ol> <li>Mention the main areas of the head and neck region</li> <li>Describe the layers of the scalp</li> <li>Enumerate the blood and nerves supplying the scalp</li> <li>Describe the applied anatomy of scalp</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. MK 4. MK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. LAQ Viva Voce	Surgery (V)
Hom UG- AN- 8.3	Problem formulation/ Knowledge/	Head, Ne	К	Face – Muscle, Nerve and Blood vessels	<ol> <li>Name the muscles of facial expression</li> <li>Mention the blood and nerve supply of face</li> <li>Explain related applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. MK	Lecture Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ Viva Voce	Surgery (V)

SI. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: Knows (K) /Knows how (KH) / Shows how (SH) /Does (D) K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	<b>Specific learning</b> <b>objectives:</b> At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert s level	Must know (MK) / Desire to know (DK) / Nice to know (NK)	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal (H) I/ Vertical(V)
Hom UG- AN- 8.4	Knowledge/ Information anagement/synthesis		К	Lachrymal apparatus	<ol> <li>Mention the components of lachrymal apparatus</li> <li>Describe the location and function of each of the components of lachrymal apparatus</li> <li>Describe their applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Surgery (V)
Hom UG- AN- 8.5	Integration of Knowl Is/Information manage	d, Neck and Face	К	Side of the neck: Posterior triangle	<ol> <li>Define triangles of neck</li> <li>Describe the boundaries and contents of posterior triangle</li> <li>Describe applied aspect</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK	Lecture Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. LAQ Viva Voce	Surgery (V)
Hom UG- AN- 8.6	Problem formulation/ Integration of Knowledge/ Informat gathering/Practical Skills/Information management/synthesis	Head,	К	Front of the neck and Anterior triangle	<ol> <li>Describe the sub divisions of anterior triangle</li> <li>Describe the boundaries and contents of carotid triangle and digastric triangle</li> <li>Describe the principal neurovascular bundle of the neck</li> <li>Describe the applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. Dk 4. DK	Lecture Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Surgery (V)

Sl. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: Knows (K) /Knows how (KH) / Shows how (SH) /Does (D) K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	<b>Specific learning</b> <b>objectives:</b> At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert s level	Must know (MK) / Desire to know (DK) / Nice to know (NK)	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal (H) I/ Vertical(V)
Hom UG- AN- 8.7	of Knowledge/ Skills/Information		К	Deep Cervical fascia	<ol> <li>Describe the parts of deep cervical fascia</li> <li>Describe the attachments and modifications</li> <li>Explain applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Surgery (V)
Hom UG- AN- 8.8	Jation/ Integration gathering/Practical	d, Neck and Face	К	Back of the neck: suboccipital triangle	<ol> <li>Describe the features of the back of the neck</li> <li>Describe the boundaries and contents of occipital triangle</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. DK	Lecture Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Surgery (V)
Hom UG- AN- 8.9	Problem formulation/ Information gatheri	Head,	К	Content of the Vertebral Canal	<ol> <li>List the contents of the vertebral canal</li> <li>Describe the meninges of the spinal cord</li> <li>Describe the internal vertebral plexus of veins and their applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. DK 2. DK 3. DK	Lecture Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Surgery (V)

Sl. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: Knows (K) /Knows how (KH) / Shows how (SH) /Does (D) K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	Specific learning objectives: At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert s level	Must know (MK) / Desire to know (DK) / Nice to know (NK)	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal (H) I/ Vertical(V)
Hom UG- AN- 8.10	on of Knowledge/ Skills/Information	ace	К	Parotid Gland	<ol> <li>Describe the surfaces, border and relations of parotid gland</li> <li>Mention the blood and nerve supply of the parotid gland</li> <li>List the structures inside the parotid gland and parotid duct</li> <li>Describe the clinical aspect</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. DK 4. DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ LAQ. Viva Voce	Surgery (V)
Hom UG- AN- 8.11	ulation/ Integration gathering/Practical	Head, Neck and Face	К	Submandibular gland	<ol> <li>Describe the morphology of submandibular gland</li> <li>Mention its blood and nerve supply</li> <li>Describe the applied aspect</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. MK	Lecture Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Surgery (V)
Hom UG- AN- 8.12	Problem formulation/ Information gatherir	± -	К	Muscles of Mastication	<ol> <li>Name the muscles of mastication</li> <li>Describe their attachments, nerve supply and actions</li> <li>Describe related applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. DK	Lecture Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Surgery (V)

SI. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: Knows (K) /Knows how (KH) / Shows how (SH) /Does (D) K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	Specific learning objectives: At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert s level	Must know (MK) / Desire to know (DK) / Nice to know (NK)	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal (H) I/ Vertical(V)
Hom UG- AN- 8.13	of Knowledge/ Information management/synthesis		К	Temporo- Mandibular Joint	<ol> <li>Describe the articulation of TM joint</li> <li>Enumerate the ligaments of the joint</li> <li>Describe the relations</li> <li>Explain the movements of the joint</li> <li>Describe its applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. MK 4. MK 5. DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Surgery (V)
Hom UG- AN- 8.14	Integration of Knowledge/ /Information management/sy	Head, Neck and Face	К	Thyroid Gland	<ol> <li>Describe the location, external features and relations</li> <li>Describe the blood and nerve supply</li> <li>Describe its development</li> <li>Explain the applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. MK 4. DK	Lecture Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. LAQ Viva Voce	Surgery (V)
Hom UG- AN- 8.15	Problem formulation/ Integration gathering/Practical Skills/Information	He	К	Cranial cavity: Dura mater, Dural venous sinuses & Pituitary gland	<ol> <li>Describe the contents of cranial cavity</li> <li>Describe morphology of pituitary gland and its clinical importance</li> <li>Describe the folds of dura mater</li> <li>Classify dural venous sinuses</li> <li>Explain anatomy and clinical importance of cavernous sinus</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. MK 4. MK 5. MK	Lecture Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Surgery (V)

SI. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: Knows (K) /Knows how (KH) / Shows how (SH) /Does (D)	Specific Competency	Specific learning objectives: At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert s level	Must know (MK) / Desire to know (DK) / Nice to know (NK)	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal (H) I/ Vertical(V)
Hom UG- AN- 8.16	on of Knowledge/ I Skills/Information	Face	К	Contents of the Orbit	<ol> <li>Name the contents of orbit</li> <li>Describe the fasciae around eye ball</li> <li>Describe the course and distribution of ophthalmic nerve</li> <li>Describe blood vessels in the orbit</li> <li>Describe the connections and distribution of ciliary ganglion</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	<ol> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> <li>DK</li> </ol>	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Surgery (V) Medicine (V)
Hom UG- AN- 8.17	nulation/ Integration gathering/Practical	Head, Neck and F	К	Extra Ocular Muscles	<ol> <li>Name the extra ocular muscles</li> <li>Describe their attachments, nerve supply and actions</li> <li>Discuss the clinical anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. MK	Lecture Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H)
Hom UG- AN- 8.18	Problem formulation/ Information gatherin	Ĩ	К	Oral cavity	<ol> <li>Describe the parts and structure of tooth</li> <li>Explain blood and nerve supply of tooth</li> <li>Describe applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. DK 2. DK 3. DK	Lecture Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Medicine (V)

SI. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: Knows (K) /Knows how (KH) / Shows how (SH) /Does (D) K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	<b>Specific learning</b> <b>objectives:</b> At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert s level	Must know (MK) / Desire to know (DK) / Nice to know (NK)	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal (H) I/ Vertical(V)
Hom UG- AN- 8.19	of Knowledge/ Information management/synthesis		К	Soft palate and palatine tonsil	<ol> <li>Describe the structure, muscles, blood and nerve supply of soft palate</li> <li>Define Waldayer's lymphatic ring</li> <li>Describe the features, blood and nerve supply of palatine tonsil</li> <li>Describe the applied anatomy of palatine tonsil</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. NK 3. MK 4. MK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Surgery (H)
Hom UG- AN- 8.20	Integration of Kr Is/Information manag	Head, Neck and Face	К	Tongue	<ol> <li>Describe the parts, features of the tongue</li> <li>Describe the blood and nerve supply of tongue</li> <li>Describe applied anatomy of tongue</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. MK 4. DK	Lecture Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H)
Hom UG- AN- 8.21	Problem formulation/ Integration gathering/Practical Skills/Information		К	Pharynx	<ol> <li>Describe the parts of the pharynx and their features</li> <li>Describe the constrictors of pharynx</li> <li>Describe the blood and nerve supply</li> <li>Describe its applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. MK 4. DK	Lecture Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ.LA Q Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Medicine (V)

Sl. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: Knows (K) /Knows how (KH) / Shows how (SH) /Does (D) K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	<b>Specific learning</b> <b>objectives:</b> At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert s level	Must know (MK) / Desire to know (DK) / Nice to know (NK)	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal (H) I/ Vertical(V)
Hom UG- AN- 8.22	of Knowledge/ Skills/Information		К	Larynx	<ol> <li>Describe the cartilages of larynx</li> <li>Describe the interior of larynx</li> <li>Describe its blood and nerve supply</li> <li>Explain its applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	<ol> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> <li>MK</li> <li>DK</li> </ol>	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. LAQ Viva Voce	Physiology (H)
Hom UG- AN- 8.23	Integration ng/Practical	Head, Neck and Face	К	Nose and paranasal air cavities	<ol> <li>Describe the features, blood and nerve supply of nasal septum and lateral wall of the nose</li> <li>Describe the features, blood and nerve supply of paranasal air sinuses</li> <li>Describe its applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. MK	Lecture Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Surgery (V)
Hom UG- AN- 8.24	Problem formulation/ Information gatheri	I	К	Ear: middle ear cavity	<ol> <li>Mention the parts of the ear</li> <li>Describe the parts, boundaries and contents of middle ear cavity</li> <li>Describe features of ear ossicles</li> <li>Describe the applied anatomy of middle ear cavity</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. DK 4. DK	Lecture Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. LAQ Viva Voce	Surgery (V) Surgery (V)

Sl. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: Knows (K) /Knows how (KH) / Shows how (SH) /Does (D) K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	<b>Specific learning</b> <b>objectives:</b> At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert s level	Must know (MK) / Desire to know (DK) / Nice to know (NK)	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal (H) I/ Vertical(V)
Hom UG- AN- 8.25	on of Knowledge/ Skills/Information	ace	К	Eustachian tube	<ol> <li>Describe the parts of the auditory tube</li> <li>Describe its relations</li> <li>Mention the blood and nerve supply</li> <li>Describe its clinical anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. DK 4. DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Surgery (V)
Hom UG- AN- 8.26	nulation/ Integration gathering/Practical S	ead, Neck and Fa	К	Eyeball	<ol> <li>Describe the structure and location</li> <li>Mention the characteristics</li> <li>Function of each of the basic tissues</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. MK	Lecture Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ.Viv a Voce	Physiology (H)
Hom UG- AN- 8.27	Problem formulation/ Information gathering	He	К	Common & Internal carotidartery	<ol> <li>Describe the origin, course relations and branches of CCA</li> <li>Describe the origin, parts, course relations and distribution of ICA</li> <li>Describe their applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. DK 2. DK 3. DK	Lecture Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Surgery (V)

Sl. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: Knows (K) /Knows how (KH) / Shows how (SH) /Does (D) K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	<b>Specific learning</b> <b>objectives:</b> At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert s level	Must know (MK) / Desire to know (DK) / Nice to know (NK)	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal (H) I/ Vertical(V)
Hom UG- AN- 8.28	Knowledge/ Information anagement/synthesis		К	External carotid artery	<ol> <li>Describe the origin, parts, course relations and distribution of ECA</li> <li>Describe the course, relations and distribution of facial, lingual, maxillary and superficial temporal arteries</li> <li>Describe their applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. LAQ Viva Voce	Physiology (H)
Hom UG- AN- 8.29	Integration of Is/Information m	Head, Neck and Face	К	Vertebral artery and middle meningeal artery	<ol> <li>Describe the parts, course, relations and branches of vertebral artery</li> <li>Describe the parts, course, relations and branches of middle meningeal artery</li> <li>Describe its applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. DK	Lecture Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H)
Hom UG- AN- 8.30	Problem formulation/ gathering/Practical Skil		К	Internal Jugular vein	<ol> <li>Describe the formation of IVC</li> <li>Describe the course and relations of IVC</li> <li>Name the tributaries</li> <li>Describe the applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. DK 2. DK 3. DK 4. DK	Lecture Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Medicine (V)

Sl. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: Knows (K) /Knows how (KH) / Shows how (SH) /Does (D) K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	Specific learning objectives: At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert s level	Must know (MK) / Desire to know (DK) / Nice to know (NK)	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal (H) I/ Vertical(V)
Hom UG- AN- 8.31	on/ Integration of Information	د and Face	К	Systemic histology: Thyroid gland, Pituitary gland and Tongue	<ol> <li>Describe the microscopic structure of thyroid gland, pituitary gland and tongue</li> <li>Correlate with their functions</li> <li>Explain the applied aspect and correlate with histopathology</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. MK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Pathology (V)
Hom UG- AN- 8.32	Problem formulation/ Knowledge/	Head, Neck	К	Systemic embryology: Pharyngeal arches: derivatives	<ol> <li>Describe the formation of pharyngeal arches</li> <li>Name the derivatives of pharyngeal arches</li> <li>Describe the formation of tongue and thyroid gland</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. MK	Lecture Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce	Physiology (H)
Hom UG- AN- 8.33			К	Structures of HNF	<ol> <li>Enumerate the homoeopathic drugs related to the structures of HNF</li> <li>Enumerate the rubrics related to the structures of HNF.</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	NK	Integrated Lecture	Viva voce	-	Homoeopa thic Materia Medica (H), Repertory (H)

### 9.Topic- Brain- CNS System

Learning Outcomes (LO): At the end of CNS, I-BHMS student should be able to;

- **1.** Describe the structure of Brain and CNS with their applied anatomy.
- 2. Classify nervous system and identify the parts of the brain and their features and internal structure.
- 3. Describe the origin and course of cranial nerves.
- **4.** Enumerate the homoeopathic drugs and rubrics related to the structures of CNS.

SI. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: Knows (K) /Knows how (KH) / Shows how (SH) /Does (D) K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	Specific learning objectives: At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert s level	Must know (MK) / Desire to know (DK) / Nice to know (NK)	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal (H) I/ Vertical(V)
Hom UG- AN- 9.1	on/ Integration of Information	S SYSTEM: BRAIN	К	Introduction	<ol> <li>Describe the parts of the nervous system</li> <li>Mention the parts of the brain</li> <li>Describe the structure of neuron and neuroglia</li> <li>Describe the applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. MK 4. DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ LAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H)
Hom UG- AN- 9.2	Problem formulation/ Knowledge/	CENTRAL NERVOUS	К	Meninges & CSF	<ol> <li>Describe the layers of meninges</li> <li>Define Cisterns</li> <li>Describe the ventricles</li> <li>Describe the formation, circulation and functions of the CSF</li> <li>Describe the applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. MK 4. DK 5. DK	Lecture Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Medicine (V)

Hom			1.	Describe the morphology of spinal	Cognitiv	Level 1	1.	DK	Lecture	MCQ,	MCQ,	Physiology
UG-				cord	е	(Remem	2.	DK		SAQ.	SAQ.	(H)
AN-			2.	Describe the structure in T.S		ber/	3.	DK	Group		N/In a	Madiaina ()()
9.3	К	Spinal cord	3. 4.	Mention the main contents of gray and white matter of SC Mention the blood supply of spinal		recall)	4. 5.	DK DK	discussion		Viva Voce	Medicine (V)
			5.	cord Describe the applied anatomy								

Sl. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: Knows (K) /Knows how (KH) / Shows how (SH) /Does (D) K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	Specific learning objectives: At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert s level	Must know (MK) / Desire to know (DK) / Nice to know (NK)	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal (H) I/ Vertical(V)
Hom UG- AN- 9·4	lation/ Integration je/ Information	RVOUS SYSTEM:	К	Medulla oblongata	<ol> <li>Describe the external features</li> <li>Describe the internal structures in the transverse sections</li> <li>Describe the blood supply</li> <li>Describe the applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. DK 3. DK 4. MK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Medicine (V)
Hom UG- AN- 9.5	Problem formulation/ of Knowledge/	CENTRAL NERVOUS	К	Pons	<ol> <li>Describe the external features</li> <li>Describe the structures in the transverse section</li> <li>Describe the blood supply</li> <li>Describe the applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. DK 4. DK	Lecture Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Medicine (V)

Hom			1. Describe the location and external	Cognitiv	Level 1	1. M	K Lecture	MCQ,	MCQ,	Physiology
UG-			features	e	(Remem	2. M	-	SAQ.	SAQ.	(H)
AN-			2. Describe the division and		ber/	3. D			LAQ	
9.6	к	Cerebellum	connections of cerebellum		recall)	4. D			Viva	Medicine (V)
		cerebellom	3. Enumerate cerebellar peduncles			5. D			Voce	
			4. Name intra cerebellar nuclei			6. D	K			
			5. Describe the blood supply							
			6. Describe the applied anatomy							

SI. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: Knows (K) /Knows how (KH) / Shows how (SH) /Does (D) K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	<b>Specific learning</b> <b>objectives:</b> At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert s level	Must know (MK) / Desire to know (DK) / Nice to know (NK)	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal (H) I/ Vertical(V)
Hom UG- AN- 9·7	ation/ Integration e/ Information	NERVOUS SYSTEM:	К	Fourth ventricle	<ol> <li>Describe the boundaries of the ventricle</li> <li>Explain the features</li> <li>Mention the structures in the floor of IV Ventricle</li> <li>Describe the applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. MK 4. DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Medicine (V)
Hom UG- AN- 9.8	Problem formulation/ of Knowledge/	CENTRAL NER	К	Mid-brain	<ol> <li>Describe the external features</li> <li>Describe the structures in the transverse section</li> <li>Describe the blood supply</li> <li>Describe the applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. DK 4. DK	Lecture Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ.Viv a Voce	Physiology (H) Medicine (V)

Hom			1.	Name the parts of diencephalon	Cognitiv	Level 1	1.	DK	Lecture	MCQ,	MCQ,	Physiology
UG-		Diencephalon:	2.	Describe the nuclei of thalamus and	e	(Remem	2.	DK	6	SAQ.	SAQ.	(H)
AN-	V	Thalamus &		its functions		ber/	3.	DK	Group		<i>\(</i> :	
9.9	ĸ	Hypothalamu	3.	Describe the nuclei and functions of		recall)	4.	DK	discussion		Viva	Medicine (V)
		S		hypothalamus							Voce	
			4.	Explain clinical significance								

SI. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: Knows (K) /Knows how (KH) / Shows how (SH) /Does (D) K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	Specific learning objectives: At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert s level	Must know (MK) / Desire to know (DK) / Nice to know (NK)	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal (H) I/ Vertical(V)
Hom UG- AN- 9.10	formulation/ of Knowledge/	NERVOUS SYSTEM:	К	Third Ventricle	<ol> <li>Describe the boundaries of the ventricle</li> <li>Explain the features</li> <li>Name the structures in the floor of III Ventricle</li> <li>Describe the applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. MK 4. DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Medicine (V)
Hom UG- AN- 9.11	Problem Integration	CENTRAL NE	К	Lateral Ventricle	<ol> <li>Describe the boundaries of the ventricle</li> <li>Explain the features</li> <li>Describe the applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. MK	Lecture Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H)

Hom UG- AN- 9.12			К	Cerebrum: external features	<ol> <li>Describe the external features</li> <li>Name major sulci and Gyri</li> <li>Describe the applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. DK 2. DK 3. DK	Lecture Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Medicine (V)
SI. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: Knows (K) /Knows how (KH) / Shows how (SH) /Does (D) K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	<b>Specific learning</b> <b>objectives:</b> At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert s level	Must know (MK) / Desire to know (DK) / Nice to know (NK)	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal (H) I/ Vertical(V)
Hom UG- AN- 9.13	formulation/ of Knowledge/	VOUS SYSTEM:	К	Functional areas of cerebral cortex	<ol> <li>Mention the functional area and their importance</li> <li>Describe the applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Medicine (V)
Hom UG- AN- 9.14	Problem Integration c	CENTRAL NERVOUS	К	Basal ganglia	<ol> <li>Name the basal ganglia</li> <li>Describe their location and blood supply</li> <li>Describe the applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. DK	Lecture Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Medicine (V)

Hom UG- AN-		White matter of cerebrum:	<ol> <li>Classify white matter of cerebrum</li> <li>Describe the parts of corpus callosum</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/	4. 5.	DK DK	Lecture Group	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ.	Physiology (H)
9.15	К	Corpus callosum & Internal capsule	<ol> <li>Describe the parts and composition of internal capsule</li> <li>Mention the blood supply of internal capsule</li> </ol>		recall)			discussion		Viva Voce	Medicine (V)

SI. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: Knows (K) /Knows how (KH) / Shows how (SH) /Does (D) K/KH/ SH/D	Specific Competency	Specific learning objectives: At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert s level	Must know (MK) / Desire to know (DK) / Nice to know (NK)	Teaching Learning Method/Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal (H) I/ Vertical(V)
Hom UG- AN- 9.16	formulation/ of Knowledge/	NERVOUS SYSTEM:	К	Blood supply of brain	<ol> <li>Mention the blood supply to the brain</li> <li>Explain the formation, branches and distribution of circle of Willis</li> <li>Describe the applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. DK	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Medicine (V)
Hom UG- AN- 9.17	Problem Integration	CENTRAL NE	К	Cranial nerves	<ol> <li>Describe the origin, course, branches and distribution of major cranial nerves</li> <li>Describe applied anatomy</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. MK	Lecture Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Medicine (V)

Hom UG- AN- 9.18	К	Systemic embryology: Development of Brain	<ol> <li>Describe the formation and fate of neural tube</li> <li>List the derivatives of neural crest</li> <li>Describe the formation of eye ball</li> <li>Describe the formation of pituitary gland</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	1. DK 2. DK 3. Dk 4. DK	Lecture Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ.	MCQ, SAQ. Viva Voce	Physiology (H) Medicine (V)
Hom UG- AN- 9.19	К	Structures of CNS	<ol> <li>Enumerate the homoeopathic drugs related to the structures of CNS.</li> <li>Enumerate the rubrics related to the structures of CNS.</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 (Remem ber/ recall)	NK	Integrated Lecture	Viva voce	-	Homoeopa thic Materia Medica (H), Repertory (H)

## PRACTICAL:

# Topic – Histology

Learning Outcome- At the end of Histology, I-BHMS student should be able to;

1. Describe a particular organ and tissue through its histological features.

SI. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: Knows (K) / Knows How (KH)/ Shows How (SH)/ Does (D)	Specific Competency	<b>Specific learning</b> <b>Objectives:</b> At the end of the session student should be	able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert's level	Must know/ Desire to know/	Nice to know	Teaching Learning Method/ Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal/ Vertical
Hom UG- AN- 1.1- 1.10 3.23 3.24 4.6 5.11 7.24 to 7.29	Problem formulation/ Integration of Knowledge/ Information gathering/Practical Skills/ Information	Histology	К	Histological & functional Correlation basic tissues and organs of the body	<ol> <li>Identify the tissue/organ u microscope</li> <li>Draw &amp; label a schematic diag to indicate the microscopic st</li> <li>Discuss Its characteristic features</li> <li>Correlate the microscopic st with its norma function</li> </ol>	nder Psyc gram ructure ructure	nitive :homotor	Level 1 (Remember / Recall)	2. N 3. N	ИК ИК ИК ЭК	DOPS session	Spotting/OSPE/Practical Performance	Practical performance / Checklist	Physiology (H) Pathology (V)

### **Upper Extremities**

Learning Outcomes (LO): At the end of Upper Extremity, I-BHMS student should be able to;

- 1. Describe the anatomy of the bones of the upper extremity, their blood supply, and applied anatomy.
- 2. Describe the anatomy of the joints of the upper extremity, their blood supply, action and applied anatomy.
- 3. Describe the anatomy of the muscles of the upper extremity, their origin, insertion, nerve supply, action and applied anatomy.

4. Describe the anatomy of the vessels and nerves of the upper extremity, their course, muscles they supply, relation and applied anatomy.

5. Identify a particular bone and joint of upper extremity on X-Ray.

6. Trace the course of the vessels and nerves of the upper extremity on the cadaver.

SI. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: Knows (K) / Knows How (KH)/ Showe How	Specific Competency	<b>Specific learning</b> <b>Objectives:</b> At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert's level	Must know/ Desire to know/ Nice to know	Teaching Learning	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal/ Vertical
Hom UG- AN- 2.1 to 2.7	Problem formulation/ Integration of Knowledge/ Information gathering/Practical Skills/ Information management/ synthesis	Upper Extremity	К	Osteology of upper extremity	<ol> <li>Describe the laterality and general features of the bone</li> <li>Describe the major attachments</li> <li>Describe ossification</li> <li>Describe the applied anatomy</li> <li>Draw the surface marking of the major structures in the regions using surface landmarks</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember / Recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. NK 4. DK	Demonstration	Spotting/OSPE/Practical Performance	Practical/ Check list	Surgery (V)
Hom UG- AN- 2.8 to 2.14	Problem formulation/ Integrigation ( Integrigation) and the section of the sectio		К	Dissection/ Demonstration	<ol> <li>Describe the important surface land marks in the region</li> <li>Identify major muscles, blood vessels and nerves including fascial structures of clinical importance</li> <li>Identify articular surfaces of major joints</li> </ol>	Cognitive Psychomotor	Level 1 (Remember / Recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. NK 4. DK	Dem	Spotting/OSPE/I	Practic	Sur

			<ol> <li>Correlate features and normal functioning of joints</li> </ol>					
Hom UG- AN- 2.15	К	Radiological anatomy of upper extremity	<ol> <li>Describe the normal appearance and relationship of bones and joints in a normal radiograph (X-ray) of the region</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember / Recall)	1. MK		

#### **Topic: Head Neck Face**

Learning Outcomes (LO): At the end of Head Neck & Face, I-BHMS student should be able to;

- 1. Describe the anatomy of the bones of the Head Neck & Face, their blood supply and applied anatomy.
- 2. Describe the anatomy of the joints of the Head Neck & Face, their blood supply, action and applied anatomy.
- 3. Describe the anatomy of the muscles of the Head Neck & Face, their origin, insertion, nerve supply, action and applied anatomy.
- 4. Describe the anatomy of the vessels and nerves of the Head Neck & Face, their course, muscles they supply, relation and applied anatomy.
- 5. Identify individual bones of Head Neck & Face on X-Ray.
- 6. Demonstrate the projection of structures of Head, Neck & Face on the cadaver.

SI. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: Knows (K) / Knows How (KH)/ Shows How (SH)/ Does (D)	Specific Competency	<b>Specific learning</b> <b>Objectives:</b> At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert's level	Must know/ Desire to know/ Nice to know	Teaching Learning Method/ Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal/ Vertical
Hom UG- AN- 3.1 to 3.6	nformation gathering/Practical	ty	К	Osteology of Head, Neck & Face	<ol> <li>Describe the general features of the skull, hyoid bone, cervical vertebrae &amp; mandible</li> <li>Describe the major attachments on mandible</li> <li>Mention clinically significant ossification features</li> <li>Draw the surface marking of the major structures in the regions using surface landmarks</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember / Recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. NK 4. DK	uc	Performance	k list	
Hom UG- AN- 3.7 to 3.21	Problem formulation/ Integration of Knowledge/ Information gathering/Practical Skills/ Information management/ synthesis	Upper Extremity	К	Dissection/ Demonstration	<ol> <li>Describe the important surface land marks in the region</li> <li>Identify major viscera, muscles, blood vessels and nerves including fascial structures of clinical importance</li> <li>Identify articular surfaces of major joints</li> <li>Correlate features and normal functioning of joints</li> </ol>	Cognitive Psychomotor	Level 1 (Remember / Recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. NK 4. DK	Demonstration	Spotting/OSPE/Practical Performance	Practical/ Check list	Surgery (V)
Hom UG- AN- 3.22	Problem fo Skills/ Infor		К	Radiological anatomy of	<ol> <li>Describe the normal appearance and relationship of bones and joints in a normal</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember / Recall)	1. MK				

	Head, Neck & Face	radiograph (X-ray) of the region							
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# Topic- Brain- CNS System

Learning Outcomes (LO): At the end of CNS, I-BHMS student should be able to;

- 1. Describe the anatomy of the Brain and its applied anatomy.
- 2. Classify CNS and describe the parts of brain.

SI. No.	Generic Competency Subiect Area	ubject Ar irs: Know ws How ( ws How ( Does (D)	Specific Competency	<b>Specific learning</b> <b>Objectives:</b> At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert's level	Must know/ Desire to know/ Nice to know	Teaching Learning Method/ Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal/ Vertical	
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4. 1 to 4.5	Problem formulation/ Integration of Knowledge/ Information gathering/Practical Skills/ Information	Central Nervous System	K	Describe normal features of brain and spinal cord	1. 2. 3.	Identify parts of brain on a specimen/model Describe normal location and relationship of brain and spinal cord Describe its applied anatomy	Cognitive Psychomotor	Level 1 (Remember / Recall)	1. 2. 3.	MK MK DK	DOAP session	Spotting/OSPE/Practical Performance	Practical performance / Checklist	Physiology (H) Pathology (V)	
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## Topic: Thorax

Learning Outcomes (LO): At the end of Thorax, I-BHMS student should be able to;

- 1. Describe the anatomy of the Respiratory and Cardiovascular system with their applied anatomy.
- 2. Identify the organs of the Respiratory and Cardiovascular system.
- 3. Explain features of X-ray thorax.
- 4. Demonstrate surface projection of thoracic organs.

SI. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: Knows (K) / Knows How (KH)/ Shows How (SH)/ Does (D)	Specific Competency	<b>Specific learning</b> <b>Objectives:</b> At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert's level	Must know/ Desire to know/ Nice to know	Teaching Learning Method/ Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal/ Vertical
Hom UG- AN- 5.1 to 5.3	:dge/ Information agement/ synthesis	ty	К	Osteology of Thorax	<ol> <li>Describe the general features of the sternum, ribs and thoracic vertebrae</li> <li>Describe the major attachments on mandible</li> <li>Mention clinically significant ossification features</li> <li>Draw the surface marking of the major structures in the regions using surface landmarks</li> </ol>	Cognitive Psychomotor	Level 1 (Remember / Recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. NK 4. DK	L	Performance	list	
Hom UG- AN- 5.4 to 5.9	Problem formulation/ Integration of Knowledge/ Information gathering/Practical Skills/ Information management/ synthesis	Upper Extremity	К	Dissection/ Demonstration	<ol> <li>Describe the important surface land marks in the region</li> <li>Describe the morphology of lung and its relations.</li> <li>Describe the external features of heart and interior of its chambers</li> <li>Identify major contents of superior and posterior mediastina</li> </ol>	Cognitive Psychomotor	Level 1 (Remember / Recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. NK 4. DK	Demonstration	Spotting/OSPE/Practical Performance	Practical/ Check list	Surgery (V)
Hom UG- AN- 5.10	Problem fo gathering/F		К	Radiological anatomy of Thorax	<ol> <li>Interpret normal chest radiograph in conventional P-A view</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember / Recall)	1. MK				

#### **Topic: Lower Extremities**

Learning Outcomes (LO): At the end of Lower Extremity, I-BHMS student should be able to;

1. Describe the anatomy of the bones of the Lower extremity, their blood supply and applied anatomy.

2. Describe the anatomy of the joints of the Lower extremity, their blood supply, action and applied anatomy.

3. Describe the anatomy of the muscles of the Lower extremity, their origin, insertion, nerve supply, action and applied anatomy.

4. Describe the anatomy of the vessels and nerves of the Lower extremity, their course, muscles they supply, relations and applied anatomy.

5. Identify a particular bone and joint of Lower extremity on X-Ray.

6. Trace the course of the vessels and nerves of the Lower extremity on the cadaver.

SI. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: Knows (K) / Knows How (KH)/ Shows How (SH)/ Does (D)	Specific Competency	<b>Specific learning</b> <b>Objectives:</b> At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert's level	Must know/ Desire to know/ Nice to know	Teaching Learning Method/ Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal/ Vertical
Hom UG- AN- 6.1 to 6.7	Problem formulation/ Integration of Knowledge/ Information gathering/Practical	Upper Extremity	К	Osteology of lower extremity	<ol> <li>Describe the laterality and general features of the bones of the region</li> <li>Describe the major attachments</li> <li>Mention clinically important ossification features</li> <li>Draw the surface marking of the major structures in the regions using surface landmarks</li> </ol>	Cognitive Psychomotor	Level 1 (Remember / Recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. NK 4. DK	Demonstration	Spotting/OSPE/Practical Performance	Practical/ Check list	Surgery (V)

Hom UG- 6.8 to 6.15	К	Dissection/ Demonstration	1. 2. 3. 4.	Describe the important surface land marks in the region Identify major muscles, blood vessels and nerves including fascial structures of clinical importance Identify articular surfaces of major joints Correlate features and normal functioning of joints	Cognitive Psychomotor	Level 1 (Remember / Recall)	5. 6. 7. 8.	MK MK DK			
Hom UG- AN- 6.16	К	Radiological anatomy of Lower extremity	2.	Describe the normal appearance and relationship of bones and joints in a normal radiograph (X-ray) of the region	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember / Recall)	1. N	ΜК			

### Topic: Abdomen

Learning Outcomes (LO): At the end of Abdomen, I-BHMS student should be able to;

- 1. Describe the anatomy of the Abdominal and pelvic organs with their applied anatomy.
- 2. Identify the abdominal and pelvic organs in dissection.
- 3. Explain features of plain X-ray abdomen and pelvis.
- 4. Demonstrate surface projection of Abdominal and pelvic organs.

SI. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers: Knows (K) / Knows How (KH)/ Shows How (SH)/ Does (D)	Specific Competency	<b>Specific learning</b> <b>Objectives:</b> At the end of the session student should be able to	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert's level	Must know/ Desire to know/ Nice to know	Teaching Learning Method/ Media	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal/ Vertical
Hom UG- AN- 7.1 to 7.6	dge/ Information igement/ synthesis	lity	К	Osteology of Abdomen & Pelvis	<ol> <li>Describe the general features of the lumbar vertebra, Sacrum &amp; Pelvis</li> <li>Describe the major attachments on sacrum</li> <li>Mention clinically significant ossification features</li> <li>Draw the surface marking of the major structures in the regions using surface landmarks</li> </ol>	Cognitive Psychomotor	Level 1 (Remember / Recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. NK 4. DK	ио	l Performance	k list	
Hom UG- AN- 7.7 to 7.22	Problem formulation/ Integration of Knowledge/ Information gathering/Practical Skills/ Information management/ synthesis	Upper Extremity	К	Dissection/ Demonstration	<ol> <li>Describe the important surface land marks in the region</li> <li>Identify the abdominal viscera and describe major surface &amp; internal features</li> <li>Identify pelvic viscera and describe their features and relations</li> </ol>	Cognitive Psychomotor	Level 1 (Remember / Recall)	1. MK 2. MK 3. NK 4. DK	Demonstration	Spotting/OSPE/Practical Performance	Practical/ Check list	Surgery (V)
Hom UG- AN- 7.23	Problem form gathering/Pra		К	Radiological anatomy of Abdomen & Pelvis	<ol> <li>Interpret a normal radiograph (X-ray) of the abdomen and pelvis in different commonly used views</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember / Recall)	1. MK				

# 8. Practical Topics (Non-Lecture Activities)

Sl. No	Non-Lecture Teaching Learning methods	Time Allotted per Activity (in Hours)
9.	Seminars/ Workshops	10
10.	Group Discussions	10
11.	Problem based learning	10
12.	Integrated Teaching	15
13.	Case Based Learning	10
14.	Self-Directed Learning	15
15.	Tutorials, Assignments & projects	10
	Sub total	80
16.	Practical	250
	Total	330

#### 9. ASSESSMENT

#### Assessment Summary - Number of papers and Mark Distribution

Sl. No.	Course Code	Papers	Theory	Practical	Viva Voce	Internal Assessment- Practical	Grand Total
1.	Hom UG-AN	2	200	100	80	20	400

### Scheme of Assessment (formative and Summative)

SI. No	Professional Course	1 <sup>st</sup> term (1-6 Months)	2 <sup>nd</sup> Term (7-12 Months)	3 <sup>rd</sup> Term (13-18 Months)	
1.	First Professional BHMS	1 <sup>st</sup> PA + 1 <sup>ST</sup> TT	2 <sup>nd</sup> PA+2 <sup>ND</sup> TT	3 <sup>rd</sup> PA	UE
		1 <sup>st</sup> PA – 4 <sup>th</sup> month	2 <sup>nd</sup> PA – 9 <sup>th</sup> month	3 <sup>rd</sup> PA - 14 <sup>th</sup> month	17 <sup>th</sup> month
		1 <sup>st</sup> TT – 6 <sup>th</sup> month	2 <sup>nd</sup> TT – 12 <sup>th</sup> month		

PA: Periodical Assessment; TT: Term Test; UE: University Examinations

### **Evaluation Methods for Assessment**

Sl. No	Evaluation Criteria
1.	Theory, Practical, Viva voce Performance
2.	Theory: MCQs, SAQs and LAQs (MEQ - Modified Essay Questions/Structured Questions)

# I. Theory Question Paper Layout

ck, Central nervous System, Upper e	extremities and Embryology.
ΜCQ	10 marks
SAQ	50 marks
LAQ	40 marks
emities and Histology (micro anator	ny).
ΜCQ	10 marks
SAQ	50 marks
LAQ	40 marks
	MCQ SAQ LAQ emities and Histology (micro anator MCQ SAQ

# I. Distribution of marks (Theory)

				D			
SI. No	A	В	С	Type of Questions and marks allotte "Yes" can be asked. "No" should not be asked.			
	List of Topics	Term	Marks	MCQ (1 Mark)	<b>SAQ</b> (5 Marks)	LAQ (10 Marks)	
1.	General Anatomy	I		Yes	Yes	No	
2.	Head, Neck & Face	II	Refer	Yes	Yes	Yes	
3.	Central Nervous System	II	Next Table	Yes	Yes	Yes	
4.	Upper Extremities	I		Yes	Yes	Yes	
5.	Embryology	I		Yes	Yes	No	

Paper-II						
Sl. No	Δ.	D	C	D Turpe of Questions and marks allotted		
51. INO	A	В	J	Type of Questions and marks allotted "Yes" can be asked. "No" should not be asked.		

	List of Topics	Term	Marks	MCQ (1 Mark)	<b>SAQ</b> (5 Marks)	LAQ (10 Marks)
1.	Thorax	II		Yes	Yes	Yes
2.	Abdomen, Pelvis & Perineum	III	Refer Next	Yes	Yes	Yes
3.	Lower Extremities		Table	Yes	Yes	Yes
4.	Histology	I		Yes	Yes	No

## Theme table

# Paper-I

Theme*	Topics	Term	Marks	MCQ's	SAQ's	LAQ's
A	General Anatomy	I	10	Yes	Yes	No
В	Upper Extremities	I	25	Yes	Yes	Yes
С	Embryology	I	15	Yes	Yes	No
D	Head, Neck and Face	II	30	Yes	Yes	Yes
E	Central nervous System	II	20	Yes	Yes	Yes

# Paper-II

Theme*	Topics	Term	Marks	MCQ's	SAQ's	LAQ's
A	Lower Extremities	III	30	Yes	Yes	Yes
В	Thorax	II	30	Yes	Yes	Yes
С	Abdomen, Pelvis & Perineum	III	30	Yes	Yes	Yes
D	Histology	I	10	Yes	Yes	No

# **Question paper Blue Print**

# Paper-I

A	В	Question Paper Format
Question Serial Number	Type of Question	(Refer table 4 F II Theme table for themes)
Q1	Multiple choice Questions	1. Theme A
		2. Theme A
	(MCQ)	3. Theme B
	10 Questions	4. Theme B
		5. Theme C
	1 mark each	6. Theme C
	All compulson	7. Theme D
	All compulsory	8. Theme D
	Must know part: 7 MCQ	9. Theme E
		10. Theme E

	Desirable to know: 2 MCQ.	
	Nice to know: 1 MCQ	
Q2	Short answer Questions	1. Theme A
	(SAQ)	2. Theme B 3. Theme B
	ten Questions	4. Theme C
	5 Marks Each	5. Theme C 6. Theme D
	All compulsory	7. Theme D 8. Theme D
	Must know part: 7 SAQ	9. Theme E
	Desirable to know: 2 SAQ	10. Theme E
	Nice to know: 1 SAQ	
Q <sub>3</sub>	Long answer Questions	1. Theme B
	(LAQ)	2. Theme D 3. Theme D
	four Questions	4. Theme E
	10 marks each	
	All compulsory	
	All questions on must know	
	No Questions on Nice to know and Desirable to know	

## Paper-II

A	В	Question Paper Format
Question Serial Number	Type of Question	(Refer table II Theme table for themes)
Q1	Multiple choice Questions (MCQ) 10 Questions 1 mark each All compulsory Must know part:7 MCQ Desirable to know: 2 MCQ. Nice to know: 1 MCQ	1.Theme A2.Theme A3.Theme A4.Theme B5.Theme B6.Theme C7.Theme C8.Theme C9.Theme D10.Theme D
Q2	Short answer Questions (SAQ) ten Questions 5 Marks Each All compulsory Must know part: 7 SAQ Desirable to know: 2 SAQ	<ol> <li>Theme A</li> <li>Theme A</li> <li>Theme A</li> <li>Theme B</li> <li>Theme B</li> <li>Theme C</li> <li>Theme C</li> <li>Theme C</li> <li>Theme C</li> <li>Theme D</li> <li>Theme D</li> </ol>

	Nice to know: 1 SAQ	
Q3	Long answer Questions (LAQ) four Questions 10 marks each All compulsory All questions on must know No Questions on Nice to know and Desirable to know	<ol> <li>Theme A</li> <li>Theme B</li> <li>Theme C</li> <li>Theme C</li> </ol>

II. Scheme of Practical and Viva voce Examination and distribution of marks (Practical 100 marks – Viva voce 80 marks + Internal assessment 20 marks: Total 200 marks)

Scheme of Practical Examination		
1. Spotters: 4 (5 marks each)		
<ul> <li>A. Histology Slide – 2 (5 marks each)</li> <li>a) Identification – 1 mark</li> <li>b) Draw and label – 2 marks</li> <li>c) Two identification features – 2 marks</li> </ul>	20 marks	
B. Radiology – 2 X-RAYS (5 marks each)		

a) Identification of X-Ray and its view – 1 mark	
b) Identification of features – 4 marks	
2. Osteology - Bones of Upper Extremity, Lower Extremity, Skull, Ribs and Vertebrae.	20 marks
3.Viscera - Organs from Thorax, Abdomen and CNS.	20 marks
4. Knowledge of dissected parts - Dissected Specimens of Upper and Lower Extremities.	20 marks
2. Surface marking	10 marks
<b>3.</b> Journal – Practical record of Anatomy including Histology and dissection card.	10 marks
Total	100 Marks

Viva voce Max. Marks - 80 + Internal assessment marks – 20	
Total marks	100 marks

## 9B - Scheme of Assessment (Formative)

Sr. No	Professional Course	1 <sup>st</sup> term (1-6 Months)		2 <sup>nd</sup> Term (7-12 Months)		3 <sup>rd</sup> Term (13-18 Months)	
1	First	1 <sup>st</sup> PA	1 <sup>st</sup> TT	2 <sup>nd</sup> PA	2 <sup>ND</sup> TT	3 <sup>rd</sup> PA	UE
	Professional BHMS	20 Marks Practical/Viva	100 Marks Practical/ Viva	20 Marks Practical/Viva	100 Marks Practical/ Viva	20 Marks Practical/Viva	

For Internal assessment, Only Practical/Viva marks will be considered. Theory marks will not be counted)

PA1 Practical/Viva	PA2	PA3	Periodical	TT1	TT2	Terminal	Final
(20 Marks)	Practical/Viva	Practical/Viva	Assessment	Practical/	Practical/	Test	Internal
	(20 Marks)	(20 Marks)	Average	Viva	Viva	Average	Assessment
			PA1+PA2+PA3/3	(100	(100	TT1+	Marks
				Marks)	Marks)	TT2/	
						200*20	
Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	D+G/2

Method of Calculation of Internal Assessment Marks for Final University Examination:

PA- Periodical Assessment, TT- Terminal Test, UE- University Examination

#### 10. List of recommended books –

#### **Standard Books**

- Garg K, B.D.Chaurasia's Human Anatomy Regional & Applied, Dissection & Clinical. Upper limb & Thorax.
- Garg K, B.D. Chaurasia's Human Anatomy Regional & Applied, Dissection & Clinical. Lower limb & Abdomen
- Garg K, B.D. Chaurasia's Human Anatomy Regional & Applied, Dissection & Clinical. Head, Neck & Brain.
- Singh V. General Anatomy
- Singh V. Anatomy of Head, Neck & Brain
- Singh V. Anatomy of Upper limb & Thorax
- Singh V. Anatomy of Abdomen & Lower limb
- Singh V. Anatomy of Clinical embryology
- Garg K, Indira Bahl, Mohini Kaul. *Textbook of Histology*
- Halim A. Surface and Radiological Anatomy
- Khurana A, Khurana I, Garg K B.D. Chaurasia's Dream Human Embryology
- Loukas M, Benninger B, Tubbs R S. Gray's Clinical Photographic Dissector of Human Body
- Romanes G J. Cunningham's Manual of Practical Anatomy. Upper & Lower limb
- Romanes G J. Cunningham's Manual of Practical Anatomy. Abdomen & Pelvis
- Romanes G J. Cunningham's Manual of Practical Anatomy. Head & Neck

#### **Reference books**

- Eroschenko VP. Di'fiore's Atlas of Histology with functional correlation
- Gunasegaran JP. Text book of Histology & Practical Guide
- Hansen JT. Netter's Atlas of Human Anatomy. South Asian Ed
- Mescher AL. Junqueria's Basic Histology Text & Atlas
- Mortan DA, Peterson KD, Albretine K. H. Gray's Dissection Guide for Human Anatomy
- RomanesGJ.Cunningham's Textbook of Anatomy
- Ross & Wilson. Anatomy and Physiology in Health and Illness
- Singh, Inderbir. *Human Embryology*
- Sinnathamby CS. Snell's Clinical Anatomy for Medical Students.

- Standring Susan. *Gray's Anatomy The Anatomical Basis of Clinical Practice*
- Tortora GJ & Derrickson B. Anatomy & Physiology.

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# COMPETENCY BASED DYNAMIC CURRICULUM FOR FIRST BHMS PROFESSIONAL COURSE

(Applicable from Batch 2022-2023 onwards for 5 years or until further notification by National Commission for Homoeopathy whichever is earlier)

## (Homoeopathic Materia Medica)



## HOMOEOPATHY EDUCATION BOARD NATIONAL COMMISSION FOR HOMOEOPATHY MINISTRY OF AYUSH, GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

JAWAHAR LAL NEHRU BHARTIYA CHIKITSA AVUM HOMOEOPATHY ANUSANDHAN BHAVAN No.61-65, Institutional Area, opp. 'D' block, Janak Puri, New Delhi-110 058

## Subject- Homoeopathic Materia Medica

## Subject code: HomUG-HMM-I

## INDEX

S.No	Description	Page Number
1	Preamble	02
2	Program Outcomes (PO)	03
3	Course Outcomes (CO)	04
4	Teaching Hours	05
5	Course Content	07
6	Teaching Learning Methods	10
7	Content Mapping (Competencies Table)	11
8	Assessment	25
9	List of Recommended Books	31
10	List of Contributors	32

#### **1. PREAMBLE**

Homoeopathic Materia Medica is the study of the action of drugs on healthy human being as a whole taking into consideration individual susceptibility and its reaction to various circumstances and time. A good prescription by a homoeopath mainly depends upon the case receiving, processing and a sound knowledge of Homoeopathic Materia Medica.

Each drug in Materia Medica not only has its own personality with its mental and physical constitution but also has its own affinity to an area, direction, spread, tissue, organ, system. Study of a drug in context of altered sensation, function and structure covers the pathology caused by it, which is also expressed in the pathogenesis of the drugs. Materia Medica also has symptoms from toxicological and clinical proving. All this knowledge is of utmost importance in order to apply the remedies in various clinical conditions. This can be achieved only by integrating the study of Materia Medica with other parallel subjects taught during the course.

Apart from the source books of Materia Medica there are different types of Materia Medica constructed on different philosophical backgrounds by different authors. Materia Medica also forms the platform of various repertories. Therefore, it becomes very important for a student of homoeopathy to learn the plan and construction of all the basic Materia Medica in order to understand their practical utility in practice.

It is also important to keep in mind that the end point of the teaching of HMM is not to burden the student with information of more number of remedies but to equip with an approach which will help to develop the vision towards self-guided study and apply the knowledge in practice.

This self-directed learning can ultimately lead to a critical approach of studying Materia Medica hence empowering evidence based practice and initiate the process of lifelong learning. Exploring Materia Medica is an endless journey as newer illnesses will keep on emerging and newer drugs or undiscovered facets of existing drugs will be needed to explore for managing these situations.

#### 2. PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

At the end of BHMS program, a student must

- 1. Develop the competencies essential for primary health care in clinical diagnosis and treatment of diseases through the judicious application of homoeopathic principles
- 2. Recognize the scope and limitation of homoeopathy and to apply the Homoeopathic Principles for curative, prophylactic, promotive, palliative, and rehabilitative primary health care for the benefit of the individual and community.
- 3. Discern the relevance of other systems of medical practice for rational use of cross referral and life saving measures, so as to address clinical emergences
- 4. Develop capacity for critical thinking and research aptitude as required for evidence based homoeopathic practice.
- 5. Demonstrate aptitude for lifelong learning and develop competencies as and when conditions of practice demand.
- 6. Be competent enough to practice homoeopathy as per the medical ethics and professionalism.
- 7. Develop the necessary communication skills to work as a team member in various healthcare setting and contribute towards the larger goals of national policies such as school health, community health, environmental conservation.
- 8. Identify and respect the socio-demographic, psychological, cultural, environmental & economic factors that affect health and disease and plan homoeopathic intervention to achieve the sustainable development Goal.

## **3. COURSE OUTCOMES**

At the end of BHMS I course, the students should be able to-

- 1. Define the homoeopathic Materia Medica.
- 2. Understand the philosophy of homoeopathic Materia Medica.
- 3. Describe evolution, sources and construction of different types of Homoeopathic Materia Medica.
- 4. Enumerate the scope and limitations of Homoeopathic Materia Medica.
- 5. Evolve the portrait and symptomatology of a particular drug using the knowledge of pharmacy, psychology, anatomy, physiology and Organon of medicine.
- 6. Observe the symptoms of a particular medicine in a clinical set-up with emphasis on individualizing symptoms.

#### Learning Objectives

- 1. To define the homoeopathic Materia Medica and grasp the basic concept with philosophy of it based on Hahnemannian directions.
- 2. To discuss different sources and types of homoeopathic Materia Medica.
- 3. To understand the drug in context of its pharmacological data, constitution, temperament, sphere of action, pathogenesis, both mental and physical generals, particular symptoms, characteristic/ individualising symptoms, general and particular modalities, relationship with other remedies including doctrine of signature.
- 4. To study and understand the bio-chemic system of medicine.
- 5. To identify the symptoms of a sick individual corresponding to the symptoms of a particular drug.
- 6. To develop an insight into scopes and limitations of homoeopathic Materia Medica.

## 4. TEACHING HOURS

## **Distribution of Teaching Hours:**

Homoeopathic Materia Medica				
Year Teaching hours- Lectures Teaching hours- Non-lectures				
1 <sup>st</sup> BHMS	120	75		

## 4. A. Teaching Hours Theory:

S. no.	List of Topics	Hours
1.	Definition and introduction of Materia Medica	3
2.	Types of Homoeopathic Materia Medica	3
3.	Sources of Homoeopathic Materia Medica	4
4.	Study of drug picture (term I)	32
5.	Study of drug picture (term II)	33
6.	Theory of Bio chemic salts	2
7.	Individual bio chemic salts	14
8.	Study of drug picture (term III)	28
9.	Scope and Limitation of HMM	1
	Total	120

## 4.B. Teaching Hours Non-lecture:

Sr. No	Α	В	С
	Study Setting	Term	<b>Teaching Hours</b>
1	OPD/IPD/Classroom	II & III	75

## Non-Lecture Activities (Practical)-

Sr.	Non Lecture Teaching Learning methods	Time Allotted per Activity
No		(Hours)

1	Group Discussions	5
2	Problem based learning	5
3	Tutorials	10
4	Case Based Learning (live case)	55
	Total	75

#### 5. COURSE CONTENTS BHMS I (Theory)

#### **1. Introductory Lectures**

- a. Definition and introduction of basic Materia Medica. Contrast between Materia Medica and Homoeopathic Materia Medica.
- b. Sources, types, construction, scope and limitation of Homoeopathic Materia Medica
- c. Theory of biochemic system of medicine, its comparison with Homoeopathy and study of **12 biochemic tissue salts** with their physico-chemical reaction.

#### 2. Homoeopathic medicines:

1. Aconite	18. CalcareaPhos	35. Hypericum			
2. Aethusa Cynapium	19. Calendula	36. Ignatia			
3. Allium Cepa	20. Carbo Veg	37. Ipecac			
4. Aloe Soc	21. Chamomilla	38. Ledum Pal			
5. Ammonium Carb	22. Cina	39. Lycopodium			
6. Ammonium Mur	23. Cinchona	40. Natrum Carb			
7. Antim Crude	24. Cocculus	41. Natrum Mur			
8. Antim Tart	25. Coffea Cruda	42. Nux Vomica			
9. Apis Mel	26. Colchicum	43. Podophyllum			
10. Arnica Montana	27. Colocynth	44. Pulsatilla			
11. Ars Alb	28. DioscoriaVillosa	45. Rhus Tox			
12.Arum Triph	29. Croton Tig	46. Ruta			
13. Baryta Carb	30. Drossera	47. Silicea			
14. Belladona	31. Dulcamara	48. Spongia			
15. Borax	32. Euphrasia	49. Sulphur			
16. Bryonia Alba	33. Gelsemium	50. Symphytum			
17. Calc Carb	34. HeparSulph				

### **3. Biochemic tissue salts:**

1. Calc Flour	5. Kali Mur	9. Nat Mur*
2. Calc Phos*	6. Kali Phos	10. Nat Phos
3. Calc Sulph	7. Kali Sulph	11. Nat Sulph
4. FerrPhos	8. Mag Phos	12.Silicea*

\*Also included in the list of Homoeopathic medicines, hence total no. of medicines shall remain 59 for BHMS I.

## **Contents for Term I:**

### I. Introductory Lectures

- a. Definition and introduction of basic Materia Medica, contrast between Materia Medica and Homoeopathic Materia Medica
- b. Sources, types and construction of Homoeopathic Materia Medica

#### II. Homoeopathic medicines:

1. Arnica montana	8.Natrum Mur	
2.Bryonia	9.Rhus tox	
3.Baryta carb	10.Ruta	
4.Calc Carb	11.Silicea	
5.Calendula	12.Sulphur	
6.Hypericum	13.Symphytum	
7. Ledum pal		

## **Contents for Term II:**

## I. Homoeopathic medicines:

1. Aconite nap	11.Colchicum
2.Aloes soc	12. Colocynth
3. Apis mellifica	13.Dioscorea
4. Arsenic Alb	14. Dulcamara
5.Belladona	15. Gelsemium
6.Cina	16. Ignatia
7.Chamomila	17. Lycopodium
8.Carbo veg	18. Nux vomica
9.Cinchona	19. Podophyllum

10.Cocculus	20. Pulsatilla nig.
	_

II. Theory of biochemic system of medicine, its comparison with Homoeopathy

III. Study of 5 biochemic tissue salts with their physico-chemical reaction:

1. Calc Flour
2. Calc Phos
3. Calc Sulph
4. Natrum Phos
5.Natrum sulph

## **Contents for Term III:**

1. Homocopatine incu	icines.
1. Aethusa cyn	9. Coffea cruda
2. Alliun cepa	10. Croton tig
3. Ammon Carb	11. Drosera
4. Ammon Mur	12. Euphrasia
5. Antim Crud	13.Hephar Sulph
6. Antim Tart	14.Ipecacuanha
7. Arum triph	15.Natrum carb
8. Borax	16.Spongia

### I. Homoeopathic medicines:

## II. Study of 5 **biochemic tissue salts** with their physico-chemical reaction:

1. FerrPhos	
2. Kali Mur	
3. Kali Phos	
4. Kali Sulph	
5. Mag Phos	

## III. Scope and limitations of Homoeopathic Materia medica

## 6. TEACHING LEARNING METHODS

Lectures (Theory)	Non-lectures (Practical)				
Lectures	Clinical demonstration				
Small group discussion	Problem based discussion				
Integrated lectures	Case Study				
Assignments					
Library reference					

Different teaching-learning methods must be apply for understanding holistic and integrated Materia Medica. There has to be classroom lectures, small group discussions, case discussion where case based learning (CBL) and problem based learning (PBL) are specially helpful. In the applied Materia Medica, case discussion (CBL-PBL) method is beneficial for students. Audio visual (AV) methods for classroom teaching may be an innovative aid in order to demonstrate the related graphics and animations etc. In case of clinical demonstration – DOAP (Demonstration – Observation – Assistance – Performance) is very well applicable.

## 7. CONTENT MAPPING (COMPETENCIES TABLE)

## **Topic 1- Definition and introduction of Materia Medica**

Sr. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Competency	SLO/ Outcome	Blooms Domain	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desirable to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Departments- Horizontal/ Vertical/ Spiral
HomUG- HMM-I- 1.1	Information Gathering Integration	Definition and introduction of materia medica	Knows	Knowledge of fundamentals of HMM	Define the basic MM and HMM	Cognitive	Remember/ recall Understand	Must Know	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce	SAQ, Viva voce	Horizontal Integration with Organon of Medicine
HomUG- HMM-I- 1.2	of information				Explain what sign and symptoms are with examples							of Medicine
HomUG- HMM-I- 1.3					Contrast between MM and HMM							
HomUG- HMM-I- 1.4					Discuss the history of MM with emphasis on Hahnemannian directions							

Sr. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Competency	SLO/ Outcome	Blooms Domain	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desirable to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Departments- Horizontal/ Vertical/ Spiral

## **Topic 2- Types of Materia Medica**

Sr. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Competency	SLO/ Outcome	Blooms Domain	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desirable to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Departments- Horizontal/ Vertical/ Spiral
HomUG- HMM-I- 2.1	Information Gathering Integration	Types of Materia Medica	Knows	Identify various types of HMM	Describe various types of HMM	Cognitive	Remember/ recall Understand	Must Know	Lecture, small group discussion, demonstration	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce	SAQ, Viva voce	Horizontal Integration with Organon of Medicine and Pharmacy
HomUG- HMM-I- 2.2	of information				Enumerate types of HMM							
HomUG- HMM-I- 2.3					Classify Homoeopat hic Materia Medica as per its types.							
HomUG- HMM-I- 2.4			Knows how		Discuss the characteristi cs of each type of HMM based on practical utility.			Desirable to know				

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Sr. No.	Generic Competenc y	Subjec t Area	Millers Level: Does/Show s how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Competenc y	SLO/ Outcome	Blooms Domain	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desirabl e to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formative Assessmen t	Summative Assessmen t	Integration Departments - Horizontal/ Vertical/ Spiral
HomUG -HMM-	Information Gathering	Sources of	Knows	Identify various	Describe the sources	Cognitiv e	Remember / recall	Must know	Lecture, Small Group	MCQ, SAQ,	SAQ,	Horizontal Integration
I-3.1	Integration	HMM		sources of HMM	of HMM		Understand	KIIOW	discussion, Demonstratio	Viva Voce	LAQ, Viva voce	with Organon of Medicine, Homoeopathi
HomUG -HMM- I-3.2	of information				Understand the concept of source books of HMM							c pharmacy Vertical and spiral integration with FMT
HomUG -HMM- I-3.3	-				List the source books of HMM							
HomUG -HMM- I-3.4					Discuss the plans and constructio n of source							

## **Topic 3- Sources of Homoeopathic Materia Medica**

	books of HMM			

Sr. No.	Generic Competenc y	Subjec t Area	Millers Level: Does/Show s how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Competenc y	SLO/ Outcome	Blooms Domain	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desirabl e to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formative Assessmen t	Summative Assessmen t	Integration Departments - Horizontal/ Vertical/ Spiral
HomUG -HMM- I-3.5	Information Gathering Integration of information	Sources of HMM	Knows	Identify various sources of HMM	Enumerate different types of proving as sources of HMM	Cognitiv e	Remember / recall Understand	Must know	Lecture, Small Group discussion, Demonstratio n	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce	SAQ, LAQ, Viva voce	Horizontal Integration with Organon of Medicine, Homoeopathi c pharmacy
HomUG -HMM- I-3.6			Knows how		Describe various proving sources of HMM							Vertical and spiral integration with FMT
HomUG -HMM- I-3.7					Understand the basic concept of various types proving as source of HMM							
HomUG -HMM- I-3.8				Insight into structure of various HMM	Differentiat e the construction of different			Desirable to know	-		SAQ, Viva voce	

				source books HMM	of						
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Sr. No.	Generic Competenc y	Subjec t Area	Millers Level: Does/Show s how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Competenc y	SLO/ Outcome	Blooms Domain	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desirabl e to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formative Assessmen t	Summativ e Assessmen t	Integration Departments - Horizontal/ Vertical/ Spiral
HomUG -HMM- I-3.9	Information Gathering Integration of information	Source s of HMM	Knows how	Identify various sources of HMM	Understand the construction of various HMM as a compilation based on the source books.	Cognitiv e	Remember / recall Understan d	Nice to know	Lecture, Small Group discussion, Demonstratio n	Viva voce	Viva voce	Horizontal Integration with Organon of Medicine, Homoeopathi c pharmacy
HomUG -HMM- I-3.10					Draw the time line of Homoeopathi c Materia Medica based on their	-						

history, evolution and philosophy		
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## **Topic 4- Homoeopathic Medicines**

Sr. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/Show s how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Competenc y	SLO/ Outcome	Blooms Domain	Guilbert' s Level	Must Know/ Desirabl e to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formative Assessme nt	Summativ e Assessme nt	Integration Department s- Horizontal/ Vertical/ Spiral
HomUG -HMM- I-4.1	Information Gathering Integration of information Problem formulation Practical Skills	Homoeopat hic medicines included in: Term I, II and III	Knows, Knows how, Shows how	<ol> <li>Evolve the symptom- tology of a particular drug</li> <li>Observe the symptoms of a particular medicine in a clinical set-up</li> </ol>	Describe the drug picture of homoeopathic medicines with following details- pharmacologic al data, constitution, temperament, sphere of action, doctrine of signature, pathogenesis, both mental and physical generals, particular symptoms, characteristic/ individualizing symptoms, general and particular modalities, relationship	Cognitive, Psychomot or	Remembe r/ recall Understan d Interpret	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group discussion, Demonstratio n (clinical classes in OPD), Problem based learning	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Practical, Viva Voce	SAQ, LAQ, Practical, Viva voce	Horizontal Integration with pharmacy, psychology, anatomy, physiology and organon of medicine. Longitudinal and spiral with all allied subjects in BHMS

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Sr. No.	Generic Competenc y	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/Sho ws how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Competenc y	SLO/ Outcome	Blooms Domain	Guilbert' s Level	Must Know/ Desirabl e to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formative Assessme nt	Summativ e Assessme nt	Integration Department s- Horizontal/ Vertical/ Spiral
HomU G- HMM- I-4.2 HomU G- HMM- I-4.3	Information Gathering Integration of information Problem formulation Practical Skills	Homoeopath ic medicines included in: Term I, II and III	Knows, Knows how, Shows how	<ol> <li>Evolve the symptom- tology of a particular drug</li> <li>Observe the symptoms of a particular medicine in a clinical set-up</li> </ol>	.Formulate the drug picture/ symptomatolo gy of a particular drug using the knowledge of pharmacy, psychology, anatomy, physiology and organon of medicine. Understand the symptomatolo gy of a particular medicine in regard to a particular system/organ of the body.	Cognitive, Psychomot or	Remembe r/ recall Understan d Interpret	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group discussion, Demonstrati on (clinical classes in OPD), Problem based learning	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Practical, Viva Voce	SAQ, LAQ, Practical, Viva voce	Horizontal Integration with pharmacy, psychology, anatomy, physiology and organon of medicine. Longitudinal and spiral with all allied subjects in BHMS

Sr. No.	Generic Competenc y	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/Sho ws how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Competenc y	SLO/ Outcome	Blooms Domain	Guilbert' s Level	Must Know/ Desirabl e to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formative Assessme nt	Summativ e Assessme nt	Integration Department s- Horizontal/ Vertical/ Spiral
HomU G- HMM- I-4.4	Information Gathering Integration of information	Homoeopath ic medicines included in: Term I, II and III	Knows, Knows how,	Evolve the symptom- tology of a particular drug	Identify the symptom similarity of a patient with a particular medicine in a clinical set up	Cognitive, Psychomot or	Remembe r/ recall Understan d	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group discussion, Demonstrati on (clinical classes in OPD),	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Practical, Viva Voce	SAQ, LAQ, Practical, Viva voce	Horizontal Integration with pharmacy, psychology, anatomy,
HomU G- HMM- I-4.5	Problem formulation		Shows how		State the relationship of a medicine with other medicines		Interpret		Problem based learning			physiology and organon of medicine. Longitudinal and spiral with all
HomU G- HMM- I-4.6	Practical Skills		Knows how	Observe the symptoms of a particular medicine in a clinical set-up	Understand the relationship status of a medicine and its background	Cognitive	Remembe r/ recall Understan d	Desirabl e to know	Lecture, Small Group discussion,	MCQ, Viva Voce	Viva voce	allied subjects in BHMS
HomU G- HMM- I-4.7			Knows how		Observe the variations in symptomatolo gy of a particular medicine in most commonly used HMM of	Cognitive	Remembe r/ recall Understan d	Nice to know	Lecture, Small Group discussion, Demonstrati on	Viva Voce	Viva voce	

		eminent				
		authors				

Topic 5- Theory of Bio chemic tissue salts, its comparison with homoeopathy and study of 12 tissue remedies with their physico-chemical reaction:

Sr.No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/Shows how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Competency	SLO/ Outcome	Blooms Domain	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desirable to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Departments- Horizontal/ Vertical/ Spiral
HomUG- HMM-I- 5.1 HomUG- HMM-I- 5.2	Information Gathering, synthesis and application of knowledge in class room	Theory of Bio chemic tissue salts	Knows	Describe the Theory of Bio chemic tissue salts	Describe the Theory of Bio chemic tissue salts compare and contrast Homoeopathic system of medicine with Bio chemic tissue salts	Cognitive	Remember/ recall Understand	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group discussion	MCQ. Viva, Quiz Assignment	SAQ, MCQ	Horizontal Pharmacy, Biochemistry and Physiology Spiral Can compare the drug pathogenesis with

Sr.No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/Shows how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Competency	SLO/ Outcome	Blooms Domain	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desirable to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Departments- Horizontal/ Vertical/ Spiral
HomUG- HMM-I- 5.3					co-relate the importance of knowledge of Biochemistry in better understanding of Bio chemic tissue salts							Homoeopathic medicines Vertical Can explore the utility of Biochemic salts in treating deficiencies in
HomUG- HMM-I- 5.4	-				List the 12 Bio chemic tissue salts							Medicine, OBG etc

Sr. No.	Generic Competenc y	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/Show s how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Competenc y	SLO/ Outcome	Blooms Domain	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desirabl e to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formative Assessmen t	Summativ e Assessmen t	Integration Departments - Horizontal/ Vertical/ Spiral
HomUG -HMM- I-5.5 HomUG -HMM- I-5.6	Information Gathering Integration of information Problem formulation Practical Skills	12 Biochemi c medicines included in: Term II and III	Knows, Knows how, Shows how	<ol> <li>Describe individual</li> <li>Biochemic tissue salts</li> <li>Evolve the symptom- tology of a particular drug</li> <li>Observe the symptoms of a particular medicine in a clinical set-up</li> </ol>	In addition to the competencies for homoeopathi c medicines, Describe individual Bio chemic tissue salts Explain the pathogenesis and symptomolog y of each Bio chemic tissue salts as per Dr, Wilhelm H. Schuessler.	Cognitive, Psychomoto r	Remember / recall Understan d Interpret	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group discussion, Demonstratio n (clinical classes in OPD), Problem based learning	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Practical, Viva Voce	SAQ, LAQ, Practical, Viva voce	Horizontal Integration with pharmacy, psychology, anatomy, physiology and organon of medicine. Longitudinal and spiral with all allied subjects in BHMS

HomUG		J	Justify the				
-HMM-		I	portrait of				
I-5.7		e	each tissue				
		5	salt in				
		c	correlation				
		v	with the				
		1	knowledge of				
		1	Biochemistry.				
			-				

## Topic 6- Scope and limitation of homoeopathic Materia Medica:

Sr. No.	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/Shows how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Competency	SLO/ Outcome	Blooms Domain	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desirable to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formative Assessment	Summative Assessment	Integration Departments- Horizontal/ Vertical/ Spiral
HomUG- HMM-I- 6.1 HomUG- HMM-I- 6.2	Information Gathering Integration of information	Scope and Limitations of HMM	Knows Knows how	Must be able to comprehend the scope and limitations of Homoeopathic Materia Medica	List the scope and limitations of HMM Discuss the scope and limitations of HMM	Cognitive	Remember/ recall Understand	Must Know Must Know	Lecture. Small group discussion Case Based learning Problem Based Learning	LAQ SAQ Viva,	LAQ SAQ Viva,	Horizontal Integration with pharmacy, psychology, anatomy, physiology and organon of medicine. Longitudinal
HomUG- HMM-I- 6.3			Knows		Discuss the solutions		Understand	Nice to know				and spiral with all allied

	to overc	me			subjects in BHMS
	the limita of HN				

# 8. ASSESSMENT

# **Assessment Summary**

# 8A- Number of papers and Mark Distribution

Sr. No.	Course Code	Papers	Theory	Practical (Assignment+ Spotting)	Viva Voce	Internal Assessment- Practical*	Grand Total
1	HomUG-HMM-I	1	100	20+10=30	60	10	200

\*<u>Note</u>- For Internal assessment, only Viva marks obtained in three PAs and two TTs will be considered as explained in table 8B-1 and to be calculated as per the table 8B-2 given below. Theory marks shall not be taken into account for this purpose.

# **8B-I** - Scheme of Assessment (formative and Summative)

Sr. No	<b>Professional Course</b>	1 <sup>st</sup> term (1-6 Months)		2 <sup>nd</sup> Term (7-12 Months)		3 <sup>rd</sup> Term (13-18 Months)			
	First Professional	First PA + 1 <sup>ST</sup> TT		2 <sup>nd</sup> PA+2 <sup>ND</sup> TT		3 <sup>rd</sup> PA+UE			
1		1 <sup>st</sup> PA	1 <sup>st</sup>	TT	2 <sup>nd</sup> PA	2 <sup>nd</sup>	TT	3 <sup>rd</sup> PA	UE
1	BHMS	10 marks practical/viva	50 marks theory		10 marks practical/viva	50 marks theory	50 marks viva	10 marks practical/viva	As per table 8A

*PA: Periodical Assessment to be done only through practical/viva; TT: Term Test shall include both theory and viva; UE: University Examinations shall include both theory and viva as per table 8A* 

**8B-II-** Method of calculation of internal assessment marks for final university examination:

PA1 Practical/Viva (10 Marks)	PA2 Practical/Viva (10 Marks)	PA3 Practical/Viva (10 Marks)	Periodical Assessment Average PA1+PA2+PA3/3	TT1 Practical/ Viva (50 Marks)	TT2 Practical/ Viva (50 Marks)	Terminal Test Average TT1+ TT2/10	Final Internal Assessment Marks
Α	В	С	D = A + B + C/3	E	F	G=E+F/10	D+G/2

8C - Paper Layout

Summative assessment:

**Theory- 100 marks** 

MCQ	10 marks
SAQ	50 marks
LAQ	40 marks

Sr. No	Paper			D Type of Questions "Yes" can be asked. "No" should not be asked.		
	A List of Topics	B Term	C Marks	MCQ (1 Mark)	SAQ (5 Marks)	LAQ (10 Marks)
1	Definition and introduction of basic materia medica and HMM; compare HMM and other Materia Medica	Ι	Refer Next Table	Yes	Yes	No
2	Sources, types, construction, scope and limitation of Homoeopathic Materia Medica	I,III		Yes	Yes	Yes
3	Theory of Biochemic system of medicine, its comparison with Homoeopathy and study of <b>12</b> <b>Biochemic tissue salts</b> with their physico- chemical reaction	Π		Yes	Yes	Yes
4	Drug Picture- 50 Homoeopathic Medicines	II & III		Yes	Yes	Yes

# 8 D– I - Distribution of Theory exam

# 8D–II - Theme table

Theme*	Topics	Term	Marks	MCQ's	SAQ's	LAQ's
А	Definition and introduction of basic materia medica and HMM; compare HMM and other Materia Medica	Ι	7	Yes	Yes	No
В	Sources, types, construction, scope and limitation of Homoeopathic Materia Medica	I,III	17	Yes	Yes	Yes
С	Theory of Biochemic system of medicine, its comparision with Homoeopathy and study of <b>12</b> <b>Biochemic tissue salts</b> with their physico-chemical reaction	II & III	22	Yes	Yes	Yes
D	Drug Picture- 50 Homoeopathic Medicines	I,II& III	54	Yes	Yes	Yes

# 8E- Question paper Blue print

Question Serial Number	Type of Question	Question Paper Format (Refer table 8D- II Theme table for themes)
Q1	Multiple choice Questions (MCQ) 10 Questions 1 mark each All compulsory Must know part: 7 MCQ Desirable to know: 2 MCQ. Nice to know: 1 MCQ	<ol> <li>Theme A</li> <li>Theme A</li> <li>Theme B</li> <li>Theme B</li> <li>Theme C</li> <li>Theme C</li> <li>Theme D</li> <li>Theme D</li> <li>Theme D</li> <li>Theme D</li> <li>Theme D</li> </ol>

Q2	Short answer Questions (SAQ) ten Questions 5 Marks Each All compulsory Must know part: 7 SAQ Desirable to know: 2 SAQ Nice to know: 1 SAQ	<ol> <li>Theme A</li> <li>Theme B</li> <li>Theme C</li> <li>Theme C</li> <li>Theme D</li> </ol>
Q3	Long answer Questions (LAQ) Four Questions 10 marks each All compulsory All questions on must know No Questions on Nice to know and Desirable to know	<ol> <li>Theme B</li> <li>Theme C</li> <li>Theme D</li> <li>Theme D</li> </ol>

8F - Distribution of Practical Exam

# Practical & Viva-100 marks

Viva voce	60 marks
Practical (Assignment)*	20 marks
Practical (Spotting)	10 marks
Internal assessment**	10 marks (viva/ clinical assessment)

\*Assignment shall comprise of compilation of complete drug-portrait of 6 polychrest remedies and 4 biochemic salts \*\* Method of calculation explained in table no. 8B-II

### 9. LIST OF RECOMMENDED REFERENCE BOOKS:

- Allen HC, 2005, Keynotes Rearranged and Classified with Leading Remedies of the Materia Medica and Bowel Nosodes, Reprint edition, B.Jain Publishers, New Delhi
- Choudhuri NM, 2006, A Study On Materia Medica Enriched with real case studies, Reprint revised edn, B.Jain Publishers, New Delhi
- Kent JT, 2015, Lectures On Homoeopathic Materia Medica, Reprint edn, B.Jain Publishers, New Delhi
- Burt W, 2009, Physiological Materia Medica, Third edn, B.Jain Publishers, New Delhi
- Boericke W, Dewey W, 2016, The Twelve Tissue Remedies By Schessler, Reprint edn, B.Jain Publishers, New Delhi
- All source books may be referred whenever required.

# **10. LIST OF CONTRIBUTORS**

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# COMPETENCY BASED DYNAMIC CURRICULUM FOR FIRST BHMS PROFESSIONAL COURSE

(Applicable from Batch 2022-2023 onwards for 5 years or until further notification by National Commission for Homoeopathy whichever is earlier)

# (Homoeopathic Pharmacy)



# HOMOEOPATHY EDUCATION BOARD NATIONAL COMMISSION FOR HOMOEOPATHY MINISTRY OF AYUSH, GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

JAWAHAR LAL NEHRU BHARTIYA CHIKITSA AVUM HOMOEOPATHY ANUSANDHAN BHAVAN

No.61-65, Institutional Area, opp. 'D' block, Janak Puri, New Delhi-110 058

**Course-**Homoeopathic Pharmacy

# Course code: Hom-UG-HP

### INDEX

Sr. No	Description	Page Number
1	Preamble	02
2	Program Outcomes (PO)	03
3	Course Outcomes (CO)	04
4	Teaching Hours	05
5	Course Content	13
6	Teaching Learning Methods	21
7	Content Mapping (Competencies Table)	22
8	Practical Topics	107
9	Assessment	110
10	List of Recommended Books	115
11	List of Contributors	122

# 1. PREAMBLE

Pharmacy holds a unique place in Homoeopathic practice and education. It involves knowledge of sources of drugs and the process through which these are processed to obtain dynamic, potent homoeopathic drugs for use at the bedside. It encompasses knowledge of drug action, drug proving, methods of Quality testing, standardization & storage with up todate information of changing drug laws related to Homoeopathic Pharmaceutical Industry & Homoeopathy.

We all know the travails which Master went through while establishing the right to manufacture and dispense what he had so painfully discovered. The challenges have not lessened in the modern era when 'scientific' evidence has been gathered for dubbing Homoeopathic medicines as nothing more than a placebo. It is important that the entrant to our science is introduced to the scientific nature of the process employed to prepare our medicines and he develops confidence in the soundness of the practices as well as its efficacy. The student should also appreciate the more than 250 year advance that Hahnemann was able to establish of Homoeopathic science. We now know that Homoeopathy is the 'greenest' of all medical systems in existence and that is sustainable, eco-friendly and the most economic while being effective over a wide range of conditions.

The way that this can be conveyed is by adopting an integrated approach to Pharmacy education and training. Effective linkages with the subjects of Homoeopathic Philosophy and Materia Medica will be able to convey the strong roots that the practice of Pharmacy has not only in the philosophical approach but also the experimental results as seen through the proving from which the world of Materia Medica has evolved.

Simultaneously, the recent advances in the bio-physical and quantum physics has opened new avenues to address the age-old question of how homoeopathic medicines act. A host of researchers are already doing work which the student needs to be made conversant with. That will produce an insight of the way new researches and developments in related fields of the 21<sup>st</sup> century are able to start explaining Hahnemann's insights of the 18<sup>th</sup>! This will also firmly root the student in the first year itself to being a participant in ongoing research related to the discipline which will be his own. Hence the teacher of Pharmacy has a crucial role to play in being abreast of the developments in the field and lend to the student the excitement that becomes a part of teaching-learning.

# 2. PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

At the end of BHMS program, a student must

1)Develop the knowledge, skills, abilities and confidence as a primary care homoeopathic practitioner to attend to the health needs of the community in a holistic manner

2) Correctly assess and clinically diagnose common clinical conditions prevalent in the community from time to time

3) Identify and incorporate the socio-demographic, psychological, cultural, environmental & economic factors affecting health and disease in clinical work

4) Recognize the scope and limitation of homoeopathy in order to apply Homoeopathic principles for curative, prophylactic, promotive, palliative, and rehabilitative primary health care for the benefit of the individual and community

5) Be willing and able to practice homoeopathy as per medical ethics and professionalism.

6) Discern the scope and relevance of other systems of medical practice for rational use of cross referrals and role of life saving measures to address clinical emergencies

7) Develop the capacity for critical thinking, self reflection and a research orientation as required for developing evidence based homoeopathic practice.

8) Develop an aptitude for lifelong learning to be able to meet the changing demands of clinical practice

9) Develop the necessary communication skills and enabling attitudes to work as a responsible team member in various healthcare settings and contribute towards the larger goals of national health policies such as school health, community health and environmental conservation.

# **3.COURSE OUTCOMES**

At the end of the course of Homoeopathic Pharmacy, I BHMS Student will be able to

- 1. Explain the principles that govern homoeopathic pharmacy.
- 2. Discuss the pharmacognosicalbasis of homoeopathic drugs with respect to their identification, nomenclature, source, part used, method of collection and preparation.
- 3. Prepare homoeopathic medicines from their respective sources according to the different scales & methods of potentisation on a small scale in the laboratory.
- 4. Describe the pharmacology of homoeopathic drugs with respect to the types of drug action, sphere of action and pharmacological action of homoeopathic drugs integrated with Homoeopathic Materia Medica, Anatomy and physiology.
- 5. Relate the methodology of Homoeopathic Drug Proving integrated with Organon of Medicine.
- 6. Apply the principles of Homoeopathic Posology in different health care setting like OPD/IPD integrated with Organon of Medicine and Homoeopathic Materia Medica.
- 7. State the methods of standardization and quality control of homoeopathic medicines to ensure the genuineness of homoeopathic medicines.
- 8. Explain the principles of pharmaconomy, dispensing and preservation of homoeopathic medicines.
- 9. Engage the principles of pharmaco-vigilance, and adverse drug reaction in relation to homoeopathic medicines.
- 10. Write an ideal prescription.
- 11. Evaluate the scope for research in homoeopathic pharmacy in the context of the recent advancements in pharmaceutical sciences

# 1. TEACHING HOURS

Sr No.	Subject	Theoretical Lecture	Practical + Posting at IPD/OPD/Hospital Dispensing Section
01	Homeopathic Pharmacy	100 hrs.	110 hrs.

# Teaching Hours (Theory)

A. List of Topics		B.Term	C.Teaching Hours
a) General Concepts and Orio	entation:		
History of Pharmacy with emphasis on emergence of Homoeopathic Pharmacy.	Definition of Pharmacy & Homoeopathic Pharmacy Concept of Drug substance, Drug, Medicine & Remedy Forming Basic concept of other AYUSH Schools of Pharmacy (Ayurveda, Siddha, Sowa Rigpa&	1	03
	Unani Pharmacy)		04
Homoeopathic Pharmacy Basics	Sources of Homoeopathic Pharmacy Branches of Pharmacy Scope of Homoeopathic Pharmacy Specialty and originality of Homoeopathic Pharmacy The Principles of Homoeopathy		04

	Law of Similia, Simplex & Minimum Theory of Chronic Disease & Vital Force Doctrine of Drug Proving & Drug Dynamisation		
Homoeopathic Pharmacopoeia	The Evolution, History & Development of Homoeopathic Pharmacopoeias throughout the world (year wise Publications) – GHP, BHP, HPUS, FHP	1	04
	Official –(HPI) & Unofficial Pharmacopoeias –		
	(M Bhattacharya & Co's Homoeopathic Pharmacopoeia		
	Encyclopaedia of Homoeopathic Pharmacopoeia – P N Verma, Homoeopathic Pharmaceutical Codex)		
	Monograph, Contents of Monograph with its individual importance		
Ideal laboratory	Pre requisites of ideal Laboratory (General Laboratory), Laboratory safety Rules	1	02
	Role of Laboratory in Homoeopathic Pharmacy Education		
Weights	and Metrology	1	01
measurements.	Basics & Units of Apothecary System, British Imperial System, Metric System		
	Interrelationship between various systems of Weight & Measure		
	Concept on Domestic Measures with Metric Equivalents		

Newseyslations	The Decis Dules of Newsensletune	1	03
Nomenclature	The Basic Rules of Nomenclature		02
	Nomenclature of Homoeopathic Drugs		
	Important terminologies like scientific names		
	Important terminologies like scientific names,		
	common names, synonyms		
	Anomalies in Nomenclature		
Pioneers of Homoeopathic	Role & contributions of Pioneers in	1	02
Pharmacy	development of Homoeopathic Pharmacy		
b) Raw Material: Drugs and V	Vehicles		
Source of drugs in	Different sources - Plant kingdom, Animal	1	07
Homoeopathy	kingdom, Mineral kingdom, Nosodes, Sarcodes,		
	Imponderabilia, Synthetic source,		
	New Sources - Allersode, Isodes with reference		
	to their clinical utility		
	Introduction to Bowel Nosodes, Tissue remedies		
Collection of drug	General and Specific guidelines for collecting	1	03
substances	drugs from all available sources		
Vehicles.	Definition, classification, General Use	1	06
venicies.	Demitton, classification, General Ose		00
	Source, Properties & Particular use of Vehicles		
	with respect to List Provided in Appendix D		
	Preparation – Commercial Lactose, Alcohol		
	Purity tests – Water, Alcohol, Sugar of Milk		
c) Homoeopathic Pharmaceutics:			

Mother tincture and its	Extraction – Principles & Various Methods		07
preparation	Old Method (Based on Class I to IX)		
	Concept of Uniform Drug Strength		
	Estimation of Moisture Content - Necessity		
	New Method/Modern Approach of Homoeopathic Drug Preparation		
Various Scales of Potentization in Homoeopathic pharmacy.		11	03
Drugs Dynamisation	The Evolution of Dynamisation Concept in Homoeopathy	II	06
	Potentisation & its types		
	The Merits of Potentisation		
	Succussion & Trituration		
	Various types of Potency– Fluxion Potency, Jumping Potency, Back Potency, Single Vial Potency, Multiple Vial Potency, Mixed Vial Potency		
	Post-Hahnemannian Potentization Techniques		
External applications	Scope of administration of External Applications in Homoeopathic Practice	II	05
	Dr Hahnemann's View as per Organon (5 <sup>th</sup> & 6 <sup>th</sup> Ed)		

	Preparation & Uses of lotion, glycerol, liniment and ointment. Commercial Preparation of Ointment		
Posology	Basic principles of Homoeopathic Posology Related aphorisms of Organon of medicine. Criteria for Selection of Potency & Repetition of	111	06
	Dose Various Kinds of Dose, Emphasis on Minimum Dose		
Prescription	Prescription Writing Important Abbreviations Parts & Contents of Prescription Merits & Demerits of Prescription Writing	111	02
Dispensing of Homoeopathic Medicines	Various Dosage Forms – Solid, Liquid Dosage Forms, Methods of Dispensing	11	02
Placebo.	Concept of Homoeopathic Placebo The Philosophy of administration of placebo Concept of Placebo Effect	11	01
Pharmaconomy	Routes of Homoeopathic drug administration.	11	02
Preservation	Preservation Rules – Raw Materials Drug Substance, Mother Preparations, Finished products & Vehicles	11	02

) Pharmacodynamics			
<ul> <li>Doctrine of Signature.</li> </ul>	Basic Concept, Its Evolution & Application in Ancient Medical System Supporters of the Doctrine Dr Hahnemann's view on the Doctrine	II	01
<ul> <li>Drug Proving.</li> </ul>	Homoeopathic Pharmacodynamics With reference to aphorisms 105 – 145 of Organon of Medicine – 6 <sup>th</sup> Ed) Post Hahnemannian Drug Proving Homoeopathic Pathogenetic Trial (HPT) CCRH & Other Protocols on HPT Other Noted Provers & their work on Drug Proving	III	06
<ul> <li>Adverse Drug Reactions</li> </ul>	Basic Idea, Reporting of ADE Drug safety with Ref to HPI Medication errors, Causality Assessment Incompatible Remedies	11	02
<ul> <li>Pharmaco-vigilance.</li> </ul>	Pharmacovigilance in Homoeopathy Activities of Pharmacovigilance Centres Awareness on Medicinal Preparations against Homoeopathic Principles – Patents, Combinations	11	02

<ul> <li>Pharmacological study of drugs</li> </ul>	listed in Appendix-A (Any 15)	111	05
e) Quality Control:			
• Standardisation in Homoeopathy	Different Methods of Standardisation Quality Control of Raw Materials – Various Evaluation techniques	11	02
	In Process Quality Control Quality Control of finished products – Various standard parameters		
<ul> <li>Industrial pharmacy.</li> </ul>	Good Manufacturing Practices (GMP) Schedule M1	11	02
<ul> <li>Homoeopathic pharmacopoeia laboratory (HPL)</li> </ul>	Functions and Activities of HPL relating to quality control of drugs. Pharmacopoeia Commission for Indian Medicines	11	01
f) Legislations pertaining to	Homoeopathic Pharmacy:	Ш	04
The Drugs and Cosmetics Act	r, 1940 (23 to 1940)		
Drugs and Cosmetics Rules, 1	1945		
Medicinal and Toilet Preparations (Excise Duties) Act, 1955 (16 of 1955)			
Drugs and Magic Remedies (Objectionable Advertisements) Act, 1954 (21 of 1954)			
The Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act, 1985 (61 of 1985)			
Dangerous Drug Act, 1930			

g) Recent Advances in Homoeopathic Pharmacy	111	02
Modern theories related with Homoeopathic Drug action		
<ul> <li>Principles of Drug action</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Introduction to Nanomedicine</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Molecular Mechanism of Drug Action</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Mechanism of Action of Homoeopathic Medicines</li> </ul>		
Scope of Research in Homoeopathic Pharmacy	111	01
<ul> <li>Drug Discovery</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Principles of New Drug discovery</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Clinical evaluation of New Drugs</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Pre-Clinical Research in Homoeopathic Pharmacy</li> </ul>		
h) Homoeopathic Pharmacy - Relationships	111	02
Relation of Homoeopathic Pharmacy with Anatomy		
Relation of Homoeopathic Pharmacy with Physiology		
Relation of Homoeopathic Pharmacy with Materia Medica		
With reference to Source of Drugs, Identification, Common Name of Drugs,		
Role of Drug Proving & Other Types of Proving in construction of Materia		
Medica, Clinical Verification		
Family wise study of Sphere of action – Solanaceae, Loganiaceae, Compositae,		
Liliaceae, Anacardiaceae, Rubiaceae etc		

# Teaching Hours (Practical)

Homoeopathic Pharmacy Practicals			Peyton's 4 step assessment criteria
	Particulars of Experiments		
1	Estimation of size of globules	2	Execution
2	Medication of globules (Small Scale)	2	Execution
3	Purity test of Sugar of milk	2	Comprehension & Execution
4	Purity test of water	2	Comprehension & Execution
5	Purity test of Ethyl alcohol	2	Comprehension & Execution
6	Determination of Specific gravity of a given liquid Vehicle & identifying the same.	2	Execution
7	Preparation of dispensing alcohol from strong alcohol.	1	Comprehension & Execution
8	Preparation of dilute alcohol from strong alcohol.	1	Comprehension & Execution
9	Trituration of drug in Old Method (One each of Class VII, VIII & IX)	3	Execution
10	Trituration of one drug as per HPI	1	Execution
11	Succussion in decimal scale from Mother Tincture (Prepared in Old Method) to 3X potency.	2	Execution
12	Succussion in decimal scale from Mother Tincture (Prepared in New Method) to 3X potency	2	Execution
13	Succussion in centesimal scale from Mother Tincture (Prepared in Old Method) to 3C	2	Execution
14	Succussion in centesimal scale from Mother Tincture (Prepared in New Method) to 3C	2	Execution
15	Conversion of Trituration to liquid potency: Decimal scale 6X to 8X potency.	1	Execution
16	Conversion of Trituration to liquid potency: Centesimal scale 3C to 4C potency.	1	Execution

17	Preparation of 0/2 potency (Solid form) (LM scale) of 1 Drug from 3 <sup>rd</sup> Degree Trituration.	2	Execution	
18	Preparation of external applications – Lotion	1	Execution	
19	Preparation of external applications – Glycerol	1	Execution	
20	Preparation of external applications – Liniment	1	Execution	-
21	Preparation of external applications – Ointment	1	Execution	+
22	Writing of prescription & Dispensing the Medicine in Water with preparation of Doses	1	Execution	
23	Writing of prescription & Dispensing the Medicine in Sugar of Milk with Preparation of Doses	1	Execution	
24	Preparation of mother tinctures according to Old Hahnemannian method (Class I, II, III, IV)	8	Execution	
25	Preparation of mother solutions according to Old Hahnemannian method (Class Va, Vb, Vla, Vlb)	4	Execution	

# 5. COURSE CONTENT

# A. THEORY

Table 4: Homoeopathic Pharr	Table 4: Homoeopathic Pharmacy Theory		
a) General Concepts and Orie	a) General Concepts and Orientation:		
History of Pharmacy with emphasis on emergence of Homoeopathic Pharmacy.	Definition of Pharmacy & Homoeopathic Pharmacy Concept of Drug substance, Drug, Medicine & Remedy Forming Basic concept of other AYUSH Schools of Pharmacy (Ayurveda, Siddha, Sowa Rigpa& Unani Pharmacy)		
Homoeopathic Pharmacy Basics	Sources of Homoeopathic Pharmacy Branches of Pharmacy Scope of Homoeopathic Pharmacy Specialty and originality of Homoeopathic Pharmacy The Principles of Homoeopathy Law of Similia, Simplex & Minimum Theory of Chronic Disease & Vital Force Doctrine of Drug Proving & Drug Dynamisation		

Homoeopathic Pharmacopoeia	The Evolution, History & Development of Homoeopathic Pharmacopoeias throughout the world (year wise Publications) – GHP, BHP, HPUS, FHP
Паппасороста	
	Official –(HPI) & Unofficial Pharmacopoeias –
	(M Bhattacharya & Co's Homoeopathic Pharmacopoeia
	Encyclopaedia of Homoeopathic Pharmacopoeia – P N Verma, Homoeopathic Pharmaceutical Codex)
	Monograph, Contents of Monograph with its individual importance
Ideal laboratory	Pre requisites of ideal Laboratory (General Laboratory), Laboratory safety Rules
	Role of Laboratory in Homoeopathic Pharmacy Education
Weights and measurements.	Metrology
	Basics & Units of Apothecary System, British Imperial System, Metric System
	Interrelationship between various systems of Weight & Measure
	Concept on Domestic Measures with Metric Equivalents
Nomenclature	The Basic Rules of Nomenclature
	Nomenclature of Homoeopathic Drugs
	Important terminologies like scientific names, common names, synonyms
	Anomalies in Nomenclature
Pioneers of Homoeopathic Pharmacy	Role & contributions of Pioneers in development of Homoeopathic Pharmacy
b) Raw Material: Drugs and V	ehicles

Source of drugs in Homoeopathy	Different sources - Plant kingdom, Animal kingdom, Mineral kingdom, Nosodes, Sarcodes, Imponderabilia, Synthetic source, New Sources - Allersode, Isodes with reference to their clinical utility Introduction to Bowel Nosodes, Tissue remedies
Collection of drug substances	General and Specific guidelines for collecting drugs from all available sources
Vehicles.	Definition, classification, General Use Source, Properties & Particular use of Vehicles with respect to List Provided in Appendix D Preparation – Commercial Lactose, Alcohol Purity tests – Water, Alcohol, Sugar of Milk
c) Homoeopathic Pharmace	utics:
Mother tincture and its preparation	Extraction – Principles & Various Methods Old Method (Based on Class I to IX) Concept of Uniform Drug Strength Estimation of Moisture Content - Necessity New Method/Modern Approach of Homoeopathic Drug Preparation
VariousScalesofPotentizationinHomoeopathic pharmacy.	History of development, Introducer, Designation, Preparation, Administration & Application with respect to - Centesimal Scale, Decimal Scale & 50 Millesimal Scale

Drugs Dynamisation	The Evolution of Dynamisation - Concept in Homoeopathy						
	Potentisation & its types						
	The Merits of Potentisation						
	Succussion & Trituration						
	Various types of Potency– Fluxion Potency, Jumping Potency, Back Potency, Single Vial Potency, Multiple Vial Potency, Mixed Vial Potency						
	Post-Hahnemannian Potentization Techniques						
External applications	Scope of administration of External Applications in Homoeopathic Practice						
	Dr Hahnemann's View as per Organon (5 <sup>th</sup> & 6 <sup>th</sup> Ed)						
	Preparation & Uses of lotion, glycerol, liniment and ointment.						
	Commercial Preparation of Ointment						
Posology	Basic principles of Homoeopathic Posology						
	Related aphorisms of Organon of medicine.						
	Criteria for Selection of Potency & Repetition of Dose						
	Various Kinds of Dose, Emphasis on Minimum Dose						
Prescription	Prescription Writing						
	Important Abbreviations						
	Parts & Contents of Prescription						
	Merits & Demerits of Prescription Writing						
Dispensing of	Various Dosage Forms – Solid, Liquid Dosage Forms,						
Homoeopathic Medicines	Methods of Dispensing						

Placebo.	Concept of Homoeopathic Placebo						
	The Philosophy of administration of placebo						
	Concept of Placebo Effect						
Pharmaconomy	Routes of Homoeopathic drug administration.						
Preservation	Preservation Rules – Raw Materials Drug Substance, Mother Preparations, Finished products & Vehicles						
d) Pharmacodynamics							
<ul> <li>Doctrine of Signature.</li> </ul>	Basic Concept, Its Evolution & Application in Ancient Medical System						
	Supporters of the Doctrine						
	Dr Hahnemann's view on the Doctrine						
<ul> <li>Drug Proving.</li> </ul>	Homoeopathic Pharmacodynamics						
	With reference to aphorisms 105 – 145 of Organon of Medicine – 6 <sup>th</sup> Ed)						
	Post Hahnemannian Drug Proving						
	Homoeopathic Pathogenetic Trial (HPT)						
	CCRH & Other Protocols on HPT						
	Other Noted Provers & their work on Drug Proving						
<ul> <li>Adverse Drug</li> </ul>	Basic Idea, Reporting of ADE						
Reactions	Drug safety with Ref to HPI						
	Medication errors, Causality Assessment						
	Incompatible Remedies						

<ul> <li>Pharmaco-vigilance.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Pharmacovigilance in Homoeopathy</li> <li>Activities of Pharmacovigilance Centres</li> <li>Awareness on Medicinal Preparations against Homoeopathic Principles – Patents, Combinations</li> </ul>						
<ul> <li>Pharmacological study of drugs</li> </ul>	listed in Appendix-A (Any 15)						
e) Quality Control:							
• Standardisation in	Different Methods of Standardisation						
Homoeopathy	Quality Control of Raw Materials – Various Evaluation techniques						
	In Process Quality Control						
	Quality Control of finished products – Various standard parameters						
Industrial pharmacy.	Good Manufacturing Practices (GMP)						
	Schedule M1						
Homoeopathic	Functions and Activities of HPL relating to quality control of drugs.						
pharmacopoeia laboratory (HPL)	Pharmacopoeia Commission for Indian Medicines						
f) Legislations pertaining to H	omoeopathic Pharmacy:						
The Drugs and Cosmetics Act,	1940 (23 to 1940)						
Drugs and Cosmetics Rules, 19	945						
Medicinal and Toilet Preparati	ons (Excise Duties) Act, 1955 (16 of 1955)						
Drugs and Magic Remedies (O	bjectionable Advertisements) Act, 1954 (21 of 1954)						
The Nevestie Druge and Drugh	otropic Substances Act, 1985 (61 of 1985)						

Dangerous Drug Act, 1930

#### g) Recent Advances in Homoeopathic Pharmacy

Modern theories related with Homoeopathic Drug action

- 1. Principles of Drug action
- 2. Introduction to Nanomedicine
- 3. Molecular Mechanism of Drug Action
- 4. Mechanism of Action of Homoeopathic Medicines

Scope of Research in Homoeopathic Pharmacy

- 1. Drug Discovery
- 2. Principles of New Drug discovery
- 3. Clinical evaluation of New Drugs
- 4. Pre-Clinical Research in Homoeopathic Pharmacy

### h) Homoeopathic Pharmacy - Relationships

Relation of Homoeopathic Pharmacy with Anatomy

Relation of Homoeopathic Pharmacy with Physiology

Relation of Homoeopathic Pharmacy with Materia Medica

With reference to Source of Drugs, Identification, Common Name of Drugs, Role of Drug Proving & Other Types of Proving in construction of Materia Medica, Clinical Verification

Family wise study of Sphere of action – Solanaceae, Loganiaceae, Compositae, Liliaceae, Anacardiaceae, Rubiaceaeetc

### **B.** Practical – Lab Work – Field – Clinical Hospital Work

### 1. Laboratory Work –

Practical Class (Experiments) - Maintaining Record of Experiments Conducted

(Principle, Requirements, Calculation if applicable, Process, Label, Conclusion/Inference)

Practical Class (Demonstration) – Maintaining Records of Practical Demonstrated

(Principle, Requirements, Calculation if applicable, Process, Label, Conclusion/Inference)

#### **Field Visits-**

- A) Maintain File/Report on Visit to GMP Compliant Large Scale Medicine Manufacturing Unit (Format should be as per Appendix E)
- B) Maintain File/Report on Visit to Medicinal Plant Garden (Format should be as per Appendix - F)

Activity -

- (a) Clinical Hospital Work Maintain Record (Activities/Posting in Dispensing Section, Prescriptions based on Homoeopathic Principles in IPD/OPD) Record to be maintained as per format in Appendix G
- (b) Seminar Maintain Record on Seminar Presentation on Topics of Homoeopathic Pharmacy as assigned Record to be maintained as per Appendix H
- (c) Herbarium Maintenance of 30 Plant Drug Substances Samples

### **B. PRACTICALS**

Table 5 : Homoeopathic Pharmacy Practicals				
Sr				
No.	Particulars of Experiments			
1	Estimation of size of globules			

2	Medication of globules (Small Scale)
3	Purity test of Sugar of milk
4	Purity test of water
5	Purity test of Ethyl alcohol
6	Determination of Specific gravity of a given liquid Vehicle & identifying the same.
7	Preparation of dispensing alcohol from strong alcohol.
8	Preparation of dilute alcohol from strong alcohol.
9	Trituration of drug in Old Method (One each of Class VII, VIII & IX)
10	Trituration of one drug as per HPI
11	Succussion in decimal scale from Mother Tincture (Prepared in Old Method) to 3X potency.
12	Succussion in decimal scale from Mother Tincture (Prepared in New Method) to 3X potency
13	Succussion in centesimal scale from Mother Tincture (Prepared in Old Method) to 3C
14	Succussion in centesimal scale from Mother Tincture (Prepared in New Method) to 3C
15	Conversion of Trituration to liquid potency: Decimal scale 6X to 8X potency.
16	Conversion of Trituration to liquid potency: Centesimal scale 3C to 4C potency.
17	Preparation of 0/2 potency (Solid form) (LM scale) of 1 Drug from 3 <sup>rd</sup> Degree Trituration.
18	Preparation of external applications – Lotion
19	Preparation of external applications – Glycerol
20	Preparation of external applications – Liniment
21	Preparation of external applications – Ointment
22	Writing of prescription & Dispensing the Medicine in Water with preparation of Doses

	23	Writing of prescription & Dispensing the Medicine in Sugar of Milk with Preparation of Doses				
24 Preparation of mother tinctures according to Old Hahnemannian method (Class I, II, III, IV)						
	25	Preparation of mother solutions according to Old Hahnemannian method (Class Va, Vb, Vla, Vlb)				

#### Demonstration

- 1. Homoeopathic pharmaceutical instruments and appliances with their cleaning (List provided in Appendix C)
- 2. Estimation of moisture content using water bath
- 3. Paper chromatography & TLC of any mother tincture
- 4. Laboratory methods Sublimation, distillation, decantation, filtration, crystallization.
- 5. Preparation of mother tincture Maceration and Percolation
- 6. Study & demonstration of Drug Substances (listed in Appendix B)-
- i)Macroscopic Characteristic (Any 15)
- ii) Microscopic characteristic (Any 05)
- 7. Study & demonstration of vehicles (Solid, Liquid & Semi solid as available)
- 8. Microscopical study of Trituration (One drug up to 3X Potency)
- 9. Medication of Globule (Large Scale)

#### Activities

- 1. Collection of 30 drugs for herbarium
- 2. Visit to a Large-scale manufacturing unit of Homoeopathic medicine (GMP compliant).
- 3. Visit to a Medicinal Plant /Botanical Garden & shall keep details Visit report
- 4. Clinical Class: Visit to IPD, OPD to take note on prescriptions as per Homoeopathic Principles &keep record

#### Page **19** of **162**

5. Visit to Hospital dispensing section to observe & gain knowledge on Dispensing techniques & Keep Records

#### Demonstration

- 1. Homoeopathic pharmaceutical instruments and appliances with their cleaning (List provided in Appendix C)-06 Hours
- 2. Estimation of moisture content using water bath-02 Hours
- 3. Paper chromatography & TLC of any mother tincture-04 Hours
- 4. Laboratory methods Sublimation, distillation, decantation, filtration, crystallization.-04 Hours
- 5. Preparation of mother tincture Maceration and Percolation- 04 Hours
- 6. Study & demonstration of Drug Substances (listed in Appendix B)- 10 Hours
- i)Macroscopic Characteristic (Any 15)
  - ii) Microscopic characteristic (Any 05)
- 7. Study & demonstration of vehicles (Solid, Liquid & Semi solid as available)- 02 Hours
- 8. Microscopical study of Trituration (One drug up to 3X Potency)-02 Hours
- 9. Medication of Globule (Large Scale)-1 Hour

**Clinical Hospital Work** – Maintain Record (Activities/Posting in Dispensing Section, Prescriptions based on Homoeopathic Principles in IPD/OPD) – Record to be maintained as per format in Appendix G- 20 Hours

Seminar – Maintain Record on Seminar Presentation on Topics of Homoeopathic Pharmacy as assigned- 07 Hours

#### **6.TEACHING LEARNING METHODS**

The Teaching Learning activities in Homoeopathic Pharmacy requires change in structure & process in order to be more skill based & providing hands on experience. The Teaching Learning methods with respect to Homoeopathic Pharmacy may be covered in the following manner –

a) Class Room Lectures - Oral Presentation, Board Work, Power point Presentation

- b) **Tutorials** Special Classes on Doubt Clearing of Completed topics/Chapters, Special Classes for Slow Learners (involving Students in Groups comprising 5-10)
- c) **Practical Class** Demonstration & Explanation of the Experiments, this would follow by conduction of the Experiment by the students on their own, write up of the Experiment conducted
- d) **Clinical Class** Visit **to** IPD/OPD for gaining Knowledge on Prescription writing, Administration of Homoeopathic medicines based on Homoeopathic Posology, Visiting Hospital Pharmacy to observe & Gain Knowledge on dispensing techniques
- e) Field Visit Visit to One GMP Compliant Homoeopathic Manufactory.

Visit to One Medicinal Plant Garden

f) Student Activities - Working out the Assignments, Projects, Power point presentations as assigned

# 7.CONTENT MAPPING (COMPETENCY TABLE)

**Topic:** History of Pharmacy

# Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to -

Interpret the difference in concept of Pharmacy in different AYUSH systems of medicine

Sr.	Generi	Subject	Miller'	Specifi	Specific	Bloom'	Guilb	Must	Teaching -	Assessment /Evaluation		Integra	tion
No	c Compe tencies	Doe Show how Know	s Level c Does/ Compe Shows tencies how/ Knows how/ Know	Learning Objectives	s Domai n	ert's Level s	to know/ desira ble	Learning Method	Formative	Type (Sum mative )			
								to know/ Nice to know					
Ho mU G- HP- 1.1. 1	Integra tion of	History of Pharmac y with emphasis to emergen ce of	Knows	Must be able to interpr et the differe nce in	Define Pharmacy	Cogniti ve	Lvel1 Recal I	Must Know	<ol> <li>1.Lecture</li> <li>Demonstrations</li> <li>Small Group</li> <li>Discussions/</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Structur</li> <li>oral</li> <li>Examinati</li> <li>on</li> <li>2.</li> <li>Tutorials</li> </ol>	Theory a Viva Voce	& Horizo with Organo Medici	on o

	Knowl	Homoeo		concep				3.Peer teaching	3.	
	edge	pathic		t of				(Think-Pair-Share,	Assignmen	
		Pharmac		Pharm				Jigsaw Strategy)	ts	
Ho mU G- HP- 1.1.	Synthe sis and applica tion of knowl edge	У	Knows	acy among various system s of AYUSH	Define Homoeop athic Pharmacy	Level 1 Recal I	Must know	<ul> <li>4. Quiz</li> <li>5. Student Seminars</li> <li>6. Integrated Teaching with Organon of Medicine</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>MCQ's</li> <li>2 marks question</li> <li>SAQ's and LAQ's</li> </ol>	
Ho mU G- HP- 1.1. 3			Knows		Describe the Basic concepts of Different schools of Pharmacy with reference to AYUSH	Level 2 Unde rstan d	Nice to Know			
Но			Knows	1	Differentia	Level	Must			
m-					te	2	know			
UG- HP- 1.1. 4					between Drug- Medicine- Remedy	Unde rstan d				

**TOPIC:** Basics of Homoeopathic Pharmacy

Topic: Basics of Homoeopathic Pharmacy

## Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to – Enumerate the fundamental Principles of Homoeopathic Pharmacy

Sr.	Generi	Subjec	Miller's	Specific	Specific	Bloom'	Guilbert'	Must to	Teaching -	Assessmer	nt	Integratio	on
No	C Comp	t Area	Level Does/	Compet	Learnin	S	s Levels	know/	Learning	/Evaluatio	n		
	Comp etenci es		Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	encies	g Objecti ves	Domain		desirable to know/Nice to know	Method	Formativ e	Summati ve	Horizonta Integratio with Organon Medicine	on of
Ho mU G- HP- 1.2. 1	Integr ation of Knowl edge Synthe sis and	Basics of Homoe opathi c Pharm acy	Knows	Must be able to state the fundam ental Principl es governi	1.Enum erate the Sources of Homoe opathic Pharma cy	Cogniti ve	Level 1 Recall	Must Know	<ol> <li>1.Lecture</li> <li>Demonstrat</li> <li>ions</li> <li>Small</li> <li>Group</li> <li>Discussions</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Structu red Oral Examinat ion</li> <li>2. Tutorials</li> </ol>	SAQ MCQ LAQ Viva Voce		

HoApplicKnowsng2.ExplaiLevel 2Must KnowPeer3.mUationHomoentheUnderstateachingAssignmG-ofofpharmaesofThink-Pair-entsHP-knowlFharmaesofShare,JigsawAMCQ's	
G-ofopathicBranchUndersta(Think-Pair-entsHP-knowlPharmaesofShare,4. MCQ's1.2.edgecyHomoeImage: Share and the second secon	
G-ofopathicBranchnding(Think-Pair-entsHP-knowlPharmaesofShare,4. MCQ's1.2.edgecyHomoeJigsaw4. MCQ's	
HP-KnowlPharmaesofShare,1.2.edgecyHomoeJigsaw4. MCQ's	
1.2. edge Cy Homoe Jigsaw	
2 opathic Strategy) 5. 2	
Pharma 3. Quiz marks	
cy cy question	
Ho     Knows     3.Illustr     Level 2     Must Know     4.     Student       6.SAQ's	
mU ate the state s	
G- Understa 5. Guest LAQ's	
HP- of Lecture	
12 Homoe	
6. Problem	
Pharma	
Cy learning	
Ho   Knows   4.Descr   Level 2   Must Know	
m- understa	
UG Original Inding	
1.2. Specialt	
4 y of	
Homoe	
opathic	
Pharma	
cy	
Ho Knows 5.Explai Level 2 Must Know	
mU n the	
G- Funda	

HP-	mental	Understa		
1.2.	Principl	nding		
5	es,			
	Laws &			
	Doctrin			
	es			
	related			
	to			
	Homoe			
	opathic			
	Pharma			
	су			

## **TOPIC:** Nomenclature of Homoeopathic Medicines

## Learning Outcomes (LO):

.

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to – State the basic rules of Nomenclature of Homoeopathic medicines

Sr.	Generic	Subject	Mille	Specific	Specific	Bloom's	Guilber	Must	Teaching -	Assessment /Eva	aluation	
Νο	Compet encies	Area	r'sLe vel Does / Sho ws how/ Kno	Competencies	Learning Objectives	Domain	t's Levels	to know/ desira ble to know/	Learning Method	Formative	Summa	ative

			WS						Nice				
			how/						to				
			Kno						know				
			w						NI C W				
Hom	Integrati	Nomencla	Kno	Must be able	to	1.State the	Cognitive	Level 1	Must	1.Lecture	1.Structured	SAQ	
UG-	on of	ture of	ws	describe th	he	Basic rules		Decall	Know	Demonstrati	Oral	Visio	
HP-	Knowled	Homoeop		principles		of		Recall		ons	Examination	Viva V	oce
1.3.1	ge	athic		followed	in	Nomenclatu				2. Small	2. Tutorials		
		Medicines		nomenclature		re				Group			
				of						Discussions/	3. Assignments		
	Synthesi			Homoeopathic	с						4. MCQ's		
	s and			medicines						Peer teaching			
	Applicati				Ļ					(Think-Pair-	5. 2 marks		
Hom	on of		Kno			2.Describe		Level 2	Must	Share, Jigsaw	question		
UG-	knowled		WS			the		Unders	Know	Strategy)			
HP-	ge					nomenclatu		tanding		3. Quiz			
1.3.2						re of				4. Student			
						Homoeopat hic Drugs				Seminars			
						THC DI UBS							
Hom			Kno			3.Enumerat		Level 1	Must	5. Guest			
UG-			WS			e the		Recall	Know	Lecture			
HP-						important		needin		6. Problem			
1.3.3						terminologi				based			
						es related to				learning			
						Nomenclatu							
						re							
Hom			Kno	1	F	4.Define		Level 1	Must	1			
UG-			ws			Scientific		Bocall	Know				
						Name		Recall					
L													

Page **27** of **162** 

HP-							
1.3.4							
					-		
Hom	Kno	5.Define	Level 1	Must			
UG-	ws	Common	Recall	Know			
HP-		Name					
1.3.5							
Hom	Кпо	6.Enumerat Cognitiv	e Level 1	Must	-		
UG-	ws	e the	Decall	Know			
HP-		advantages	Recall				
1.3.6		of Scientific					
		Name					
Hom	Кпо	7.Enumerat Cognitiv	e Level 1	Must			
UG-	ws	e the	Recall	know			
HP-		Advantages	Recall				
1.3.7		of Common					
		Name					
Hom	Кпо	8.Identify Cognitiv	e Level 3	Nice	1.Lecture		
UG-	ws	the existing		to	Demonstrati		
HP-		anomalies	Proble	know	on		
1.3.8		in	m				
		Nomenclatu	Solving		2.Procedural		
		re of			Skills		
		Homoeopat			Teaching		
		hic			3. Problem		
		Medicines			Based		
					Learning		

Page **28** of **162** 

## **TOPIC: Pioneers of Homoeopathic Pharmacy**

## Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to.-State the Contribution of various Pioneers in the field of Homoeopathic Pharmacy

Sr.	Generic	Subject	Miller	Specific	Specific	Bloom's	Guilber	Must to	Teaching -	Assessment /Eva	aluatio	n
No	Compet encies	Area	's Level Does/ Show s how/ Know s how/ Know	Competer	c Learning Objectives	Domain	t's Levels	know/ desirable to know/Ni ce to know	Learning Method	Formative	Sumr ve	nati
Ho mU G- HP- 1.4. 1	Integrati on of Knowled ge Synthesi s and Applicati on of knowled ge	Pioneers of Homoeopa thic Pharmacy	Know s	able state th contributi	<ul> <li>Pioneers of</li> <li>Homoeopath</li> <li>y in the field</li> <li>n of</li> <li>Homoeopathi</li> </ul>	Cognitive	Level 1 Recall	Nice to Know	<ol> <li>1.Lecture Demonstrations</li> <li>2. Small Group Discussions/</li> <li>3. Quiz</li> <li>4. Student Seminars</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Structured</li> <li>Oral</li> <li>Examination</li> <li>Tutorials</li> <li>Assignments</li> <li>MCQ's</li> <li>2 marks</li> <li>question</li> </ol>	SAQ MCQ Viva Voce	

## **TOPIC:** Pharmacopoeia

## Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able abide by the homoeopathic pharmacopoeia guidelines for preparation of homoeopathic medicines.

Sr. No	Generic Competencies	Subject Area	Miller's Level Does/	Specific Competenci	Specific Learning	Bloom' s	Guilbe rt's	Must to know/	Teaching - Learning	Assessn /Evalua	
			Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	es	Objectives	Domain	levels	desirabl e to know/ Nice to know	Method	Forma tive	Sum mati ve
Hom UG-	Problem solution	Pharmacop oeia	Knows	Must be able abide by the	<ol> <li>Define</li> <li>Pharmacop</li> <li>oeia</li> </ol>	Cogniti ve	Level 1 Recall	Must Know	1.Lecture Demonstratio ns	1.Stru cture d Oral	SAQ MC Q

HP-	Integration	of		homoeopat				2. Small	Exami	Vi	iva
1.5.1	Knowledge			hic				Group	nation	Va	oce
Hom	-		Knows	- pharmacop	2.	Level 1	Must	Discussions/	2.		
UG- HP- 1.5.2	Synthesis application knowledge	and of		oeia guidelines for preparation of homoeopat hic medicines.	Enumerate the different types of homoeopat hic pharmacop oeia with suitable examples.	Recall	Know	Peer teaching (Think-Pair- Share, Jigsaw Strategy) 3. Quiz 4. Student Seminars	Tutori als 3. Assign ments 4. MCQ' s 5. 2		
Hom UG- HP.1. 5.3			Knows		3. Explain the different types of homoeopat hic pharmacop oeia.	Level 2 Under standi ng	Must Know		marks questi on 6.SAQ 's, LAQ's 7.Proj		
Hom UG- HP- 1.5.4			Knows		4. Explain HPI in detail	Level 2 Under standi ng	Must Know		ects		
Hom UG-			Knows		5. Explain what is	Level 2	Must Know				

I				1		1	
HP-		monogra		nder			
1.5.5		ph?	st	andi			
			ng	g			
Hom	Knows how		0	evel 3 Nice			SAQ
UG-		Ũ	ve Pr	roble know	Demonstratio	DOPS	MC
HP-		laid down in	m		n	2.	QLA
1.5.6		the official		blving	2. Lecture		Q
		homoeopat	50	5141118	Demonstratio		Viva
		hic			n	3.	Voce
		pharmacop				Evalu	Prac
		oeia w.r.t.			3. Projects	ation	tical
		identificatio			4. Herbarium	of	Exa
		n,				projec	mina
		collection,			5. Journal	ts	tion
		preservatio				4.	/
		n,				4. Evalu	/ Chec
		preparation				ation	klist
		and				of	KIISU
		dispensing					
		of				Journ al &	
		homoeopat					
		hic				Herba	
		medicine				rium	
Hom	Knows how	7.Demonstr A	Affectiv Le	evel 1 Nice	to 1. Practical	1.	Viva
UG-	KIIOWS IIOW				Demonstratio		
		ate care, e	Re	eceivi know		DOPS	Voce
HP-		professiona	ng	g	n	2.	
1.5.7		lism &				OSPE	
		commitmen					

t & follow	2. Lecture	3.
all the	Demonstratio	Evalu
guidelines	n	ation
meticulousl	2. Drojesta	of
y as given in	3. Projects	projec
official	4. Herbarium	ts
homoeopat		
hic	5. Journal	4.
pharmacop		Evalu
oeia w.r.t.		ation
identificatio		of
n,		Journ
collection,		al &
preservatio		Herba
n,		rium
preparation		
and		
dispensing		
of		
homoeopat		
hic		
medicine		

**TOPIC:** Plant Kingdom

Topic: Plant Kingdom

### Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to identify the plant drug substances for preparation of homoeopathic medicines.

Sr. No	Generic Competencies	Subject Area	Miller's Level Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	Specific Competenci es	Specific Learning Objectives	Bloom' s Domai n	Guilber t's Levels	Must to know/ desirabl e to	Teaching - Learning Method	Assessment /Evaluation Formative	Type Summ ative
								know/ Nice to know			
Hom UG- HP- 1.6.1	Integration of knowledge Synthesis and application of knowledge Classroom to herbarium and lab transfer	Sources of drugs	Knows	Must be able to identify the plant drug substances for preparation of homoeopat hic medicines.	<ol> <li>Explain in detail the part used and drug prepared from plant kingdom</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Unders tanding	Must know	<ol> <li>1.Lecture Demonstr ations</li> <li>2. Small Group Discussion s/</li> <li>Peer teaching (Think- Pair- Share,</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Structured Oral Examination</li> <li>Tutorials</li> <li>Tutorials</li> <li>Assignments</li> <li>MCQ's</li> <li>2 marks question</li> <li>SAQ's and</li> </ol>	SAQ MCQ LAQ Viva Voce
Hom UG- HP- 1.6.2			Knows		2. List any 4 examples of drugs from particular part of the plant.		Level 1 Recall	Must know	Jigsaw Strategy) 3. Quiz 4. Student Seminars	LAQ's 7. Herbarium	

								1	1
Hom UG- HP- 1.6.3	Knows	3. Explain classification of plant kingdom with examples.		Level 2 Unders tanding	Must know	<ol> <li>Guest</li> <li>Lecture</li> <li>Problem</li> <li>based</li> <li>learning</li> <li>Flipped</li> <li>Classroom</li> <li>Videos</li> </ol>			
Hom UG- HP- 1.6.4	Does	4. Identify the plant and its parts used for preparation of homoeopath ic medicines	Cogniti ve	Level 3 Proble m solving	Must know	<ol> <li>Practical Demonstr ation</li> <li>Procedu ral Skills Teaching</li> <li>Herbarium</li> <li>Experienti al learning (Projects)</li> </ol>	1.DOPS 2. OSPE 3. Herbarium	cal Exa	acti al ation
Hom UG- HP- 1.6.5	Shows how	5.Demonstra te care while identifying & collecting the	Affectiv e	Level 1 Receivi ng	Nice to know	1.Lecture Demonstr ation	1.Herbarium	cal Exa	acti Il ami ation

		plant drug substances		2. Problem	
		substances		Based	
				Learning	
					<u> </u>

TOPIC: Animal Kingdom

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to identify the animal drug substances for preparation of homoeopathic medicines.

Sr.	Generic	Subject	Miller's	Specific	Specific	Bloom'	Guilber	Must to	Teaching -	Assessment	
No	Competencies	Area	Level	Compete	Learnin	sDoma in	t's	know/	Learning Method	/Evaluation	
			Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	ncies	g Objecti ves	in	Levels	desirable to know/Nice to know	Method	Formative	Summa ive

Hom	Integration	of			Must			Cogniti	Level 2		1.Lecture	1.Structure	LAQ
UG-	knowledge		of drugs	Knows	able	to	Explain	ve	Underst	Must know	Demonstra	d Oral	SAQ
HP-				i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	identify	y	the part		anding	indse kilow	tions	Examinatio	MCQ
1.7.1					the		used		unung		2. Small	n	Viva
	Synthesis	and			animal		and				Group	2. Tutorials	Voce
	application	of			drug		drug				Discussions		
	knowledge				substa	nc	prepare				/	3.	
					es	for	d from				,	Assignment	
					prepara	ati	animal				Peer	S	
	Classroom	to			on	of	kingdo				teaching	4. MCQ's	
	herbarium	and			homoe	ор	m				(Think-	4. MCQ 3	
	lab transfer				athic						Pair-Share,	5. 2 marks	
					medici	ne					Jigsaw	question	
					s.						Strategy)	6.SAQ's and	
											3. Quiz	LAQ's	
											4. Student	7.	
											Seminars	Herbarium	
	-							-			5. Guest		
Hom				Knows			2. List		Level 1	Must Know	Lecture		
UG-							any 4		Recall				
HP-							exampl				6. Problem		
1.7.2							es of				based		
							drugs				learning		
							from				7. Flipped		
							particul				Classroom		
							ar part						
							of the				8. Videos		
							animal.						

Hom	Knows	3.	Level 2	Must Know	,		
UG- HP- 1.7.3		Explain classific ation of animal kingdo m	Underst anding				
Hom UG- HP- 1.7.4	Does	4.CogIdentifyveIdentifyvetheanimaland itspartsusedforpreparation ofhomoeopathicmedicines	gniti Level 3 Proble m Solving	Must Know	<ol> <li>Practical Demonstra tion</li> <li>Procedur al Skills Teaching</li> <li>Skills Teaching</li> <li>Skills</li> <li>Skills</li> <li>Skills</li> <li>Skills</li> <li>Isolation</li> <li>Isola</li></ol>	1.DOPS 2. OSPE 3. Herbarium	Practica Examin tion
Hom UG- HP- 1.7.5	Shows how	5.Demo Affe nstrate ve care while identify ing & collecti ng the animal	fecti Level 1 Receivi ng	Must Know	<ol> <li>1.Lecture</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Problem</li> <li>Based</li> <li>Learning</li> </ol>	1.Herbariu m	Practica Examin tion

					drug substan ces						
	Aineral Kingdom <b>5 Outcomes (LO):</b> At the end of the medicines.	topic, I-BHM	lS student r	nust be able	e to identify th	e mineral c	Irug substanc	es for prepar	ration of hom	oeopathic	
Sr. No	Generic Competencies	Subject Area	Miller's Level Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	Specific Compet encies	Specific Learning Objectives	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert's Levels	Must to know/ desirable to know/Nic e to know	Teaching - Learning Method	Assessmen /Evaluation Formativ e	
Hom UG- HP- 1.8.1	Integration of knowledge Synthesis and application of knowledge	drugs	Knows	Must be able to identify the mineral drug substan ces for prepara tion of	the part used and drug prepared from mineral kingdom	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understa nding	Must know	<ol> <li>1.Lecture Demonstr ations</li> <li>2. Small Group Discussion s/</li> <li>Peer teaching</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Structu red Oral Examinat ion</li> <li>2. Tutorials</li> </ol>	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva Voce

			-				-	-		
Hom UG- HP- 1.8.2 Hom UG- HP- 1.8.3	Classroom to herbarium and lab transfer	Knows	homoeo pathic medicin es.	<ul> <li>2. List any 4 examples of drugs from prepared from minerals.</li> <li>3. Explain the classificatio n of mineral kingdom</li> </ul>		Level 1 Recall Level 2 Understa nding	Must know Must know	(Think- Pair- Share, Jigsaw Strategy) 3. Quiz 4. Student Seminars 5. Guest Lecture 6. Problem based learning 7. Flipped	<ul> <li>3.</li> <li>Assignme nts</li> <li>4. MCQ's</li> <li>5. 2 marks question</li> <li>6.SAQ's and LAQ's</li> <li>7. Herbariu m</li> </ul>	
Hom UG- HP- 1.8.4		Does		4. Identify the mineral used for preparation of homoeopat hic medicines	Cognitiv e	Level 3 Problem solving	Must know	Classroom 8. Videos 1.Practical Demonstr ation 2.Procedu ral Skills Teaching 3. Herbariu m	1.DOPS 2. OSPE 3. Herbariu m	Practi al Exami ation

							4. Experienti al learning (Projects)		
Hom UG- HP- 1.8.5		Shows how	5.Demonstr ate care while identifying &collecting the mineral drug substances	Affectiv e	Level 1 Receiving	Nice know	<ol> <li>1.Lecture</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>2.</li> <li>Problem</li> <li>Based</li> <li>Learning</li> </ol>	1.Herbari um	Practi al Exami ation

#### **TOPIC:** Sarcodes & Nosodes

#### Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to identify the drug substances from nosodes and sarcodes for preparation of homoeopathic medicines.

Sr.	Miller'	Bloom's	Guilbert's	Must to	Assessment
No	S		Levels		/Evaluation

	Generic Compet encies	Subj ect Area	Level Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/	Specific Competenc ies	Specific Learning Objectives	Domain		know/ desirabl e to know/Ni	Teaching - Learning Method	Formative	Summativ e
			Know					ce to know			
Но	Integrat	Sour	Knows	Must be	1. Explain	Cognitiv	Level 2	Must	1.Lecture	1.Structure	LAQ SAQ
mU	ion of	ces		able to	the part	e		know	Demonstrati	d Oral	MCQ Viva
G-	knowle	of		identify the	used and	C	Understand		ons	Examinatio	Voce
HP-	dge	drug		drug	drug		ing			n	
1.9.	0	s		substances	prepared				2. Small		
1				from	from				Group	2. Tutorials	
	Synthesi			nosodes	nosodes				Discussions/	3.	
	s and			and					Peer	Assignment	
	applicat			sarcodes					teaching	S	
	ion of			for					(Think-Pair-	4. MCQ's	
	knowle			preparatio					Share,	4. WICQ 5	
	dge			n of					Jigsaw	5. 2 marks	
				homoeopat		-			Strategy)	question	
Но			Knows	hic	2. List any 4		Level 1	Must	3. Quiz	6.SAQ's and	
mU	Classroo			medicines	examples of		Recall	Know		LAQ's	
G-	m to				drugs from				4. Student		
HP-	herbari				prepared				Seminars		
1.9.	um and				from				5. Guest		
2	lab transfer				nosodes.				Lecture		

<u> </u>				1		
Но	Knows	3. Explain	Level 2	Must	6. Problem	
mU		classificatio	Understand	Know	based	
G-		n of			learning	
HP		nosodes.	ing		7 Eliment	
					7. Flipped	
1.9.					Classroom	
3					8. Videos	
Но	Knows	4.Explain	Level 2	Must		
mU		the part		Know		
G-		used and	Understand	KIIOW		
			ing			
HP		drug				
1.9.		prepared				
4		from				
		sarcodes				
Но	Knows	5. List any 4	Level 1	Must		
mU		examples of	Decell	Know		
G-		drugs from	Recall			
НР		prepared				
		from				
1.9.		sarcodes				
5						
Но	Knows	6. Explain	Level 2	Must		
mU		classificatio		Know		
G-		n of	Understand			
		sarcodes	ing			
HP		sarcodes				
1.9.						
6						

			o				4 5 6 5 6	
Но	Does	7. Identify		Level 3	Must	1.Practical	1.DOPS	Practical
mU		the	е	Problem	know	Demonstrati	2. OSPE	Examinati
G-		sarcode/nos		solving		on	2.0012	on
HP		ode used for		Solving		2.Procedural		
1.9.		preparation				Skills		
1.9. 7		of						
/		homoeopat				Teaching		
		hic				3.		
		medicines				Experiential		
						learning		
						(Projects)		
Но	Shows	8.Demonstr	Affectiv	Level 1	Nice to	1.Lecture	1.Monogra	Practical
mU	how	ate care	е	Receiving	know	Demonstrati	phs	Examinati
G-		while		Receiving		on		on
HP		identifying &				2. Problem		
1.9.		collecting				Based		
1.9. 8		the diseased						
8		part/secreti				Learning		
		on for						
		preparation						
		of						
		nosodes&he						
		althy						
		part/secreti						
		on for						
		preparation						
		of sarcodes						
		UI Salcoues						

**TOPIC:** Imponderabilia

# Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to identify the drug substances from energy sources for preparation of homoeopathic medicines.

Sr.	Generic	Subject	Miller's	Specific	Specific	Bloom's	Guilber	Must to	Teaching	Assessme	nt
No	Competencies	Area	Level Does/	Competen cies	Learning Objectives	Domain	t's Levels	know/	- Learning Method	/Evaluatio	on
			Shows how/ Knows how/		Objectives		Leveis	desirable to know/Nic e to	Method	Formativ e	Sumi ative
			Know					know			
Hom UG- HP- 1.10. 1	Integration of knowledge Synthesis and application of knowledge Classroom to herbarium and lab transfer	Sources of drugs	Knows	Must be able to identify the drug substance s from energy sources for preparatio n of homoeop athic medicines	1. Explain the energy used and drug prepared from imponderab ilia	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Underst anding	Must know	1.Lecture Demonst rations 2. Small Group Discussio ns/ Peer teaching (Think- Pair- Share, Jigsaw	<ol> <li>Struct ured Oral Examina tion</li> <li>Z. Tutorials</li> <li>Assignm ents</li> <li>MCQ's</li> <li>S. 2</li> </ol>	LAQ SAQ MCO Viva Voce
Hom UG- HP-			Knows	. 	2. List any 4 examples of drugs prepared from		Level 1 Recall	Must know	Strategy) 3. Quiz	marks question	

1.10. 2		imponderab ilia		4.6.SAQ'sStudentandSeminarsLAQ's
Hom UG- HP- 1.10. 3	Knows	3. Explain classificatio n of imponderab ilia.	Level 2 Must Underst anding	5. Guest Lecture 6. Problem based learning 7. Flipped Classroo m 8. Videos
Hom UG- HP- 1.10. 4	Does	4. Identify Cogniti the energy ve source used for preparation of homoeopat hic medicines from imponderab ilia	Level 3 Nice Proble m solving	to 1.Practica 1.DOPS Prac I 2.OSPE al Demonst ration 2.Proced ural Skills Teaching 3. Experient ial learning (Projects)

Hom	Shows	5.Demonstr	Affectiv	Level 1	Nice	to	1.Lecture	1.Monog	Pract
UG- HP- 1.10. 5	how	ate care & commitmen t while identifying & collecting the different energy sources for preparation of imponderab ilia medicines	e	Receivi ng	know		Demonst ration 2. Problem Based Learning	raphs	al Exam natio

## **TOPIC:** Allersodes, Isodes, Synthetic Source

# Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to identify drug substances of Allersodes, Isodes, Synthetic Source for preparation of homoeopathic medicines.

Sr.	Generic	Subject	Miller's	Specific	Specific	Bloom's	Guilbert'	Must to	Teaching -	Asses
No	Competencies	Area	Level Does/	Competenci	Learning	Domain	s Levels	know/	Learning	smen
			Shows how/	es	Objectives	Domain		know/	Method	t
										/Eval

			Knows how/ Know					desirable to know/Ni ce to know		uatio n Form ative	Sum ative
Hom UG- 1.11. 1	Integration of knowledge Synthesis and application of knowledge Classroom to herbarium and lab transfer	Sources of drugs	Knows	Must be able to identify drug substances of Allersodes, Isodes, Synthetic Source for preparation of homoeopat hic medicines.	the preparation of Allersodes, Isodes& Synthetic Source of	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Underst anding	Must know	<ol> <li>Lecture Demonstr ations</li> <li>Small Group Discussio ns/</li> <li>Peer teaching (Think- Pair- Share, Jigsaw Strategy)</li> <li>Quiz</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Str uctur</li> <li>ed</li> <li>Oral</li> <li>Exam</li> <li>inatio</li> <li>n</li> <li>2.</li> <li>Tutor</li> <li>ials</li> <li>3.</li> <li>Assig</li> <li>nmen</li> <li>ts</li> <li>4.</li> <li>MCQ'</li> <li>s</li> </ol>	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva Voce

			1	1	1		
Hom	Knows	2. List any 4	Level 1	Must	4. Student	5. 2	
UG-		examples of	Recall	know	Seminars	mark	
HP-		drugs	Necan		5. Guest	S	
1.11.		prepared			Lecture	quest	
2		from			Lecture	ion	
		Allersodes,			6.	6.SA	
		Isodes&Synt			Problem		
		hetic Source			based	Q's	
					learning	and	
						LAQ's	
					7. Flipped		
					Classroo		
					m		
					8. Videos		
Hom	Does	3. Identify Cogr	nitiv Level 3	Must		Proje	Pract
UG-		the part e	Darkland	know	Experienti	cts	al
HP-		used for	Problem		al learning		Exam
1.11.		preparation	solving		(Projects)		natio
3		of					
		Allersodes,					
		Isodes&					
		Synthetic					
		Source.					

Hom	Shows how	4.Demonstr	Affectiv	Level 1	Nice	to	1.Lecture	1.Proj	Pract
UG- HP- 1.11. 4		ate care & commitmen t while identifying & collecting the different parts for preparation of Allersodes, Isodes& Synthetic Source	e	Receivin g	know		Demonstr ation 2. Problem Based Learning	ects	al Exam natic

# **TOPIC:** Collection of Drug Substances

# Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to collect a particular part/ source for preparation of homoeopathic drugs

								1	1	1	
Sr.	Generic	Subject Area	Miller's	Specific	Specific	Bloom's	Guilbert's	Must to	Teachin	Assess	ment
No	Competencies		Level Does/	Competen	Learning	Domain	Levels	know/	g -	/Evalu	ation
			Shows	cies	Objectives	Domain		KIIOW/	Learning	Form	<u> </u>
			how/					desirabl	Method		Su
			Knows					е		ative	mm
			how/ Know								ativ
			- ,								e

Ho mU G- HP- 1.1 2.1	Problem solution Integration o Knowledge Synthesis and application o knowledge	I 2 1 1	Collection Drug Substances	of	Knows	Must be able to collect a particular part/ source for preparatio n of homoeop athic drugs	1. Explain the general rules for collecting drugs from vegetable kingdom.	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understa nding	to know/Ni ce to know Must know	1.Lectur e Demons trations 2. Small Group Discussi ons/ Peer teaching (Think- Pair-	1.Stru cture d Oral Exami natio n 2. Tutori als 3. Assig nmen	LAC SAC Q Viv a Voc e
Ho mU G- HP- 1.1 2.2	Classroom to Herbarium transfer	כ			Knows		2. Explain the particular rules for collecting drugs from vegetable kingdom.		Level 2 Understa nding	Must know	Share, Jigsaw Strategy ) 3. Quiz 4. Student	ts 4. MCQ' s 5. 2 marks quest ion	

-							1	1	h
Но	Practice based	Knows	3. Explain the	Lev	vel 2	Must	Seminar	6.SAQ	
mU	learning and		general rules	Un	ndersta	know	S	's and	
G-	improvement		for collecting	ndi			5. Guest	LAQ's	
HP-			drugs from		ш <u>в</u>		Lecture	7.Proj	
1.1			animal				Lecture	ects	
2.3			kingdom.				6.	etts	
							Flipped	8.	
Но		Knows	4. Explain the	Lev	vel 2	Must	Classroo	Herba	
mU			particular		ndersta	know	m	rium	
G-			rules for	ndi			7.		
HP-			collecting	nui	ing		7. Videos		
1.1			drugs from				VIGEOS		
2.4			animal						
			kingdom.						
Но		Knows	5. Explain the	Lev	vel 2	Must			
mU			collection of		ndersta	know			
G-			drugs from						
HP-			mineral	ndi	ing				
1.1			kingdom.						
2.5									
Но	]	Knows	6. Explain	Lev	vel 2	Must	1		
mU			collection of	11	doreta	know			
G-			Nosodes,		ndersta				
HP-			Sarcodes	ndi	ing				
1.1			&Impondera						
2.6			bilia.						
									<u>ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ</u>

Но	Does	7. Collect the	Psycho	Level 3	Must	1.	1.DO	Pra
mU		drugs from	motor	Automati	know	Practical	PS	cti
G-		vegetable				Demons	2.OSP	al
HP-		kingdom.		on		trations	E	Exa
1.1						2.	E	mi
2.7						2. Procedu	3.Proj	ati
						ral Skills	ects	n
						Teachin	4.Spo	
						g	tting	
							_	
						3.Experi	5.Her	
						ential	bariu	
						Learning	m.	
Но	Does	8. Collect the		Level 3	Must			
mU		drugs from		Automati	know			
G-		animal		on				
HP- 1.1		kingdom.						
2.8								
2.0								
Но	Does	9. Collect the		Level 2	Must			
mU		drugs from		Control	know			
G-		nosodes,		control				
HP.		sarcodes &						
1.1		imponderabil						
2.9		ia.						
Но	Shows how	10.	Affective	Level 1	Nice to	1.	Herba	Pra
mU		Demonstrate			know	Lecture	rium	ctio
G-		care &		Recieving		Demons		al
HP-		commitment				tration		Exa
1.1		while						mii

2.1	 collecting	2.	atio
0	drugs from	Practical	n
	vegetable	Demons	
	kingdom,	tration	
	animal		
	kingdom,		
	nosodes,		
	sarcodes		
	&impondera		
	bilia.		

**TOPIC:** Cleansing

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to clean the instruments used in homoeopathic pharmaceutical laboratory.

				Miller's					Must to		Assessment /Evalua	tion
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Sr. No	Generic	Subje	Level	Specific	Specific	Bloom'	Guilbert's	know/	Teaching -	Formative	Summat	
	Competenci es	ct Area	Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	Compete ncies	Learning Objectives	s Domain	Levels	desirable to know/Ni ce toknow	Learning Method		ve	
Hom UG- HP- 1.13. 1	Integration of Knowledge Synthesis and application of knowledge	Clean sing of instru ments	Knows	Must be able to clean the instrume nts used in homoeo pathic pharmac eutical laborator	the cleansing of mortar & pestle.	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understand ing Level 2	Must know Must	1.LectureDemonstrations2.SmallGroupDiscussions/Peer teaching(Think-Pair-Share, JigsawStrategy)	<ol> <li>Structured Oral</li> <li>Examination</li> <li>Tutorials</li> <li>Tutorials</li> <li>Assignments</li> <li>MCQ's</li> <li>2 marks</li> <li>question</li> </ol>	LAQ SAC MCQ Viva Voce	
UG- HP- 1.13. 2	i- .3. Classroom to Lab transfer			KIIOWS	y	the cleansing of spatula.		Understand ing	know	3. Quiz 4. Student Seminars 5. Flipped	6.SAQ's 7.Projects	
Hom UG- HP.1 .13.3	Practice based learning and		Knows		3. Explain the cleansing of glass bottles.		Level 2 Understand ing	Must know	Classroom			

					1	T	1	Γ	
Hom UG- HP.1 .13.4	improveme nt	Knows	<ol> <li>Explain the cleansing of corks.</li> </ol>		Level 2 Understand ing	Must know			
Hom UG- HP.1 .13.5		Knows	5. Explain the cleansing of wooden instruments		Level 2 Understand ing	Must know	-		
Hom UG- HP.1 .13.6		Does	6. Demonstrat e the cleansing of mortar & pestle.	Psycho motor	Level 3 Automatism	Must know	<ol> <li>Practical Demonstrati ons</li> <li>Procedural Skills Teaching</li> <li>Experiential Learning</li> </ol>	1.DOPS 2.OSPE 3.Spotting	Practical Examinat ion
Hom UG- HP.1 .13.7		Does	7. Demonstrat e the cleansing of spatula		Level 3 Automatism	Must know			
Hom UG- HP-		Does	8. Demonstrat e the cleansing of		Level 3 Automatism	Must know			

				1		1	1	
1.13.		glass						
8		bottles.						
Hom		9.		Level 3	Must			
UG-		Demonstrat			know			
HP-	Does	e the		Automatism				
1.13.		cleansing of						
9		corks.						
5		corks.						
Hom		10.		Level 3	Must			
				Level 3				
UG-	Does	Demonstrat		Automatism	know			
HP-		e the						
1.13.		cleansing of						
10		wooden						
		instruments						
		•						
Hom	Shows	11.	Affectiv	Level 1	Nice to	1. Lecture	1.DOPS	Practic
UG-	how	Demonstrat	е	<b>_</b>	know	Demonstrati	2.0055	Examii
HP-		e care while		Receiving		on	2.OSPE	ion
1.13.		cleaning the						
11		instruments				2. Practical		
						Demonstrati		
						on		

TOPIC: Lab Methods

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to select and apply a particular lab method for preparation of homoeopathic medicines and for standardization of homoeopathic medicines.

Sr.	Generic	Subject	Miller'	Specific	Specific	Bloom'	Guilbe	Must to	Teaching -	Assessme	ent
no	Competencies	Area	s Competenci		Learning	S	rt's Levels	know/	Learning Method	/Evaluation	
		L L S F K F		es	Objectives	Domain	Leveis	desirable to know/Ni ce to know	Metriod	Formati ve	Sum mati e
Hom .UG- HP- 1.14. 1	Problem solution Integration of Knowledge Synthesis and application of knowledge Classroom to lab transfer	Lab Methods	Knows	Must be able to select and apply a particular lab method for preparation of homoeopat hic medicines and for standardiza tion of homoeopat	1. Define decantation, sedimentatio n, filteration, distillation, sublimation, precipitation.	Cognitiv e	Level 1 Recall	Must know	<ol> <li>1.Lecture         Demonstrati             ons         </li> <li>2. Small         Group             Discussions/          Peer             teaching             (Think-Pair-             Share,             Jigsaw             Strategy)          3. Quiz            4. Student</li></ol>	<ol> <li>Struct ured Oral</li> <li>Examina tion</li> <li>Tutorials</li> <li>Assignm ents</li> <li>MCQ's</li> <li>S. 2 marks question</li> </ol>	

Practice	based		hic					5. Guest	6.SAQ's
improveme	and		medicines					<ul> <li>5. Guest</li> <li>Lecture</li> <li>6. Problem</li> <li>based</li> <li>learning</li> <li>7. Flipped</li> <li>Classroom</li> <li>8. Videos</li> </ul>	and LAQ's 7.Projec ts
lom UG- IP- L.14. 2		Knows		2. Explain the process of decantation,s edimentation , filteration, distillation, sublimation,p recipitation	2 U	Inder tandi	Must know	_	
lom UG- IP- 1.14.		Knows		3.Explain the homoeopathi c uses of decantatio, sedimentatio n,filteration,d istillation,sub limation,prec ipitation	2 U	Inder tandi	Must know		

Hom	Knows	4.Differentiat	Level	Must			
.UG-	how	e between	2	know	'		
HP-		filteration&di	Under		'		
1.14.		stillation	standi		'		
4			ng				
Hom	Knows	5.	Level	Must			
.UG-	how	Differentiate	2	know	'		
HP-		between	l la da u		'		
1.14.		decantation	Under		'		
5		&filteration	standi		'		
		in detail.	ng				
Hom	Does	6. Select a	Level	Desirabl			
.UG-		specific lab	3	e to	'		
HP-		method	Proble	know	'		
1.14.		according to	m		1		
6		the different	solvin		'		
		processes			'		
		carried out in	g		'		
		а			'		
		homoeopathi			'		
		c pharmacy			'		
		laboratory.					
Hom	Does	7. Psycł	cho Level	Desirabl	1. Practical	1.DOPS	Prac
.UG-		Demonstrate moto	tor 2	e to	Demonstrati		cal
HP-		the processes	Canta I	know	ons	2.OSPE	Exan
1.14.		decantation,s	Contr			3.Projec	natio
7		edimentation	ol		2.	ts	n
		,filteration,di			Procedural		
		stillation, subl			1		
· · · ·	<u> </u>	Dece 60 of 162	<u>·</u>				
		Page <b>60</b> of <b>162</b>					

			imation,preci pitation				Skills Teaching 3.Experienti al Learning		
Hom .UG- HP- 1.14. 8		Shows how	8.Demonstra te care & commitment while carrying out the different lab methods involved in preparation of homoeopathi c medicine	Affectiv e	Level 1 Receiv ing	Nice to know	<ol> <li>Lecture Demonstrati on</li> <li>Practical Demonstrati on</li> </ol>	DOPS	Prac cal Exar natio n
Learnin	tandardization of homoeo <b>Outcomes (LO):</b> nd of the topic, I-BHMS stu		lect an appropriate met	hod for sta	andardiza	ation of hon	noeopathic mec	licines.	

Sr. No	Generic Competencies	Subject Area	Miller's Level	Specific Compete	Specific Learning	Bloom' sDomai	Guilbert's Levels	Must to know/	Teaching - Learning	Assessme /Evaluatio	
			Does/ Shows how/	ncies	Objectives	n		desirable	Method	Formati ve	Sum mativ e

			Knows how/ Know					to know/Nic e to know			
Hom. UG- HP- 1.15. 1	Integration of Knowledge Synthesis and application of knowledge	Standardiz ation of homoeopa thic drugs	Knows	Must be able to select an appropri ate method for standardi zation of homoeop athic	1. Enumerate the different methods of standardizat ion of homoeopat hic drugs	Cogniti ve	Level 1 Recall	Must know	<ol> <li>1.Lecture Demonstr ations</li> <li>2. Small Group Discussion s/</li> <li>Peer teaching (Think-</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Struct ured</li> <li>Oral</li> <li>Examina</li> <li>tion</li> <li>2.</li> <li>Tutorials</li> <li>3.</li> <li>Assignm</li> <li>ents</li> </ol>	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva Voce
Hom. UG- HP- 1.15. 2	Classroom to Lab transfer Practice based learning and improvement		Knows	- medicine s	2. Explain the individual method of standardizat ion of homoeopat hic drugs	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understa nding	Must know	Pair- Share, Jigsaw Strategy) 3. Quiz 4. Student Seminars	4. MCQ's 5. 2 marks question 6.SAQ's 7.Projec	
Hom. UG- HP- 1.15. 3			Does		3. Estimate the standard of homoeopat hic drugs before and		Level 2 Control	Desirable to know	5. Flipped Classroom 6. Videos	ts	

		after manufacturi ng of homoeopat hic medicines.	Psycho motor					
Hom. UG- HP- 1.15. 4	Does	4. Demonstrat e the microscopic study of triturations.	Psycho motor	Level 2 Control	Desirable to know	<ol> <li>Practical Demonstr ations</li> <li>Procedura</li> <li>Skills Teaching</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Spotting</li> <li>2.</li> <li>Assessment of research project output</li> </ol>	Viva Voce & Practi cal Exami natio ns
Hom. UG- HP- 1.15. 5	Does	5. Identify the drug specimen applying the different methods of standardizat ion of drugs	Cogniti ve	Level 3 Problem solving	Desirable to know	<ul><li>3.Experien</li><li>tial</li><li>Learning</li><li>4.</li><li>Research</li><li>Projects</li></ul>		
Hom. UG- HP- 1.15. 6	Does	6. Analyze the purity of mother tincture with the	Psycho motor	Level 2 Control	Nice to know			

		help of								I
		HPTLC.								I
										I
										I
Hom.	Does	7. Analyze	Psycho		Nice	to				I
UG-			motor		know					I
HP-		the purity of								I
1.15.		mother								I
7		substances								I
		and								I
		dilutions	Ì							I
		with the	Ì							I
		help of U.V.								I
		Spectroscop								I
		у.								I
Hom.	 Shows	8.Abide by	Affectiv	Level 3	Nice	to	1. Lecture	Herbariu	Vi	iva
UG-	how		е		know		Demonstr	m		oce
HP-		standardizat		Internaliz			ation	Accianm		I
1.15.		ion of		ing			2.	Assignm ents		I
8		homoeopat					z. Monograp	CIILS		I
		hic drugs					hs			I
		laid down by								I
		HPL & value the								I
		importance								I
		of genuine								I
		medicine in								I
		homoeopat								I
		-	I							
		hic practice.	1							

**TOPIC:** Quality Control in Homoeopathy

# Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to conduct the quality control as per the appropriate method

Sr. No	Generic Competencies	Subject Area	Miller's Level Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	Specific Competen cies	Specific Learning Objectives	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert 's Levels	Must to know/ desirabl e to know/Ni ce to know	Teachin g- Learning Method	Assessme /Evaluati Formati ve	
Hom.U G-HP- 1.16.1	Integration of Knowledge Synthesis and application of knowledge	Quality control	Knows	Must be able to conduct the quality control as per the appropria te method	1. Enumerate the different methods of quality control.	Cognitiv e	Level 1 Recall	Must Know	1.Lectur e Demons trations 2. Small Group Discussi ons/ Peer	1.Struct ured Oral Examin ation 2. Tutorial s 3.	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva Voce
Hom.U G-HP- 1.16.2	Classroom to Lab transfer		Knows		2. Explain the individual method of quality control in		Level 2 Underst anding	Must Know	- teaching (Think- Pair- Share, Jigsaw	Assign ments 4. MCQ's	

	11		F					
	Practice based		homoeopath			Strategy	5. 2	
	learning and		У			)	marks	
	improvement					3. Quiz	questio n	
Hom.U G-HP-		Knows	3.Explain the functions of		Must Know	4. Student	6.SAQ's	
1.16.3			HPL in quality	Underst anding		Seminar s	7.Proje cts	
			control of Homoeopath ic medicines			5. Flipped Classroo m		
Hom.U		Does	4. Determine	Level 3	Nice to	6.		
G-HP- 1.16.4			the quality of homoeopath ic medicine based on the parameters of quality control		Know	Videos		
Hom.U G-HP- 1.16.5		Does	5. Take part in the process of quality control at different stages of preparation of		Nice to Know			

		homoeopath ic medicines.						
Hom.U G-HP- 1.16.6	D oes, shows how	6. Demonstrate the microscopic study of triturations.	Psycho motor	Level 2 Control	Nice to Know	<ol> <li>Practical Demons trations</li> <li>Procedu ral Skills Teachin g</li> <li>Experi</li> </ol>	1.Spotti ng 2.Asses sment of the outcom e of researc h project s	Viva Voce & Praction Exami nation s
Hom.U G-HP- 1.16.7		7. Analyze the purity of mother tinctures with the help of HPTLC.		Level 2 Control	Nice to know	ential Learning 4. Researc h Projects		
Hom.U G-HP- 1.16.8	Does	<ul> <li>8. Analyze</li> <li>and identify</li> <li>the purity of</li> <li>mother</li> <li>substances</li> <li>and dilutions</li> <li>with the help</li> <li>of U.V.</li> </ul>			Nice to know			

			Spectroscop y.						
Hom.U G-HP- 1.16.9		Does	9.Abide by the rules of quality control laid down by HPL & value the importance of genuine medicine in homoeopath ic practice.	Affectiv e	Level 3 Internali zing	Nice to know	<ol> <li>Lecture Demons tration</li> <li>Practical Demons tration</li> </ol>	SAQ/LA Q Project s Assign ments	Prac a Exan natio
	deal Laboratory								
	g Outcomes (LO): At the end of the 1. State the pre re Subject		- Bloom's	Guilber	t's Mus	+ + 0		Assessr	nent

	Generic		Shows how/	Specific	Specific			know/	Teaching -	Form	Sumr
	Competenci		Knows how/	Competenci	Learning				Learning	ative	ative
	es		Know	es	Objectives			desirable	Method		
								to			
								know/Nice			
								to			
								know			
Hom	Integration	Ideal	Knows	Must be	List the pre	Cognitive	Level 2	Must Know	1.Lecture	1.Stru	LAQ
.UG-	of	Laborat		able to state	requisites for		Understan		Demonstrati	cture	SAQ
HP-	Knowledge	ory		the pre	an ideal		ding		ons	d Oral	MCQ
1.17.				requisites of	Laboratory		ang		2. Small	Exami	Viva
1				an ideal					Group	natio	Voce
	Synthesis			laboratory					Discussions/	n	
Hom	and		Knows		Formulate		Level 3	Nice to	_	2.	
.UG-	Application				the		Problem	know	Peer	Tutori	
HP-	of				Laboratory		solving		teaching	als	
1.17.	knowledge				Safety Rules		0		(Think-Pair-		
2									Share,	3.	
Hom			Knows		Describe the		Level 2	Desirable to	Jigsaw	Assign	
.UG-					role of			know	Strategy)	ments	
HP-	Problem				Laboratory in		Understan		3. Quiz	4.	
1.17.	formulation				Homoeopath		ding		4 Chudout	MCQ'	
3					ic Pharmacy				4. Student	s	
					education				Seminars	<b>-</b>	
	Classroom								5. Guest	5. 2	
	to lab								Lecture	marks	
	transfer									questi	
										on	

TOPIC: Industrial Pharmacy         Learning Outcomes (LO):         At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to – Correlate the provisions under Schedule M-I         Sr. No       Generic Competenc ies       Specific Competenc Shows       Specific Competenc ies       Bloom's Competenc Shows       Guilbert's ies       Must to Levels       Teaching know/       - Learning Method													
TOPIC: Industrial Pharmacy         Learning Outcomes (LO):         At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to – Correlate the provisions under Schedule M-I         Sr. No       Generic       Subject       Miller's       Specific       Bloom's       Guilbert's       Must to       Teaching - Learning         Sr. No       Generic       Subject       Miller's       Specific       Specific       Bloom's       Guilbert's       Must to       Teaching - Learning         Objectives       Objectives       Objectives       Domain       Levels       know/       Learning											6. Problem	6.SAQ	
TOPIC: Industrial Pharmacy         Learning Outcomes (LO):         At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to –         Correlate the provisions under Schedule M-1         Sr. No       Generic         Subject       Miller's         Specific       Specific         Domain       Levels         Know/       Learning         Method       Pointerives										1	based	's and	
Learning Outcomes (LO):         At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to –         Correlate the provisions under Schedule M-I         Sr. No       Generic       Subject       Miller's       Specific       Bloom's       Guilbert's       Must to       Teaching       -         Sr. No       Generic       Subject       Miller's       Specific       Learning       Domain       Levels       Must to       Teaching       Learning         Ies       Shows       Ies       Objectives       Objectives       Domain       Levels       know/       Method										1	learning	LAQ's	
Learning Outcomes (LO):         At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to –         Correlate the provisions under Schedule M-I         Sr. No       Generic       Subject       Miller's       Specific       Bloom's       Guilbert's       Must to       Teaching       -         Sr. No       Generic       Subject       Miller's       Specific       Learning       Domain       Levels       Must to       Teaching       Learning         Ies       Shows       Ies       Objectives       Objectives       Domain       Levels       know/       Method													
Learning Outcomes (LO):         At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to –         Correlate the provisions under Schedule M-I         Sr. No       Generic       Subject       Miller's       Specific       Bloom's       Guilbert's       Must to       Teaching       -         Sr. No       Generic       Subject       Miller's       Specific       Learning       Domain       Levels       Must to       Teaching       Learning         Ies       Shows       Ies       Objectives       Objectives       Domain       Levels       know/       Method													
Learning Outcomes (LO):         At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to –         Correlate the provisions under Schedule M-I         Sr. No       Generic       Subject       Miller's       Specific       Bloom's       Guilbert's       Must to       Teaching       -         Sr. No       Generic       Subject       Miller's       Specific       Learning       Domain       Levels       Must to       Teaching       Learning         Ies       Shows       Ies       Objectives       Objectives       Domain       Levels       know/       Method													
Learning Outcomes (LO):         At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to –         Correlate the provisions under Schedule M-I         Sr. No       Generic       Subject       Miller's       Specific       Bloom's       Guilbert's       Must to       Teaching       -         Sr. No       Generic       Subject       Miller's       Specific       Learning       Domain       Levels       Must to       Teaching       Learning         Ies       Shows       Ies       Objectives       Objectives       Domain       Levels       know/       Method													
Learning Outcomes (LO):         At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to –         Correlate the provisions under Schedule M-I         Sr. No       Generic       Subject       Miller's       Specific       Bloom's       Guilbert's       Must to       Teaching       -         Sr. No       Generic       Subject       Miller's       Specific       Learning       Domain       Levels       Must to       Teaching       Learning         Ies       Shows       Ies       Objectives       Objectives       Domain       Levels       know/       Method													
Learning Outcomes (LO):         At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to –         Correlate the provisions under Schedule M-I         Sr. No       Generic       Subject       Miller's       Specific       Bloom's       Guilbert's       Must to       Teaching       -         Sr. No       Generic       Subject       Miller's       Specific       Learning       Domain       Levels       Must to       Teaching       Learning         Ies       Shows       Ies       Objectives       Objectives       Domain       Levels       know/       Method													
Learning Outcomes (LO):         At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to –         Correlate the provisions under Schedule M-I         Sr. No       Generic       Subject       Miller's       Specific       Bloom's       Guilbert's       Must to       Teaching       -         Sr. No       Generic       Subject       Miller's       Specific       Learning       Domain       Levels       Must to       Teaching       Learning         Ies       Shows       Ies       Objectives       Objectives       Domain       Levels       know/       Method													
Sr. No       Generic       Subject       Miller's       Specific       Specific       Bloom's       Guilbert's       Must to       Teaching -         Competenc       Area       Level Does/       Competenc       Learning       Domain       Levels       know/       Learning         Method       Fea       Shows       Ies       Objectives       Domain       Levels       Know/       Method													
Sr. No       Generic       Subject       Miller's       Specific       Specific       Bloom's       Guilbert's       Must to       Teaching -         Competenc       Area       Level Does/       Competenc       Learning       Domain       Levels       know/       Learning         Method       Fea       Shows       Ies       Objectives       Domain       Levels       Know/       Method		-	-	-		ant must ha al	bla ta						
Sr. No       Generic       Subject       Miller's       Specific       Specific       Bloom's       Guilbert's       Must to       Teaching       -         Competenc       Area       Level Does/       Competenc       Learning       Domain       Levels       know/       Learning         ies       Shows       ies       Objectives       Objectives       Domain       Levels       Method							ue to –						
Competenc Area Level Does/ Competenc Learning Domain Levels know/ Learning Method													
ies Shows ies Objectives Know/ Method	5	Sr. No	Generic	Subject	Miller's	Specific	Specific	Bloom's	Guilbert's	Must to	Teaching	- Assess	ment
l lies l Shows lies l Objectives l l I Method -			Competenc	Area	-	-	-	Domain	Levels	know/	-	/Evalua	ation
			ies		Shows	ies	Objectives				Method	Forma	Su

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## Page **70** of **162**

how/

Knows

how/ Know

Hom.	Integration	Industri	Knows	Must	be	Explain	in	Cognitive	Level 2	Must Know	1.Lecture	1.Stru	LA
UG-	of	al		able	to	details	the		Understan		Demonstra	ctured	SA
HP-	Knowledge	Pharmac		correla	te	provisio	ns		ding		tions	Oral	м
1.18. 1	Synthesis and Application of knowledge	Y		provisio related Schedu M1	to	under Schedule I	e M-				<ul> <li>2. Small</li> <li>Group</li> <li>Discussions</li> <li>/</li> <li>Peer</li> <li>teaching</li> <li>(Think-Pair-</li> </ul>	Exami nation 2. Tutori als 3. Assign	Vi Vo
	Problem formulatio Classroom to lab transfer										Share, Jigsaw Strategy) 3. Field Visit	ments 4. MCQ's 5. 2 marks questi on 6.SAQ' s and LAQ's	

**TOPIC:** Homoeopathic Vehicles- Solid Vehicles

Topic:Homoeopathic Vehicles- Solid Vehicles

## Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to select a particular solid vehicle for preparation or dispensing of homoeopathic medicines.

Sr.	Generic	Subject	Miller's Level	Specific	Specific	Bloom's	Guilbert's	Must to	Teaching -	Assess	
No	Competenci es	Area	Does/ Shows how/ Knows	Competencie s	Learning Objectives	Domain	Levels	know/	Learning Method	ment /Evalua	
			how/ Know					desirab le		tion	
								to		Formati ve	Summ ative
								know/ Nice to know			
Hom .UG- HP- 1.19. 1	Integration of Knowledge Synthesis and Application of	Vehicles	Knows	Selecting a particular solid vehicle for preparation or dispensing of homoeopath ic medicines.	1.Define Vehicle	Cognitive	Level 1 Recall	Must Know	<ol> <li>1.Lecture         Demonstrat         ions         </li> <li>2. Small         Group         Discussions          Peer       </li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Struct ured Oral Examin ation</li> <li>2. Tutorial s</li> </ol>	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva Voce
Hom .UG- HP- 1.19. 2	knowledge		Knows		2.Classify vehicles in detail		Level 2 Understan ding	Must Know	teaching (Think-Pair- Share, Jigsaw Strategy)	3. Assign ments 4. MCQ's	

	· ·				1		n	
Hom	Problem	Knows	3. List all the	Level 1	Must	3. Quiz	5. 2	$\Box$
.UG-	formulation		solid vehicles	Recall	Know	4. Student	marks	
HP-			used in	Necali		Seminars	questio	
1.19.			homoeopath				n	
3	Classroom to lab transfer		у.			5. Guest Lecture	and	
						6. Problem	LAQ's	
Hom		Knows	4. Explain the	Level 2	Must	based		
.UG- HP- 1.19.			preparation, properties and uses of	Understan ding	Know	learning		
4			all solid vehicles					
ſ			venicies					
Hom		Does	5. Select the	Level 3	Must			
.UG- HP-			appropriate solid vehicle	Problem Solving	Know			
1.19. 5			for dispensing of	Solving				
ſ			homoeopath					
ſ			ic medicines,					
			potentisation etc.					
Hom		Does		gnitive Level 3	Must	1.Practical	1.DOPS	Practi
.UG- HP-			the given solid vehicle.	Problem	Know	Demonstrat ion	2. OSPE	c <mark>al</mark> Exam
1.19.				solving				natio
6						2.Procedura		
						I Skills Teaching		
						reaching		
ſ								

Hom .UG- HP- 1.19. 7	Show How		Psychom otor	Level 2 Control	Must know	<ol> <li>Problem Based Learning</li> <li>Experiential learning</li> </ol>		
Hom .UG- HP- 1.19. 8	Shows how	8.Demonstra te care and commitment in preparing & dispensing of homoeopath ic medicine with accuracy	Affective	Level 1 Receiving	Nice to know	<ol> <li>1.Lecture Demonstration</li> <li>2.Procedura</li> <li>Skills</li> <li>Teaching</li> <li>Problem</li> <li>Based</li> <li>Learning</li> <li>Experiential</li> <li>learning</li> <li>Practical</li> <li>Demonstration</li> </ol>	1.DOPS	Practi cal Exami natior

**TOPIC:** Homoeopathic Vehicles- Liquid Vehicles

# Learning Outcomes (LO):

Sr. No	Generic Competenci	Subject Area	Miller's Level	Specific Competen	Specific Learning	Bloom' s	Guilbert's Levels	Must to know/	Teaching - Learning	Assessme /Evaluati		
	es		Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	cies	Objective	Domai n		desirable to know/Nic e to know	Method	Formati ve	Sum tive	
Hom.U G-HP- 1.20.1	Integration of Knowledge Synthesis	Vehicles	Knows	Selecting a particular liquid vehicle for preparatio n or	Vehicle	Cogniti ve	Level 1 Recall	Must Know	<ol> <li>1.Lecture</li> <li>Demonstrat</li> <li>ions</li> <li>2. Small</li> <li>Group</li> </ol>	1.Struct ured Oral Examin ation	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva Voc	l Q
Hom.U G-HP- 1.20.2	and Application of		Knows	dispensing of homoeop athic	2.Classify vehicles in detail		Level 2 Understan ding	Must Know	Discussions/ Peer teaching	2. Tutorial s 3.		
Hom.U G-HP- 1.20.3	knowledge Problem formulation		Knows	medicines	<ol> <li>List all the liquid vehicles used in homoeop athy.</li> </ol>		Level 1 Recall	Must Know	- (Think-Pair- Share, Jigsaw Strategy) 3. Quiz	<ul> <li>Assign ments</li> <li>4. MCQ's</li> </ul>		

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to select a particular liquid vehicle for preparation or dispensing of homoeopathic medicines.

				-		-			
Hom.U G-HP- 1.20.4	Classroom to lab transfer	Knows	4. Explain the preparatio n, properties and uses of all liquid vehicles.		Level 2 Understan ding	Must Know	<ul> <li>4. Student</li> <li>Seminars</li> <li>5. Guest</li> <li>Lecture</li> <li>6. Problem</li> <li>based</li> <li>learning</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>5. 2</li> <li>marks</li> <li>questio</li> <li>n</li> <li>6.SAQ's</li> <li>and</li> <li>LAQ's</li> </ul>	
Hom.U G-HP- 1.20.5		Does	5. Select the appropriat e liquid vehicle for dispensing of homoeop athic medicines , potentisat ion etc.		Level 3 Problem solving	Must Know			
Hom.U G-HP- 1.20.6		Does	6. Identify the given liquid vehicle.	-	Level 2 Understan ding	Must Know	<ol> <li>Practical</li> <li>Demonstrat</li> <li>ion</li> <li>Procedura</li> <li>Skills</li> <li>Teaching</li> </ol>	1.DOPS 2. OSPE	Practic al Examin ation

Г							1	
						<ol> <li>Problem</li> <li>Based</li> <li>Learning</li> </ol>		
Hom.U	Shows	7.	Psycho	Level 2	Must			
G-HP- 1.20.7	how	Estimate the purity of the given liquid vehicle.	motor	Control	Know	4. Experiential learning		
Hom.U	Shows	8.Demons	Affecti	Level 1	Nice	to 1.Lecture	1.DOPS	Practic
G-HP-	how	trate care	ve	LEVELT	Know	Demonstrat	1.0053	al
1.20.8	now	and	ve	Receiving	KIIOW	ion		Examin
		commitm ent in preparing & dispensing of homoeop athic medicine with accuracy				2.Procedura I Skills Teaching 3. Problem Based Learning 4. Experiential learning 5. Practical Demonstrat ion		ation

TOPIC: Homoeopathic Vehicles- Semi-solid Vehicles

## Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to select a particular semi solid vehicle for preparation or dispensing of homoeopathic medicines.

Sr.	Generi	Subje	Miller	Specific	Specific	Learning	Bloom's	Guilbert's	Must to	Teaching -	Assessment /E	valua	tion
No	c Comp etenci es	ct Area	's Level Does/ Show s how/ Know s how/ Know	Competen cies	Objectives	5	Domain	Levels	know/ desirable to know/Ni ce to know	Learning Method	Formative		imati
.UG- HP- 1.21. 1 Hom	Integr ation of Knowl edge Synthe sis and Applic ation of	Semis olid Vehicl es	Know s Know s how	Selecting a particular semi-solid vehicle for preparatio n or dispensing of homoeop athic medicines.	1.Define Ve		Cognitive	Level 1 Recall Level 2 Understand ing	Must know Must Know	1.LectureDemonstrations2.SmallGroupDiscussions/Peer teaching(Think-Pair-Share, JigsawStrategy)3. Quiz	<ol> <li>Structured Oral</li> <li>Examination</li> <li>Tutorials</li> <li>Tutorials</li> <li>Assignments</li> <li>MCQ's</li> <li>2 marks</li> <li>question</li> </ol>	LAQ MCC Viva Voc	

		1				•					
Hom	knowl	Know	3. List all the semi-		Level 1	Must	4. Student	6.SAQ's	and		_
.UG-	edge	S	solid vehicles used		Recall	Know	Seminars	LAQ's			
HP-			in homoeopathy		Recan		5. Guest				
1.21.					l		Lecture				
3											
Hom	Proble	Know	4. Explain the		Level 2	Must	6. Problem				
.UG-	m	s	preparation,			Know	based				
HP-	formul		properties and uses		Understand		learning				
1.21.	ation		of all semi-solid		ing						
4			vehicles		l						
			venicies								
	Classr										
	oom				l						
	to lab				ļ						
Hom	transf	Does	5. Select the		Level 3	Must					
.UG-	er		appropriate semi-		Problem	Know					
HP-			solid vehicle for		solving						
1.21.			dispensing of		3014118						
5			homoeopathic								
			medicines,								
			preparation of								
			external		l						
			applications etc.								
Hom	<u> </u>	Does	6. Identify the given	Cognitive	Level 3	Must	1.Practical	1.DOPS		Prac	tical
.UG-			semi-solid vehicle.			know	Demonstrati			Exan	
HP-					Problem		on	2. OSPE		ion	-
1.21.					solving						
6					l		2.Procedural				
Ŭ					l		Skills				
					l		Teaching				

Hom .UG- HP- 1.21. 7	Show s how	7. Estimate the purity of the given semisolid vehicle.	-	Level 2 Control	Must know	<ul><li>3. Problem</li><li>Based</li><li>Learning</li><li>4.</li><li>Experiential</li><li>learning</li></ul>		
Hom .UG- HP- 1.21. 8	Show s how	8.Demonstrate care and commitment in preparing & dispensing of homoeopathic medicine with accuracy	Affective	Level 1 Receiving	Nice to know	<ol> <li>1.Lecture         <ul> <li>Demonstrati</li> <li>on</li> <li>2.Procedural</li> <li>Skills             <ul></ul></li></ul></li></ol>	1.DOPS	Practical Examina ion

**TOPIC:** External Applications

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to prescribe an external application as per the scope and limitations of external applications.

Sr. No	Generic Competenc ies	Subject Area	Miller's Level Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	Specific Compet encies	Specific Learnin g Objecti ves	Bloom'sD omain	Guilber t's levels	Must to know/ desirabl e to know/	Teaching - Learning Method	Assessment /Evaluation Formative	Summ ative	Integr tion
Hom	Integration	External	Knows	Prescri	1.Defin	Cognitive	Level 1	Nice to know Must	1.Lecture	1.Structure	LAQ	Horizo
.UG- HP- 1.22. 1	of Knowledge Synthesis and Application of knowledge	Applicatio		bing an externa l applica tion as per its scope and limitati ons	e Externa I Applica tion		Recall	know	Demonstratio ns 2. Small Group Discussions/ Peer teaching (Think-Pair- Share, Jigsaw Strategy) 3. Quiz	d Oral Examinatio n 2. Tutorials 3. Assignment s 4. MCQ's 5. 2 marks question	SAQ MCQ Viva Voce	tal wi Organ Medio ne
	Problem formulatio n								<ol> <li>Student</li> <li>Seminars</li> <li>Guest</li> <li>Lecture</li> </ol>	6.SAQ's and LAQ's		

Hom		Knows	2. List	Level 1	Must	6. Problem	
.UG-		KIIOW5	all the		know	based	
HP-	Classroom		externa	Recall		learning	
1.22.	to lab						
2	transfer		applica			7. Flipped	
-			tions			Classroom	
			used in				
			homoe				
			opathy				
Hom		Knows	3.	Level 2	Must	-	
.UG-			Explain		know		
HP-			the	Underst			
1.22.			prepara	anding			
3			tion				
			&uses				
			of				
			specific				
			homoe				
			opathic				
			externa				
			1				
			applica				
			tions				

Hom	Knows	4.	Level 2	Must		
.UG-		Explain	Underst	know		
HP-		the				
1.22.		scope &	anding			
4		limitati				
		ons of				
		externa				
		1				
		applica				
		tions in				
		homoe				
		opathy				
Hom	Does	5.	Level 3	Must		
.UG-		Select	Duchla	know		
HP-		the	Proble			
1.22.		approp	m			
5		riate	solving			
		vehicle				
		for				
		prepara				
		tion of				
		externa				
		1				
		applica				
		tion.				

Hom	Does	6.		Level 3	Desirab				
.UG-		Select		Proble	le to				
HP-		approp			Know				
1.22.		riate		m					
6		externa		solving					
		1							
		applica							
		tion as							
		per the							
		case.							
		case.							
Hom	Does	7.Demo	Psychomo	Level 2	Must	1.Practical	1.DOPS	Practi	
.UG-	Shows how	nstrate	tor	Control	know	Demonstratio	2. OSPE	cal	
HP.1	Shows how	the		Control		n	Z. USPE	Exami	
.22.7		prepara				2 Due ee duwel		nation	
		tion of				2.Procedural			
		specific				Skills			
		externa				Teaching			
		1				3. Problem			
		applica				Based			
		tions				Learning			
						-			
						4. Experiential			
						learning			
Hom	Shows how	8.Demo	Affective	Level 1	Nice to	1.Lecture	1.DOPS	Practi	
.UG-		nstrate			know	Demonstratio		cal	
HP-	Does	care		Receivi		n		Exami	
1.22.		and		ng				nation	
8		commit				2.Procedural			
0		ment in				Skills			
						Teaching			
		prepari							

ng &	3. Problem
dispens	Based
ing of	Learning
externa I applica	4. Experiential learning
tion	5. Practical
with	Demonstratio
accurac	n
У	

## **TOPIC:** Metrology

## Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to select appropriate scale of measurement in the homoeopathic pharmaceutical laboratory.

Sr. Generic	Subj	Miller's	Specific	Specific	Bloom's		Must to	Teaching - Learning	Assessment /	'Evaluation
No Compete cies	n ect Are a	Level Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	Competen cies	Learning Objectives	Domain	rt's levels	know/ desirabl e to know/N ice to know	Method	Formative	Summativ
Hom Problem .UG- solving HP- 1.23. 1 Problem formulati n Integration Knowledg e	o of	Knows	Must be able to select appropriat e scale of measurem ent in the homoeopa thic pharmace utical laboratory	1. Enumerate the different scales of measureme nt for preparation of homoeopat hic drugs	Cognitiv e	Level 1 Recall	Must Know	<ol> <li>1.Lecture Demonstrations</li> <li>2. Small Group Discussions/</li> <li>Peer teaching (Think-Pair-Share, Jigsaw Strategy)</li> <li>3. Quiz</li> <li>4. Problem Based learning</li> <li>5. Flipped classroom</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Structure</li> <li>d Oral</li> <li>Examinatio</li> <li>n</li> <li>Tutorials</li> <li>3.</li> <li>Assignment</li> <li>s</li> <li>MCQ's</li> <li>5. 2 marks</li> <li>question</li> </ol>	LAQ SA MCQ Vi Voce

	Synthesis and applicatio n of knowledg e					6.SAQ's	
Hom .UG- HP- 1.23. 2	Classroom to lab tyransfer	Knows	2. Explain the different scales of measureme nt for preparation of homoeopat hic drugs	Level 2 Under standi ng	Must Know		
Hom .UG- HP- 1.23. 3		Does	3. Select appropriate scale of measureme nt for	Level 3	Must Know		

Page **87** of **162** 

		preparation of homoeopat hic drugs.	Proble m solvin g				
Hom .UG- HP- 1.23. 4	Does	4. MeasurePsycthegivenotorquantityofthedrugsubstanceandandvehicleforpreparationofhomoeopathicmedicines	ychom Level or 3 Auto matis m	Must know	<ol> <li>Practical Demonstrations</li> <li>Experiential Learning</li> </ol>	1. DOPS 2. OSPE	Viva Voce Practical Examinati ns
Hom .UG- HP- 1.23. 5	Shows how	5.Show care Afferwhile measuring the drugs for preparation of homoeopat hic medicines	ective Level 2 Respo nd	Must know	<ol> <li>Lecture</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Practical</li> <li>Demonstration</li> </ol>	1.DOPS 2.OSPE	Theory Practical Examinati n

**TOPIC:** Potentisation& Scales of Potentisation

Learning Outcomes (LO): At the end of the topic of Potentisation, I-BHMS student must be able to:

1. Prepare Homoeopathic Medicine according to the scale.

Sr.	Generic	Subj	Miller's	Specific	Specific	Bloom's	Guilbert's	Must to	Teaching -	Assessment		Integ	atio
No	Compe	ect	Level	Compet	Learning	Domain	level	know/	Learning	/Evaluation			
	tencies	Area	Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	encies	Objectives			desirab le toknow /Nice to know	Method	Formative	Summati ve		
Hom .UG- HP- 1.24. 1	Proble m solutio n Integra tion of knowle dge Practic e based learnin	Pote ntisa tion	Knows	Prepare Homoe opathic Medici ne accordi ng to the scale.	1. Explain the different scales of potentisati on	Cogniti ve	Level 2 Understa nding	Must Know	<ol> <li>1.Lecture         Demonstration      </li> <li>2.Practical         Demostrations      </li> <li>3. Small Group         Discussions/Pe          er teaching          </li> <li>(Think-Pair-          Share, Jigsaw          </li> <li>4. Problem         based learning         </li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Structur</li> <li>ed Oral</li> <li>Examinati</li> <li>on</li> <li>2.</li> <li>Tutorials</li> <li>3.</li> <li>Assignmen</li> <li>ts</li> <li>4. SAQ's</li> <li>and LAQ's</li> <li>5. MCQ's</li> </ol>	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva Voce	Orgar Medi Horiz	cine-

Hom	g and	Knows	2.Explain	Cogniti	Level 2	Must		1.Structur		
.UG- HP- 1.24. 2	improv ement Synthes is and Applica tion of knowle dge		the two methods potentisati on	ve	Understa nding	Know	Seminars 6.Study Tour (Field Visit) 7. Integrated Teaching with Organon of Medicine	ed Oral Examinati on 2. Tutorials 3. Assignmen ts 4. SAQ's and LAQ's		
Hom .UG- HP- 1.24. 3	Classro om to lab Practic al skills	Does	3. Select the appropriate vehicles used for potentisati on.	Cogniti ve	Level 3 Problem solving	Must Know		5. MCQ's DOPS Spotting OSPE Assessme nt of PBL		
Hom .UG- HP- 1.24. 4		Shows How	4. Demonstrat e trituration according to the scale of potentisati on.	Psycho motor	Level 3 AUTOMA TISM	Must Know	<ol> <li>Practical Demonstration</li> <li>Procedural Skills Teaching</li> </ol>	1.DOPS 2. OSPE	Practical Examinat ion	

·	 				-				
Hom	Shows	5.	Psycho	Level 3	Must	1. Practical	1.DOPS		
.UG- HP- 1.24. 5	How	Demonstrat e succussion according to the scale of potentisati on.	motor	AUTOMA TISM	Know	Demonstration 2.Procedural Skills Teaching	2. OSPE		
Hom .UG- HP- 1.24. 6	Shows How	<ul> <li>6. Prepare</li> <li>8X (Liq)</li> <li>potency</li> <li>from 6X</li> <li>(Triturate)</li> <li>(Jumping</li> <li>Potency)</li> </ul>	Psycho motor	Level 3 AUTOMA TISM	Must Know	<ol> <li>Practical Demonstration</li> <li>Procedural Skills Teaching</li> </ol>	1.DOPS 2. OSPE		
Hom .UG- HP- 1.24. 7	Knows how Shoes how	7.Demonstr ate care and commitme nt in preparing medicine with accuracy	Affectiv e	Level 1 RECIEVIN G	Nice to Know	Practical Demonstration	DOPS	Practical Examinat ion	

**TOPIC:** Old Methods of Preparation of Homoeopathic Drugs

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to prepare the homoeopathic medicines as per the old methods.

Sr. No	Generic	Subject	Miller	Specif	Specific	Bloom's	Guilbert'	Must	Teaching -	Assessment /E	valuati	on
Sr. NO	Competen cies	Area	s how/ know/ know/ know/ know/ know/	ic Comp etenci es	Learning Objectives	Domain	s Levels	to know/ desira ble to know/ Nice to know	Learning Method	Formative	e	
Hom.U G-HP- 1.25.1	Problem solution Integratio n of Knowledg e Synthesis and applicatio	Old Methods of Preparati on of Homoeo pathic Drugs	Know s	Must be able to prepa re the homo eopat hic medic ines as per the	1. Classify Old Methods of preparation of homoeopathi c drugs.	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understa nding	Must know	<ol> <li>1.Lecture Demonstratio ns</li> <li>2. Small Group Discussions/</li> <li>Peer teaching (Think-Pair- Share, Jigsaw Strategy)</li> <li>3. Quiz</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Structured Oral</li> <li>Examination</li> <li>Tutorials</li> <li>Tutorials</li> <li>Assignments</li> <li>MCQ's</li> <li>2 marks question</li> </ol>	LAQ MCQ Voce ative &Sun ve)	(Form

Hom.U	n of	Know	old	2.Enlist the	Level 1	Must	4. Student	6.SAQ's and	
G-HP- 1.25.2 Hom.U	knowledg e Classroom to lab transfer Practice based learning	s	meth ods	fundamental rule, drug strength, drug: vehicle ratio nature of drug substances & 5 examples of drugs under Class I-IX according to Old methods.	Recall Level 2	Must	Seminars 5. Guest Lecture 6. Problem based learning 7. Flipped Classroom	LAQ's	
G-HP- 1.25.3	and improvem ent	S		preparation &potentisati on of mother tinctures under class I- IV according to the scale.	Understa nding	know			
Hom.U		Know		4.Explain the	Level 2	Must	-		
G-HP-		S		preparation	Understa	know			
1.25.4				&potentisati on of mother solutions under Class V	nding				
				& VI					

		according to the scale.						
Hom.U G-HP- 1.25.5	Know s	5.Explain the potentisation of mother substances under Class VII, VIII & IX according to the scale.		Level 2 Understa nding	Must know			
Hom.U G-HP- 1.25.6	Does	6. Demonstrate the preparation of mother tincture under Class I- IV according to Old Methods.	Psycho motor	Level 3 Automati sm	Must know	<ol> <li>Practical Demonstratio ns</li> <li>Procedural Skills Teaching</li> </ol>	DOPS OSPE	Practical Examinati on
Hom.U G- HP.1.25 .7	Does	7. Demonstrate the potentisation of mother tincture		Level 3 Automati sm	Must Know			

		according to				
		the scale				
		under Class I-				
		IV according				
		to Old				
		Method.				
Hom.U	Does	8.Demonstra	Level 3	Must		
G-HP-		te the		Know		
1.25.8		preparation	Automati			
		of mother	sm			
		solution				
		under Class				
		V-VI				
		according to				
		Old Methods.				
Hom.U	Does	9.	Level 3	Must		
G-HP-		Demonstrate	Automoti	Know		
1.25.9		the	Automati			
		potentisation	sm			
		of mother				
		solution				
		according to				
		the scale				
		under Class				
		V-VI				
		according to				
		Old Method				

·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
Hom.U	Do	bes	10.		Level 3	Must				
G-HP-			Demonstrate		Automati	Know				
1.25.10			the		sm					
			potentisation		3111					
			of mother							
			substances							
			according to							
			the scale							
			under Class							
			VII, VIII & IX							
			according to							
			Old Method.							
Hom.U	Ch	IOW	11.Demonstr		Level 1	Nico to	1. Practical	DOPS	Dract	
				Affective	Level I	Nice to		DUPS	Practi	
G-HP-	S r	now	ate care &		Receiving	know	Demonstratio		Exam	inati
1.25.11			commitment				n		on	
			in preparing							
			and							
			dispensing							
			medicine							
			with accuracy							
			according to							
			the scale and							
			Class under							
			Old Methods.							

**TOPIC:** New Methods of Preparation of Homoeopathic Drugs

### Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to prepare the homoeopathic medicines as per the new methods.

Sr. No	Generic	Subject	Miller	Specific	Specific	Bloom's	Guilbert's	Must to	Teaching -	Assessment /Eva	aluation
	Compet encies	Area	's Level Does/ Show s how/ Know S how/ Know	Compete ncies	Learning Objectives	Domain	Levels	know/ desirabl e to know/ Nice to know	Learning Method	Formative	Summati ve
HomU G-HP- 1.26.1	Proble m solutio n Integra tion of Knowle dge	New Method s of Preparat ion of Homoeo pathic Drugs	Know s	Must be able to prepare the homoeop athic medicine s as per the new methods	<ol> <li>Define Maceration &amp; Percolation</li> <li>.</li> </ol>	Cognitive	Level 1 Recall	Must know	<ol> <li>1.Lecture Demonstrations</li> <li>2. Small Group Discussions/</li> <li>Peer teaching (Think-Pair- Share, Jigsaw Strategy)</li> <li>3. Quiz</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Structured Oral</li> <li>Examination</li> <li>Tutorials</li> <li>Assignments</li> <li>MCQ's</li> <li>2 marks question</li> </ol>	LAQ SAC MCQ Viva Voce
HomU G-HP- 1.26.2	Synthes is and applica		Know s		2. Explain the process of maceration		Level 2 Understan ding	Must know	<ol> <li>Student</li> <li>Seminars</li> <li>Guest Lecture</li> </ol>	6.SAQ's and LAQ's 7.Projects	
HomU G-HP- 1.26.3	tion of knowle dge		Know s		3.Explain the process of percolation		Level 2 Understan ding	Must know	6. Problem based learning		

HomU		Know	4.Differenti	Level 2	Must	7. Flipped			
G-HP- 1.26.4	Classro om to lab transfe r	s how	ate between old & new methods of preparatio n of homoeopa thic drugs	Understan ding	know	Classroom 8. Videos			
HomU G-HP- 1.26.5	Practic e based learnin g and improv ement	Know s how	5.Differenti ate between maceration & percolation in detail.	Level 2 Understan ding	Must know				
HomU G-HP- 1.26.6		Know s	6. Define the terms- merc, magma, menstrum	Recall	Must know				
HomU G-HP- 1.26.7		Does	7. Psy Demonstra oto te the preparatio n of mother tincture by maceration	ychom Level 2 or Control	Must know	<ol> <li>Practical Demonstrations</li> <li>Procedural Skills Teaching</li> <li>Experiential Learning</li> </ol>	1.DOPS 2.OSPE 3.Projects	Pract Exam ion	

·		<u> </u>	<del></del>		<u> </u>
HomU G-HP- 1.26.8 HomU G-HP- 1.26.9	Does	8.Demonst rate the preparatio n of mother solution by percolation 9. Demonstra te the towing of a	Level 2 Mus Control <sup>know</sup>	ow sirab to	
HomU G-HP- 1.26.1 0	Show s how	percolator 10.Demons Affective trate care &commitm ent in preparing of homoeopa thic medicine with accuracy according	Level 1 Nice Receiving <sup>know</sup>	te to 1. Lecture Demonstration 2. Practical Demonstration	DOPS Practic Examinion

		to the New				
		methods of				
		preparatio				
		n of				
		homoeopa				
		homoeopa thic drugs.				

**TOPIC:** Pharmaconomy

### Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to select appropriate route of administration of homoeopathic medicines.

Sr. No	Generic	Subject	Mille	Specific	Specific	Bloom's	Guilbert's	Must to	Teaching -	Assessment /Eva	aluation	
Sr. No	Generic Compet encies	Subject Area	r's Level Does / Show s	Specific Compete ncies	Specific Learning Objectives	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert's Levels	Must to know/ desirabl e to know/	Teaching - Learning Method	Assessment /Eva	aluation Summ e	
			how/ Know s how/ Know					Nice to know				

Hom	Integrat	Pharmac	Know	Must be	1. Enumerate	Cognitiv	Level 1	Must	1.Lecture	1.Structured	LAQ	SA
UG- HP- 1.27. 1	ion of Knowle dge Synthes is and applicat	onomy	S	able to select appropria te route of administr ation of homoeop	the different routes of administratio n of homoeopathi c medicines.	-	Recall	know	Demonstration s 2. Small Group Discussions/ Peer teaching (Think-Pair- Share, Jigsaw	Oral Examination 2. Tutorials 3. Assignments 4. MCQ's	MCQ Voce	
Hom UG- HP- 1.27. 2	ion of knowle dge Classro om to		Know s	athic medicines	2. Explain the different routes of administratio n of homoeopathi c medicines.		Level 2 Understand ing	Must know	Strategy) 3. Quiz	question 6.SAQ's 7.Projects		
Hom UG- HP- 1.27. 3	Clinic transfer		Does		3. Select appropriate route of administratio n of homoeopathi c medicines according to the case		Level 3 Problem solving	Desirab le to know				
Hom UG- HP-					4. Administer the homoeopathi	Psychom otor	Level 2 Control	Nice to know	1. Practical Demonstration s		Viva \	Voce

1.27.	Show	c medicine				2.Experiential	2. Simulation		
4	s how	through appropriate route of administratio n according to the case				Learning 3. Projects 4. Case based Learning 5. Simulation teaching	based assessment		
Hom UG- HP- 1.27. 5	Know s how	5.Show care while administerin g homoeopathi c medicine via different routes	Affective L	evel 2 Respond	Desirab le to know	<ol> <li>Lecture Demonstration</li> <li>Practical Demonstration</li> <li>Case based Learning</li> <li>Simulation teaching</li> </ol>	2. Simulation	LAQ MCQ Voce	

**TOPIC:** Dispensing of Medicines

#### Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be to

- 1. Select an appropriate dosage form for dispensing of homoeopathic medicines.
- 2. Dispense homoeopathic medicine to patients.

Sr.	Generic	Subje	Miller's	Specific	Specific	Bloom's	Guilbert's	Must to	Teaching -	Assessment /	'Evaluatio
No	Compete ncies	ct Area	Level Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	Competen cies	Learning Objectives	Domain	Levels	know/ desirabl e to know/ Nice to know	Learning Method	Formative	Summat e
Hom UG- HP- 1.28. 1	Problem solution Integratio n of Knowledg e Synthesis and Applicatio	Dispe nsing of homo eopat hic medic ines	Knows	Select an appropriat e dosage form for dispensing of homoeopa thic medicines.	1. Enumerate the different dosage forms.	Cognitiv e	Level 1 Recall	Must know	<ol> <li>1.Lecture         Demonstration      </li> <li>2. Small Group         Discussions/      </li> <li>Peer teaching         (Think-Pair-      </li> <li>Share, Jigsaw      </li> <li>Strategy)         3. Quiz         </li> <li>4. Student     </li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Structure</li> <li>d Oral</li> <li>Examinatio</li> <li>n</li> <li>Tutorials</li> <li>3.</li> <li>Assignment</li> <li>s</li> <li>MCQ's</li> <li>5. 2 marks</li> <li>question</li> </ol>	LAQ S/ MCQ V Voce
Hom UG- HP- 1.28. 2	n of Knowledg e Classroo m to		Knows	homoeopa thic medicine to patients	2. Explain the various modes for dispensing of solid dosage forms		Level 2 Understand ing	Must know	Seminars 5. Problem based learning 6. Guest Lecture	6.SAQ's and LAQ's	

	,					1	1		
Hom UG- HP- 1.28. 3	OPD/IPD/ Pharmacy transfer	Knows	<ol> <li>Explain the various modes for dispensing of liquid dosage forms</li> </ol>		Level 2 Understand ing	Must know			
Hom UG- HP- 1.28. 4		Knows	4. Enlist the vehicles used for dispensing of various dosage forms		Level 1 Recall	Must know			
Hom UG- HP- 1.28. 5		Knows	5. Explain the quality assurance while dispensing homoeopathic medicines.		Level 2 Understand ing	Nice to know			
Hom UG- HP- 1.28. 6		Shows how Does	6. Demonstrate the dispensing of liquid dosage forms	Psychom otor	Level 2 Control	Must know	<ol> <li>1.Practical</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>2.Procedural</li> <li>Skills Teaching</li> <li>3. Problem</li> <li>Based Learning</li> </ol>	1.DOPS 2. OSPE	tical:
Hom UG- HP-		Shows how Does	7. Demonstrate the dispensing		Level 2 Control	Must know	4. Experiential learning		

Page **104** of **162** 

1.28. 7					of solid forms	dosage							
Hom UG- HP- 1.28. 8			Does		8. Demons care commit while dispens homoed medicir	and ment ing of opathic	Affective	Level 1 Receiving	Nice to know	<ol> <li>1.Lecture</li> <li>Demonstratio</li> <li>3. Probler</li> <li>Based Learnin</li> </ol>	n		ctica mina
Learr At th Sr.	Generic	e topic, I-E Subjec	Mille	Specific	Specific	Bloom	Guilbert'	oarticular case s Must to	Teach	-	sessment /E	valuation	
No	Compet encies	t Area	r's Level Does / Show	Competen cies	Learning Objective s	's Domai n	levels	know/ desirable to know/Nic			rmative	Summ	ativ

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how/ Kno

ws how/ Kno w know/Nice

to

know

Hom	Problem	Placeb	Kno	Must	be	1. Define	Cognit	Level 1	Must	1.Lecture	1.Structured	LAQ	SAC
UG-	solution	0	ws	able	to	Placebo	ive	Bocall	Know	Demonstrations	Oral	MCQ	Viva
HP-				indicate	j			Recall		2 Small Crown	Examination	Voce	
1.29.				placebo	o in					2. Small Group Discussions/	2. Tutorials		
1	Integrati			a partic	ular					Discussions/			
	on of			case						Peer teaching	3. Assignments		
	Knowle dge									(Think-Pair- Share, Jigsaw	4. MCQ's		
										Strategy)	5. 2 marks		
										- 3. Case based	question		
Hom	Synthesi		Kno			2.		Level 1	Must	learning	6.SAQ's,		
UG-	s and		ws			Enumera		Recall	Know		7.Projects		
HP-	applicati					te the							
1.29.	on of					vehicles							
2	knowled					used as							
	ge					placebo							
Hom			Kno			3. Explain		Level 2	Must				
UG-	Classroo		ws			the		Understan	Know				
HP-	m to					indicatio		ding					
1.29.	clinic					ns of		ung					
3	transfer					placebo							
Hom			Does	1		4.Select a		Level 3	Must	-1			
UG-						placebo			Know				
HP-						for a		Problem					
1.29.						particular		solving					
4						case							

**TOPIC:** Preservation of Homoeopathic Medicines

# Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to preserve homoeopathic medicines for long shell life.

Sr.	Generic	Subject	Miller'	Specific	Specific Learning	Bloom's		Must to	Teaching -	Assessment /E	valuation	
No	Compe tencies	Area	s Level Does/ Shows how/ Know s how/ Know	Compete ncies	Objectives	Domain	s Levels	know/ desirable to know/Nice to know	Learning Method	Formative	Summat	ive
Hom UG- HP- 1.30. 1 Hom UG- HP- 1.30. 2	Integra tion of Knowle dge Synthes is and applica tion of knowle dge	Preserv ation of Homoe opathic medicin e	Know s Know s	Must be able to preserve homoeo pathic medicine s for long shell life	<ol> <li>Enumerate the different methods of preservation of homoeopathic medicines</li> <li>Explain the individual method of preservation of homoeopathic medicine.</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 Recall Level 2 Understa nding	Must Know Must Know	<ol> <li>1.Lecture Demonstrati ons</li> <li>2. Small Group Discussions/</li> <li>Peer teaching (Think-Pair- Share, Jigsaw Strategy)</li> <li>3. Quiz</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Structured Oral Examination</li> <li>Tutorials</li> <li>Tutorials</li> <li>Assignments</li> <li>MCQ's</li> <li>2 marks question</li> <li>SAQ's</li> </ol>		SAQ Viva

Hom UG- HP- 1.30. 3	Classro om to Clinic transfe r	Does	3. Select appropriate mode preservation homoeopath medicines.			Level 3 Problem solving	Must Know		7.Projects		
	Practic e based learnin g and improv ement										
Hom UG- HP- 1.30. 4		Does	4. Demonstr the method preservation mother substances preparations	of of &	Psychom otor	Level 2 Control	Desirable to Know	<ol> <li>Practical Demonstrati ons</li> <li>Procedural Skills Teaching</li> </ol>	Viva Voce Practical Examination	Practica Examina n	
Hom UG- HP- 1.30. 5		Does	5. Demonstr the method preservation potentised homoeopath medicines	of of			Desirable to Know	<ul><li>3.Experiential</li><li>Learning</li><li>4. Projects</li></ul>			

Hom UG- HP- 1.30. 6	Does	6. Demonstrate the method of preservation of homoeopathic mother tinctures		Desirable to Know				
Hom UG- HP- 1.30. 7	Shows how	7.Show care & commitment while preserving homoeopathic preparations and potentised medicine.	e Level 2 Respond	Nice to know	<ol> <li>Lecture Demonstrati on</li> <li>Practical Demonstrati on</li> </ol>	2 marks question	Practical Examinat n	

**TOPIC:** Pharmacovigilance and adverse drug reaction

#### Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to identify any adverse drug reaction and comprehend the necessity of pharmacovigilance in homoeopathy

	Bloom's	Must to	Assessment /Evaluation
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Sr.	Generic	Subject	Miller's	Specific	Specific	Domain	Guilber	know/	Teaching -	Formative	Summat
No	Competenc ies	Area	Level Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	Competen cies	Learning Objectives		t's levels	desirable to know/Ni ce to know	Learning Method		e
Hom UG- HP- 1.31. 1	Problem solution Integration of	Pharma covigila nce and adverse drug reaction	Knows	Must be able to identify any adverse drug	1. Define adverse drug reaction	Cognitiv e	Level 1 Recall	Must Know	1.Lecture Demonstrati ons 2. Small Group	1.Structure d Oral Examinatio n 2. Tutorials	LAQ S/ MCQ Vi Voce
Hom UG- HP- 1.31. 2	Knowledge Synthesis and		Knows	reaction Comprehe nd the of pharmaco vigilance	2. Enumerate the types of adverse drug reactions		Level 1 Recall	Must Know	Discussions/ Peer teaching (Think-Pair- Share, Jigsaw Strategy)	<ul> <li>3.</li> <li>Assignment</li> <li>s</li> <li>4. MCQ's</li> </ul>	
Hom UG- HP- 1.31. 3	application of knowledge Classroom to clinic		Knows	in homoeopa thy	3. Explain the management of adverse drug reactions in homoeopathy		Level 2 Unders tanding	Must Know	3. Case based learning	<ol> <li>2 marks question</li> <li>SAQ's,</li> <li>Projects</li> </ol>	
Hom UG- HP- 1.31. 4	transfer		Knows		4.Define pharmacovigil ance		Level 1 Recall	Desirable to Know			

Hom	Knows	5.Explain i	۱	Level 2	Desirable		
UG- HP-		detail th	~	Unders	to know		
пр- 1.31.		process o pharmacovigil		tanding			
5		ance					
		Homoeopathy					

# **TOPIC:** Doctrine of Signature

### Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to apply doctrine of signature while selecting a Homoeopathic simillimum.

Sr. No	Generi c Comp etenci es	Subje ct Area	Miller's Level Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	Specifi c Compe tencie s	Specific Learning Objectives	Domain	Guilbe rt's Levels	Must to know/ desirable to know/Nice toknow	Teaching - Learning Method	Assessment /Eva	aluatio Sumn e	
Hom UG- HP- 1.32. 1 Hom UG- HP- 1.32. 2	Proble m formul ation Integr ation of	Doctr ine of Signa ture	Knows Knows	Must be able to apply doctri ne of signat ure while selecti ng a	<ol> <li>Define         Doctrine of         Signature         </li> <li>Explain         doctrine of             signature with             suitable             examples         </li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 Recall Level 2 Unders tandin g	Must Know Must Know	<ul> <li>1.Lecture</li> <li>Demonstrations</li> <li>2. Small Group</li> <li>Discussions/</li> <li>Peer teaching</li> <li>(Think-Pair-Share,</li> <li>Jigsaw Strategy)</li> <li>3. Quiz</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Structured</li> <li>Oral</li> <li>Examination</li> <li>Tutorials</li> <li>Assignments</li> <li>MCQ's</li> <li>2 marks</li> <li>question</li> </ol>	LAQ MCQ Voce	

Hom	Knowl	Knows how	Homo	3.Apply the		Level 3	Nice	to	4. Student	6.SAQ's		
UG- HP- 1.32. 3	edge Synth esis and applic ation		eopath ic simili mum	logic behind doctrine of signature in patients showing the same signs particularly in one sided case.		Proble m solving	know		<ul> <li>Seminars</li> <li>5. Case based learning</li> <li>6.Case Simulation</li> <li>7. Experiential Learning</li> </ul>	<ul><li>7.Projects</li><li>8.Assessment</li><li>of case</li><li>9. Simulation</li><li>assessment</li></ul>		
Hom UG- HP- 1.32. 4	of knowl edge	Shows how		4.Select a remedy for a one -sided case based on the doctrine of signature		Level 3 Proble m solving	Nice know	to				
Hom UG- HP- 1.32. 5		Shows hows		5.Demonstrate care, professionalism &commitment while prescribing on the basis of doctrine of signature	Affectiv e	Level 2 Respo nd	Nice know	to	<ol> <li>Case based learning</li> <li>Case Simulation</li> <li>Experiential Learning</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Assessment of case</li> <li>Simulation assessment</li> </ol>	Viva	Voce

TOPIC: Drug Proving

Learning Outcomes (LO):

Sr. No	Generic Compete	Subj ect	Miller's Level	Specific Compet	Specific Learning	Bloom's Domain	Guilbert' s level	Must to know/	Teaching - Learning	Assessment /Evaluation		Inte tior	egra า
	ncies	Area	Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	encies	Objectives			desirable to know/Ni ce to know	Method	Method Formative	Type (Sum mativ e)		
HomUG- HP- 1.33.1	Problem Solution	Drug Prov ing	Knows	Proving a given drug on healthy human	1. Define Drug Proving.	Cognitiv e	Level 1 Recall	Must Know	<ol> <li>1.Lecture</li> <li>Demonstrati</li> <li>ons</li> <li>2. Small</li> <li>Group</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Structur</li> <li>oral</li> <li>Oral</li> <li>Examinati</li> <li>on</li> <li>2.</li> </ol>	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva Voce	tal Org n Me	rizon with gano of dici
HomUG- HP- 1.33.2	Integrati on of Knowled ge		Knows	_ being	2. Illustrate the qualities of an ideal prover.	Cognitiv e	Level 1 Recall	Must Know	Discussions/ Peer teaching (Think-Pair- Share, Jigsaw Strategy)	Tutorials 3. Assignmen ts 4. MCQ's		ne	
HomUG- HP- 1.33.3	Synthesis and applicati on of knowled ge		Shows how		<ul> <li>3. Apply the selection criteria (inclusion &amp; exclusion) for provers during drug proving.</li> </ul>	Cognitiv e	Level 3 Problem Solving	Desirable to know	<ol> <li>Quiz</li> <li>Student</li> <li>Seminars</li> <li>Guest</li> <li>Lecture</li> </ol>	<ul><li>4. MCQ s</li><li>5.SAQ's</li><li>and LAQ's</li><li>6. 2 marks</li><li>questions</li></ul>			

## At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to prove a given drug on healthy human being

HomUG- HP.1.33. 4	Problem solving	Knows	<ol> <li>Explain the methodology for drug proving.</li> </ol>	Cognitiv e	Level 2 Understa nd	Must Know	7. Integrated Teaching with Organon of Medicine			
HomUG- HP- 1.33.5		Does	5. Design the protocol for Drug Proving.	Cognitiv e	Level 3 Problem Solving	Nice to know	<ol> <li>Lecture Demonstrati on</li> <li>Procedural Skills Teaching</li> </ol>	1.Simulati on based assessmen t	LAQ SAQ Viva Voce	
HomUG- HP- 1.33.6		Does	6. Select ideal prover for drug proving		Level 3 Problem Solving	Desirable to know	<ol> <li>Problem</li> <li>Based</li> <li>Learning</li> <li>Role Plays</li> <li>5.</li> <li>Experiential</li> </ol>			
HomUG- HP- 1.33.7		Does	7. Prepare the test substance for drug proving.	Psychom otor	Level 2 Control	Nice to know	learning 6. Team based learning			
HomUG- HP- 1.33.8		Does	8. Formulate the team for drug proving	Cognitiv e	Level 3 Problem Solving	Nice to know				
HomUG- HP- 1.33.9		Does	9. Record the symptoms of drug proving	Psychom otor	Level 2 Control	Nice to know				

HomUG- HP- 1.33.10	Does	10. Interprete the provers symptoms e	kr	lice to now				
HomUG- HP- 1.33.11	Does	11. Translate the provers symptoms in Materia Medica language		lice to				
HomUG- HP- 1.33.12	Shows how	12. Show Affecti professionalis m and care during drug proving towards the provers.		lice to	<ol> <li>Lecture Demonstrati on</li> <li>Procedural Skills Teaching</li> <li>Problem Based</li> </ol>	1.Simulati on based assessmen t	Viva Voce	
HomUG- HP- 1.33.13	Does	13. Value the privacy & integrity of the provers.		lice to now	Learning 4. Role Plays 5. Experiential learning			
HomUG- HP- 1.33.14	Does	14. Value the consent of the prover.		lice to now	6. Team based learning			

HomUG- HP- 1.33.15	_	Does	15. Value the ethical considerations during drug proving.	Level 3 Internaliz e	Nice to know			

#### **TOPIC:** Posology

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to

- 1. Select a particular potency for a particular case.
- 2. Select a particular dose for a particular case.
- 3. Repeat the dose as per the criteria for repletion of doses.

Sr. No	Generic	Sub	Miller'	Specific	Specific	Bloom'	Guilbert'	Must to	Teaching -	Assessment /E	valuation	Integ	rati
	Compet	ject	s Level	Compete	0	S	s Levels	know/	Learning Method			on	
	encies	Are	Does/	ncies	Objectives			KIIOW/					
		а	Shows		,	Domain		desirabl		Formative	Summative		
			how/					е					
			Knows										

			how/ Know					to know/ Nice to know					
G-HP- 1.34.1 SC n 1.34.1 SC n In tic Kr dg Pr e Pr e HOmU G-HP- 1.34.2 SS SS SS SS in er SS SS SS SS SS SS SS SS SS S	m o solutio g n ntegra tion of (nowle dge Practic e based earnin	olo gy k	Knows Knows Knows how	Selecting a particula r potency for a particula r case. Selecting a particula r dose for a particula r case. Repeatin g the dose as per the criteria for repletion of doses.	1.Define posology 2.Explain the criteria for selection of potency 3.Apply the criteria for selection of potency for a particular case.	Cogniti ve	Level 1 Recall Level 2 Understan d Level 3 Problem solving	Must Know Must know Desirab le to know	1.Lecture Demonstrations2. Small Group Discussions/Peer teaching (Think-Pair-Share, Jigsaw Strategy)3. Quiz4. Student Seminars5. Guest Lecture6. Integrated Teaching with Organon of Medicine7. Case based learning8. Case simulation learning	<ol> <li>Structured Oral Examination</li> <li>Tutorials</li> <li>Tutorials</li> <li>Assignments</li> <li>MCQ's</li> <li>2 marks question</li> <li>SAQ's and LAQ's</li> <li>Simulation based assessment</li> <li>Case based assessment</li> </ol>	LAQ SAQ MCQ Viva Voce	Horiz al Organ of Medi	with non

HomU G-HP- 1.34.4	Classro om to OPD/IP D transfer	Knows	4. Enlist the different types of doses	Level 1 Recall	Must know				
HomU G-HP- 1.34.5		Knows	5. Explain the criteria for repetition of doses.	Level 2 Understa nding	Must know				
HomU G-HP- 1.34.6		Shows how	6.Apply the criteria for repetetion of doses for a particular case.	Level 3 Problem Solving	Desirab le to know				
HomU G-HP- 1.34.7		Does	7. Choose the correct potency for a particular case	Level 3 Problem Solving	Desirab le to know	<ol> <li>Lecture Demonstration</li> <li>Procedural Skills Teaching</li> <li>Problem Based Learning</li> <li>Experiential learning</li> <li>Team based learning</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>1.Simulation</li> <li>based</li> <li>assessment</li> <li>2. Case based</li> <li>assessment</li> <li>3. OSPE</li> </ol>	LAQ SAQ MCQ Practical Examinati on	

HomU	Does	8. Choose	Level 3	Desirab	<ul><li>6.Case based</li><li>learning</li><li>7. Case simulation</li><li>learning</li></ul>			
G-HP- 1.34.8		the proper dosage for a particular case	Problem	e to know				
HomU G-HP- 1.34.9	Does	9. Design the dosage and repetition for a particular case		Nice to know				
HomU G-HP- 1.34.1 0	Shows how	10.Show Affect professional e ism and care while selection of potency & dose.		Nice to know	<ol> <li>1.Lecture Demonstration</li> <li>2.Procedural Skills Teaching</li> <li>3. Problem Based Learning</li> <li>4. Experiential learning</li> </ol>	1.Simulation based assessment	Viva Voce	
HomU G-HP- 1.34.1 1	Shows how	<ul><li>11. Value</li><li>the privacy</li><li>&amp; integrity</li><li>of the</li><li>patient/cas</li><li>e</li></ul>		Nice to know	5. Team based learning 6. Case based learning			

HomU G-HP- 1.34.1 2	Shows how	12. Value the ethical considerati ons during selection of potency, dose and repetition of doses	Level 3 Internaliz e	Nice to know	7. Case simulation learning		
HomU G-HP- 1.34.1 3	Shows how	13. Value the importance of rational prescription	Level 3 Internaliz e	Nice to know			

**TOPIC:** Prescription Writing

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must have knowledge of writing an ideal prescription

Sr.	Generic	Subject	Miller's	Specific	Specific	Bloom's	Guilbert's	Must to	Teaching -	Assessment /	'Evalua	tion
No	Compete	Area	Level Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	Competen cies	Learning Objectives	Domain	Level	know/ desirable to know/Ni ce to	Learning Method	Formative	Sumn	
								know				
Hom UG- HP- 1.35. 1	Integratio n of Knowledg e	Prescri ption Writing	Knows	Writing an ideal prescriptio n	1.Define Prescription writing.	Cognitive	Level 1 Recall	Must Know	1.Lecture Demonstration s 2. Small Group Discussions/	<ol> <li>1.Structure</li> <li>d Oral</li> <li>Examinatio</li> <li>n</li> <li>2. Tutorials</li> </ol>	LAQ MCQ Voce	SAC Viva
	Practice								Peer teaching	3.		
Hom UG- HP- 1.35. 2	based learning and improve ment		Knows		2.Explain the parts of an ideal prescription.		Level 2 Understan ding	Must Know	<ul> <li>(Think-Pair-</li> <li>Share, Jigsaw</li> <li>Strategy)</li> <li>3. Quiz</li> <li>4. Student</li> </ul>	Assignment s 4. MCQ's 5. 2 marks question		
Hom UG- HP- 1.35. 3	Synthesis and applicatio n of knowledg e		Knows		3. List the abbreviations used in prescription writing with meaning.		Level 1 Recall	Must Know	Seminars 5. Guest Lecture 6. Case based learning	6.SAQ's and LAQ's		

			I	1		T	1			
Hom		Knows	4. Explain the		Level 2	Must	7. Case			
UG-			advantages		Understan	Know	simulation			
HP-			of		ding		learning			
1.35.	Problem		prescription		ung					
4	solution		to the							
			patients and							
			to the							
	Classroo		physician.							
	m to									
	OPD/IPD									
Hom	Transfer	Shows	5. Critically		Level 3	Nice to				
UG-		how	analyse a		Problem	know				
HP-			prescription		solving					
1.35.			for any faults.		Solving					
5										
Hom		Does	6. Write an	Psychom	Level 2	Must	1. Lecture	1.Simulatio	Pract	
UG-			ideal	otor	Control	know	Demonstration	n based	Exam	inati
HP-			prescription		00111101		2.Procedural	assessment	on	
1.35.							Skills Teaching	2. Case		
6							-	based		
							3. Problem	assessment		
							Based Learning			
Hom		Shows	7. Criticize a	Cognitive	Level 3	Nice to	4. Experiential	3. OSPE		
UG-		how	wrong		Problem	know	learning			
HP-			prescription		solving		-			
1.35.					5014115		5. Team based			
7							learning			
							6.Case based			
							learning			
							0			

						<ul> <li>7. Case simulation learning</li> <li>8. Practical Demonstration</li> </ul>		
Hom		 8.Show	Affective	Level 2	Nice	o 1.Lecture	1.Simulatio	Practical
UG-		professionalis			know	Demonstration	n based	Examinat
HP-		m and		Respond		2.Procedural	assessment	on
1.35.		commitment				Skills Teaching		
8		while writing a prescription				3. Problem		
		with				Based Learning		
		accuracy.				4. Experiential		
						learning		
						5. Team based		
	Sho					learning		
	how							
Hom		9. Value the		Level 3	Nice	6. Case based		
UG-		privacy &		Internalize	know	-		
HP-		integrity of				7. Case simulation		
1.35. 9		the prescription.				learning		
Hom		10. Value the		Level 3		0 8. Practical Demonstration		
UG- HP-		ethical consideration		Internalize	know			
		s during						

1.35. 10	writing a prescription				
Hom UG- HP- 1.35. 11	11. Value the importance of rational prescription	Level 3 Internalize	Nice to know		

**TOPIC:** Legislation

Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to follow and practice ethically all the laws that govern homoeopathic pharmacy.

Sr.	Generic	Subje	Miller's	Specific	Specific learning			Must to	Teaching -	Assessment /	Evalua	tion
No	Compete ncies	ct Area	Level Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	Competen cies	Objectives	Domain	s Levels	know/ desirable to know/Ni ce to know	Learning Method	Formative	Sumn	nativ

	[		Γ	T					Г		_		<u> </u>
Hom UG- HP- 1.36. 1 Hom UHP- 1.36. 2	Integrati on of Knowled ge Synthesi s and Applicati on of knowled ge	Legisl ation	Knows	Must able follow practic ethical all laws govern homoe thic pharm	ce lly the that copa	<ul> <li>1.List all the acts that govern the legal aspects of homoeopathic pharmacy.</li> <li>2. Illustrate the provisions under the Drugs &amp; Cosmetic Act</li> </ul>	Cognitiv e	Level 1 Recall Level 2 Understa nding	Must know Must know	<ul> <li>1.Lecture</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>S</li> <li>2. Small Group</li> <li>Discussions/</li> <li>Peer teaching</li> <li>(Think-Pair-</li> <li>Share, Jigsaw</li> <li>Strategy)</li> <li>3. Quiz</li> <li>4. Student</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Structure</li> <li>d Oral</li> <li>Examinatio</li> <li>n</li> <li>Tutorials</li> <li>3.</li> <li>Assignment</li> <li>s</li> <li>MCQ's</li> <li>5. 2 marks</li> <li>guestion</li> </ol>	LAQ Voce	Viv
Hom UG- HP- 1.36. 3 Hom UG- HP- 1.36. 4	Problem solution		Knows	-		<ul> <li>3. Illustrate the provisions under the Schedule M1</li> <li>4. Illustrate the provisions under the Drugs &amp; Magic Remedies Act</li> </ul>		Level 2 Understa nding Level 2 Understa nding	Must know Must know	<ul> <li>4. Student</li> <li>Seminars</li> <li>5. Guest</li> <li>Lecture</li> <li>6. Problem</li> <li>based learning</li> <li>7. Flipped</li> <li>Classroom</li> </ul>	question 6.SAQ's and LAQ's		
Hom UG- HP- 1.36. 5			Knows	-		5. Illustrate the provisions under the Medicinal & Toilet Preparation Act		Level 2 Understa nding	Must know				

Hom UG- HP- 1.36. 6	Knows	6. Illustrate the provisions under the Dangerous Drugs Act	Level 2 Understa nding	Must know			
Hom UG- HP- 1.36. 7	Knows	7. Illustrate the provisions under the Prevention of Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs & Psychotropic Substances Act	Level 2 Understa nding	Must know			
Hom UG- HP- 1.36. 8	Knows	8. Illustrate the provisions under the Homoeopathic Central Council Act	Level 2 Understa nding	Must know			
Hom UG- HP- 1.36. 9	Does Shows how	9.Demonstrate Psy the labelling of oto homoeopathic medicine according to Part IX of the Drugs &	rchom Level 2 or Control	Must know	<ol> <li>1.Practical Demonstration</li> <li>2.Procedural Skills Teaching</li> <li>3. Problem Based Learning</li> </ol>	1.DOPS 2. OSPE	LAQ Practical Examinati on

		Cosmetic Act 1940					4. Experiential learning				
Hom UG- HP- 1.36. 10	Knows	10.Demonstrate careand commitment and abide by the provisionsprovisionslaid downund abide by the provisionslaid by the provisions	Affective	Level 1 Receivin g	Nice know	to	<ol> <li>1.Lecture</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>3. Problem</li> <li>Based Learning</li> </ol>	Role Assess	Play ment	Viva	Voce

TOPIC: Drug Action

#### Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to differentiate the different mechanisms of drug action of homoeopathic medicines

Sr.	Generi	Subj	Miller's	Specific	Specific	Bloom's	Guilbert's	Must to	Teaching -	Assessment /E	Evaluat	ion
No	c Compe tencies	ect Area	Level Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	Competen cies	learning Objectives	Domain	Levels	know/ desirable to know/Nice to know	Learning Method	Formative	Sumi	nativ
Hom UG- HP- 1.37. 1	Integra tion of Knowl edge	Drug Actio n	Knows how	Must be able to differentia te the different mechanis ms of drug	1. Classify the different types of drug action.	Cognitive	Level 2 Understan ding	Nice to Know	<ul><li>1.Lecture</li><li>Demonstration</li><li>s</li><li>2. Small Group</li><li>Discussions/</li></ul>	<ol> <li>Structured</li> <li>Oral</li> <li>Examination</li> <li>Tutorials</li> <li>Assignments</li> </ol>	LAQ MCQ Pract Exam n Viva	tical ninati

	<b></b>		<u> </u>	- <u></u>	<del></del>		ſ	1	· · · · · · ·	<u> </u>
Hom UG- HP- 1.37. 2	Synthe sis and applica tion of knowle dge	Knows	action of homoeopa thic medicines	2. Explain the individual family drug action according to their sphere of action.		Level 2 Understan ding	Desirable to Know	Peer teaching (Think-Pair- Share, Jigsaw Strategy) 3. Quiz 4. Flipped Classroom	<ul> <li>4. MCQ's</li> <li>5. 2 marks question</li> <li>6.SAQ's</li> <li>7.Projects</li> <li>8. Spotting</li> </ul>	
Hom UG- HP- 1.37. 3	Classro om to Clinic transfe r	Knows		3. Explain the individual family drug action according to nature of drug & family relationship.		Level 2 Understan ding	Desirable to Know	6. Videos 7. Integrated Teaching		
Hom UG- HP- 1.37. 4 Hom UG- HP- 1.37. 5		Does		<ul> <li>4. Analyze the action of drug on patients.</li> <li>5. Co-relate the action of drugs with the family characteristic s.</li> </ul>	Cognitive	Level 3 Problem solving	Nice to know Nice to know	<ol> <li>Practical Demonstration s</li> <li>2.Experiential Learning</li> <li>3. Projects</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Spotting</li> <li>Pharmaco- logical action of 30 drugs as specified in journal</li> <li>Projects</li> </ol>	

Hom	Knows	6.Show care A	Affective	Level 2	Must	1. Lecture	Journal	
UG-		in prescribing		Decreard	know	2 Integrated	Assessment	
HP-		homoeopathi		Respond		2. Integrated		 
1.37.		c medicine				teaching of		
6		based on				Pharmacologic		
		action of				al drug action with Materia		
		drugs and	drugs and					
		drug				Medica		
		relationships.						

**TOPIC:** Relation of Pharmacy with Materia Medica, Anatomy, Physiology

## Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to correlate homoeopathic pharmacy with Materia Medica, Anatomy and Physiology

Sr. No	Generic	Subject	Miller'	Specific		Specific	Bloom	Guilbert'	Must to	Teaching -	Assessme	
	Competencies	Area	s Level	Compete	en	Learning	's	s Levels	know/	Learning	nt	
			Does/	cies		Objectives	Doma		KIIOW/	Method	/Evaluatio	
			Shows				in		desirable		n	
			how/ Knows how/ Know						to know/Nice to know		Form ative	Summa tive
HomUG-	Problem	Relation	Knows	Must I	ре	1. Explain the	Cognit	Level 2	Desirable to	1.Lecture	1.Structur	SAQ
HP	formulation	of			to	correlation of	-		Know	Demonstr	ed Oral	Viva
1 20 1		Pharmacy		correlate	ē	homoeopathic		Understa		ations	Examinati	Voce
1.38.1		with		homoeo	р	pharmacy with		nding			on	

	-	I		1	•		1	1	•	•	
HomUG- HP- 1.38.2	Integration of Knowledge Synthesis and application of knowledge	Materia Medica	Knows	athic pharmacy with material medica, Anatomy and Physiolog y	the basics of Homoeopathic Materia Medica. 2. Explain the correlation of homoeopathic pharmacy with the basics of			Desirable to Know	2. Small Group Discussion s/ Peer teaching (Think- Pair- Share,	<ol> <li>2. Tutorials</li> <li>3. Assignmen ts</li> <li>4. MCQ's</li> <li>5. 2 marks question</li> </ol>	
HomUG- HP- 1.38.3			Knows		Anatomy 3. Explain the correlation of homoeopathic pharmacy and Physiology			Desirable to Know	Jigsaw Strategy) 3. Quiz 4. Student Seminars 5. Flipped Classroom	6.SAQ's, LAQ's 7.Projects	
HomUG- HP- 1.38.4			Knows how		4.Apply the principles of posology during case taking after selection of similimum based on knowledge of Homoeopathic	U U	Level 3 Problem Solving	Desirable to know	<ol> <li>Practical Demonstr ation</li> <li>Lecture Demonstr ation</li> <li>S. Experimen</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>DOPS</li> <li>OSPE</li> <li>Evaluation of projects</li> <li>Evaluation of case</li> </ol>	

		Materia		tal	based	
		Medica.		Research	learning	
				projects		
					5.	
				4. Case	Evaluation	
				based	of PBL	
				learning	6.	
HomUG-	Knows	5. Apply the	Desirable to	5. Problem	Evaluation	
HP-	how	knowledge of	know	based	of Case	
1.38.5		drug action		learning	simulation	
		based on				
		familial		6. Case		
		relationship		simulation		
		and remedy				
		relationship as				
		noted in				
		Homoeopathic				
		Materia				
		Medica and				
		organ affection				
		with anatomy				
HomUG-	Knows	6. Apply the	Desirable to	-		
HP-	how	knowledge of	know			
1.38.6	1000	sources of	KIOW			
1.55.0		drugs and				
		collection of				
		drugs while				
		preparation of				
		homoeopathic				
		medicines				
		according to				

HomUG- HP- 1.38.7	Knows how	the scale of potentisation. 7. Apply the knowledge of pharmacologic al action of drugs with the normal physiology of human body		Desirable to know			
HomUG- HP- 1.38.8	Knows how	8.Demonstrate care, professionalis mAffect vegrofessionalis mweprofessionalis m%commitment & follow all the guidelines meticulously as given in 6th edition%editionof OrganonOrganonof medicine while selecting a particular homoeopathic medicine in a particular potency.	cti Level 1 Receivin g	Nice to know	<ol> <li>Practical Demonstr ation</li> <li>Lecture Demonstr ation</li> <li>Experimen tal Research projects</li> <li>Case based learning</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>DOPS</li> <li>OSPE</li> <li>Evaluation of projects</li> <li>Evaluation of case based learning</li> <li>Evaluation of PBL</li> <li>Evaluation</li> </ol>	Viva Voce

		[				5. Problem	of Case	
						based	simulation	
						learning	Sindation	
						leannig		
	-		-	0		6. Case		
HomUG-				9.		simulation		
HP-				Demonstrate				
1.38.9				care,				
				professionalis				
				m &				
				commitment &				
				follow all the				
				guidelines				
				meticulously				
				as given in 6 <sup>th</sup>				
				edition of				
				Organon of				
				medicine while				
				preparation of				
				homoeopathic				
				medicine				
				according to				
				the scale of				
				potentisation.				
				potentisation.				

HomUG-	10.	
HP-	Demonstrate	
1.38.10	care,	
	professionalis	
	m &	
	commitment &	
	follow all the	
	guidelines	
	meticulously	
	as given in 6 <sup>th</sup>	
	edition of	
	Organon of	
	medicine while	
	prescribing a	
	particular	
	external	
	application for	
	a particular	
	case.	
HomUG-	11. Should	
HP-	ensure that all	
1.38.11	the resources	
	are used to the	
	fullest without	
	any wastage	
	while	
	preparing	

		homoeopathic				
		homoeopathic medicine.				

**TOPIC:** Recent advancements and scope of research in Homoeopathic Pharmacy

#### Learning Outcomes (LO):

At the end of the topic, I-BHMS student must be able to undertake a short term research in Homoeopathic Pharmacy

Sr.	Generic	Subject	Miller's	Specific	Specific	Bloom's	Guilbert'	Must to	Teaching -	Assessment /Eva	aluatio	n
No	Compet encies	Area	Level Does/ Shows how/ Knows how/ Know	Compete ncies	Learning Objectives	Domain	s levels	know/ desirable to know/Nice toknow	Learning Method	Formative	Sumn ve	nati
Ho mU G- HP- 1.3 9.1	Proble m solutio n	Recent advance ments and scope of research in	Knows	Must be able to undertak e a short term research in	1.Enumerate the types of research in homoeopathi c pharmacy	Cognitiv e	Level 1 Recall	Nice to know	<ol> <li>1.Lecture</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>s</li> <li>2. Small Group</li> <li>Discussions/</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>1.Structured</li> <li>Oral</li> <li>Examination</li> <li>Assignments</li> <li>MCQ's</li> </ol>		

	Integra tion of	Homoeo pathic		Homoeo pathic					Peer teaching (Think-Pair-	4.SAQ's	
	Knowle	Pharma		Pharmac					Share, Jigsaw		
	dge	су		У					Strategy)		
Ho mU G- HP- 1.3 9.2	Synthes is and applicat ion of knowle		Knows		2.Explain the recent advancement s in the field of homoeopathi c pharmacy	Level 2 Understa nding	Nice Know	to	3. Visit to research laboratories		
	dge		_	_							
Но			Does		3.Design the	Level 3	Nice	to			
mU G- HP- 1.3 9.3	Classro om to lab transfer				protocol for a short term research proposal in homoeopathi c pharmacy	Problem solving	know				

#### **Non-Lecture Activities**

- 1. Collection of 30 drugs for herbarium
- 2. Visit to a Large-scale manufacturing unit of Homoeopathic medicine (GMP compliant).
- 3. Visit to a Medicinal Plant /Botanical Garden & shall keep details Visit report
- 4. Clinical Class: Visit to IPD, OPD to take note on prescriptions as per Homoeopathic Principles and keep record

5. Visit to Hospital dispensing section to observe & gain knowledge on Dispensing techniques & Keep Records

#### **8.PRACTICAL TOPICS**

Hom	oeopathic Pharmacy Practicals
Sr	
No.	Particulars of Experiments
1	Estimation of size of globules
2	Medication of globules (Small Scale)
3	Purity test of Sugar of milk
4	Purity test of water
5	Purity test of Ethyl alcohol
6	Determination of Specific gravity of a given liquid Vehicle & identifying the same.
7	Preparation of dispensing alcohol from strong alcohol.
8	Preparation of dilute alcohol from strong alcohol.
9	Trituration of drug in Old Method (One each of Class VII, VIII & IX)
10	Trituration of one drug as per HPI
11	Succussion in decimal scale from Mother Tincture (Prepared in Old Method) to 3X potency.
12	Succussion in decimal scale from Mother Tincture (Prepared in New Method) to 3X potency
13	Succussion in centesimal scale from Mother Tincture (Prepared in Old Method) to 3C
14	Succussion in centesimal scale from Mother Tincture (Prepared in New Method) to 3C
15	Conversion of Trituration to liquid potency: Decimal scale 6X to 8X potency.

16	Conversion of Trituration to liquid potency: Centesimal scale 3C to 4C potency.
17	Preparation of 0/2 potency (Solid form) (LM scale) of 1 Drug from 3 <sup>rd</sup> Degree Trituration.
18	Preparation of external applications – Lotion
19	Preparation of external applications – Glycerol
20	Preparation of external applications – Liniment
21	Preparation of external applications – Ointment
22	Writing of prescription & Dispensing the Medicine in Water with preparation of Doses
23	Writing of prescription & Dispensing the Medicine in Sugar of Milk with Preparation of Doses
24	Preparation of mother tinctures according to Old Hahnemannian method (Class I, II, III, IV)
25	Preparation of mother solutions according to Old Hahnemannian method (Class Va, Vb, Vla, Vlb)

#### Demonstration

- 1. Homoeopathic pharmaceutical instruments and appliances with their cleaning (List provided in Appendix C)
- 2. Estimation of moisture content using water bath
- 3. Paper chromatography & TLC of any mother tincture
- 4. Laboratory methods Sublimation, distillation, decantation, filtration, crystallization.
- 5. Preparation of mother tincture Maceration and Percolation
- 6. Study & demonstration of Drug Substances (listed in Appendix B)-
- i)Macroscopic Characteristic (Any 15)
  - ii) Microscopic characteristic (Any 05)
- 7. Study & demonstration of vehicles (Solid, Liquid & Semi solid as available)
- 8. Microscopical study of Trituration (One drug up to 3X Potency)

9. Medication of Globule (Large Scale)

#### Activities

- 1. Collection of 30 drugs for herbarium
- 2. Visit to a Large-scale manufacturing unit of Homoeopathic medicine (GMP compliant).
- 3. Visit to a Medicinal Plant /Botanical Garden & shall keep details Visit report
- 4. Clinical Class: Visit to IPD, OPD to take note on prescriptions as per Homoeopathic Principles &keep record
- 5. Visit to Hospital dispensing section to observe & gain knowledge on Dispensing techniques & Keep Records

#### Demonstration

- 1. Homoeopathic pharmaceutical instruments and appliances with their cleaning (List provided in Appendix C)-06 Hours
- 2. Estimation of moisture content using water bath-02 Hours
- 3. Paper chromatography & TLC of any mother tincture-04 Hours
- 4. Laboratory methods Sublimation, distillation, decantation, filtration, crystallization.-04 Hours
- 5. Preparation of mother tincture Maceration and Percolation- 04 Hours
- 6. Study & demonstration of Drug Substances (listed in Appendix B)- 10 Hours
- i)Macroscopic Characteristic (Any 15)
  - ii) Microscopic characteristic (Any 05)
- 7. Study & demonstration of vehicles (Solid, Liquid & Semi solid as available)- 02 Hours
- 8. Microscopical study of Trituration (One drug up to 3X Potency)-02 Hours
- 9. Medication of Globule (Large Scale)-1 Hour

**Clinical Hospital Work** – Maintain Record (Activities/Posting in Dispensing Section, Prescriptions based on Homoeopathic Principles in IPD/OPD) – Record to be maintained as per format in Appendix G- 20 Hours

Seminar – Maintain Record on Seminar Presentation on Topics of Homoeopathic Pharmacy as assigned- 07 Hours

Page 140 of 162

#### 9. ASSESSMENT

#### **Assessment Summary**

#### 9A- Number of papers and Mark Distribution

Sr.	Course Code	Papers	Theory	Practical	Viva	Internal	Electiv	/es	Grand Total
No.					Voce	Assessment-	Grade		
						Practical	Obtair	ned	
1	HomUG-HP	1	100	50	40	10			100
-		-	200			20			100

#### 9B - Scheme of Assessment (formative and Summative)

Sr. No	Professional Course	1 <sup>st</sup> term (1-6 N	lonths)		2 <sup>nd</sup> Term (7-12	Months)	3 <sup>rd</sup> Term (13-18 Months)		
1	First Professional BHMS	1 <sup>st</sup> PA 10 Marks Practical/Viva		50 Marks Practical/ Viva	2 <sup>nd</sup> PA 10 Marks Practical/Viva		50 Marks Practical/ Viva	3 <sup>rd</sup> PA 10 Marks Practical/Viva	UE

For Internal assessment, Only Practical/Viva marks will be considered. Theory marks will not be counted.

Method of Calculation of Internal Assessment Marks for Final University Examination:

PA2	PA3	Periodical	TT1	TT2	Terminal Test	Final
Practical (Viva	Practical/Viva	Assessment	Practical/Viva	Practical (Viva	Average	Internal
	Fractical/ viva	Average	(50 Marks)	Fractical viva	TT1+TT2/100*10	Assessment
(10 Marks)	(10 Marks)	DV1TDV3TDV3/3		(50 Marks)	111+112/100 10	Marks
В	C	FAITFAZ (FAJ) J	E	F	G	D+G/2
5	C	D		•		0.0/2
P (	Practical/Viva 10 Marks)	Practical/Viva Practical/Viva 10 Marks) (10 Marks)	Practical/Viva Practical/Viva Assessment Average (10 Marks) (10 Marks) PA1+PA2+PA3/3 C C	Practical/Viva Practical/Viva Assessment Practical/Viva Average (50 Marks) 10 Marks) PA1+PA2+PA3/3 C E	Practical/Viva Practical/Viva Assessment Average (10 Marks) PA1+PA2+PA3/3 C F F	Practical/Viva Practical/Viva Assessment Average (50 Marks) PA1+PA2+PA3/3 PA1+PA2+PA3/

PA- Periodical Assessment TT- Terminal Test UE- University Examination

#### 9C - Evaluation Methods for Periodical Assessment

Sr. No	Evaluation Criteria
1	Practical Performance
2	Viva Voce

#### 9 D- Paper Layout

MCQ	10 marks
SAQ	50 marks
LAQ	40 marks

#### 9 E– I - Distribution of Theory exam

Sr. No	Paper			D Type of Questions "Yes" can be asked.		
					not be asked.	
	A	В	C	MCQ	SAQ	LAQ
	List of Topics	Term	Marks	(1 Mark)	(5	(10 Marks)
					Marks)	
1	General Concepts and Orientation	1	Refer	Yes	Yes	No
2	Raw Material: Drugs and Vehicles	1	— Next Table	Yes	Yes	Yes
3	Homoeopathic Pharmaceutics	П		Yes	Yes	Yes
4	Pharmacodynamics	111		Yes	Yes	Yes
5	Quality Control	II		No	Yes	No
6	Legislations pertaining to Homoeopathic Pharmacy	111		No	No	Yes
7	Homoeopathic Pharmacy - Relationships			No	Yes	No

#### 9 E – II - Theme table

Theme*	Topics	Term	Marks	MCQ's	SAQ's	LAQ's

A	General Concepts and Orientation	I	11	Yes	Yes	No
В	Raw Material: Drugs and Vehicles	Ι	25	Yes	Yes	Yes
С	Homoeopathic Pharmaceutics	II	23	Yes	Yes	Yes
D	Pharmacodynamics	=	16	Yes	Yes	Yes
E	Quality Control	II	10	No	Yes	No
F	Legislations pertaining to Homoeopathic Pharmacy		10	No	No	Yes
G	Homoeopathic Pharmacy - Relationships	111	05	No	Yes	No

## 9 F Question paper Blueprint

Α	В	Question Paper Format
Question Serial Number	Type of Question	(Refer table 7 F II Theme table for themes)
Q1	Multiple choice Questions	1. Theme A
	(MCQ)	2. Theme B
	10 Questions	3. Theme B
	1 mark each	4. Theme B
	All compulsory	5. Theme B
	Must know part: 6 MCQ	6. Theme B
	Desirable to know: 2 MCQ.	7. Theme C
	Nice to know: 2 MCQ	8. Theme C
		9. Theme C
		10. Theme D
Q2	Short answer Questions	1. Theme A
	(SAQ)	2. Theme A
	10 Questions	3. Theme B
	5 Marks Each	4.Theme B
	All compulsory	5. Theme C
	Must know part: 9 SAQ	6. Theme C
	Desirable to know: 1 SAQ	7. Theme D

	Nice to know: Nil	8. Theme E
		9. Theme E
		10. Theme G
Q3	Long answer Questions	1. Theme B
	(LAQ)	2. Theme C
	4 Questions	3. Theme D
	10 marks each	4. Theme F
	All compulsory	
	All questions on must know	
	No Questions on Nice to know and Desirable to know	

#### 9 G - Distribution of Practical Exam

#### <u>Practical, Viva& Internal Assessment</u> → 100 marks

Spotting	20 marks
Experiment	20 marks
Journal	10 marks

Viva voce	40 marks
Internal assessment	10 marks

#### **10.LIST OF RECOMMENDED BOOKS**

#### **Text Books**

- 1. Dr. Partha Mandal & Dr. Biman Mandal, A Textbook of Homoeopathic Pharmacy, Revised and Enlarged 3rd Edition, 2012, New Central Book Agency Publishers.
- 2. Dr.Sumit Goel, Art and Science of Homoeopathic Pharmacy, 4<sup>TH</sup>Enlarged Revised Edition, 2021, IBPP Publishers.
- 3. Dr. D.D. Banerjee, Augmented Textbook of Homoeopathic Pharmacy, 2 nd Edition, 2012, B. Jain Publishers.
- 4. Dr. K.P. Mujumdar, Textbook of Homoeopathic Pharmacy, 2013, New Central Book Agency Publishers

#### **Reference Texts**

1.Banerjee SK & Sinha N. (Reprint edition, 1993). A Treatise on Homoeopathic Pharmacy. B Jain Publishers, New Delhi.

- 2. Govt. of India, Ministry of Health & Family Welfare, New Delhi (1971 to 2006). Homoeopathic Pharmacopoeia of India (1-9 Vol.)
- 3. Hughes R (Reprint edition, 1999). A Manual of Pharmacodynamics. B Jain Publishers, New Delhi.

4. Dr. P.N. Verma & Dr. (Mrs.) InduVaid, Encyclopaedia of Homoeopathic Pharmacopoeia, Vol- I,II,III, Edition 2002, B. Jain Publishers.

APP	PPENDIX – A					
List o	of drugs included in the syllabus of Ho	moeopathic Pharma	ry for study of Pharmacological action: -			
1.	Aconitum Napellus	16.	Glonoinum			
2.	Adonis vernalis	17.	Hydrastis Canadensis			
3.	Allium cepa	18.	Hyoscyamus niger			
4.	Argentum Nitricum	19.	Kali bichromicum			
5.	Arsenicum album	20.	Lachesis			
6.	Atropa Belladonna	21.	Lithium carbonicum			
7.	Cactus grandifloras	22.	Mercurius corrosivus			
8.	Cantharis vesicatoria	23.	Naja tripudians			

Page **148** of **162** 

9.	Cannabis indica	24.	Nitricum acidum
10.	Cannabis sativa	25.	Nux vomica
11.	Cinchona officinalis	26.	Passiflora incarnate
12.	Coffea cruda	27.	Stannum metallicum
13.	Crataegus oxyacantha	28.	Stramonium
14.	Crotalus horridus	29.	Symphytum officinale
15.	Gelsemium sempervirens	30.	Tabacum

APPENDIX –	PPENDIX – B		
List of drugs	for identification		
i. Vege	Vegetable Kingdom		
1.	Aegle folia		
2.	Anacardium orientale		
3.	Andrographis paniculata		
4.	Calendula officianlis		
5.	Cassia sophera		
6.	Cinchona officinalis		
7.	7. Cocculus indicus		
8.	Coffea cruda		
9.	Colocynthis		
10.	Crocus sativa		

11.	Croton tiglium
12.	Cynodon dactylon
13.	Ficus religiosa
14.	Holarrhenaantidysenterica
15.	Hydrocotyle asiatica
16.	Justicia adhatoda
17.	Lobelia inflata
18.	Nux vomica
19.	Ocimum sanctum
20.	Opium
21.	Rauwolfia serpentina
22.	Rheum
23.	Saraca indica
24.	Senna
25.	Stramonium
26.	Vinca minor
ii. Chei	micals or Minerals
1.	Acetic acid
2.	Alumina
3.	Argentum Metallicum
4.	Argentum Nitricum

<ul> <li>5. Arsenicum Album</li> <li>6. Calcarea Carbonica</li> <li>7. Carbo Vegetabilis</li> <li>8. Graphites</li> <li>9. Magnesium Phosphoric</li> <li>10. Natrum Muriaticum</li> <li>11. Sulphur</li> </ul> iii. Animal Kingdom <ul> <li>1. Apis mellifica</li> <li>2. Blatta orientalis</li> <li>3. Formica rufa</li> </ul>	-	
7.       Carbo Vegetabilis         8.       Graphites         9.       Magnesium Phosphoric         10.       Natrum Muriaticum         11.       Sulphur             iii.       Animal Kingdom         1.       Apis mellifica         2.       Blatta orientaliis	5.	Arsenicum Album
<ul> <li>8. Graphites</li> <li>9. Magnesium Phosphoric</li> <li>10. Natrum Muriaticum</li> <li>11. Sulphur</li> </ul> iii. Animal Kingdom 1. Apis mellifica 2. Blatta orientalis	6.	Calcarea Carbonica
9.       Magnesium Phosphoric         10.       Natrum Muriaticum         11.       Sulphur	7.	Carbo Vegetabilis
10. Natrum Muriaticum         11. Sulphur         iii. Animal Kingdom         1. Apis mellifica         2. Blatta orientalis	8.	Graphites
11.       Sulphur         iii.       Animal Kingdom         1.       Apis mellifica         2.       Blatta orientalis	9.	Magnesium Phosphoric
iii. Animal Kingdom         1. Apis mellifica         2. Blatta orientalis	10.	Natrum Muriaticum
1.Apis mellifica2.Blatta orientalis	11.	Sulphur
1.Apis mellifica2.Blatta orientalis		
1.Apis mellifica2.Blatta orientalis		
1.Apis mellifica2.Blatta orientalis		
2. Blatta orientalis	iii. Anin	mal Kingdom
	1	
3. Formica rufa	1.	
		Apis mellifica
4. Sepia	2.	Apis mellifica Blatta orientalis
5. Tarentula cubensis	2. 3.	Apis mellifica Blatta orientalis Formica rufa

Appendix C				
List of Instrument & Applian	List of Instrument & Appliances for Demonstration & Study			
Crucible with lid	Test Tube	Tripod stand	Hot Air Oven	
Porcelain Basin	Conical Flask	Wire gauze	Water bath	

Mortar & Pestle Porcelain	Volumetric flask	Spatula	Macerating Jar
Ointment Slab	Minim glass	Leather pad	Percolator
Chemical Balance	Thermometer	Stop watch	Microscope
Hydrometer	Mortar & Pestle - Glass	Chopping Board	pH Meter
Alcoholometer	Glass Phials	Chopping Knife	Burette
Lactometer	Pyknometer	Sieve	Pipette
Spoon	Measuring Cylinder	Tincture Press	Dropper
Beaker	Graduated Conical Flask	Funnel	Glass Rod

### Appendix – D (List of Important Vehicles for Study)

Appendix – D (List of Important Vehicles for Study)			
Solid	Liquid	Semisolid	
Sugar of Milk	Water	Vaseline	
Globules	Ethyl Alcohol	Beeswax	
Tablets	Glycerine	Lanolin	
Cane Sugar	Olive Oil	Spermaceti	
	Simple Syrup	lsin glass	
	Lavender Oil, Sesame Oil, Rosemary Oil, Almond Oil		

# Appendix E Format for Maintaining Record on visit to Homoeopathic Manufactory (GMP Compliant) Date of Visit No. of Visiting Students & Teaching Faculty Name of Teaching Faculty Detail of the Instructor/s at the Manufactory How the Tour was arranged Name & Location of the Homoeopathic Manufactory History about the Manufactory Different Sections of the manufactory with its working process Activities of R&D Dept How the visit helped in correlation with topics studied in Theory Conclusion (Any other related information, not mentioned in format, if required can be included)

#### Appendix F

Format for Maintaining Record on visit to Medicinal Plant Garden

#### Date of the Visit

No. of visiting Students & Teaching Faculty

Name of Teaching Faculty

Detail of Instructor/s

How the Tour was arranged

Name & Location of the Medicinal Plant Garden

History & about the Medicinal Plant Garden

A list Medicinal Plants seen with brief description,

Conclusion

#### Appendix G

Format for maintaining record on Hospital Activities (Visit to OPD/IPD & Dispensing Section)

Record on Prescriptions based on Homoeopathic Principles in IPD/OPD

No of Cases: Total 10 cases (5 Acute, 5 Chronic)

Format -

Patient ID

Complaint

Diagnosis

Details of 1<sup>st</sup> Prescription – Name of Medicine, Potency, Dose with its Repetition,

Second Prescription (if Record is available)

Conclusion at the end of Acute & Chronic Cases on Lessons learnt on Homoeopathic Principles

Record on Activities/Posting in Hospital Dispensing Section

Total No. of Patients Date wise,

SI No as per Prescription Register,

Dosage form- Liquid/solid,

Name of Vehicle used,

Medication Process etc

Conclusion at the end on Lessons learnt on Homoeopathic Dispensing Techniques

#### Appendix H

Format for Maintaining record on Departmental Seminars

Maintenance of Record on Seminar Presentation on Topics of Homoeopathic Pharmacy as assigned

Circular/Notice of Departmental Seminar

Title of Topic for Presentation,

Date

Presented by Name of Student/s

Brief Report on the Seminar

Any New Information provided by the Speakers

Rating on a Scale of 10

No of Students & Faculty Members attending the Seminar

Photos

Signed by the Departmental Head

#### **11.LIST OF CONTRIBUTORS**

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# COMPETENCY BASED DYNAMIC CURRICULUM FOR FIRST BHMS PROFESSIONAL COURSE

(Applicable from Batch 2022-2023 onwards for 5 years or until further notification by National Commission for Homoeopathy whichever is earlier)

## (HOMOEOPATHIC REPERTORY and CASE TAKING)



# HOMOEOPATHY EDUCATION BOARD NATIONAL COMMISSION FOR HOMOEOPATHY MINISTRY OF AYUSH, GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

JAWAHAR LAL NEHRU BHARTIYA CHIKITSA AVUM HOMOEOPATHY ANUSANDHAN BHAVAN

No.61-65, Institutional Area, opp. 'D' block, Janak Puri, New Delhi-110 058

#### 1. COURSE CODE: HomUG-R-I

#### SUBJECT NAME: HOMOEOPATHIC REPERTORY and CASE TAKING

#### INDEX

S. No	Description	Page Number
1	Preamble	02
2	Program Outcomes (PO)	03
3	Course outcomes (CO)	04
4	Teaching Hours	05
5	Course Contents of Hom UG-Rep-I	06
6	Teaching Learning methods	08
7	Content mapping-Learning Objectives (Theory) of Course HomUG-Rep-I	09
8	List of Practical Topics	15
9	List of Recommended Books	16
10	List of Contributors	17

#### 1.PREAMBLE

The Homoeopathic Materia Medica has expanded manifold since the proving of "Cinchona Bark" by Dr. Samuel Hahnemann and today we have over five thousand remedies in the Materia Medica. It is impossible for any human mind to memorise all the symptoms of each drug and to recall those symptoms while prescribing. Therefore, the need of indexing of these symptoms along with the drugs producing those symptoms were felt by Dr. Samuel Hahnemann himself and subsequently by other homoeopaths for prescribing at the bedside of the patient.

Homoeopathic Repertory is a Dictionary or Storehouse or an index to the huge mass of symptoms of the Homoeopathic Materia Medica. The repertory is organized in a practical form indicating the relative gradation of drugs. Repertories not only contain symptoms of proving but also clinical and pathological symptoms found in the Homoeopathic Materia Medica. Repertories serve as an instrument at the disposal of the physician for sifting through the maze of symptoms of the vast Homoeopathic Materia Medica.

Repertories aim at simplifying the work of the physician to find the indicated remedy by eliminating the non-indicated remedies. Repertorisation is not the end but a means to arrive to the simillimum and reference to Homoeopathic Materia Medica based on sound principles of Philosophy is the final court of appeal.

Each repertory has been compiled on the basis of distinct philosophy, structure and utility. In order to use these instruments effectively, one must understand thoroughly its conceptual base, construction and utility and limitations. Even though there are a number of repertories, the student at the under graduate level is expected to learn the philosophy and application of basic core repertories namely Kent, Boger's Boenninghausen Characteristics and Repertory and Boenninghausen's Therapeutic Pocket Book. The subject of Repertory must not be taught in isolation but must be taught in horizontal integration with Anatomy, Physiology in I BHMS; Pathology, Surgery, Gynaecology and Practice of Medicine in II BHMS; Surgery, Gynaecology, Practice of Medicine in III BHMS and Practice of Medicine in IV BHMS and vertically integrated with Homoeopathic Materia Medica and Organon and Homoeopathic Philosophy in all the years. Integrated teaching in all the years will help the student to grasp and understand the subjects better and connect repertory to all other subjects.

Similarly, case taking demands virtual integration of all the subjects taught from the Ist BHMS to IV BHMS in the consulting room or at the bedside. The physician can never say that he has learnt all that is to the case taking process. Every new patient has a new lesson to teach.

The advent of computerization and resulting software has opened up vast newer avenues to collate and correlate the vast information found in the Homoeopathic Materia Medica through the repertories. Continued exploration of these connections will generate new data, newer repertories and the newer application to existing or newer illnesses.

#### 2.PROGRAMME OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course of the undergraduate studies, the homoeopathic physician must

- 1.Develop the knowledge, skills, abilities and confidence as a primary care homoeopathic practitioner to attend to the health needs of the community in a holistic manner
- 2.Correctly assess and clinically diagnose common clinical conditions prevalent in the community from time to time
- 3.Identify and incorporate the socio-demographic, psychological, cultural, environmental & economic factors affecting health and disease in clinical work
- 4.Recognize the scope and limitation of homoeopathy in order to apply Homoeopathic principles for curative, prophylactic, promotive, palliative, and rehabilitative primary health care for the benefit of the individual and community
- 5.Be willing and able to practice homoeopathy as per medical ethics and professionalism.
- 6.Discern the scope and relevance of other systems of medical practice for rational use of cross referrals and role of life saving measures to address clinical emergencies
- 7.Develop the capacity for critical thinking, self-reflection and a research orientation as required for developing evidence based homoeopathic practice.
- 8. Develop an aptitude for lifelong learning to be able to meet the changing demands of clinical practice
- 9.Develop the necessary communication skills and enabling attitudes to work as a responsible team member in various healthcare settings and contribute towards the larger goals of national health policies such as school health, community health and environmental conservation.

#### **3.COURSE OUTCOMES (CO):**

At the end of course in Repertory, the Final BHMS student shall be able to

- 1. Describe the philosophical background, construction, utility and limitations of various repertories
- 2. Demonstrate case taking and show empathy with the patient and family during case taking
- 3. Demonstrate various steps for systematic case processing viz. analysis of case, evaluation of symptoms as per Homoeopathic principles to form Totality of symptoms
- 4. Choose the appropriate repertorial approach, Method and Technique to repertorize a case
- Utilize Repertory as a tool to find out simillimum in all types of cases and in the study of Materia Medica
- 6. Integrate other subjects in understanding the construction and utility of repertories
- 7. Utilize different software for Repertorization, patient data management and record keeping.
- 8. Demonstrate aptitude to utilize repertory for research in Homoeopathy and lifelong learning

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES OF REPERTORY FOR I BHMS**

At the end of IBHMS, the student should be able to,

- 1. Define Repertory.
- 2. Explain the need and utility of repertory to find simillimum and in the study of Materia Medica
- 3. Define various terminologies used in repertory and explain their utility
- 4. Locate different rubrics related to anatomy, physiology and psychology in Kent's Repertory
- 5. Illustrate the construction of Kent's Repertory as per the Hahnemannian Anatomical schema

#### **4.TEACHING HOURS**

Total Number of Teaching Hours: 21			
Course Name	Lectures	Non-Lectures	Total
Homoeopathic Repertory and Case Taking	21	-	21
(HomUG-R-I)			

#### 5. COURSE CONTENT( HomUG-R-I)

S. No	List of Topics	Lecture Hours
1	Introduction to Repertory, Definition and Meaning of	3
	Repertory	
	<ul> <li>General Introduction to Repertory</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Origin of Repertory</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Need of Repertory</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Definition of Repertory</li> </ul>	
	Meaning of REPERTORIUM	
2	Need and uses of repertory and repertorization	3
	<ul> <li>Uses and Scopes of Repertory</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Limitations of Repertory</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Definition of Repertorization</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Introduction to Methods and Techniques of</li> </ul>	
	Repertorization	
3	Terminologies relevant to Repertory	3
	<ul> <li>Repertory</li> </ul>	
	✤ Rubric	
	<ul><li>✤ Gradation</li></ul>	
	<ul> <li>Cross Reference</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Synonym</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Repertorization</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Totality of Symptoms</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Repertorial Totality</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Potential Differential Field</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Conceptual Image</li> </ul>	

	<ul> <li>✤ Case taking</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Analysis of a case</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Evaluation of a Case</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Longitudinal case Study</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Cross Section Study of a case</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>✤ General Repertory</li> </ul>
	✤ Regional Repertory
	<ul> <li>Logico-Utilitarian Repertory</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Puritan Repertory</li> </ul>
4	Schematic representation of chapters in Kent's 6
	repertory
	Introduction to Kent's Repertory
	Listing of Chapters in Kent's Repertory
	✤ Correlation of Chapters in Kent's Repertory to
	Hahnemannian Anatomical Schema
	Chapters and Rubrics related to anatomical
	structures, physiological processes and psychology
	in Kent's Repertory
5	Correlation of Anatomy, Physiology and Psychology 6
	with Repertory
	Introduction to correlation with Anatomy,
	Physiology and Psychology with Repertory
	<ul> <li>Chapters and Rubrics related to Anatomical parts in</li> </ul>
	Dr. Kent's Repertory
	Chapters and Rubrics related to Physiology in Dr.
	Kent's Repertory
	<ul> <li>Rubrics related to emotions, intellect and memory</li> </ul>
	in Mind chapter of Dr. Kent's Repertory

### 6.Teaching Learning Methods

Theory	Practicals/ Clinics
Lectures	Clinical Bedside Teaching
Small Group Discussion	Integrated Clinics
Integrated Lectures	Case Study
Integrated Seminars	Rubric Banks
Assignments	
Rubric Banks	
Library Reference	

	7.Conte	ent Mappin	g (Theory) of (	Course HomUG	-R-I					
ieric npeter		Millers Level: Does/Sho ws how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Competenc Y	SLO/ Outcome	Blooms Domain	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desira ble to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formativ e Assessm ent	Sum ative Asse men
ic 1- li	ntroduction t	to Repertory	y, Definition a	nd Meaning of	Repertory					
hering gratio o rmati	tion to Reperto	Knows	Get acquainted with tools required to search for remedy.	<i>Define</i> the term Repertory	Cognitive	Level I (Remember / recall)	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group discussio n	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce	
		Knows		<i>Explain</i> the meaning of Repertory	Cognitive	Level I (Remember / recall)	Desira ble to know	Lecture, Small Group discussio n	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce	
		Knows		Discuss the origin of the word Repertory	Cognitive	Level II (Understan d)	Nice to know	Lecture, Small Group discussio n	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce	
		Knows		<i>List</i> three uses and three limitations of Repertory	Cognitive	Level I (Remember / recall)	Must Know	Lecture, Integrate d teaching (with Materia Medica) Small Group discussio n	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce	

	[		[		I	Γ				
eric peten	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/Sho ws how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Competenc Y	SLO/ Outcome	Blooms Domain	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desira ble to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formativ e Assessm ent	Sum ative Asse mer
IC 2: Ne	eed and use	es of reperto	ory and repert	orisation						
nering gratio of rmati	Need and uses of repertor y and repertor isation	Knows	Get acquainted with tools required to search for remedy.	<i>Explain</i> the need of repertory	Cognitive	Level II (Understan d)	Must know	Lecture, Small Group discussio n	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce	
		Knows		ExplaintheneedofRepertorization to find asimillimum	Cognitive	Level II (Understan d)	Desira ble to know	Lecture, Small Group discussio n	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce	
		Knows		<i>Describe</i> the uses of Repertory	Cognitive	Level II (Understan d)	Must know	Lecture, Small Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce	
		Knows		Describe the limitations of Repertory	Cognitive	Level II (Understan d)	Must know	Lecture, Small Group discussio n	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce	
		Knows		DiscusstheuseofRepertory asatool	Cognitive	Level II (Understan d)	Desira ble to know	Lecture, Small Group discussio	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce	

										]
eric Ipeten	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/Sho ws how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Competenc Y	SLO/ Outcome select the remedy for a given case	Blooms Domain	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desira ble to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods n, Clinical Teaching	Formativ e Assessm ent	Sun ativ Asso mei
PIC 3: Te	rminologie	es relevant t	o Repertory	given ease						
PIC 3: Te hering gratio of ormati	Termino logies used in repertor y	Knows	To understand the definition of various terminologi es used in repertory in order to apply them for Repertoriza tion	<i>Define</i> different terminology associated with repertory	Cognitive	Level I (Remember / recall)	Must know	Lecture, Small Group discussio n,	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce	
		Knows		<i>Explain</i> the meaning and use of each terminology	Cognitive	Level II (Understan d)	Must know	Lecture, Small Group discussio n, Clinical teaching	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce	
		Knows		Apply the terminology in the process of Repertorizat ion	Cognitive	Level II (Understan d)	Must know	Lecture, Small Group discussio n, Clinical teaching	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce	
IC 4: Sc	hematic re	presentatio	n of chapters i	in Kent's repert	tory					

ric	Subject	Millers	Specific	SLO/	Blooms	Guilbert's	Must	T-L	Formativ	Sun
peten	Area	Level: Does/Sho ws how/ Knows how/ Knows	Competenc y	Outcome	Domain	Level	Know/ Desira ble to know/ nice to know	Methods	e Assessm ent	ativ Asso mer
ering gratio of mati lem ng	Schema tic represe ntation of chapter s in Kent's repertor y	Knows	To understand the arrangeme nt of Chapters in Dr. Kent's Repertory	<i>List</i> the 37 chapters of Kent's Repertory in the proper order	Cognitive	Level I (Remember / recall)	Must know	Lecture, Small Group discussio n, Clinical teaching	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce, OSPE	
		Shows how		Demonstrat e the relation of chapters in Kent's Repertory to Anatomy and Physiology and mental rubrics to Psychology	Cognitive	Level II (Understan d)	Must know	Lecture, Small Group discussio n, Clinical teaching	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce, OSPE	
		Knows		Discuss the correlation of chapters in Kent's Repertory to the schematic representati on of remedies in	Cognitive	Level II (Understan d)	Desira ble to know	Lecture, Small Group discussio n, Clinical teaching	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce, OSPE	

										7
eric ipeten	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/Sho ws how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Competenc Y	SLO/ Outcome Materia Medica	Blooms Domain	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desira ble to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formativ e Assessm ent	Sum ative Asse mer
				y with Reperto	-	<b>.</b>	I	<b>T</b>		
nering gratio of rmati olem ing	Correlat ion of Anatom y, Physiolo gy and Psychol ogy with Reperto ry	Knows	To correlate the knowledge of Anatomy, physiology And Psychology in constructio n of Repertory and Rubrics	Apply the correlation of Anatomical Structures to Chapters and Rubrics in Kent's Repertory	Cognitive	Level II (Understan d)	Must know	Lecture, Small Group discussio n, Clinical teaching	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce, OSPE	
		Knows		Relate physiological Processes to the Chapters and Rubrics in Kent's Repertory	Cognitive	Level II (Understan d)	Must know	Lecture, Small Group discussio n, Clinical teaching	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce, OSPE	
		Knows		Apply the correlation of psychology in Mind Chapter and Rubrics in	Cognitive	Level II (Understan d)	Must know	Lecture, Small Group discussio n, Clinical teaching	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce, OSPE	

ric	Subject	Millers	Specific	SLO/	Blooms	Guilbert's	Must	T-L	Formativ	Sun
eten	Area	Level:	Competenc	Outcome	Domain	Level	Know/	Methods	е	ative
		Door/Cha	у				Desira		Assessm	Asse
		Does/Sho ws how/					ble to		ent	men
		Knows					know/			
		how/					nice to			
		Knows					know			
		KNOWS								
				Kent's						
				Repertory						
		Shows		Locate	Psychomo	Level II	Must	Lecture,	MCQ,	
		how		rubrics	tor	(Control)	know	Small	SAQ, Viva	
				related to				Group	Voce,	
				Anatomy,				discussio	OSPE	
				Physiology				n, Clinical		
				and				teaching		
				Psychology						
				in Kent's						
				repertory						
		Knows		Apply rubrics	Cognitive	Level II	Must	Lecture,	MCQ,	
				related to		(Understan	know	Small	SAQ, Viva	
				Anatomy,		d)		Group	Voce,	
				Physiology				discussio	OSPE	
				and				n, Clinical		
				Psychology				teaching		
				in						
				understandi						
				ng remedies						
				in Materia						
				Medica and						
				Repertory						

#### 8.List of Practical Topics

S. No	Name of Topic	Activity/ Practical	TL Me	thod
1	Basic Structure of Repertory showing arrangement of rubric of anatomy, physiology and psychology	Arrangement of Chapters and rubrics related to anatomical structures, physiology and psychology (Emotions, intellect and behaviour) in Kent's Repertory	Integra BHMS	

#### 9. List of Recommended Books

- Dhawale ML (2000) Principles and Practice of Homoeopathy
- ✤ Hahnemann S (2017). Organon of Medicine 6<sup>th</sup> Edition
- Kent, JT- Repertory of the Homoeopathic Materia Medica (Sixth American Edition)
- ✤ Kishore, Jugal (2004) -Evolution of Homoeopathic Repertories and Repertorization
- Munir Ahmed R (2016). Fundamentals of Repertories: Alchemy of homeopathic methodology
- Patel, R.P (1998): The Art of Case Taking and Practical Repertorization
- Tiwari, Shashikant (2005) Essentials of Repertorisation

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# COMPETENCY BASED DYNAMIC CURRICULUM FOR

# FIRST BHMS PROFESSIONAL COURSE

(Applicable from Batch 2022-2023 onwards for 5 years or until further notification by National Commission for Homoeopathy whichever is earlier)

## (Human physiology & Biochemistry)



# HOMOEOPATHY EDUCATION BOARD NATIONAL COMMISSION FOR HOMOEOPATHY MINISTRY OF AYUSH, GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

JAWAHAR LAL NEHRU BHARTIYA CHIKITSA AVUM HOMOEOPATHY ANUSANDHAN BHAVAN

No.61-65, Institutional Area, opp. 'D' block, Janak Puri, New Delhi-110 058

Course- Human physiology & Biochemistry

Course code: Hom UG - PB

INDEX

S.No	Description	Page No
1	Preamble	02
2	Program Outcomes (PO)	03
3	Course Outcome (CO)	04
4	Teaching Hours	05
5	Course Content	09
6	Teaching Learning Methods	15
7	Content Mapping (Competencies Table)	16
8	Practical Topics	69
9	Assessment	71
10	List of Recommended Books	75
11	List of Contributors	76

#### 1. PREAMBLE

Physiology studies the functional organization of man at several levels like atom, chemical, cells, tissues, organ systems and the whole body to understand fundamental mechanisms that operate in a living organism. The underlying goal is to explain the operations in a living organism.

Besides satisfying a natural curiosity about how humans function, the study of physiology is of central importance in medicine and related health sciences, as it underpins advances in our understanding of disease and our ability to treat it more effectively. It is also important from psychological and philosophical viewpoints, helping us to understand the different systems. Homoeopathic Philosophy postulates the force animating every cell as the Vital Force which helps in homoeostasis. When it is deranged due to web of causes, disease develops.

Homoeopath must understand Man in a holistic way which would help him to deliver the therapeutic action for the purpose of bringing about a cure. Understanding the structural organisation i.e., Anatomy along with psychological organisation go hand in hand. Their interplay maintains health and delivers optimum function for healthy living and progressing towards higher purpose as per Hahnemannian guidelines. Hence physiology needs to be integrated horizontally with Anatomy, Materia Medica, Organon of Medicine, Psychology & Pharmacy as well as vertically with Pathology, Surgery, Obstetrics & Gynaecology, Community Medicine, Practice of Medicine & Repertory for better grasp of health, disease and process of cure.

Advances in biochemical processes have been occurring at an astonishing pace. The action of homoeopathic medicines does occur at sub-cellular levels. Hence an in-depth understanding and correlation of the processes in health and disease can open up a whole new way of understanding Homoeopathic drugs and their far-reaching effects.

#### 2.PROGRAMME OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course of the undergraduate studies, the homoeopathic physician must

- 1) Develop the knowledge, skills, abilities and confidence as a primary care homoeopathic practitioner to attend to the health needs of the community in a holistic manner
- 2) Correctly assess and clinically diagnose common clinical conditions prevalent in the community from time to time
- 3) Identify and incorporate the socio-demographic, psychological, cultural, environmental & economic factors affecting health and disease in clinical work
- Recognize the scope and limitation of homoeopathy in order to apply Homoeopathic principles for curative, prophylactic, promotive, palliative, and rehabilitative primary health care for the benefit of the individual and community
- 5) Be willing and able to practice homoeopathy as per medical ethics and professionalism.
- 6) Discern the scope and relevance of other systems of medical practice for rational use of cross referrals and role of life saving measures to address clinical emergencies
- 7) Develop the capacity for critical thinking, self reflection and a research orientation as required for developing evidence based homoeopathic practice.
- Develop an aptitude for lifelong learning to be able to meet the changing demands of clinical practice
- 9) Develop the necessary communication skills and enabling attitudes to work as a responsible team member in various healthcare settings and contribute towards the larger goals of national health policies such as school health, community health and environmental conservation.

#### 3. Course Outcomes (COs):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Discuss the Homoeopathic concept of health in relation to integrated body structure and functions.
- 2. Explain the normal functioning of the human body at all levels of organization.
- 3. Relate the concept of homoeostasis with relevant ideas in Anatomy, Materia medica and Organon of Medicine at BHMS I level .
- 4. Elucidate the physiological aspects of normal growth and development with focus on evolution.
- 5. Correlate micro functions at cellular level with macro functions at organ-system level.
- 6. Use necessary communication skills required for history-taking of the patient & relating various clinical findings in the patient.
- 7. Perform experiments in haematology, clinical physiology & biochemistry as required for the study of physiological phenomena and for assessment of normal function.
- 8. Identify the normal values of haematology, clinical physiology & biochemistry.
- 9. Perform clinical physiological examination under supervision.
- 10. Correlate knowledge of Organon & Materia Medica with Physiology.
- 11. Explain the integrated responses of the organ systems of the body to physiological and pathological stresses.

#### 4. TEACHING HOURS

Sr No.	Subject	Theoretical Lecture	Practical / Tutorial / Seminar / Clinical Posting
01	PHYSIOLOGY & BIOCHEMISTRY	325 hrs.	330 hrs.

### Theory Wise Teaching Hours Distribution – 325 Hours

Sr. No	Paper-I	
	List of System	Teaching Hours
1	General Physiology	20
2	Bio Physics Science	15
3	Skin & The Integumentary System	15
4	Body fluids & Immune mechanism	35
5	Nerve Muscle physiology	15
6	Cardiovascular system	20
7	Respiratory and Environmental Physiology	25
8	Renal Physiology	20
	Total	165
Sr. No	Paper-II	
	List of System	Teaching Hours
1	Central Nervous System	35
2	Endocrinology	30
3	Reproduction	15
4	Special Senses	20
5	Digestion and Nutrition	35
6	Biochemistry	25
	Total	160

Phy	siology – Practical – lab work		
No	Practical	Demonstration	Number of
		/ Performance	Teaching Hours
HAE	MATOLOGY		
1	Study of the Compound Microscope	Performance	05
2.	Collection of Blood Samples	Performance	05
3	Estimation of Haemoglobin Concentration	Performance	05
4	Determination of Haematocrit	Demonstration	05
5	Hemocytometry	Performance	05
6	Total RBC Count	Performance	10
7	Determination of RBC Indices	Demonstration	05
8	Total Leucocytes Count (TLC)	Performance	10
9	Preparation And Examination Of Blood Smear	Performance	10
10	Differential Leucocyte Count (DLC)	Performance	10
11	Absolute Eosinophil Count	Demonstration	05
12	Determination of Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate	Demonstration	05
13	Determination of Blood Groups	Performance	05
14	Determination of Bleeding Time and Coagulation Time	Performance	05
BIO	CHEMISTRY		
1	Demonstration of Uses Of Instruments Or Equipment	Demonstration	05
2	Qualitative Analysis of Carbohydrates, Proteins And Lipids	Performance	10
3	Normal Characteristics of Urine	Performance	04
4	Abnormal Constituents of Urine	Performance	10
5	Quantitative Estimation of Glucose, Total Proteins, Uric Acid in Blood	Performance	05
6	Liver Function Tests	Demonstration	04
7	Kidney Function Tests	Demonstration	04
8	Lipid Profile	Demonstration	04
9	Interpretation and Discussion of Results of Biochemical Tests	Demonstration	04
	Total		140

### Practical / Clinical Physiology / OPD Wise Teaching Hours Distribution – 330 Hours

CLIN	IICAL PHYSIOLOGY		
1	Case Taking & Approach to pt	Performance	05
2	General Concept Of Examination	Performance	10
3	Examination of muscles, joints,	Performance	10
4	Cardio-Vascular System – Blood Pressure Recording, Radial Pulse, ECG, Clinical Examination	Performance	15
5	Nervous System- Clinical Examination	Performance	15
6	Respiratory System- Clinical Examination, Spirometry, Stethography	Performance	15
7	Special Senses- Clinical Examination	Performance	15
8	Reproductive System- Diagnosis of Pregnancy	Performance	05
9	Gastrointestinal System- Clinical Examination	Performance	10
	Total		100
OPE	) – APPLIED PHYSIOLOGY		
1	OPD ( Applied Physiology )	Demonstration	90
		& Performance	
	TOTAL		90

### Semester Wise Distribution of Theory, Practical, Clinical Physiology & OPDs

Sr. No	Theory, Practical, Clinical Physiology & OPDs									
SEMESTER - 1										
Module 1.	Theory :									
Organization of the human body	General physiology									
	Bio Physics Science									
	Skin & The integumentary System									
	Clinical Physiology :									
	Case Taking & Approach to Patient									
	General concept of examination.									
Module 2	Theory :									
Principals of Support System &	Body Fluid & Immune Mechanism									
Movements with transportation	Nerve Muscles Physiology									

	Practical :						
	Study of the Compound Microscope						
	Collection of Blood Samples						
	Estimation of Haemoglobin Concentration						
	Determination of Haematocrit						
	Haemocytometry						
	Total RBC Count						
	Determination of RBC Indices						
	Total Leucocytes Count (TLC)						
	Preparation And Examination Of Blood Smear						
	Differential Leucocyte Count (DLC)						
	Absolute Eosinophil Count						
	<ul> <li>Determination of Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate</li> <li>Determination of Blood Groups</li> </ul>						
	Determination of Bleeding Time and Coagulation Time						
	Clinical Physiology :						
	Examination of muscles, joints,						
4 <sup>th</sup> Month – 5 days PA							
6 <sup>th</sup> Month – 10 days TT – including Viva V	oce						
	SEMESTER – 2						
Module 3.	Theory :						
Vital Maintenance of the human body	Cardiovascular System						
	Respiratory & Environmental Physiology						
	Clinical Physiology :-						
	<ul> <li>Cardio-Vascular System – Blood Pressure Recording, Radial Pulse, ECG, Clinical Examination</li> </ul>						
	Respiratory System- Clinical Examination, Spirometry, Stethography						
	OPD ( Applied Physiology )						

Module 4.	Theory
	Theory :
Control system of the human body with	Central Nervous System
continuity	Endocrinology
	Clinical Physiology :
	Nervous System- Clinical Examination
	Special Senses- Clinical Examination
	<ul> <li>Reproductive System – Diagnosis of pregnancy</li> </ul>
	• OPD
9 <sup>th</sup> Month – 5 days PA	
12 <sup>th</sup> Month – 10 days TT – including Viva V	
	SEMESTER - 3
Module 5.	Theory :
Energy maintenance of human body	Reproductive System
	Special Senses
	Digestion System & Nutrition
	Renal Physiology
	Bio-Chemistry
	Practical : -
	Demonstration of Uses Of Instruments Or Equipment
	Qualitative Analysis of Carbohydrates, Proteins And Lipids
	Normal Characteristics of Urine
	Abnormal Constituents of Urine
	Quantitative Estimation of Glucose, Total Proteins, Uric Acid in Blood
	Liver Function Tests
	Kidney Function Tests
	Lipid Profile
	<ul> <li>Interpretation and Discussion of Results of Biochemical Tests</li> </ul>
	Clinical Physiology :-
	,0,

	<ul><li>Gastrointestinal System- Clinical Examination</li><li>OPD</li></ul>
14 <sup>th</sup> Month – 5 days PA	
18 <sup>th</sup> Month – 12 days TT – including Viva Voce	e – University exam

#### **5.COURSE CONTENT**

- 1. The purpose of a course in physiology is to enable the students to learn the functions, processes and inter-relationship of the different organs and systems of the normal disturbance in disease so that the student is familiar with normal standards of reference while diagnosing deviations from the normal, and while treating the patients.
- 2. There can be no symptoms of disease without vital force animating the human organism and it is primarily the vital force which is maintaining state of health
- 3. Physiology shall be taught from the stand point of describing physical processes underlying them in health;
- 4. Applied aspect of every system including the organs is to be stressed upon while teaching the subject.
- 5. Correlation with Organon and philosophy especially the concept of health and its derangement the interplay of different cell, tissue organ and system, their representation in repertory and integration in HMM
- 6. There should be close co-operation between the various departments while teaching the different systems;

- 7. There should be joint courses between the two departments of anatomy and physiology so that there is maximum co-ordination in the teaching of these subjects;
- 8. Seminars should be arranged periodically and lecturers of anatomy, physiology and bio-chemistry should bring home the point to the students that the integrated approach is more meaningful.

#### THEORY:-

#### **1. GENERAL PHYSIOLOGY:**

- Introduction to cellular physiology
- Cell Junctions
- Transport through cell membrane and resting membrane potential Body fluids compartments
- Homeostasis

#### 2. BIO-PHYSICAL SCIENCES

- Filtration Ultra-filtration Osmosis
- Diffusion Adsorption Hydrotropy, Colloid
- Donnan Equilibrium Tracer elements Dialysis
- Absorption Assimilation Surface tension

#### 3. SKIN & THE INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM

- Skin & Integumentary System
- Layers of Skin
- Function of Skin
- Sweat
- Body temperature and its regulation

#### 4. BODY FLUID & IMMUNE MECHANISM

- Blood
- Plasma Proteins
- Red Blood Cells
- Erythropoiesis
- Haemoglobin and Iron Metabolism

- Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate
- Packed Cell Volume and Blood Indices
- Haemolysis and Fragility of Red Blood Cells
- White Blood Cell
- Immunity
- Platelets
- Haemostasis
- Coagulation of Blood
- Blood groups
- Blood Transfusion
- Blood volume
- Reticulo-endothelial System and Tissue Macrophage Lymphatic System and Lymph
- Tissue Fluid and Oedema

#### 5. NERVE MUSCLE PHYSIOLOGY

- Physiological properties of nerve fibres
- Nerve fibre- types, classification, function, Degeneration and regeneration of peripheral nerves
- Neuro-Muscular junction
- Physiology of Skeletal muscle
- Physiology of Cardiac muscle
- Physiology of Smooth muscle
- EMG

#### 6. CARDIO-VASCULAR SYSTEM

- Introduction to cardiovascular system Properties of cardiac muscle
- Cardiac cycle
- General principles of circulation Heart sounds
- Regulation of cardiovascular system
- Normal and abnormal Electrocardiogram (ECG)
- Cardiac output

- Heart rate
- Arterial blood pressure
- Radial Pulse
- Regional circulation- Cerebral, Splanchnic, Capillary, Cutaneous & skeletal muscle circulation.
- Cardiovascular adjustments during exercise

#### 7. RESPIRATORY SYSTEM AND ENVIRONMENTAL PHYSIOLOGY

- Physiological anatomy of respiratory tract
- Mechanism of respiration: Ventilation, diffusion of gases
- Transport of respiratory gases Regulation of respiration Pulmonary Function Test
- High altitude and space physiology Deep sea physiology
- Artificial respiration
- Effects of exercise on respiration

#### 8. CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM

- Introduction to nervous system Neuron
- Neuroglia
- Receptors
- Synapse
- Neurotransmitters
- Reflex
- Spinal cord
- Somato-sensory system and somato-motor system Physiology of pain
- Brain stem, Vestibular apparatus
- Cerebral cortex
- Thalamus
- Hypothalamus
- Internal capsule
- Basal ganglia
- Limbic system

- Cerebellum Posture and equilibrium
- Reticular formation
- Proprioceptors
- Higher intellectual function Electroencephalogram (EEG)
- Physiology of sleep
- Cerebro-spinal fluid (CSF) Autonomic Nervous System (ANS)
- 9. ENDOCRINOLOGY
  - Introduction of endocrinology and importance of PNEI axis Hormones and hypothalamo- hypophyseal axis
  - Pituitary gland
  - Thyroid gland
  - Parathyroid
  - Endocrine functions of pancreas Adrenal cortex
  - Adrenal medulla
  - Endocrine functions of other organs

#### **10. REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM**

- Male reproductive system-testis and its hormones; seminal vesicles, prostate gland, semen.
- Introduction to female reproductive system
- Menstrual cycle
- Ovulation
- Menopause
- Infertility
- Pregnancy and parturition Placenta
- Pregnancy tests
- Mammary glands and lactation Fertility
- Foetal circulation

#### **11. SPECIAL SENSES**

- Eye: Photochemistry of vision, Visual pathway, Pupillary reflexes, Colour vision, Errors of refraction
- Ear: Auditory pathway, Mechanism of hearing, Auditory defects

- Sensation of taste: Taste receptors, Taste pathways
- Sensation of smell: Olfactory receptors, olfactory, pathways Sensation of touch

#### **12. DIGESTIVE SYSTEM & NUTRITION**

- Introduction to digestive system
- Composition and functions of digestive juices
- Physiological anatomy of Stomach, Pancreas, Liver and Gall bladder, Small intestine, Large intestine
- Movements of gastrointestinal tract
- Gastrointestinal hormones
- Digestion and absorption of carbohydrates, proteins and lipids

#### **13. RENAL PHYSIOLOGY**

- Physiological anatomy of kidneys and urinary tract
- Fluid & electrolyte with acid base balance need to be include
- Renal circulation
- Urine formation: Renal clearance, glomerular filtration, tubular reabsorption, selective secretion, concentration of urine, acidification of urine
- Renal functions tests
- Micturition

#### **14. BIO-CHEMISTRY THEORY**

- Carbohydrates: (Chemistry, Metabolism, Glycolysis, TCA, HMP, Glycogen synthesis and degradation, Blood glucose regulation)
- Lipids: (Chemistry, Metabolism, Intestinal uptake, Fat transport, Utilization of stored fat, Activation of fatty acids, Beta oxidation and synthesis of fatty acids)
- Proteins: (Chemistry, Metabolism, Digestion of protein, Transamination, Deamination Fate of Ammonia, Urea cycle, End products of each amino acid and their entry into TCA cycle
- Enzymes: (Definition, Classification, Biological Importance, Diagnostic use, Inhibition)
- Vitamins: (Daily requirements, Dietary source, Disorders and physiological role)
- Minerals (Daily requirement, Dietary Sources, Disorders and physiological role) mineral metabolism
- Organ function tests

#### PRACTICAL & CLINICAL PHYSIOLOGY:-

No	Practical	Demonstration / Performance
	Haematology	
1	Study of the Compound Microscope	Performance
2.	Collection of Blood Samples	Performance
3	Estimation of Haemoglobin Concentration	Performance
4	Determination of Haematocrit	Demonstration
5	Hemocytometry	Performance
6	Total RBC Count	Performance
7	Determination of RBC Indices	Demonstration
8	Total Leucocytes Count (TLC)	Performance
9	Preparation And Examination Of Blood Smear	Performance
10	Differential Leucocyte Count (DLC)	Performance
11	Absolute Eosinophil Count	Demonstration
12	Determination of Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate	Demonstration
13	Determination of Blood Groups	Performance
14	Determination of Bleeding Time and Coagulation Time	Performance
	Biochemistry	·
1	Demonstration of Uses Of Instruments Or Equipment	Demonstration
2	Qualitative Analysis of Carbohydrates, Proteins And Lipids	Performance
3	Normal Characteristics of Urine	Performance
4	Abnormal Constituents of Urine	Performance
5	Quantitative Estimation of Glucose, Total Proteins, Uric Acid in Blood	Performance
6	Liver Function Tests	Demonstration
7	Kidney Function Tests	Demonstration
8	Lipid Profile	Demonstration
9	Interpretation and Discussion of Results of Biochemical Tests	Demonstration
	Clinical Physiology & OPD	
1	Case Taking & Approach to pt	Performance
2	General Concept Of Examination	Performance

3	Examination of muscles, joints,	Performance
4	Cardio-Vascular System – Blood Pressure Recording, Radial Pulse, ECG, Clinical Examination	Performance
5	Respiratory System- Clinical Examination, Spirometry, Stethography	Performance
6	Nervous System- Clinical Examination	Performance
7	Special Senses- Clinical Examination	Performance
8	Reproductive System- Diagnosis of Pregnancy	Performance
9	Gastrointestinal System- Clinical Examination	Performance
10	OPD	Demonstration & Performance

#### 6. TEACHING LEARNING METHODS

Different teaching-learning methods must be apply for understanding holistic and integrated way of physiology. There has to be classroom lectures, small group discussions, case discussion where case based learning (CBL) and problem based learning (PBL). In the applied physiology, Case discussion (CBL-PBL) methods are helpful for students. AV – Methods for demonstration of physiological processes will be very helpful. In process of Clinical Physiology – DOAP (Demonstration – Observation – Assistance – Performance) is very well applicable.

Practical & Clinics are the best medium to demonstrate all physiological processes in objective ways. They help us to understand and explain the physiological signs. Haematological & Biochemistry practical are done in laboratory, where one can apply the DOAP (Demonstration – Observation – Assistance – Performance) & OSPE (Objective Structured Practical Examination) methods. All this should be recorded in the journal.

In the clinics / OPD / IPD / Bed side there shall be exposure of Clinical & Applied Physiology. These can be demonstrated by DOAP (Demonstration – Observation – Assistance – Performance) & OSCE (Objective Structured Clinical Examination) methods. These methods are more objective, and t will help students to develop the attitude as clinicians. In these type of exposure students has to observe the teachers or consultants and able to corelate what they have learned in clinical physiology classes. They do not have to examine the patient by themselves but only observe the teachers. They can keep the record of all physiological function which are disturbed.

Other Innovative methods include preparation of charts and models.

#### 7.CONTENT MAPPING (COMPETENCY TABLE)

SEMESTER – 1

Topic No	1
Theory	General Physiology
Practical	-
<b>Clinical Physiology</b>	Case Taking & Approach to Patient

#### Learning Outcome: -

At the end of the chapter General Physiology, the student must be able to -

- Discuss the principles of cellular physiology.
- Classify cell junctions.
- Explain the process of transport through cell membrane
- Describe the resting membrane potential.
- Categorise body fluids compartments.
- Explain the concept of homeostasis

S.No	Generic	Subject	Miller'	Specific	Specific Learning	Bloom's	Guilbert's	Must know/	TL method /	Format	Summ	Integration -
	competency	area	s Level	competency	Objectives /	domain	level	desirable to	media	ive	ative	Horizontal /
					outcomes			know /		Assess	Assess	Vertical /
								nice to know		ment	ment	Spiral
Hom	Integration Of	Introducti	Knows	Definition &	Define	Cognitive	Level 1	Must know	Lecture,	MCQs	_	
UG-PB	Information	on & Cell		general	Physiology.		(Remember		Small group			
1.1	( K-1)			introduction			/ recall)		discussion			
Hom			Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	MCQs	Viva	Organon
UG-PB			How		importance of		Understand		Small group		Voce	
1.2					learning		/ interpret		discussion			
					physiology in a							
					homoeopathic							
					course							
Hom			Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	
UG-PB			How		Internal &		Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	
1.3					external		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	

					environment of Body							
Hom UG-PB 1.4	Integration Of Information ( K-1)	Homeosta sis	Knows How W	Describe and discuss the principles of homeostasis	Explain the regulation of internal environment	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Desirable to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine Pathology Organon
Hom UG-PB 1.5			Knows How		Explain homoeostasis & it's control	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	MCQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	
Hom UG-PB 1.6	Integration Of Information ( K-1)	The Cellular Level Organisati on	Knows How	Describe the structure and functions of a mammalian cell	Describe the structure of cell	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Pathology
Hom UG-PB 1.7			Knows How		Describe the functions of cell	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Pathology Organon
Hom UG-PB 1.8			Knows		List the organelles present in cell	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember / recall)	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
Hom UG-PB 1.9			Knows		Enumerate the functions of organelles	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember / recall)	Must Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Pathology
Hom UG-PB 1.10			Knows		List the name of intracellular junction	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember / recall)	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
Hom UG-PB 1.11			Knows How		Discuss the importance of intracellular Junction	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	MCQs	Viva Voce	Anatomy

					1	1						
Hom	Integration Of		Knows	To understand	Explain Passive	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Biochemistry
UG-PB	Information		How	transport	transportation		Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	
1.12	( K-1)			mechanisms			/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
				across cell								
				membranes								
Hom			Knows		Explain Active	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Biochemistry
UG-PB			How		Transportation		Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	
1.13							/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom			Knows		Explain Vesicular	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Biochemistry
UG-PB			How		Transportation		Understand		Small group		Viva	
1.14							/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom	Information	Clinical &	Shows	To conduct	Demonstrate	Affective	Level 1	Must know	Demonstrati	Observ	DOPS	
UG-PB	Gathering,	Applied	How	History taking	history taking		Receiving		on, Role	ation		
1.15	Integration Of	Physiolog			process				Play			
	information,	у										
	Problem											
	Integration											
	(K-2)											

Topic No	2
Theory	Bio Physics Science
Practical	-
<b>Clinical Physiology</b>	-

Learning Outcomes: -

At the end of the chapter Bio Physics Science, the student must be able to -

- Define biophysics.
- Illustrate the biophysical activity across the cell membrane.
- Explain membrane potential.
- Describe the chemical bond & solution.

S.No	Generic competency	Subject area	Miller's Level	Specific competency	Specific Learning Objectives / outcomes	Bloom's domain	Guilbert's level	Must know / desirable to know / nice to know	TL method / media	Formati ve Assessm ent	Summ ative Assess ment	Integration - Horizontal / Vertical / Spiral
Hom UG-PB 2.1	Integration Of Information	Bio Physics Science	Knows	To understand the bio- Physical	Define the terms Filtration& Ultrafiltration	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember / recall)	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistry
Hom UG-PB 2.2	( К-1)		Knows	science of cell membrane	Define intra cellular communication	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember / recall)	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistry
Hom UG-PB 2.3			Knows		Define the terms adsorption & Absorption	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember / recall)	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistry
Hom UG-PB 2.4			Knows		Define the terms Hydro trophy, Dialysis & Assimilation	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember / recall)	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistry Medicine
Hom UG-PB 2.5			Knows		Define Surface Tension	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember / recall)	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistry Medicine
Hom UG-PB 2.6	Integration Of Information ( K-1)		Knows How	Discuss the Membrane Physiology	Explain Action Potential	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistry
Hom UG-PB 2.7			Knows	&Membrane Potential	Define Donnan Equilibrium	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember / recall)	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistry
Hom UG-PB 2.8			Knows		Define Transmembrane Potential	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember / recall)	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistry

	1		[							L	1	
Hom			Knows		Explain nerve	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	
UG-PB			How		action potential		Understand		Small group		Viva	
2.9	_			-			/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom			Knows		Define Tracer	Cognitive	Level 1	Nice to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	
UG-PB					Elements		(Remember	know	Small group		Viva	
2.10							/ recall)		discussion		Voce	
Hom			Knows		Define	Cognitive	Level 1	Nice to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	
UG-PB					Rhythmicity of		(Remember	know	Small group		Viva	
2.11					some excitable		/ recall)		discussion		Voce	
					tissues							
Hom	Integration	The	Knows	Understand	Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Biochemistry
UG-PB	Of	Chemica	How	the chemical	Ionic Bond		Understand	know	Small group		Viva	
2.12	Information	l Level		bonds			/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom	(K-1)	Organis	Knows		Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Biochemistry
UG-PB		ation	How		covalent bond		Understand	know	Small group		Viva	
2.13							/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom	-		Knows		Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to	Lecture,	SAQs	Viva	Biochemistry
UG-PB			How		Hydrogen Bond		Understand	know	Small group		Voce	
2.14							/ interpret		discussion			
Hom	Integration		Knows	Understand	Define the terms	Cognitive	Level 1	Desirable to	Lecture,	MCQs	SAQs,	Biochemistry
UG-PB	Of			the inorganic	Colloid, Solution		(Remember	know	Small group		Viva	
2.15	Information			Compound &	& Suspension		/ recall)		discussion		Voce	
Hom	( K-1)		Knows	Solution	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Biochemistry
UG-PB			How		characteristics of		Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	
2.16					acids, Base &		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
					Salts							
Hom			Knows		Discuss acid -	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Biochemistry
UG-PB			How		base balance &	-	Understand		Small group		Viva	
2.17					its application to		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
					the concept of							
					рН							
Hom	1		Knows	1	Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	MCQs	SAQs,	Biochemistry
UG-PB			How		maintaining of		Understand		Small group		Viva	,
2.18					pH: Buffer		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
					System							

Topic No	3
Theory	Skin & The Integumentary System
Practical	-
<b>Clinical Physiology</b>	Demonstration of General Examination

#### Learning Outcomes: -

At the end of the chapter Skin & the Integumentary System, the student must be able to -

- Discuss the functions of skin, nail, and hair.
- Conduct examination of the Integumentary System under supervision.

S.No	Generic	Subject	Miller's	Specific	Specific Learning	Bloom's	Guilbert's	Must know/	TL method /	Format	Summat	Integration
	competency	area	Level	competency	Objectives /	domain	level	desirable to	media	ive	ive	- Horizontal
					outcomes			know / nice		Assess	Assessm	/ Vertical /
								to know		ment	ent	Spiral
Hom	Integration Of	Skin &	Knows	Understand the	Discuss layers of	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB	Information	The	How	Structure &	skin with their		Understand		Small group		Viva	Medicine
3.1	( K-1)	Integum		function of Skin	functions		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	Organon

		entary System										Materia Medica Pharmacy
Hom UG-PB 3.2			Knows How	-	Relate the structure of hair with its function	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
Hom UG-PB 3.3			Knows How		Relate the structure of nail with its function	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Desirable To Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
Hom UG-PB 3.4			Knows How		Relate the structure of different glands of skin with their functions	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
Hom UG-PB 3.5			Knows How		Describe the glands of skin	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
Hom UG-PB 3.6			Knows How		Explain the regulation of body temperature through skin	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
Hom UG-PB 3.7	Information Gathering , Integration Of information, Droblem	Physiolo	Shows How	To demonstrate General examination	Demonstrate the examination of Skin & Mucus Membrane	Psycho Motor	Level 1 Observe / Imitate	Must know	DOAP	Observ ation	OSCE	Medicine
Hom UG-PB 3.8	Problem Integration (K-2)	gy	Shows How		Demonstrate the examination of Conjunctive, Nail & Glands	Psycho Motor	Level 1 Observe / Imitate	Must know	DOAP	Observ ation	OSCE	Medicine

Topic No	4
Theory	Nerve Muscle Physiology
Practical	-
Clinical Physiology	Demonstrate effect of mild, moderate and severe exercise and record changes in cardiorespiratory parameters
	Perform Ergography, Examination of muscles, joints,

#### Learning Outcomes: -

At the end of the chapter Nerve Muscle Physiology, the student must be able to -

- Discuss the properties and functions of neurons.
- Illustrate a neuromuscular junction.
- Classify muscle fibres.
- Describe the properties of skeletal, cardiac, and smooth muscle fibres.
- Demonstrate effect of mild, moderate and severe exercise and record changes in cardiorespiratory parameters.
- Perform Ergography under supervision.

S.No	Generic competency	Subject area	Miller's Level	Specific competency	Specific Learning Objectives / outcomes	Bloom's domain	Guilbert's level	Must know / desirable to know / nice to know	TL method / media	Format ive Assess ment	Summat ive Assessm ent	Integration - Horizontal / Vertical / Spiral
Hom UG-PB	Integration Of	Nerve Muscle	Knows	To understand the functional	Define Neuron Classify neurons	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember/	Must know	Lecture, Small group	SAQs	SAQs, Viva	Anatomy
4.1	Information	Physiol		anatomy of			recall)		discussion		Voce	
Hom	(К-1)	ogy	Knows	Nerve fibers	Explain	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	MCQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB			How		structure and		Understand		Small group		Viva	
4.2							/ interpret		discussion		Voce	

				function of neuroglia							
Hom UG-PB 4.3	Integration Of Information (K-1)	Knows	To understand the physiological properties of	Define the terms Excitability & Conductivity	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember/ recall)	Desirable To Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs Viva Voce	
Hom UG-PB 4.4		Knows How	nerve fibers	Discuss graded & action potential	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
Hom UG-PB 4.5	Integration Of Information	Knows How	To understand the degeneration	Discuss the causes & grade of injury	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
Hom UG-PB 4.6	( К-1)	Knows How	& regeneration of neuron	Identify the stages of degeneration	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Desirable To Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Pathology
Hom UG-PB 4.7		Knows How		Discuss the stages of regeneration	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Desirable To Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
Hom UG-PB 4.8	Integration Of Information (K-1)	Knows How	To describe Neuromuscula r Junction	Illustrate the Structure of Neuro-Muscular Junction	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
Hom UG-PB 4.9		Knows How		Discuss the Neuromuscular Transmission	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	Viva Voce	Anatomy
Hom UG-PB 4.10		Knows How		Discuss Disorders of neuromuscular Junction	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion, CBL, PBL	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine

Hom	Integration	Knows	To understand	Illustrate the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable To	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB	Of	How	the	mechanism of		Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	
4.11	Information		physiological	skeletal muscle		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
	( K-1)		properties of	contraction.							
			Skeletal	Describe the							
			Muscle	general							
				mechanism of							
				muscle							
				contraction.							
Hom		Knows		Discuss	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to know	Lecture,	SAQs	Viva	
UG-PB		How		Molecular		Understand		Small group		Voce	
4.12				mechanism		/ interpret		discussion			
Hom		Knows		Discuss	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to know	Lecture,	SAQs	Viva	Anatomy
UG-PB		How		Energetic of		Understand		Small group		Voce	
4.13				muscle		/ interpret		discussion			
				contraction							
Hom		Knows	-	Discuss	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable To	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	
UG-PB		How		Excitation of		Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	
4.14				skeletal muscle		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom	Integration	Knows	To understand	Explain	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB	Of	How	the	Contraction of		Understand		Small group		Viva	
4.15	Information		physiological	smooth muscle		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
	( K-1)		properties of								
Hom		Knows	Smooth	Explain Nervous	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable To	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB		How	Muscle	& hormonal		Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	
4.16				control of		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
				smooth muscle							
				contraction							
Hom	Integration	Knows	To understand	Illustrate	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB	Of	How	the	Functional	-	Understand		Small group		Viva	
4.17	Information		physiological	Anatomy of		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
	( K-1)		properties of	cardiac Muscle							
Hom		Knows	Cardiac	Explain process	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	MCQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB		How	Muscle	of excitability &	Cognitive	Understand		Small group	WICQ3	Viva	Anatomy
4.18		110 W		contractility		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
4.10	1			contractility		/ interpret		uiscussion		VULE	

Hom			Knows		Explain	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	MCQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB			How		properties of		Understand		Small group		Viva	
4.19					cardiac muscle		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom			Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB			How		disorders of		Understand		Small group		Viva	
4.20					Skeletal		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
					Muscles							
Hom	Information	Clinical	Shows	Demonstrate	Measure the	Psycho	Level 2	Must Know	Demonstrati	Observ	OSCE	Medicine
UG-PB	Gathering ,	&	How	effect of mild,	parameters of	Motor	Control		on	ation		
4.21	Integration	Applied		moderate and	cardio-							
	Of	Physiol		severe	pulmonary							
	information,	ogy Of		exercise and	changes during							
	Problem	Muscle		record	exercise							
	Integration			changes in								
	(K-2)			cardio -								
				respiratory								
				parameters								
Hom			Shows	Perform	Demonstrate	Psycho	Level 1	Nice to know	Demonstrati	Observ	OSCE	Medicine
UG-PB			How	Ergography	the sequence of	Motor	Observe /		on	ation		
4.22					performing		Imitate					
					ergography.							

Topic No	5
Theory	Body Fluid& Immune Mechanism
Practical	Hematology
<b>Clinical Physiology</b>	

At the end of the chapter on Body Fluid & Immune System & Hematology, the student must be able to -

- Describe the composition and functions of blood components
- Describe the origin, Forms, Variations and functions of plasma Protein
- Illustrate the synthesis of Haemoglobin
- Describe RBC formation (erythropoiesis) and its regulation
- Describe WBC formation (granulopoiesis) and its regulation
- Classify Anaemias & Jaundice
- Explain the role of lymphoid tissues in immune responses
- Classify different types of immunity
- Describe the development and regulation of immunity.
- Explain the formation and functions of platelets.
- Illustrate the physiological basis of haemostasis
- Describe different blood groups
- Discuss the clinical importance of blood grouping
- Describe blood transfusion
- Estimate Hb, RBC, TLC, RBC indices, DLC, Blood groups, BT/CT

S.No	Generic competenc Y	Subject area	Miller's Level	Specific competency	Specific Learning Objectives / outcomes	Bloom's domain	Guilbert's level	Must know / desirable to know / nice to know	TL method / media	Format ive Assess ment	Summa tive Assess ment	Integration Horizontal / Vertical / Spiral	
Hom UG-PB 5.1	Integration Of Information (K-1)	Blood Fluid and It's Constitue	Knows How	Describe the composition and functions of blood	Discuss the composition of Blood	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	MCQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy	
Hom UG-PB 5.2		nts	Knows How	components	Describe the function of blood	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Pathology Medicine	
Hom UG-PB 5.3			Knows		Define serum	Cognitive	Level 1 recall	Must Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Pathology Medicine	
Hom UG-PB 5.4			Knows How		Explain the difference between serum & Plasma	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistry	1
Hom UG-PB 5.5	Integration Of Information ( K-1)		Knows How	Describe the origin, Forms, Variations and functions of	Discuss the origin of plasma protein	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistry	'
Hom UG-PB 5.6			Knows How	plasma Protein	Explain the forms and functions of plasma proteins	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Pathology	
Hom UG-PB 5.7			Knows How		Identify the relation of diet to plasma protein	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce		
Hom UG-PB 5.8	Integration Of Information ( K-1)		Knows How	Describe and discuss the synthesis and	Illustrate the structure of Haemoglobin	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistry	/

Hom		Knows	functions of	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must Know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Biochemistr
UG-PB		How	Haemoglobin	synthesis of		Understand		Small group		Viva	
5.9				Haemoglobin		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom		Knows		Define Normal	Cognitive	Level 1	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Biochemistr
UG-PB				function of		recall		Small group		Viva	Materia
5.10				Haemoglobin				discussion		Voce	Medica
Hom		Knows		State normal	Cognitive	Level 1	Must know	Lecture,	MCQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB				Value of		recall		Small group		Viva	
5.11				different				discussion		Voce	
				varieties of							
				Haemoglobin							
Hom	]	Knows	]	Explain Iron	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Biochemistr
UG-PB		How		metabolism		Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	
5.12						/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom	Integration	Knows	Describe RBC	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desire to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB	Of	How	formation	normal structure		Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	Pathology
5.13	Information		(erythropoiesis	of RBC with its		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	Medicine
	( K-1)		& its	morphology							
Hom		Knows	regulation) and	discuss stages	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
UG-PB		How	its functions	and regulation of		Understand		Small group		Viva	
5.14				erythropoiesis		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom	-	Knows	-	Discuss the fate	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	
UG-PB		How		of RBC		Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	
5.15						/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB		How		hemolysis		Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	FMT
5.16						/ interpret		discussion,		Voce	
								CBL			
Hom	Information	Knows	Describe	Classify the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	MCQs	LAQs,	Medicine,
UG-PB	Gathering	How	different types	anemia		Understand		Small group		Viva	Pathology
5.17	,Integration		of anemia &	according to		/ interpret		discussion,		Voce	
	Of		Jaundice	their morphology				CBL, PBL			
	information			& etiology							

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Hom	, Problem	Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	MCQs	LAQs,	Medicine,
UG-PB	Integration	How		different anemia		Understand	know	Small group		Viva	Pathology
5.18	(K-2)					/ interpret		discussion,		Voce	Materia
								CBL, PBL			Medica
											Repertory
Hom		Knows		Enumerate the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB		How		different		Understand	know	Small group		Viva	
5.19				abnormal		/ interpret		discussion,		Voce	
				functions in				CBL, PBL			
				anaemia				-			
Hom		Knows	-	Discuss the fate	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine,
UG-PB		How		of bilirubin	•	Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	Pathology
5.20						/ interpret		discussion,		Voce	Materia
								CBL			Medica
								-			Repertory
Hom	1	Knows		Explain	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Materia
UG-PB		How		Physiological		Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	Medica
5.21				Jaundice		/ interpret		discussion,		Voce	Repertory
						,		CBL			,
Hom		Knows	-	Explain Jaundice	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to Know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB		How		in new-born	0	Understand		Small group		Viva	Materia
5.22						/ interpret		discussion,		Voce	Medica
						, ,		CBL			Repertory
Hom	Integration	Knows	Describe WBC	Explain different	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	MCQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB	Of	How	formation	condition of	0	Understand		Small group		Viva	Pathology
5.23	Information		(granulopoiesis	leucocyte count		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	0,
	( K-1)		) and its	in our body		,					
Hom		Knows	regulation	Classify different	Cognitive	Level 2	Must Know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Pathology
UG-PB		How		type of WBCs	0	Understand		Small group		Viva	0,
5.24				,,,		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom	1	Knows	1	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Pathology
UG-PB		How		function of WBCs		Understand		Small group		Viva	Medicine
5.25				as per their		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
5.25				classification		, merpree					
Hom	-	Knows	-	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Pathology
UG-PB		How		phagocytosis	200.11110	Understand	Know	Small group	5	Viva	
5.26						/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
5.20	1		1		l	, incorpret		41504551011	I	VULL	1

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Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must Know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	
UG-PB		How		stages of		Understand		Small group		Viva	
5.27				leucopoiesis with		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
				its regulation							
Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB		How		conditions that		Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	Surgery
5.28				cause abnormal		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	Pathology
				value of							
				leucocyte							
Hom	Integration	Knows	Describe the	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must Know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB	Of	How	formation of	structure &		Understand		Small group		Viva	Pathology
5.29	Information		platelets,	function of		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
	( K-1)		functions and	Platelets							
Hom	-	Knows	variations.	Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must Know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	
UG-PB		How		Thrombopoiesis	coginave	Understand	indst know	Small group	5/105	Viva	
5.30		11000		monoopoicsis		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom		Knows	-	Discuss its count	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	MCQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB		How		& variation of	0080	Understand		Small group		Viva	
5.31				platelets		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom	Integration	Knows	Describe the	Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Pathology
UG-PB	Of	How	physiological	process of	U	(Understand		Small group		Viva	Materia
5.32	Information		basis of	coagulation		, / interpret)		discussion		Voce	Medica
	( K-1)		haemostasis	-							
Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	
UG-PB		How		mechanism of		Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	
5.33				haemostasis		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom		Knows		Explain stages of	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Pathology
UG-PB		How		clotting		Understand		Small group		Viva	Medicine
5.34				mechanism		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom	Integration	Knows	Describe the	Discuss	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	MCQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB	Of	How	clinical	hemorrhagic		Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	
5.35	Information		importance of	disorder		/ interpret		discussion,		Voce	
	( K-1)		blood					CBL			
			coagulation								

							•		•		•	
Hom	Integration		Knows	Describe	Classify the ABO	Cognitive	Level 1	Must Know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs	Pathology
UG-PB	Of	, <u> </u>	1	different blood	blood group		Recall	l	Small group		Viva	
5.36	Information	, I	1	groups	system				discussion		Voce	
Hom	(K-1)	, †	Knows	1 1	Discuss	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Pathology
UG-PB		, I	How		Landsteiner's	-	Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	Medicine
5.37		, I	1	!	Law		/ interpret	l	discussion		Voce	
Hom	Integration	, ſ	Knows	Discuss the	Describe Rhesus	Cognitive	Level 2	Must Know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	
UG-PB	Of	, I	How	clinical	Blood Group		Understand	l	Small group		Viva	
5.38	Information	ļ	1	importance of	1		/ interpret	l	discussion		Voce	
Hom	( K-1)	, ŀ	Knows	blood grouping	Discuss Rh	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine,
UG-PB	1	ļ	How	!	Incompatibility	Ŭ	Understand	l	Small group		Viva	Pathology
5.39	1	ļ	1	!	1		/ interpret	l	discussion		Voce	Obstetrics &
		ļ	1	!	1							Gynaecology
Hom	Integration	ļ	Knows	Describe blood	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Surgery
UG-PB	Of	ļ	How	transfusion	importance of		Understand	l	Small group		Viva	Medicine
5.40	Information	ļ	1	!	Blood		/ interpret	l	discussion		Voce	
	( K-1)	ļ	Ľ '	!	transfusion							
Hom	1	ļ	Knows	!	List causes for	Cognitive	Level 1	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Pathology
UG-PB	1	ļ	1	!	Blood		Recall	l	Small group		Viva	Medicine
5.41	1	ļ	1	!	transfusion			l	discussion		Voce	
	<u>لـــــا</u>	<u>ا</u>	Ļ'	ļ'	reaction			ļ				
Hom	Integration	Immune	Knows	Explain the role		Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Pathology
UG-PB	Of	Mechanis	How	of lymphoid	Macrophage		Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	Medicine
5.42	Information	m	1	tissues in	system		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
	(K-1)	ļ	·'	immune	<u>ا</u>			ļ				
Hom	1	ļ	Knows	responses	Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Pathology
UG-PB	1	ļ	How	!	morphology and		Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	
5.43	1	ļ	1	!	functions of		/ interpret	l	discussion		Voce	
	1	ļ	1	!	Lymphocytes &			l				
	1	ļ	·'	· ا	Plasma cell			·				
Hom	1	ļ	Knows	!	Explain the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB 5.44	1	ļ	How	!	functions of		Understand	l	Small group		Viva	
	1 I		1	1	spleen	1	/ interpret	1	discussion		Voce	

Hom			Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB			How		formation and	coginave	Understand	Know	Small group	5/105	Viva	Weaterine
5.45					functions of		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
5115					Lymph		, merpree				1000	
Hom	Integration		Knows	Define and	Define Immunity	Cognitive	Level 1	Must know	Lecture,	MCQs	SAQs,	Pathology
UG-PB	Of			classify	,	0	(Remember/		Small group		Viva	Medicine
5.46	Information			different types			recall)		discussion		Voce	Organon
Hom	( K-1)		Knows	of immunity.	Explain different	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	MCQs	LAQs,	Pathology
UG-PB			How		type of immunity		Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	Medicine
5.47							/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom	Integration		Knows	Describe the	Discuss	Cognitive	Level 2	Must Know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Pathology
UG-PB	Of		How	development	development of		Understand		Small group		Viva	
5.48	Information			of immunity	immune		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
	( K-1)			and its	response							
Hom			Knows	regulation	Discuss Auto -	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Pathology
UG-PB			How		immunity &		Understand		Small group		Viva	Medicine
5.49					Hypersensitivity		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom			Knows		Discuss	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Pathology
UG-PB			How		Immunodeficienc		Understand	know	Small group		Viva	Medicine
5.50					y Diseases		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom	Information	Hematolo	Shows	Estimate Hb,	Estimate Hb in	Psycho	Level 2	Must know	DOAP	Observ	Checkli	Pathology
UG-PB	Gathering	gy	How	RBC, TLC, RBC	the given sample	Motor	(Control)			ation	st	Medicine
5.51	,Integration	Practical		indices, DLC,								
Hom	Of		Knows	Blood groups,	Interpret results	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	DOAP	Observ	Checkli	Pathology
UG-PB	information		How	BT/CT	of Hb estimation		Understand			ation	st	Medicine
5.52	, Problem						/ interpret					
Hom	Integration		Shows		Perform RBC	Psycho	Level 2	Must know	DOAP	Observ	Checkli	Pathology
UG-PB	(K-2)		How		Total Count	Motor	(Control)			ation	st	
5.53					Estimation							
Hom			Knows		Interpret the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	DOAP	Observ	Checkli	Pathology
UG-PB			How		results of RBC		Understand			ation	st	
5.54					Total Count		/ interpret					
					Estimation							
Hom			Shows		Perform WBC	Psycho	Level 2	Must know	DOAP	Observ	Checkli	Pathology
UG-PB			How		Total Count	Motor	(Control)			ation	st	Medicine
5.55					Estimation							

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Hom		Kn	nows		Interpret the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	DOAP	Observ	Checkli	Pathology	
UG-PB		Ho	wc		results of WBC		Understand			ation	st	Medicine	
5.56					Total Count		/ interpret						
					Estimation								
Hom		Sh	nows		Perform WBC DC	Psycho	Level 2	Must know	DOAP	Observ	Checkli	Pathology	
UG-PB		Ho	w		estimation	Motor	(Control)			ation	st		
5.57													
Hom		Kn	nows		Interpret the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	DOAP	Observ	Checkli	Pathology	
UG-PB		Ho	w		results of WBC		Understand			ation	st		
5.58					DC estimation		/ interpret						
Hom		Sh	nows		Record RBC	Psycho	Level 2	Must know	DOAP	Observ	Checkli	Pathology	
UG-PB			w		indices	Motor	(Control)			ation	st	Medicine	
5.59													
Hom		Kn	nows		Evaluate RBC	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	DOAP	Observ	Checkli	Pathology	
UG-PB		Но	w		indices	•	Understand			ation	st	Medicine	
5.60							/ interpret						
Hom	-	Sh	nows		Perform Blood	Psycho	Level 2	Must know	DOAP	Observ	Checkli	Pathology	
UG-PB		Но	w		Group	Motor	(Control)			ation	st	0,	
5.61					identification		. ,						
Hom	-	Sh	nows		Perform BT / CT	Psycho	Level 2	Must know	DOAP	Observ	Checkli	Pathology	
UG-PB		Нс	w		,	, Motor	(Control)			ation	st	0,	
5.62							· · · ·						
Hom	-	Kn	nows		Interpret the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	DOAP	Observ	Checkli	Pathology	
UG-PB			w		results of BT / CT	5	Understand			ation	st	0,	
5.63					,		/ interpret						
Hom		Sh	nows		Record ESR	Psycho	Level 2	Must know	Demonstrati	Observ	Checkli	Pathology	
UG-PB		Нс	w			, Motor	(Control)		on	ation	st	0,	
5.64							. ,						
Hom		Kn	nows		Interpret the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	DOAP	Observ	Checkli	Pathology	
UG-PB			SW		results of ESR		Understand		_	ation	st		
5.65			_		estimation		/ interpret						
Hom	Information	Sh	nows	Describe steps	Record	Psycho	Level 1	Nice to know	Demonstrati	Observ	Observ	Pathology	
UG-PB	Gathering		SW	for reticulocyte	Reticulocyte	Motor	(Observe /		on	ation	ation		
5.66	,Integration			and platelet	count		Imitate)		-				
Hom	Of	Kn	nows	count	Interpret the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	DOAP	Observ	Checkli	Pathology	
UG-PB	information		ow ow		results of	500	Understand			ation	st	Medicine	
5.67	, Problem						/ interpret			3000		medicine	
5.07	,						, interpret					l	

	Integration		Reticulocyte								
	(K-2)		count								
Hom		Shows	Record Platelet	Psycho	Level 1	Nice to know	Demonstrati	Observ	Observ	Pathology	
UG-PB		How	Count	Motor	(Observe /		on	ation	ation		
5.68					Imitate)						
Hom		Knows	Interpret the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	DOAP	Observ	Checkli	Pathology	
UG-PB		How	results of		Understand			ation	st	Medicine	
5.69			Platelet Count		/ interpret						

### SEMESTER – 2

Topic No	6
Theory	Cardio Vascular System
Practical	
<b>Clinical Physiology</b>	Cardio-Vascular System – Blood Pressure Recording, Radial Pulse, ECG, Clinical Examination

## Learning Outcomes: -

At the end of chapter on Cardio Vascular System & its examination, the student must be able to -

- Describe the functional anatomy of the heart, with respect to its chambers, valves, input and output vessels, AV ring and electrical discontinuity, Conducting system, Coronary supply.
- Describe the properties of cardiac muscle including its morphology, electrical, mechanical and metabolic functions.
- Discuss the events occurring during the cardiac cycle
- Illustrate the haemo-dynamics of circulatory system
- Explain the regulation of cardiac output
- Describe the normal mode of conduction of the cardiac impulse
- Explain coronary, cerebral, capillary, pulmonary& splanchnic circulation
- List the major diseases of cardiovascular system,

- Record Pulse, blood pressure, and ECG
- Perform the clinical examination of cardiovascular system

S.No	Generic competency	Subject area	Miller's Level	Specific competency	Specific Learning Objectives / outcomes	Bloom's domain	Guilbert's level	Must know / desirable to know / nice to know	TL method / media	Format ive Assess ment	Summat ive Assessm ent	Integration - Horizontal / Vertical / Spiral
Hom UG-PB 6.1	Integration Of Information	Cardio Vascular System	Knows How	Describe the functional anatomy of	Describe the chambers of heart	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Human Anatomy
Hom UG-PB 6.2	( К-1)		Knows How	heart including - chambers, Sounds	Discuss the valves & the walls of heart	Cognitive	Level 2Understan d / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Human Anatomy
Hom UG-PB 6.3	Integration Of Information		Knows How	Describe Pacemaker tissue and	Explain the pacemaker of heart.	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Desirable to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine – Cardiology
Hom UG-PB 6.4	- (К-1)		Knows How	conducting system.	Describe the conducting system	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
Hom UG-PB 6.5	Integration Of Information ( K-1)		Knows How	Describe the properties of cardiac muscle including its	Discuss the Morphological Properties of heart	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
Hom UG-PB 6.6			Knows How	morphology, electrical, mechanical and metabolic	Discuss the electrical properties of heart	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
Hom UG-PB 6.7			Knows How	functions	Discuss the mechanical & metabolic Properties of heart	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	Viva Voce	Anatomy
Hom UG-PB 6.8	Integration Of		Knows	Discuss the events occurring	Define Cardiac cycle	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember / recall)	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine

Hom	Information	Knows	during the	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
UG-PB	( K-1)	How	cardiac cycle	events of cardiac		Understand		Small group		Viva	
6.9				cycle		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom		Knows		Explain the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
UG-PB		How		pressure changes		Understand		Small group		Viva	
6.10				during cardiac		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
				cycle							
Hom		Knows		Explain the ECG	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB		How		changes during		Understand		Small group		Viva	
6.11				each cardiac		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
				cycle							
Hom	Integration	Knows	Discuss heart	Define Heart	Cognitive	Level 1	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB	Of		sounds	Sound		(Remember		Small group		Viva	
6.12	Information					/ recall)		discussion		Voce	
Hom	( K-1)	Knows		Explain different	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	MCQs	LAQs,	
UG-PB		How		heart sounds		Understand		Small group		Viva	
6.13				with their		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
				measurement							
				technique							
Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB		How		clinical		Understand		PBL, Small		Viva	Surgery
6.14				importance of		/ interpret		group		Voce	
				Murmurs & Triple				discussion			
				heart sound							
Hom	Integration	Knows	Describe the	Discuss normal	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	MCQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB	Of	How	physiology of	ECG with it's		Understand		Small group		Viva	
6.15	Information		electrocardiogr	waves and		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
	( K-1)		am (E.C.G),	intervals						_	
Hom		Knows		Explain in	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	
UG-PB		How		electrocardiograp		Understand		Small group		Viva	
6.16				hy with unipolar		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
				& bipolar							
				recording.							
Hom	Information	Knows	Discuss	Classify	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB	Gathering	How	arrhythmia,	arrythmias		Understand		PBL, Small		Viva	
6.17	,Integration		heart block and			/ interpret		group		Voce	
	Of		myocardial					discussion			

Hom	information	Knows	Infarction	Explain Different	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture, PBL	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB	Problem	How		degree of heart		Understand	Know	, Small		Viva	Pathology
6.18	Integration			block. Explain		/ interpret		group		Voce	Materia
	(K-2)			Myocardial				discussion			Medica
				Infarction							Repertory
Hom	Integration	Knows	Describe	List the functions	Cognitive	Level 1	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB	Of		haemo-	of circulation		Recall	know	Small group		Viva	
6.19	Information		dynamics of					discussion		Voce	
	(K-1)		circulatory	<b>C</b> (1) (1)	<b>0</b>		<b>A A A A</b>				
Hom		Knows	system	State the	Cognitive	Level 1	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB				functions of heart		Recall	know	Small group		Viva	
6.20								discussion		Voce	
Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to know	Lecture,	MCQs	Viva	
UG-PB		How		pressure changes		Understand		Small group		Voce	
6.21				in vascular		/ interpret		discussion			
	-			system							
Hom		Knows		Recall the	Cognitive	Level	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB				structure of the		1Recall	Know	Small group		Viva	
6.22				blood vessels				discussion		Voce	
Hom	Integration	Knows	Describe the	Identify the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB	Of	How	factors	factors affecting		Understand		Small group		Viva	
6.23	Information		affecting heart	heart rate and		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
	( K-1)		rate,	how it affects							
Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	
UG-PB		How		mechanism of		Understand	know	Small group		Viva	
6.24				control of heart		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
				rate							
Hom	Integration	Knows	Describe the	Define cardiac	Cognitive	Level 1	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs	Materia
UG-PB	Of		regulation of	output		(Remember		Small group		Viva	Medica
6.25	Information		cardiac output			/ recall)		discussion		Voce	Repertory
	( K-1)										
Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB		How		distribution of		Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	
6.26				cardiac output		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	

Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
UG-PB		How		factors affecting		Understand		Small group		Viva	
6.27				cardiac output		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom		Knows		Discuss in detail	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
UG-PB		How		the Control		Understand		Small group		Viva	
6.28				mechanism of		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
				cardiac output							
Hom	Integration	Knows	Understand the	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB	Of	How	blood pressure	importance of		Understand		PBL, Small		Viva	
6.29	Information ( K-1)		regulation	blood pressure		/ interpret		group discussion		Voce	
Hom	1	Knows		State the factors	Cognitive	Level 1	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB				affecting arterial		Recall		Small group		Viva	
6.30				blood pressure				discussion		Voce	
Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must Know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB		How		determinants of		Understand		Small group		Viva	
6.31				arterial blood		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
				pressure							
Hom		Knows		Describe	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	PBL,	SAQs	LAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB		How		regulation of		Understand		Lecture,		Viva	
6.32				arterial blood		/ interpret		Small group		Voce	
				pressure				discussion			
Hom	Integration	Knows	Describe	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to know	Lecture,	SAQs	Viva	
UG-PB	Of	How	coronary,	capillary		Understand		Small group		Voce	
6.33	Information		cerebral,	circulation		/ interpret		discussion			
	( K-1)		capillary,								
Hom		Knows	pulmonary &	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB		How	splenic	Coronary		Understand	know	Small group		Viva	Pathology
6.34			circulation	circulation		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB		How		Cerebral		Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	Pathology
6.35				circulation		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to know	Lecture,	SAQs	Viva	Medicine
UG-PB		How		Splenic		Understand		Small group		Voce	
6.36				circulation		/ interpret		discussion			

Hom UG-PB 6.37		Knows How		Discuss Pulmonary circulation	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
Hom UG-PB 6.38	Information Gathering ,Integration Of	Knows How	Describe the mechanism of shock, syncope & Hypertension	Explain mechanism responsible for shock & syncope	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	CBL, Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine Pathology
Hom UG-PB 6.39	information, Problem Integration (K-2)	Knows How		Discuss the mechanism of hypertension	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	CBL, Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine Pathology Materia Medica Organon
Hom UG-PB 6.40	Information Gathering ,Integration Of	Shows How	Record blood pressure at rest and in different grades of	Measure the blood pressure in resting &different grade of exercise		Level 2 (Control)	Must know	Demonstrati on	Observ ation	OSCE	Medicine
Hom UG-PB 6.41	information, Problem Integration (K-2)	Knows How	Exercise and postures	Discuss the variation between different blood pressure values after measurement	Cognitive	Level 2 (Understan ding)	Must know	CBL, Lecture, Small group discussion	Observ ation	OSCE	Medicine
Hom UG-PB 6.42	Information Gathering ,Integration Of	Shows How	Record pulse at rest and in different grades of		Psycho- motor	Level 2 (Control)	Must know	Demonstrati on	Observ ation	OSCE	Medicine
Hom UG-PB 6.43	information, Problem Integration (K-2)	Knows How	Exercise and postures	Discuss the variation between different arterial pulse value after measurement	Cognitive	Level 2 (Understan d)	Must know	CBL, Lecture, Small group discussion	Observ ation	OSCE	Medicine

Hom	Information	Shows	Record ECG	Record ECG in a	Psycho-	Level 2	Desirable to	Demonstrati	Observ	OSCE	Medicine
UG-PB	Gathering,	How		volunteer.	motor	(Control)	know	on	ation		
6.44	Integration										
	of										
	information,	Knows		Identify the	Cognitive	Level 1	Nice to Know	CBL,		OSCE	
	Problem			features of a		(Recall)		Lecture,			
	Integration			normal ECG.				Small group			
	(K-2)							discussion			
Hom	Information	Shows	Demonstrate	Locate the Apex	Psycho-	Level 2	Must know	Demonstrati	Observ	OSCE	Human
UG-PB	Gathering,	How	the correct	beat	motor	(Control)		on	ation		Anatomy
6.45	Integration		clinical								
	Of		examination of								
Hom	information,	Shows	the cardio	Auscultate for	Psycho-	Level 2	Must know	Demonstrati	Observ	OSCE	Medicine
UG-PB	Problem	How	vascular	heart sound	motor	(Control)		on	ation	UJCL	Wedicine
6.46	Integration	1101	system	incurt sound	motor	(control)		on	ation		
Hom	(К-2)	Shows		Identify different	Psycho-	Level 2	Must know	Demonstrati	Observ	OSCE	Medicine
UG-PB		How		heart sounds	motor	(Control)		on	ation	5000	
6.47						()		-			

Topic No	7
Theory	Respiratory & Environmental Physiology
Practical	
<b>Clinical Physiology</b>	Respiratory System- Clinical Examination, Spirometry, Stethography

At the end of the chapter of Respiratory & Environmental Physiology, the student must be able to -

- Describe the functional anatomy of respiratory tract.
- Describe the mechanics of normal respiration
- Describe pressure changes during ventilation
- Describe lung volume and capacities
- Describe the transport of respiratory gases
- Describe the regulation of respiration
- Demonstrate the correct clinical examination of the respiratory system in a normal volunteer.

S.No	Generic competency	Subject area	Miller's Level	Specific competency	Specific Learning Objectives / outcomes	Bloom's domain	Guilbert's level	Must know / desirable to know / nice to know	TL method / media	Format ive Assess ment	Summat ive Assessm ent	Integration Horizontal / Vertical / Spiral
Hom UG-PB 7.1	Integration Of Information ( K-1)	Respirator y & Environme ntal	How	Describe the functional anatomy of respiratory	Identify the different parts of upper respiratory tract	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
Hom UG-PB 7.2	-	Physiology	Knows How	tract	Describe the importance of different parts of lower respiratory tract	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
Hom UG-PB 7.3			Knows How		Identify the different parts of tracheo – bronchial tree, Respiratory membrane & pleura	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
Hom UG-PB 7.4			Knows How		Explain the properties of Gases	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	

Hom		Knows		Discuss non-	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB		How		respiratory		Understand		Small group		Viva	
7.5				function of		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
				respiratory							
				system							
Hom	Integration	Knows	Describe the	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB	Of	How	mechanics of	mechanism of		Understand		Small group		Viva	
7.6	Information		normal	Inspiration		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	-
Hom	( K-1)	Knows	respiration	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB		How		mechanism of		Understand		Small group		Viva	
7.7				Expiration		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom	Integration	Knows	Describe	Discuss intra-	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB	Of	How	pressure	pulmonary		Understand		Small group		Viva	
7.8	Information		changes during	pressure		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom	( K-1)	Knows	ventilation	Discuss intra	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB		How		pleural pressure		Understand		Small group		Viva	
7.9						/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom	Integration	Knows	Describe lung	Discuss static	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	MCQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB	Of	How	volume and	lung volume &		Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	
7.10	Information.		capacities,	capacities		/interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom	(K-1)	Knows		Discuss dynamic	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	MCQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB		How		lung volume		Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	
7.11				and capacities		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom	Integration	Knows	Describe	Define surface	Cognitive	Level 1	Desirable To	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB	Of	How	alveolar	tension		(Remember	Know	Small group		Viva	
7.12	Information		surface tension			/ recall)		discussion		Voce	
Hom	(K-1)	Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	
UG-PB		How		significance of		Understand		Small group		Viva	
7.13				lung surfactant		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom	Integration	Knows	Describe the	Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
UG-PB	Of	How	transport of	Oxygen		Understand		Small group		Viva	
7.14	Information		respiratory	transportation		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom	( K-1)	Knows	gases	Explain the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
UG-PB		How		carbon dioxide	-	Understand		Small group		Viva	
7.15				transportation		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	

Hom	Information	Knows	Describe the	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
UG-PB	Gathering	How	regulation of	nervous		Understand		Small group		Viva	
7.16	,Integration		respiration	regulation of		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
	Of			respiration							
Hom	information,	Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
UG-PB	Problem	How		Chemical		Understand		Small group		Viva	
7.17	Integration			regulation of		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
	(K-2)			respiration							
Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	PBL,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB		How		physio clinical		Understand		Lecture,		Viva	
7.18				aspect of Apnea		/ interpret		Small group		Voce	
								discussion			
Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	PBL,	MCQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB		How		physio clinical		Understand		Lecture,		Viva	FMT
7.19				aspect of		/ interpret		Small group		Voce	Materia
				Dyspnoea,				discussion			Medica
				Asphyxia,							
				Oxygen toxicity							
Hom	Information	Know	Describe the	Define Hypoxia	Cognitive	Level 1	Must know	PBL,	MCQs	LAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB	Gathering		physio clinical			(Recall)		Lecture,		Viva	
7.20	,Integration		aspect of					Small group		Voce	
	Of		hypoxia					discussion			
Hom	information,	Knows		Classify hypoxia.	Cognitive	Level 1	Must know	PBL,	MCQS,	SAQs,	Pathology
UG-PB	Problem			Define Cyanosis		Recall		Lecture,	SAQs	Viva	Medicine
7.21	Integration							Small group		Voce	
	(K-2)							discussion			
Hom	Information	Knows	Describe the	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB	Gathering	How	principles and	principles of		Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	
7.22	,Integration		methods of	artificial		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
	Of		artificial	respiration							
Hom	information,	Knows	respiration,	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB	Problem	How		Methods of		Understand		Small group		Viva	
7.23	Integration			artificial		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
	(K-2)			respiration							

Hom	Integration	Knows	Describe the	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB	Of	How	physiology of	pressure		Understand	know	Small group		Viva	
7.24	Information		high altitude	changes during		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
	( K-1)		and deep sea	high altitude							
Hom	1	Knows	diving	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	
UG-PB		How		effect during		Understand	know	Small group		Viva	
7.25				Rapid & slow		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
				ascent on high							
				altitude							
Hom	1	Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	
UG-PB		How		pressure changes		Understand	know	Small group		Viva	
7.26				during Deep sea		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
				diving							
Hom	Information	Shows	Perform the	Perform the	Psycho-	Level 2	Must know	Demonstrati	Observ	Checklist	Medicine
UG-PB	Gathering	How	clinical	technique to	motor	(Control)		on	ation		
7.27	,Integration		examination of	assess normal							
	Of		the respiratory	respiratory rate,							
	information,		system in a	expansion of							
	Problem		normal	chest, in resting							
	Integration		volunteer	as well as							
	(K-2)			exercise							
				condition							
				through							
				inspection and							
				palpation							
Hom	1	Shows		Perform	Psycho-	Level 2	Must know	Demonstrati	Observ	Checklist	Medicine
UG-PB		How		percussion on	motor	(Control)		on	ation		
7.28				the chest							
Hom	]	Shows	]	Perform the	Psycho-	Level 2	Must know	Demonstrati	Observ	Checklist	Medicine
UG-PB		How		auscultation on	motor	(Control)		on	ation		
7.29				different parts							
				of lungs.							

Topic No	8
Theory	Central Nervous System
Practical	
<b>Clinical Physiology</b>	Nervous System- Clinical Examination

At the end of chapter of Central Nervous System, the student must be able to -

- Map the organization of nervous system.
- State the functions and properties of synapse.
- Explain the functions and properties of receptors
- Describe the functions and properties of reflex.
- Discuss the mechanism of chemical transmission in the nervous system.
- Describe somatic sensations & sensory tracts.
- Describe and discuss motor tracts & mechanism of maintenance of muscle tone.
- Describe the physiology of vestibular apparatus, Control of body movements, posture and equilibrium.
- Describe structure and functions of autonomic nervous system
- Explain the functions, lesion & sensory disturbance of Spinal cord

- Describe functions of cerebral cortex, basal ganglia, thalamus, hypothalamus, cerebellum and limbic system
- Describe behavioural and EEG characteristic during Sleep.
- Describe the physiological basis of memory, learning and speech
- Perform the clinical examination of the nervous system in a volunteer or on a simulator.

S.No	Generic competency	Subject area	Miller's Level	Specific competency	Specific Learning Objectives / outcomes	Bloom's domain	Guilbert's level	Must know / desirable to know / nice to know	TL method / media	Format ive Assess ment	Summat ive Assessm ent	Integration Horizontal / Vertical / Spiral
Hom UG-PB 8.1	Integration Of Information ( K-1)	Nervous System	Knows	Describe the organization of nervous system		Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember / recall)	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
Hom UG-PB 8.2			Knows How		Discuss the developmental aspect of central nervous system	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
Hom UG-PB 8.3			Knows		Classify nervous system	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember / recall)	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
Hom UG-PB 8.4	Integration Of Information (K-1)		Knows How	Describe the functions and properties of synapse.	Illustrate the physiological anatomy of synapse	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
Hom UG-PB 8.5			Knows How		Discuss the electrical events occurring at synapses	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
HomUG -PB 8.6			Knows How		Discuss the properties of synapse.	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	

HomUG -PB 8.7	Integration Of Information	Knows	Describe the functions and properties of	Define receptor	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember / recall)	Desirable to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs MCQs	SAQs Viva Voce	Anatomy
Hom UG-PB 8.8	( K-1)	Knows	receptors	Classify the sensory receptors.	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember / recall)	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	MCQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
Hom UG-PB 8.9		Knows How		Describe the Cutaneous receptor	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
Hom UG-PB 8.10		Knows How		explain the properties of receptor	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
Hom UG-PB 8.11	Integration Of Information	Knows How	Describe the functions and properties of	Discuss reflex arc	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
Hom UG-PB 8.12	(К-1)	Knows	reflex.	Classify reflexes	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember / recall)	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
Hom UG-PB 8.13		Knows How		Discuss the properties of reflex	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
Hom UG-PB 8.14	Integration Of Information	Knows	Describe the mechanism of chemical	Classify neuro- transmitters	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember / recall)	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
Hom UG-PB 8.15	( K-1)	Knows How	transmission in the nervous system.	Explain the different types of neuro- transmitter	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
Hom UG-PB 8.16	Integration Of Information	Knows	Describe somatic sensations &	Define sensory system	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember / recall)	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
Hom UG-PB 8.17	( K-1)	Knows How	sensory tracts	Discuss different sensory tracts of spinal cord	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs MCQs	LAQ, Viva Voce	Anatomy

Hom		Knows		Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB		How		sensory tracts of		Understand		Small group	MCQs	Viva	
8.18				spinal cord		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom		Knows		Explain the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs	Anatomy
UG-PB		How		somato-sensory		Understand	Know	Small group	MCQs	Viva	Medicine
8.19				cortex		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom		Knows		Explain the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB		How		somatic		Understand		Small group	MCQs	Viva	Medicine
8.20				sensation –		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	Materia
				touch, pressure,				Demonstrati			Medica
				pain,				on			Repertory
				temperature,							
				proprioception							
Hom	Information	Knows	Describe motor	Discuss motor	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB	Gathering	How	tracts &	areas		Understand		Small group	MCQs	Viva	
8.21	,Integration		mechanism of			/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom	Of	Knows	maintenance of	Discuss different	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB	information,	How	muscle tone	motor tracts of		Understand		Small group	MCQs	Viva	Medicine
8.22	Problem			spinal cord		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom	Integration	Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB	(K-2)	How		motor tracts of	0	Understand		Small group	MCQs	Viva	Medicine
8.23				spinal cord		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	CBL,	SAQs	LAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB		How		clinical		Understand		Lecture,	MCQs	Viva	Medicine
8.24				significance of		/ interpret		Small group		Voce	Materia
				Motor tracts of				discussion			Medica
				spinal cord							
Hom	Information	Knows	Describe the	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB	Gathering	How	physiology of	physiological		Understand		Small group	MCQs	Viva	Medicine
8.25	,Integration		vestibular	anatomy of		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
	Of		apparatus,	vestibular							
	information,		Control of body	apparatus							
Hom	Problem	Knows	movements,	Explain the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB	Integration	How	posture and	functions of		Understand		Small group	MCQs	Viva	Materia
8.26	(K-2)		equilibrium	vestibular		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	Medica
				apparatus							

Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB 8.27		How		common vestibular dysfunctions		Understand / interpret		Small group discussion	MCQs	Viva Voce	Materia Medica
Hom UG-PB 8.28	Integration Of Information ( K-1)	Knows How	Describe structure and functions of Autonomic	Differentiate between somatic and autonomic nervous system	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs MCQs	Viva Voce	Anatomy
Hom UG-PB 8.29		Knows How	nervous system (ANS)	Describe the divisions of Autonomic nervous system	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
Hom UG-PB 8.30		Knows How		Discuss the responses of effector organ to autonomic nerve impulse	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	Viva Voce	
Hom UG-PB 8.31	Information Gathering ,Integration	Knows	Explain the functions, lesion &	List the functions of Spinal cord	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember / recall)	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Medicine
Hom UG-PB 8.32	Of information, Problem	Knows How	sensory disturbance of Spinal cord	Illustrate the transection of spinal cord	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine, Surgery
Hom UG-PB 8.33	Integration (K-2)	Knows How		Describe the sensory disturbances of spinal cord	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
Hom UG-PB 8.34	Information Gathering ,Integration Of	Knows How	Describe functions of cerebral cortex, basal ganglia,	Discuss the connections & functions of cerebral cortex	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Medicine – Psychiatry Repertory
Hom UG-PB 8.35	information, Problem Integration (K-2)	Knows How	thalamus, hypo - thalamus, cerebellum and limbic system	Discuss the connections& functions of Basal Ganglia	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Desirable to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Medicine – Psychiatry

Hom		Knows	and their	Explain the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB		How	abnormalities	connections &		Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	Medicine –
8.36				functions of		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	Psychiatry
				Thalamus							Repertory
Hom		Knows	-	Explain the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB		How		connections&		Understand		Small group		Viva	Medicine –
8.37				functions of		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	Psychiatry
				Hypothalamus							Materia
											Medica
											Repertory
Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy,
UG-PB		How		connections &		Understand		Small group		Viva	Psychology,
8.38				functions of		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	Medicine –
				Limbic system							Psychiatry
											Materia
											Medica
Hom		Knows		Explain the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB		How		connections&		Understand		Small group		Viva	Medicine –
8.39				functions of		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	Psychiatry
				Cerebellum							Materia
											Medica
Hom		Knows		Explain the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Pathology
UG-PB		How		cerebellar lesions		Understand		Small group		Viva	Medicine –
8.40						/ interpret		discussion		Voce	Psychiatry
											Materia
											Medica
Hom	Integration	Knows	Describe	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to know	Lecture,	SAQs	Viva	
UG-PB	Of	How	behavioral and	importance of		Understand		Small group		Voce	
8.41	Information		EEG	EEG		/ interpret		discussion			
Hom	( K-1)	Knows	characteristic	Explain the	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to know	Lecture,	SAQs	Viva	
UG-PB		How	during	Physiological		Understand		Small group		Voce	
8.42			Sleep and	Basis of EEG		/ interpret		discussion			
Hom		Knows	mechanism	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB		How	responsible for	factors affecting		Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	
8.43			its production	sleep		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	

Hom		Knows		Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB		How		Physiological		Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	
8.44				changes during		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
				sleep							
Hom		Knows		Classify the types	Cognitive	Level 1	Nice to know	Lecture,	SAQs	Viva	Medicine
UG-PB				of sleep		(Remember		Small group		Voce	
8.45						/ recall)		discussion			
Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to know	Lecture,	SAQs	Viva	Anatomy
UG-PB		How		factors		Understand		Small group		Voce	Medicine
8.46				controlling sleep		/ interpret		discussion			
				cycle							
Hom	Information	Knows	Describe the	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB	Gathering	How	physiological	mechanism and		Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	Medicine
8.47	,Integration		basis of	development of		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
	Of		memory,	speech							
Hom	information,	Knows	learning	Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB	Problem	How	And speech	physiological		Understand		Small group		Viva	Medicine
8.48	Integration			basis of learning		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	Materia
	(K-2)										Medica
											Repertory
Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB		How		physiological		Understand		Small group		Viva	
8.49				basis of memory.		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB		How		applied		Understand		Small group		Viva	Materia
8.50				physiology of		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	Medica
				memory							Repertory
Hom	Information	Shows	Perform the	Perform	Psycho-	Level 2	Must know	Demonstrati	Observ	Checklist	Anatomy
UG-PB	Gathering	How	clinical	examination of	motor	(Control)		on	ation	OSCE	Medicine
8.51	,Integration		examination of	cranial nerves							
Hom	Of	Shows	the nervous	Perform	Psycho-	Level 2	Must know	Demonstrati	Observ	Checklist	Anatomy
UG-PB	information,	How	System : Higher	examination for	motor	(Control)		on	ation	OSCE	Medicine
8.52	Problem		functions,	speech							
Hom	Integration	Shows	sensory	Conduct the	Psycho-	Level 2	Must know	Demonstrati	Observ	Checklist	Anatomy
UG-PB	(K-2)	How	system, motor	assessment of	motor	(Control)		on	ation	OSCE	Medicine
8.53			system,	muscle tone		-					

Hom	Shows	reflexes, cranial	Conduct the	Psycho-	Level 2	Must know	Demonstrati	Observ	Checklist	Anatomy
UG-PB	How	nerves in a	assessment of	motor	(Control)		on	ation	OSCE	Medicine
8.54		normal	muscle power		· · · /					
Hom	Shows	volunteer or	Perform the	Psycho-	Level 2	Must know	Demonstrati	Observ	Checklist	Anatomy
UG-PB	How	simulated	clinical	motor	(Control)		on	ation	OSCE	Medicine
8.55		Environment	examination for							
			reflexes							
Hom	Shows		Perform	Psycho-	Level 2	Must know	Demonstrati	Observ	Checklist	Anatomy
UG-PB	How		Cutaneous	motor	(Control)		on	ation	OSCE	Medicine
8.56			sensory							
			examination							
Hom	Shows		Perform the	Psycho-	Level 2	Must know	Demonstrati	Observ	Checklist	Anatomy
UG-PB	How		clinical	motor	(Control)		on	ation	OSCE	Medicine
8.57			examination of							
			gait and posture							

Topic No	9
Theory	Endocrine System
Practical	
<b>Clinical Physiology</b>	Reproductive System – Diagnosis of pregnancy

At the end of chapter of Endocrine System& Diagnosis of pregnancy, the student must be able -

- Explain the mechanism of action of steroid, protein and amine hormones.
- Describe the regulation of secretion of hormones by hypothalamus.
- Discuss the synthesis, secretion, Transport, Physiological action, regulation & effect of altered secretion of-Pituitary gland; Thyroid gland; Para Thyroid glands; Adrenal glands; and Pancreatic Gland.
- Explain the physiology of Thymus & Pineal Glands, and the local hormones.

S.No	Generic competenc y	Subject area	Miller's Level	Specific competency	Specific Learning Objectives / outcomes	Bloom's domain	Guilbert's level	Must know / desirable to know / nice to know	TL method / media	Format ive Assess ment	Summat ive Assessm ent	Integration - Horizontal / Vertical / Spiral
Hom UG-PB 9.1	Integration Of Information	Endocrine system	Knows	Describe the mechanism of action of	Define hormones	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remembe r/ recall)	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
Hom UG-PB 9.2	- ( K-1)		Knows How	steroid, protein And amine hormones	Discuss the characteristic of hormones	Cognitive	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Desirable to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Psychology
Hom UG-PB 9.3			Knows How		Classify the hormones as per their chemistry	Cognitive	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Desirable to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistry
Hom UG-PB 9.4	Integration Of Information (K-1)		Knows How	Describe the regulation of secretion of hormones by hypothalamus	Discuss the regulation of hormone from the hypothalamus	Cognitive	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Medicine
Hom UG-PB 9.5			Knows How		Discuss the homoeostatic mechanism of secretion of hormone through Hypothalamus	Cognitive	Level 2 Understan d / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine

Hom	Integration	Knows	Discuss the	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB	Of	How	synthesis,	physiological	U U	Understan	Know	Small group	MCQs	Viva	Materia
9.6	Information		secretion,	anatomy of		d /		discussion		Voce	Medica
	( K-1)		Transport,	pituitary gland		interpret					
Hom		Knows	Physiological action,	Explain the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB		How	regulation &	secretion of		Understan	Know	Small group	MCQs	Viva	Materia
9.7			effect of	anterior		d /		discussion		Voce	Medica
			altered	pituitary		interpret					
			secretion of	hormone							
Hom	]	Knows	Pituitary gland	Explain the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
UG-PB		How	i itultary glaria	secretion of		Understan		Small group	MCQs	Viva	
9.8				growth		d /		discussion		Voce	
				hormone		interpret					
Hom		Knows		Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
UG-PB		How		functions of		Understan		Small group	MCQs	Viva	
9.9				growth		d /		discussion		Voce	
				hormone		interpret					
Hom	]	Knows		List the factors	Cognitive	Level	Nice to know	Lecture,	SAQs	Viva	
UG-PB				affecting growth		1Recall		Small group	MCQs	Voce	
9.10				hormone				discussion			
Hom	]	Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB		How		effects of		Understan		Small group	MCQs	Viva	Medicine
9.11				altered		d /		discussion		Voce	
				secretion of		interpret					
				growth							
				hormone							
Hom		Knows		Explain the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB		How		actions and		Understan		Small group	MCQs	Viva	Obstetrics &
9.12				control of		d /		discussion		Voce	Gynaecology
				secretion of		interpret					
				prolactin							
Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB		How		secretion of		Understan	Know	Small group	MCQs	Viva	
9.13				posterior		d /		discussion		Voce	
				Pituitary		interpret					
				hormones							

Hom		Knows		Explain the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
UG-PB		How		functions of	U	Understan		Small group		Viva	
9.14				ADH		d /		discussion		Voce	
						interpret					
Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB		How		functions of		Understan		Small group	MCQs	Viva	Obstetrics &
9.15				Oxytocin		d /		discussion		Voce	Gynaecology
			_			interpret					
Hom		Knows		Describe	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB		How		pituitary		Understan		Small group	MCQs	Viva	Medicine
9.16				insufficiency		d /		discussion		Voce	
						interpret					
Hom	Integration	Knows	Describe the	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB	Of	How	synthesis,	physiological		Understan	know	Small group		Viva	Materia
9.17	Information		secretion,	anatomy of		d /		discussion		Voce	Medica
	( K-1)		Transport,	Thyroid gland		interpret					Repertory
Hom		Knows	Physiological	Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	CBL,	SAQs	LAQs,	
UG-PB		How	action,	formation &		Understan		Lecture,		Viva	
9.18			regulation &	secretion of		d /		Small group		Voce	
			effect of	thyroid		interpret		discussion			
			altered	hormone							
Hom		Knows	secretion of	Explain the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	CBL,	SAQs	LAQs,	
UG-PB		How	Thyroid gland	transport &		Understan	Know	Lecture,		Viva	
9.19				metabolism of		d /		Small group		Voce	
				thyroid		interpret		discussion			
	_		-	hormone							
Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	CBL,	SAQs	LAQs,	
UG-PB		How		regulation and		Understan		Lecture,		Viva	
9.20				action of		d /		Small group		Voce	
				thyroid		interpret		discussion			
			-	hormone							
Hom		Knows		Explain the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	CBL,	SAQs	LAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB		How		effect of altered		Understan		Lecture,		Viva	
9.21				secretion of		d /		Small group		Voce	
				Thyroid		interpret		discussion			
				hormone							

Hom	Integration	Knows	Explain the	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to know	Lecture,	SAQs	Viva	Biochemistry
UG-PB	Of	How	synthesis,	calcium &		Understan		Small group		Voce	Medicine
9.22	Information		secretion,	phosphate		d /		discussion			Materia
	( K-1)		Transport,	metabolism		interpret					Medica
Hom		Knows	Physiological	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	
UG-PB		How	action,	action of		Understan	Know	Small group	MCQs	Viva	
9.23			regulation &	parathormone		d /		discussion		Voce	
			effect of			interpret					
Hom		Knows	altered	Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Biochemistry
UG-PB		How	secretion of	action of		Understan	Know	Small group	MCQs	Viva	
9.24			Para Thyroid	Calcitonin		d /		discussion		Voce	
			gland.			interpret					
Hom	]	Knows		Discuss the role	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Biochemistry
UG-PB		How		of Calcitonin in		Understan		Small group	MCQs	Viva	Medicine
9.25				the		d /		discussion		Voce	Materia
				maintenance of		interpret					Medica
				calcium							
				homoeostasis in							
				body							
Hom		Calcitonii		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB				effect of altered		Understan		Small group	MCQs	Viva	
9.26				secretion of		d /		discussion		Voce	
				para thyroid		interpret					
				hormone							
Hom	Integration	Calcitonii	Describe the	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to know	Lecture,	SAQs	Viva	Anatomy
UG-PB	Of		synthesis,	physiological		Understan		Small group		Voce	
9.27	Information		secretion,	anatomy of		d /		discussion			
	( K-1)		Transport,	Adrenal Cortex		interpret					
			Physiological	gland							
Hom	]	Calcitonii	action,	Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
UG-PB			regulation &	formation,		Understan		Small group		Viva	
9.28			effect of	secretion, and		d /		discussion		Voce	
			altered	functions of		interpret					
			secretion of	Glucocorticoid							
			Adrenal gland	hormone							

Hom		Knows		Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
UG-PB		How		formation,	0	Understan		Small group		Viva	
9.29				secretion, and		d /		discussion		Voce	
				functions of		interpret					
				Mineralocortico							
				id hormone							
Hom		Knows		Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	
UG-PB		How		formation,		Understan	know	Small group		Viva	
9.30				secretion, and		d /		discussion		Voce	
				functions of Sex		interpret					
				hormones							
Hom		Knows		Explain the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB		How		effects of		Understan	know	Small group		Viva	
9.31				altered		d /		discussion		Voce	
				secretion of		interpret					
				Adrenal cortex							
				hormone							
Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB		How		physiological		Understan	know	Small group		Viva	
9.32				anatomy of		d /		discussion		Voce	
				Adrenal		interpret					
				Medullary gland							
Hom	Integration	Knows	Describe the	Explain the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB	Of	How	synthesis,	physiological		Understan	Know	Small group		Viva	Materia
9.33	Information		secretion,	anatomy of		d /		discussion		Voce	Medica
	( K-1)		Transport,	Pancreatic gland		interpret					
Hom		Knows	Physiological	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
UG-PB		How	action,	action and		Understan	Know	Small group		Viva	
9.34			regulation &	regulation of		d /		discussion		Voce	
			effect of	Glucagon		interpret					
Hom		Knows	altered	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	CBL,	SAQs	LAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB		How	secretion of	action and		Understan		Lecture,		Viva	Materia
9.35			Pancreatic	regulation of		d /		Small group		Voce	Medica
			Gland	Insulin		interpret		discussion			

Hom		Knows		Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	CBL,	SAQs	LAQs,	Pathology
UG-PB		How		effects of		Understan		Lecture,	MCQs	Viva	Medicine
9.36				altered		d /		Small group		Voce	
				secretion of		interpret		discussion			
				Pancreatic							
				Hormone							
Hom	Integration	Knows	Describe the	Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	
UG-PB	Of	How	physiology of	functions of		Understan		Small group	MCQs	Viva	
9.37	Information		Thymus &	hormone of		d /		discussion		Voce	
	( K-1)		Pineal Gland	thymus gland		interpret					
Hom	7	Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	
UG-PB		How		functions of		Understan		Small group	MCQs	Viva	
9.38				hormone of		d /		discussion		Voce	
				pineal gland		interpret					
Hom	7	Knows	Describe the	State the	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to know	Lecture,	SAQs	Viva	
UG-PB		How	Physiology of	functions of		Understan		Small group	MCQs	Voce	
9.39			Local	Local hormones		d /		discussion			
			hormones			interpret					
Hom	Information	Shows	Describe the	Demonstrate	Psycho	Level 2	Must know	Demonstrati	Observ	Checklist	Obs&Gynec
UG-PB	Gathering	How	diagnosis of	the diagnosis of	Motor	(Control)		on	ation		
9.40	,Integration		pregnancy	pregnancy							
	Of			through Urine							
	information			pregnancy Strip							
	, Problem										
	Integration										
	(K-2)										

## <u>SEMESTER – 3</u>

Topic No	10
Theory	Reproductive System
Practical	
<b>Clinical Physiology</b>	

#### Learning Outcomes: -

At the end of the chapter on Reproductive System, the student must be able to -

- Describe the onset, progression, and stages puberty.
- Describe the structure and functions of male reproductive system.
- Describe the physiological effects of male sex hormone.
- Describe female reproductive system & functions of ovary and its Control.
- Describe menstrual cycle with hormonal, uterine and ovarian changes.
- Describe the physiological effects of female sex hormones.
- Discuss the contraceptive methods for male and female.
- Discuss the physiology of pregnancy, parturition & lactation.

Generic	Subject	Miller's	Specific	Specific Learning	Bloom's	Guilbert's	Must know	TL method /	Format	Summa	Integration -
competency	area	Level	competency	Objectives /	domain	level	/ desirable	media	ive	tive	Horizontal /
				outcomes			to know /		Assess	Assess	Vertical /
							nice to		ment	ment	Spiral
							know				
Integration	Reproduct	Knows	Describe the	Define puberty	Cognitive	Level 1	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Psychology
Of	ive System		onset,			(Remember		Small group		Viva	Obstetrics &
Information			progression,			/ recall)		discussion		Voce	Gynaecology
( K-1)			and stages								
	competency Integration Of Information	competency area Integration Reproduct Of ive System Information I	competencyareaLevelIntegrationReproductKnowsOfive SystemInformation	competencyareaLevelcompetencyIntegrationReproductKnowsDescribe the onset, progression,	competencyareaLevelcompetencyObjectives / outcomesIntegration Of InformationReproduct ive SystemKnows onset, progression,Define puberty onset, progression,	competencyareaLevelcompetencyObjectives / outcomesdomainIntegration Of InformationReproduct ive SystemKnows onset, progression,Describe the onset, progression,Define puberty outcomesCognitive	competencyareaLevelcompetencyObjectives / outcomesdomainlevelIntegration Of InformationReproduct ive SystemKnowsDescribe the onset, progression,Define pubertyCognitive (Remember / recall)Level 1 (Remember / recall)	competencyareaLevelcompetencyObjectives / outcomesdomainlevel/ desirable to know / nice to knowIntegrationReproductKnowsDescribe the onset, progression,Define pubertyCognitiveLevel 1Must knowInformationIntegrationFor SystemIntegration, ive SystemPescribe the onset, progression,Define pubertyCognitive (Remember / recall)Level 1	competency areaLevelCompetency competencyObjectives / outcomesdomainlevel/ desirable to know / nice to knowmediaIntegration Of InformationReproduct ive SystemKnowsDescribe the onset, progression,Define puberty outcomesCognitive (Remember / recall)Level 1Must know Small group discussion	competency areaLevelcompetency competencyObjectives / outcomesdomainlevel/ desirable to know / nice to knowmediaive Assess mentIntegration Of InformationReproduct ive SystemKnowsDescribe the onset, progression,Define puberty outcomesCognitive (Remember / recall)Level 1Must know Small group discussionLecture, Small group discussionSAQs	competency areaLevelcompetency competencyObjectives / outcomesdomainlevel/ desirable to know / nice to knowmediaive Assess menttive Assess mentIntegration Of InformationReproduct ive SystemKnowsDescribe the onset, progression,Define pubertyCognitive Ince to LevelLevel 1 (Remember / recall)Must know Small group discussionLecture, Small group discussionSAQs Viva Viva

11	1	Kasavas	un sub-matrix	Discuss the sure la		1	N Asset Luc asse	Lastura	640-	140-	Anatana
Hom UG-PB		Knows	puberty.	Discuss the role of LH & FSH in	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Anatomy
		How	List causes and			Understand		Small group		Viva	Psychology
10.2			expressions of	development of		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	Obstetrics &
	-		early and	puberty	<b>a</b>						Gynaecology
Hom		Knows	delayed	Explain puberty	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB		How	puberty	for its onset, and		Understand		Small group		Viva	Psychology
10.3				stages. Describe		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	Obstetrics &
				the causes for							Gynaecology
				delayed							
				&precocious							
				puberty.							
Hom	Integration	Knows	Describe the	Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to	Lecture,	SAQs	Viva	Anatomy
UG-PB	Of	How	structure and	structure of male		Understand	know	Small group		Voce	
10.4	Information		functions of	reproductive		/ interpret		discussion			
	( K-1)		male	system							
Hom		Knows	reproductive	Explain the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB		How	system.	function of male	0080	Understand	Know	Small group	0, 100	Viva	
10.5				reproductive		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
20.0				system.		,					
Hom	Integration	Knows	Describe the	Explain the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Psychology
UG-PB	Of	How	physiological	functions of testis	•	Understand		Small group	MCQs	Viva	Medicine
10.6	Information	_	effects of male	as an endocrine		/ interpret		discussion	•	Voce	
	( K-1)		sex hormone	gland.		, i					
Hom		Knows		Discuss the role	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB		How		of testosterone	0	Understand		Small group		Viva	Obstetrics &
10.7						/ interpret		discussion		Voce	Gynaecology
Hom	Integration	Knows	Describe the	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB	Of	How	functions of	process of		Understand		Small group		Viva	Medicine
10.8	Information	_	testis and	spermatogenesis		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
	( K-1)		control of			,					
			Spermatogenes								
Hom		Knows	is & factors	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	
UG-PB		How	modifying it	factors affecting		Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	
10.9				spermatogenesis		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	

Hom	Integration	Knows	Describe	Describe	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB	Of	How	female	structure the		Understand		Small group		Viva	Obstetrics &
10.10	Information		reproductive	female		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	Gynaecolog
	( K-1)		system &	reproductive							
			functions of	tract							
Hom		Knows	ovary and its	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Obstetrics &
UG-PB		How	Control.	functions of		Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	Gynaecolog
10.11				female		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
				reproductive							
				tract							
Hom		Knows		Discuss the role	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Obstetrics &
UG-PB		How		of ovary as an		Understand		Small group	MCQs	Viva	Gynaecolog
10.12				endocrine gland.		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
				List the							
				hormones							
				secreted by							
				ovary.							
Hom	Integration	Knows	Describe	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Obstetrics &
UG-PB	Of	How	menstrual cycle	ovarian changes		Understand		Small group	MCQs	Viva	Gynaecolog
10.13	Information		with hormonal,	during menstrual		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
	( K-1)		uterine and	cycle							
Hom		Knows	ovarian	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Obstetrics &
UG-PB		How	changes	Uterine changes		Understand		Small group	MCQs	Viva	Gynaecolog
10.14				during menstrual		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
				cycle							
Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Obstetrics &
UG-PB		How		Vaginal changes		Understand		Small group		Viva	Gynaecolog
10.15				during menstrual		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
				cycle							
Hom	Integration	Knows	Describe the	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Obstetrics &
UG-PB	Of	How	physiological	Gonadotrophin		Understand	know	Small group		Viva	Gynaecolog
10.16	Information		effects of	changes during		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	Materia
	( K-1)		female sex	menstrual cycle							Medica
Hom		Knows	hormones	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	CBL,	MCQs	SAQs,	Obstetrics &
UG-PB		How		changes during		Understand		Lecture,		Viva	Gynaecolog
10.17				menopause		/ interpret		Small group		Voce	
						-		discussion			

Hom		Knows	Discuss the	Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to	Lecture,	MCQs	Viva	Obstetrics &
UG-PB		How	contraceptive	contraceptive		Understand	know	Small group		Voce	Gynaecology
10.18			methods for	methods for male		/ interpret		discussion			Community
			male and								Medicine
Hom		Knows	female.	Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to	Lecture,	MCQs	Viva	Obstetrics &
UG-PB		How		contraceptive		Understand	know	Small group		Voce	Gynaecology
10.19				methods for		/ interpret		discussion			Community
				female							Medicine
Hom	Integration	Knows	Discuss the	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Obstetrics &
UG-PB	Of	How	physiology of	fertilization &		Understand		Small group		Viva	Gynaecology
10.20	Information		pregnancy,	implantation of		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
	( K-1)		parturition &	ovum							
Hom		Knows	lactation.	Explain the role	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Obstetrics &
UG-PB		How		of placenta as an		Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	Gynaecology
10.21				endocrine organ.		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
				List the placental							
				hormones							
Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Obstetrics &
UG-PB		How		process of		Understand		Small group		Viva	Gynaecology
10.22				parturition		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	Materia
											Medica
Hom		Knows		Describe the role	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Obstetrics &
UG-PB		How		of prolactin		Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	Gynaecology
10.23				Hormone		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom		Knows		Explain the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Obstetrics &
UG-PB		How		process of		Understand	know	Small group		Viva	Gynaecology
10.24				lactation		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	Community
											Medicine
											Materia
											Medica

Topic No	11
Theory	Special Senses
Practical	
<b>Clinical Physiology</b>	Special Senses – Clinical Examination

## Learning Outcomes: -

At the end of the chapter on Special senses, the student must be able to -

- Discuss perception of smell and taste sensation
- Discuss patho-physiology of altered smell and taste sensation
- Discuss functional anatomy of ear and auditory pathways & physiology of hearing
- Discuss functional anatomy of eye, physiology of image formation, physiology of vision including colour vision, refractive errors, colour blindness, physiology of pupil and light reflex
- Discuss the physiological basis of lesion in visual pathway
- Demonstrate the testing of visual acuity, colour and field of vision; hearing; smell; and taste sensation in volunteer or simulated environment

S.No	Generic competency	Subject area	Miller's Level	Specific Competency	Specific Learning Objectives / outcomes	Bloom's domain	Guilbert's level	Must know / desirable to know / nice to know	TL method / media	Formati ve Assessm ent	Summat ive Assessm ent	Integration - Horizontal / Vertical / Spiral
Hom	Integration	Special	Knows	Describe the	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB	Of	Senses	How	perception of	sensation of		Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	Surgery - ENT
11.1	Information (K-1)			smell sensation	olfaction		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom			Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQ,	Anatomy
UG-PB			How		olfactory		Understand		Small group		Viva	
11.2					receptor,		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
					olfactory							
					pathway							
Hom	-		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	
UG-PB			How		physiology of		Understand	know	Small group		Viva	
11.3					olfaction		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom	-		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	CBL,	MCQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB			How		altered sensation		Understand		Lecture,		Viva	
11.4					of smell		/ interpret		Small group		Voce	
									discussion			
Hom	Integration		Knows	Describe	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB	Of		How	perception of	sensation of		Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	Surgery – ENT
11.5				taste sensation	Taste		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	

	Information (K-1)										Materia Medica Repertory
Hom UG-PB 11.6		Knows How		Discuss the taste receptor.	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	LAQ, Viva Voce	Anatomy
		Shows How		Draw the taste pathway	Psycho motor	Level 2. Control	Must Know	Demonstrat ion	Observa tion	DOPS	Anatomy
Hom UG-PB 11.7		Knows How		Discuss the physiology of Taste	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
Hom UG-PB 11.8		Knows How		Discuss the altered sensation of Taste	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Desirable to know	CBL, Lecture, Small group discussion	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine Materia Medica
Hom UG-PB 11.9	Integration Of Information (K-1)	Knows How	Describe the functional anatomy of ear & auditory	Describe the physiological anatomy of ear	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Surgery – EN Materia Medica
Hom UG-PB 11.10		Shows How	pathways	Map the Auditory Pathway	Psycho motor	Level 2. Control	Must Know	Demonstrat ion	Observa tion	Checklist	Anatomy ENT
Hom UG-PB 11.11		Knows How		Describe the mechanism of hearing	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Surgery - ENT
Hom UG-PB 11.12		Knows How		Discuss the altered sensation of Hearing	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	CBL, Lecture, Small group discussion	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine Surgery – EN Materia Medica
Hom UG-PB 11.13	Integration Of Information (K-1)	Knows How	Describe the functional anatomy of eye	Explain the structure & function of eye.	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Surgery - Ophthalmolo gy

Hom UG-PB 11.14	Integration Of Information ( K-1)	Knows How	Describe the physiology of image formation	Describe the visual pathway	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	
Hom UG-PB 11.15		Knows How		Discuss the principles of optics, visual acuity, Visual reflex	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Surgery – Ophthalmolo gy
Hom UG-PB 11.16	Information Gathering ,Integration Of information,	Knows How	Describe the physiology of vision including colour vision	Discuss the photochemistry of vision	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Desirable to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Surgery – Ophthalmolo gy
Hom UG-PB 11.17	Problem Integration (K-2)	Knows How		Discuss the photopic & scotopic vision	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Surgery – Ophthalmolo gy
Hom UG-PB 11.1. 8	- (K-2)	Knows How		Discuss the visual adaptation, visual accommodation & night blindness	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Desirable to know	PBL, Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Surgery – Ophthalmolo gy Materia Medica
Hom UG-PB 11.19	Information Gathering ,Integration Of information, Problem	Knows How	Describe the refractive errors and colour blindness	Discuss the different types of refractive errors	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Desirable to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	MCQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Surgery – Ophthalmolo gy Materia Medica Repertory
Hom UG-PB 11.20	Integration (K-2)	Knows How		Discuss the colour blindness	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Desirable to know	CBL, Lecture, Small group discussion	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Surgery – Ophthalmolo gy Materia Medica
Hom UG-PB 11.21		Knows		List the causes of Nystagmus	Cognitive	Level 1Recall	Nice to know	CBL, Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	Viva Voce	Surgery – Ophthalmolo gy

											Materia Medica
Hom UG-PB 11.22	Information Gathering ,Integration Of information,	Show How	vs Demonstrate Testing of visual acuity, colour and field of vision in a	Perform the testing of visual acuity, colour and field of vision	Psycho Motor	Level 2 (Control)	Desirable to know	Demonstrat ion	Observa tion	Checklist	Surgery – Ophthalmolo gy
Hom UG-PB 11.23	Problem Integration (K-2)	Know How		Interpret the testing of visual acuity, colour and field of vision	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Nice to know	CBL, Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	Viva Voce	Surgery – Ophthalmolo gy Materia Medica
Hom UG-PB 11.24	Information Gathering ,Integration	Show How	vs Demonstrate testing of hearing in a	Perform the testing of hearing in a volunteer	Psycho Motor	Level 2 (Control)	Desirable to know	Demonstrat ion	Observa tion	Checklist	Surgery – EN
Hom UG-PB 11.25	Of information, Problem Integration (K-2)	Know How	vs volunteer	Interpret the testing of hearing in a volunteer	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Nice to know	CBL, Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Surgery – Ophthalmolo gy Materia Medica
Hom UG-PB 11.26	Information Gathering ,Integration Of	Show How	vs Demonstrate testing for smell in a volunteer	Perform testing for smell in a volunteer	Psycho Motor	Level 2 (Control)	Desirable to know	Demonstrat ion	Observa tion	Checklist	Surgery – EN
Hom UG-PB 11.27	information, Problem Integration (K-2)	Know How		Interpret testing for smell in a volunteer	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Nice to know	CBL, Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Surgery – Ophthalmolo gy Materia Medica
Hom UG-PB 11.27	Information Gathering, Integration Of	SHOV HOW		Perform testing for taste sensation in volunteer	Psycho Motor	Level 2 (Control)	Must know	Demonstrat ion	Observa tion	Checklist	Anatomy Surgery – EN
Hom UG-PB 11.29	information, Problem Integration (K-2)	Know How	/5	Interpret testing for taste sensation in volunteer	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Nice to know	CBL, Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Surgery – EN

Topic No	12
Theory	Digestive System & Nutrition
Practical	Liver Function Test
Clinical Physiology	Gastrointestinal system clinical examination

#### Learning Outcomes: -

At the end of the chapter Digestive system & Nutrition, the student must be able to -

- Describe the structure, Function & Innervation of digestive system.
- Describe the composition, mechanism of secretion, function & regulation of saliva.
- Describe the movement of oesophagus.
- Describe the composition, mechanism of secretion, function & regulation of gastric juice.
- Describe the composition, mechanism of secretion, function & regulation of pancreatic juice.
- Describe the structure & function of liver & Gall bladder.
- Describe the composition, mechanism of secretion, function & regulation of Bile.
- Describe the composition, mechanism of secretion, function & regulation of Small Intestine.
- Describe the movement of gastrointestinal tract, it's regulation & function.
- Describe the movement of large intestine & defecation as a process.

- Describe the physiology of digestion and absorption of nutrients.
- Observe the procedure for Liver Function Test.
- Perform examination for gastrointestinal system on a volunteer.

S.No	Generic competency	Subject area	Miller's Level	Specific competency	Specific Learning Objectives / outcomes	Bloom's domain	Guilbert's level	Must know / desirable to know / nice to know	TL method / media	Format ive Assess ment	Summat ive Assessm ent	Integration - Horizontal / Vertical / Spiral
Hom UG-PB 12.1	Integration Of Information ( K-1)	Digestiv e System &	Knows How	Describe the structure, Function &	Discuss the importance of digestive system	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
Hom UG-PB 12.2		Nutrition	Knows	Innervation of digestive system	Recall the structure of digestive system	Cognitive	Level 1 Recall	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
Hom UG-PB 12.3			Knows		Recognize the structure of small intestine	Cognitive	Level 1 Recall	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
Hom UG-PB 12.4			Knows		Identify the structure of large intestine	Cognitive	Level 1 Recall	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy
Hom UG-PB 12.5	Integration Of Information (K-1)		Knows	Describe the composition, mechanism of secretion, function &	Classify salivary glands. Mention the innervation of salivary glands.	Cognitive	Level 1 Recall	Desirable to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Anatomy Materia Medica
Hom UG-PB 12.6			Knows How	regulation of saliva	Discuss composition of saliva	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	MCQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistr Y
Hom UG-PB 12.7			Knows How		Discuss functions of saliva	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine Materia Medica
Hom UG-PB 12.8			Knows How		Describe mechanism of salivary secretion	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	

Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
UG-PB		How		control of	cognitive	Understand	WIGST KITOW	Small group	3743	Viva	
12.9		11000		salivary secretion		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom	-	Knows	_	Explain the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable	PBL,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB		How		clinical relevance	cognitive	Understand	to Know	Lecture,	5/103	Viva	Materia
12.10				of salivary gland		/ interpret		Small group		Voce	Medica
				& salivary		,e. p. ee		discussion			
				secretion							
Hom	Integration Of	Knows	Describe the	Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	
UG-PB	Information	How	movement of	process of	-	Understand	to Know	Small group		Viva	
12.11	( K-1)		oesophagus	mastication.		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom		Knows		Explain the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	MCQs	LAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB		How		stages of		Understand		Small group		Viva	Medicine
12.12				swallowing		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom		Knows		Discuss the role	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to	Lecture,	SAQs	Viva	
UG-PB		How		of upper & lower		Understand	know	Small group		Voce	
12.13				oesophageal		/ interpret		discussion			
				sphincter							
Hom		Knows		List the common	Cognitive	Level 1	Nice to	CBL,	SAQs	Viva	Medicine
UG-PB				oesophageal		Recall	Know	Lecture,		Voce	Surgery
12.14				motility disorders				Small group			
								discussion			
Hom	Integration Of	Knows	Describe the	Recall the macro	Cognitive	Level 1	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB	Information		composition,	and micro		Recall		Small group		Viva	
12.15	( K-1)		mechanism of	structure of				discussion		Voce	
			secretion,	stomach							
Hom		Knows	function &	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB		How	regulation of	functions of		Understand		Small group		Viva	
12.16	_		Gastric Juice	stomach		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	MCQs	LAQs,	Biochemistr
UG-PB		How		composition &		Understand		Small group		Viva	У
12.17				functions of		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
				gastric juice							

Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB		How		mechanism &		Understand		Small group		Viva	
12.18				regulation of		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
				gastric juice							
				secretion							
Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
UG-PB		How		process of		Understand		Small group		Viva	
12.19				digestion in		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
				stomach							
Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB		How		movements of		Understand	to know	Small group		Viva	
12.20				stomach		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom		Knows		Mention the	Cognitive	Level 1	Nice to	CBL,	SAQs	Viva	Medicine
UG-PB				three phases of		Recall	know	Lecture,		Voce	Materia
12.21				vomiting				Small group			Medica
								discussion			Repertory
Hom	Integration Of	Knows	Describe the	Recall the macro	Cognitive	Level 1	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB	Information		composition,	and micro		Recall		Small group		Viva	
12.22	( K-1)		mechanism of	structure of				discussion		Voce	
			secretion,	Pancreas							
Hom		Knows	function &	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Biochemistr
UG-PB		How	regulation of	composition &		Understand		Small group		Viva	У
12.23			Pancreatic	functions of		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
			Juice	pancreatic juice							
Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB		How		mechanism &		Understand		Small group		Viva	
12.24				regulation of		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
				pancreatic juice							
				secretion							
Hom		Knows		Describe exocrine	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable	CBL,	MCQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB		How		pancreatic		Understand	to Know	Lecture,		Viva	Materia
12.25				insufficiency		/ interpret		Small group		Voce	Medica
								discussion			Repertory
Hom	Integration Of	Knows	Describe the	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB	Information	How	structure &	structure &	-	Understand	know	Small group		Viva	
12.26	( K-1)		function of	functions of Liver		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	

Hom		Knows	liver & Gall	Explain the signs	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable	CBL,	MCQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB		How	bladder	of liver		Understand	to Know	Lecture,		Viva	
12.27				insufficiency		/ interpret		Small group		Voce	
								discussion			
Hom		Knows		Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB		How		structure &		Understand		Small group		Viva	Repertory
12.28				functions of gall		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
				bladder							
Hom	Integration Of	Knows	Describe the	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	MCQs	SAQs,	Biochemistr
UG-PB	Information	How	composition,	composition &		Understand		Small group		Viva	У
12.29	( K-1)		mechanism of	function of liver		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
			secretion,	bile							
llom	-	Knows	function &	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Biochemistr
Hom UG-PB			regulation of		Cognitive	Understand	WUST KNOW	-	SAUS	Viva	
		How	Bile	composition &				Small group			У
12.30				function of gall		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
	-			bladder bile	<u> </u>				64.0		
Hom		Knows		Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
UG-PB		How		control &		Understand		Small group		Viva	
12.31				mechanism of		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
11	-	Kee suite		bile secretion	Constitutions	1	Desirable	CDI	64.0-	640-	
Hom		Knows		Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable	CBL,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB		How		clinical		Understand	to know	Lecture,		Viva	Materia
12.32				significance of		/ interpret		Small group		Voce	Medica
	4			liver functions.				discussion			
Hom		Knows		Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable	CBL,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB		How		clinical		Understand	know	Lecture,		Viva	Surgery
12.33				significance of		/ interpret		Small group		Voce	
				Gall Bladder				discussion			
				functions							
Hom	Integration Of	Knows	Describe the	Recognise the	Cognitive	Level 1	Desirable	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB	Information		composition,	macro and micro		Recall	to know	Small group		Viva	Repertory
12.34	( K-1)		mechanism of	structure of Small				discussion		Voce	
	4		secretion,	intestine							
Hom		Knows	function &	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	MCQs	LAQs,	Biochemistr
UG-PB		How	regulation of	composition &		Understand		Small group		Viva	У
12.35			Small intestine			/ interpret		discussion		Voce	

	,	1	1								
				functions of							
	4			Succus Entericus							
Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
UG-PB		How		mechanism &		Understand		Small group		Viva	
12.36				regulation of		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
				secretions of							
				Succus Entericus							
Hom		Knows		Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
UG-PB		How		process of		Understand		Small group		Viva	
12.37				digestion in small		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
				intestine							
Hom		Knows		Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to	CBL,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB		How		Malabsorption		Understand	Know	Lecture,		Viva	Materia
12.37				Syndrome		/ interpret		Small group		Voce	Medica
								discussion			
Hom	Integration Of	Knows	Describe the	Explain peristalsis	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Materia
UG-PB	Information	How	movement of	as intestinal		Understand		Small group		Viva	Medica
12.39	( K-1)		gastrointestinal	movement		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom		Knows	tract, it's	Describe	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
UG-PB		How	regulation &	segmentation as		Understand		Small group		Viva	
12.40			function.	intestinal		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
				movement							
Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable	CBL,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB		How		clinical		Understand	to Know	Lecture,		Viva	
12.41				importance of		/ interpret		Small group		Voce	
				small intestine				discussion			
Hom	Integration Of	Knows	Describe the	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	
UG-PB	Information	How	movement of	movements of		Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	
12.42	( K-1)		large intestine	large intestine		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom		Knows	& defecation as	Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Materia
UG-PB		How	a process.	process of		Understand		Small group		Viva	Medica
12.43				absorption		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
				&secretion in							
				large intestine							
Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Repertory
UG-PB		How		process of		Understand		Small group		Viva	
12.44				defecation		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	

Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable	CBL,	SAQs	SAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB		How		clinical		Understand	to know	Lecture,		Viva	
12.45				significance of		/ interpret		Small group		Voce	
				large intestine				discussion			
Hom	Integration Of	Knows	Describe the	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
UG-PB	Information	How	physiology of	digestion &		Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	
12.46	( K-1)		digestion and	absorption of		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
			absorption of	carbohydrates							
Hom		Knows	nutrients	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
UG-PB		How		digestion &		Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	
12.47				absorption of		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
				Fats							
Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	MCQs	LAQs,	
UG-PB		How		digestion &		Understand		Small group	SAQs	Viva	
12.48				absorption of		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
				Proteins							
Hom		Knows		Discuss	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	MCQs	SAQs,	
UG-PB		How		absorption of		Understand		Small group		Viva	
12.49				water,		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
				electrolytes							
Hom		Knows		Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	MCQs	SAQs,	
UG-PB		How		absorption of		Understand		Small group		Viva	
12.50				vitamins &		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
				minerals							
Hom	Information	Shows	Observe the	Observe the liver	Psycho	Level 1	Nice to	Demonstrati	Observ	Checklist	Medicine
UG-PB	Gathering	How	process of	function test	Motor	(Observe /	know	on	ation		
12.51	,Integration		conducting			Imitate)					
	Of		liver function								
	information,		test								
	Problem										
	Integration										
	(K-2)										
Hom	Information	Shows	Demonstrate	Perform the	Psycho	Level 2	Desirable	Demonstrati	Observ	Checklist	Anatomy
UG-PB	Gathering	How	the	inspection of	Motor	(Control)	to know	on	ation		Medicine
12.52	,Integration		Gastrointestina	gastrointestinal							
	Of		l system	system in the							

	information,		examination	clinical							
	Problem			examination							
Hom	Integration	Knows		Interpret the	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to	Lecture,	MCQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB	(K-2)	How		findings of		Understand	know	Small group		Viva	Medicine
12.53				inspection of		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
				gastrointestinal							
				system in clinical							
				examination							
Hom		Shows		Perform the	Psycho	Level 2	Desirable	Demonstrati	Observ	Checklist	Anatomy
UG-PB		How		palpation of	Motor	(Control)	to know	on	ation		Medicine
12.54				gastrointestinal							
				system in the							
				clinical							
				examination							
Hom		Knows Ho		Interpret the	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to	Lecture,	MCQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB				findings of		Understand	know	Small group		Viva	Medicine
12.55				palpation of		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
				gastrointestinal							
				system in clinical							
	-			examination							
Hom		Shows		Perform the	Psycho	Level 2	Desirable	Demonstrati		Checklist	Anatomy
UG-PB		How		percussion of	Motor	(Control)	to know	on	ation		Medicine
12.56				gastrointestinal							
				system in the							
				clinical							
	-			examination	<b>a</b>						
Hom		Knows Ho		Interpret the	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to	Lecture,	MCQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB 12.57				findings of		Understand	know	Small group		Viva	Medicine
12.57				percussion of		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
				gastrointestinal system in clinical							
				examination							
llom		Shows		Perform the	Davaha	Level 2	Desirable	Domonstrati	Observ	Checklist	Anotomy
Hom UG-PB		Snows How		auscultation of	Psycho Motor	(Control)	to know	Demonstrati	ation	CHECKIIST	Anatomy Medicine
12.58		now		gastrointestinal	WOLUI	(Control)		on	ation		weutine
12.30				system in the							

		clinical examination							
Hom	Knows	Interpret the	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to	Lecture,	MCQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB	How	findings of		Understand	know	Small group		Viva	Medicine
12.59		auscultation of		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
		gastrointestinal							
		system in clinical							
		examination							

Topic No	13
Theory	Renal Physiology
Practical	Kidney Function Test

# **Clinical Physiology**

## Learning Outcomes: -

At the end of the chapter Renal Physiology, the student must be able to -

- Describe structure & functions of the kidneys.
- Explain the role of renin-angiotensin system.
- Describe the mechanism of urine formation.
- Describe the process of filtration, secretion & reabsorption in kidney.
- Describe the concentration and diluting mechanism in the kidney.
- Describe the renal regulation of acid-base balance.
- Describe the physiology of micturition.
- Describe the Renal Function Tests.

S.No	Generic competency	Subject area	Miller's Level	Specific Competency	Specific Learning Objectives / outcomes	Bloom's domain	Guilbert's level	Must know / desirable to know / nice to know	TL method / media	Format ive Assess ment	Summat ive Assessm ent	Integration - Horizontal / Vertical / Spiral
Hom	Integration	Renal	Knows	Describe	Recognize the	Cognitive	Level 1	Must Know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB	Of	Physiol		structure &	structure of		Recall		Small group		Viva	Materia
13.1	Information (K-1)	ogy		functions of the kidneys.	kidney & nephron				discussion		Voce	Medica
Hom			Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
UG-PB			How		functions of		Understand		Small group		Viva	
13.2					kidney		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom			Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB			How		organization		Understand		Small group		Viva	Medicine
13.3					and function of		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
					glomerulus							
Hom			Knows		Classify the type	Cognitive	Level 1	Must Know	Lecture,	MCQs	SAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB					of nephrons		Recall		Small group		Viva	
13.4									discussion		Voce	
Hom	]		Knows		Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB			How		structure and		Understand		Small group		Viva	
13.5					functions of		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	

				juxtaglomerular apparatus							
Hom UG-PB 13.6	Integration Of Information ( K-1)	Knows How	Explain the role of renin – angiotensin system	Explain the secretions from juxtaglomerular apparatus & their regulation	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine
Hom UG-PB 13.7	Integration Of Information ( K-1)	Knows How	Describe the mechanism of urine formation	Explain the process of glomerular filtration	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	
Hom UG-PB 13.8		Knows How		Describe the regulation of Glomerular Filtration Rate	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	
Hom UG-PB 13.9		Knows How		Discuss the mechanism of GFR. Explain the factors affecting GFR	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	
Hom UG-PB 13.10	Integration Of Information (K-1)	Knows How	Describe the process of filtration, secretion & reabsorption in	Discuss the general considerations of reabsorption & secretion	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Must know	Lecture, Small group discussion	MCQs	LAQs, Viva Voce	Medicine Biochemistr y
Hom UG-PB 13.11		Knows How	kidney	Describe the renal transport mechanisms throughout the tubular segments	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Desirable to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	MCQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Biochemistr y
Hom UG-PB 13.12		Knows How		Describe the transport of individual substances in different	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Nice to know	Lecture, Small group discussion	MCQs	Viva Voce	

				•	•	<u>+</u>					
				segments of							
				renal tubule							
Hom	Integration	Knows	Describe the	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Medicine
UG-PB	Of	How	concentration	general		Understand		Small group		Viva	
13.13	Information		and diluting	consideration of		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
	( K-1)		mechanism in	urine							
			the kidney	concentration							
			_	mechanism							
Hom		Knows		Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	MCQs	SAQs,	Biochemistr
UG-PB		How		counter current		Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	У
13.14				multipliers		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable to	Lecture,	MCQs	SAQs,	
UG-PB		How		counter current		Understand	Know	Small group		Viva	
13.15				exchangers		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom	Information	Knows	Describe the	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Biochemistr
UG-PB	Gathering	How	renal	renal regulation		Understand		Small group		Viva	У
13.16	,Integration		regulation of	of acid-base		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
	Of		acid – base	balance							
Hom	information,	Knows	balance	Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to	Lecture,	SAQs	Viva	Biochemistr
UG-PB	Problem	How		buffer system in		Understand	know	Small group		Voce	У
13.17	Integration			the kidney		/ interpret		discussion			
	(K-2)										
Hom	Integration	Knows	Describe the	Define	Cognitive	Level 1	Desirable to	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
UG-PB	Of		physiology of	micturition		(Remember	Know	Small group		Viva	
13.18	Information		micturition			/ recall)		discussion		Voce	
Hom	( K-1)	Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to	Lecture,	SAQs	Viva	Anatomy
UG-PB		How		nerve supply of		Understand	know	Small group		Voce	
13.19				urinary bladder		/ interpret		discussion			
Hom		Knows		Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Anatomy
UG-PB		How		micturition		Understand		Small group		Viva	
13.20				reflex		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	
Hom	Information	Shows	Describe the	Perform the	Psycho	Level 2	Must know	Demonstrati	Observ	OSCE	Biochemistr
UG-PB	Gathering	How	Kidney	physical,	Motor	(Control)		on	ation		У
13.21	,Integration		function teste	chemical, and							
	Of			microscopical							
	information,			examination of							
	Problem			urine							

Hom	Integration	Knows	Recognize the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQ,	Biochemistr
UG-PB	(K-2)	How	normal values		Understand		Small group		Viva	у
13.22			of physical,		/ interpret)		discussion		Voce	
			chemical, and							
			microscopical							
			examination of							
			urine							
Hom	1	Shows	Perform	Psycho	Level 2	Must know	Demonstrati	Observ	Checklist	Biochemistr
UG-PB		How	examination for	Motor	(Control)		on	ation		у
13.23			the abnormal							Medicine
			constituents of							
			urine							
Hom		Knows	Interpret the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQ,	Biochemistr
UG-PB		How	results of		Understand		Small group		Viva	у
13.24			examination for		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	Medicine
			the abnormal							
			constituents of							
			urine							
Hom		Knows	Interpret the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQ,	Biochemistr
UG-PB		How	renal clearance		Understand		Small group		Viva	у
13.25			test for		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	Medicine
			glomerular							
			function							
Hom		Knows	Interpret the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQ,	Biochemistr
UG-PB		How	renal clearance		Understand		Small group		Viva	у
13.26			test for Tubular		/ interpret		discussion		Voce	Medicine
			function.							

Topic No	14
Theory	Biochemistry
Practical	Biochemistry Practical of carbohydrate, lipid, protein, Urine normal & abnormal constituents
Clinical Physiology	

# Learning Outcomes: -

At the end of the chapter Biochemistry, the student must be able to -

- Describe the lipid, carbohydrate, and protein metabolisms.
- Describe the enzymes and their activities.
- Describe the role of Vitamins.
- Perform the quantitative estimation of Glucose, Total Proteins, Uric Acid in Blood.
- Perform the Lipid Profile.

S.No	Generic	Subject	Miller's	Specific	Specific	Bloom's	Guilbert's	Must	TL method	Format	Summa	Integration
	competency	area	Level	Competency	Learning	domain	level	know /	/ media	ive	tive	- Horizontal
					Objectives /			desirable		Assess	Assess	/ Vertical /
					outcomes			to know /		ment	ment	Spiral
								nice to				
								know				

Hom	Integration	Biochemi	Knows	Describe the	Explain the	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to	Lecture,	SAQs	Viva
UG-PB	Of	stry	How	lipid	biosynthetic		Understand	know	Small		Voce
14.1	Information			Metabolism.	and catabolic		/ interpret		group		
	( K-1)				pathways				discussion		
Hom			Knows		Explain the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,
UG-PB			How		importance of		Understand	to Know	Small		Viva
14.2					lipids in the		/ interpret		group		Voce
					body.				discussion		
Hom			Knows		Explain the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,
UG-PB			How		different		Understand	Know	Small		Viva
14.3					properties of		/ interpret		group		Voce
					lipids.				discussion		
Hom	Integration		Knows	Describe the	Discuss	Cognitive	Level 2	Must know	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,
UG-PB	Of		How	Carbohydrate	different types		Understand		Small		Viva
14.4	Information			metabolism	of		/ interpret		group		Voce
	( K-1)				carbohydrates.				discussion		
Hom			Knows		List major	Cognitive	Level	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,
UG-PB					functions of		1Recall	Know	Small		Viva
14.5					carbohydrates.				group		Voce
				-					discussion		
Hom			Knows		Discuss the food	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,
UG-PB			How		sources of		Understand	to Know	Small		Viva
14.6					carbohydrates.		/ interpret		group		Voce
	-								discussion		
Hom			Knows		Explain the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,
UG-PB			How		processes of		Understand	Know	Small		Viva
14.7					glycolysis		/ interpret		group		Voce
	-								discussion		
Hom			Knows		Explain the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,
UG-PB			How		process of		Understand	Know	Small		Viva
14.8					gluconeogenesi		/ interpret		group		Voce
	4			4	S				discussion		
Hom			Knows		Describe the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,
UG-PB			How		process of ATP		Understand	Know	Small		Viva
14.9					production		/ interpret		group		Voce
					through				discussion		

	1 1						1		Т	1	
				oxidative							
				phosphorylation							
Hom	Integration	Knows	Describe the	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	
UG-PB	Of	How	Protein	special features		Understand	Know	Small		Viva	
14.10	Information		Metabolism	of protein		/ interpret		group		Voce	
	( K-1)		_	Metabolism				discussion			
Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	
UG-PB		How		functions of		Understand	know	Small		Viva	
14.11				intact amino		/ interpret		group		Voce	
				acid				discussion			
Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	
UG-PB		How		oxidation of		Understand	Know	Small		Viva	
14.12				amino acid		/ interpret		group		Voce	
								discussion			
Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Physiology
UG-PB		How		synthesis of		Understand	Know	Small		Viva	
14.13				proteins		/ interpret		group		Voce	
			_					discussion			
Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	
UG-PB		How		function of		Understand	to Know	Small		Viva	
14.14				nitrogenous		/ interpret		group		Voce	
				part				discussion			
Hom		Knows		Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	
UG-PB		How		exogenous &		Understand	Know	Small		Viva	
14.15				endogenous		/ interpret		group		Voce	
				protein				discussion			
				metabolism							
Hom	Integration	Knows	Describe the	Discuss the	Cognitive	Level 2	Desirable	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Physiology
UG-PB	Of	How	enzymes and	concept of		Understand	to know	Small		Viva	
14.16	Information		their activities.	enzyme,		/ interpret		group		Voce	
	( K-1)			chemical				discussion			
				reactions,							
				catalyst and							
				substrates.							
Hom		Knows		Mention the	Cognitive	Level	Must	Lecture,	SAQs	LAQs,	Physiology
UG-PB				major functions		1Recall	Know	Small		Viva	
14.17				of enzymes.						Voce	

	1			I					1	1	
								group discussion			
Hom UG-PB 14.18		Knows How		Discuss the importance of enzymes in the body.	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Physiology
Hom UG-PB 14.19	Integration Of Information ( K-1)	Knows	Describe the role of Vitamins	Define vitamin	Cognitive	Level 1 (Remember / recall)	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Physiology Community Medicine
Hom UG-PB 14.20		Knows		Classify vitamins	Cognitive	Level 1Recall	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
Hom UG-PB 14.21		Knows		Mention common vitamin deficiencies		Level 1Recall	Desirable to Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	Physiology Medicine Community Medicine
Hom UG-PB 14.22	Information Gathering , Integration Of information	Knows	Demonstratio n of Uses Of Instruments Or Equipment	List the use of different instruments in biochemistry experiments	Cognitive	Level 1 Recall	Must Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	SAQs, Viva Voce	
Hom UG-PB 14.23	, Problem Integration (K-2)	Shows How	Demonstrate the Qualitative Analysis of Carbohydrates	Perform the qualitative analysis of carbohydrate	Psycho Motor	Level 2 (Control)	Must Know	Demonstra tion	Observ ation	Checkli st	Pathology
Hom UG-PB 14.24		Knows How	, Proteins And Lipids	Interpret the results of Qualitative analysis of carbohydrate	Cognitive	Level 2 Understand / interpret	Nice to Know	Lecture, Small group discussion	SAQs	Viva Voce	Pathology
Hom UG-PB 14.25		Shows How		Observe the qualitative analysis of Protein	Psycho Motor	Level 1 (Observe / Imitate)	Desirable to Know	Demonstra tion	Observ ation	Checkli st	Pathology

Hom		Knows		Interpret the	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to	Lecture,	SAQs	Viva	Pathology
UG-PB		How		results of		Understand	Know	Small		Voce	
14.26				Qualitative		/ interpret		group			
				analysis of				discussion			
				Protein							
Hom		Shows		Perform the	Psycho	Level 2	Nice to	Demonstra	Observ	Checkli	Pathology
UG-PB		How		qualitative	Motor	(Control)	Know	tion	ation	st	
14.27				analysis of Lipid							
Hom		Knows		Interpret the	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to	Lecture,	SAQs	Viva	Pathology
UG- PB		How		results of	-	Understand	Know	Small		Voce	
14.28				Qualitative		/ interpret		group			
				analysis of Lipid				discussion			
Hom	Information	Shows	Perform the	Perform the	Psycho	Level 3	Must	Demonstra	Observ	Checkli	Pathology
UG-PB	Gathering	How	quantitative	Quantitative	Motor	(Automatis	Know	tion	ation	st	
14.29	,Integration		estimation of	estimation of		m)					
	Of		Glucose, Total	glucose							
Hom	information	Knows	Proteins, Uric	Interpret the	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to	Lecture,	SAQs	Viva	Pathology
UG-PB	, Problem	How	Acid in Blood	results of	_	Understand	Know	Small		Voce	
14.30	Integration			Qualitative		/ interpret		group			
	(K-2)			analysis of				discussion			
				glucose							
Hom		Shows		Perform the	Psycho	Level 3	Must	Demonstra	Observ	Checkli	Pathology
UG-PB		How		Quantitative	Motor	(Automatis	Know	tion	ation	st	
14.31				estimation of		m)					
				Total proteins							
Hom		Knows		Interpret the	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to	Lecture,	SAQs	Viva	Pathology
UG-PB		How		results of		Understand	Know	Small		Voce	
14.32				Qualitative		/ interpret		group			
				analysis of total				discussion			
				protein							
Hom		Shows		Observe the	Psycho	Level 1	Nice to	Demonstra	Observ	Checkli	Pathology
UG-PB		How		Quantitative	Motor	(Observe /	Know	tion	ation	st	
14.33				estimation of		Imitate)					
				Uric Acid							
Hom	1	Knows	]	Interpret the	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to	Lecture,	SAQs	SAQs,	Pathology
UG-PB		How		results of		Understand	Know	Small		Viva	
14.34				Quantitative		/ interpret				Voce	

			estimation of Uric acid				group discussion			
Hom	Show	s Perform the	Observe the	Psycho	Level 1	Must	Demonstra	Observ	OSCE	Pathology
UG-PB	How	Lipid Profile	laboratory	Motor	(Observe /	Know	tion	ation		
14.35			testing for Lipid		Imitate)					
			profile							
Hom	Know	S	Interpret the	Cognitive	Level 2	Nice to	Lecture,	SAQs	Viva	Pathology
UG-PB	How		results of Lipid		Understand	Know	Small		Voce	
14.36			profile testing		/ interpret		group			
			done in a				discussion			
			laboratory							

## 8. PRACTICAL TOPICS

## PRACTICAL & CLINICAL PHYSIOLOGY:-

No	Practical	Demonstration / Performance
HAE	MATOLOGY	·
1	Study of the Compound Microscope	Performance
2.	Collection of Blood Samples	Performance
3	Estimation of Haemoglobin Concentration	Performance
4	Determination of Haematocrit	Demonstration
5	Hemocytometry	Performance
6	Total RBC Count	Performance
7	Determination of RBC Indices	Demonstration
8	Total Leucocytes Count (TLC)	Performance
9	Preparation And Examination Of Blood Smear	Performance
10	Differential Leucocyte Count (DLC)	Performance
11	Absolute Eosinophil Count	Demonstration
12	Determination of Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate	Demonstration
13	Determination of Blood Groups	Performance
14	Determination of Bleeding Time and Coagulation Time	Performance
BIO	CHEMISTRY	
1	Demonstration of Uses Of Instruments Or Equipment	Demonstration
2	Qualitative Analysis of Carbohydrates, Proteins And Lipids	Performance
3	Normal Characteristics of Urine	Performance
4	Abnormal Constituents of Urine	Performance
5	Quantitative Estimation of Glucose, Total Proteins, Uric Acid in Blood	Performance
6	Liver Function Tests	Demonstration

Asse

7	Kidney Function Tests	Demonstration
8	Lipid Profile	Demonstration
9	Interpretation and Discussion of Results of Biochemical Tests	Demonstration
CLIN	NICAL PHYSIOLOGY & OPD	
1	Case Taking & Approach to pt	Performance
2	General Concept Of Examination	Performance
3	Examination of muscles, joints,	Performance
4	Cardio-Vascular System – Blood Pressure Recording, Radial Pulse, ECG, Clinical Examination	Performance
5	Respiratory System- Clinical Examination, Spirometry, Stethography	Performance
6	Nervous System- Clinical Examination	Performance
7	Special Senses- Clinical Examination	Performance
8	Reproductive System- Diagnosis of Pregnancy	Performance
9	Gastrointestinal System- Clinical Examination	Performance
10	OPD (Applied Physiology)	Demonstration & Performance

## 9. ASSESSMENT

#### PHYSIOLOGY THEME TABLE

#### PAPER – 1

Theme*	Topics	Term	Marks	MCQ's	SAQ's	LAQ's
А	General Physiology	1	07	Yes	Yes	No
В	Biophysics Science	I	07	Yes	Yes	No
С	Body fluids& Immune Mechanism	1	16	Yes	Yes	Yes
D	Cardiovascular system	II	16	Yes	Yes	Yes
E	Respiratory system	II	16	Yes	Yes	Yes
F	Excretory system	III	16	Yes	Yes	Yes
G	Skin & The Integumentary System	I	11	Yes	Yes	No
Н	Nerve Muscle physiology system	I	11	Yes	Yes	No

#### **QUESTION PAPER BLUE PRINT**

## **UNIVERSITY EXAM PAPER-I – 100 MARKS**

#### MCQs – 10 Marks. SAQs – 50 Marks. FAQs – 40 Marks Question **Question Paper Format** Type of Question Serial Number (Refer Theme table for themes) Multiple choice Questions (MCQ) Q1 1. Theme A All questions compulsory 2. Theme A 1 mark each 3. Theme B 4. Theme B 5. Theme C 6. Theme D 7. Theme E 8. Theme F 9. Theme G 10. Theme H Q2 Short answer Questions(SAQ) 1. Theme A

Page **86** of **98** 

	All questions compulsory	2. Theme B
	5 Marks Each	3. Theme C
		4. Theme D
		5. Theme E
		6. Theme F
		7. Theme G
		8. Theme G
		9. Theme H
		10. Theme H
Q3	Long answer Questions (LAQ)	1. Theme C
	All questions compulsory	2. Theme D
	10 marks each	3. Theme E
		4. Theme F

## PAPER – 2

Theme*	Topics	Term	Marks	MCQ's	SAQ's	LAQ's
А	Endocrine system	П	21	Yes	Yes	Yes
В	Central Nervous System	П	21	Yes	Yes	Yes
С	Digestive system and Nutrition	III	21	Yes	Yes	Yes
D	Reproductive system	III	17	Yes	Yes	Yes
E	Sense organs	III	12	Yes	Yes	No
F	Biochemistry	III	08	Yes	Yes	No

## **UNIVERSITY EXAM PAPER-II – 100 MARKS**

MCQs – 10 Marks. SAQs – 50 Marks. F.

FAQs – 40 Marks

Question	Type of Question	Question Paper Format
Serial Number	Type of Question	(Refer Theme table for themes)

Q1	Multiple choice Questions (MCQ)	1) Theme A
	All questions compulsory	2) Theme B
	1 mark each	3) Theme C
		4) Theme D
		5) Theme D
		6) Theme E
		7) Theme E
		8) Theme F
		9) Theme F
		10) Theme F
Q2	Short answer Questions (SAQ)	1) Theme A
	All questions compulsory	2) Theme A
	5 Marks Each	3) Theme B
		4) Theme B
		5) Theme C
		6) Theme C
		7) Theme D
		8) Theme E
		9) Theme E
		10) Theme F
Q3	Long answer Questions (LAQ)	1) Theme A
	All questions compulsory	2) Theme B
	10 marks each	3) Theme C
		4) Theme D

Distribution of Marks for Practical Exam:

Practical Exam: 100 Marks	
Haematology	20 marks
Bio-chemistry	20 marks
Clinical Physiology	20 marks
Spotting	30 marks
Journal	10 marks
Viva: 80 Marks	
Viva Voce	80 marks
Internal Assessment: 20	
IA	20

The Pass Marks in Each Component of the Examination shall be 50%.

## 9B - Scheme of Assessment (formative and Summative)

Sr. No	Professional Course	1 <sup>st</sup> term (1-6 Months)			2 <sup>nd</sup> Term (7-12 Months)			3 <sup>rd</sup> Term (13-18 Months)	
1	First Professional BHMS	1 <sup>st</sup> PA	1 <sup>s⊤</sup> TT		2 <sup>nd</sup> PA	2 <sup>ND</sup> TT		3 <sup>rd</sup> PA	UE
		20 Marks Practical/Viva	100 Marks Theory	100 Marks Practical/ Viva	20 Marks Practical/Viva	100 Marks Theory	100 Marks Practical/ Viva	20 Marks Practical/Viva	

For Internal assessment, Only Practical/Viva marks will be considered. Theory marks will not be counted)

Method of Calculation of Internal Assessment Marks for Final University Examination:

Page **89** of **98** 

PA1	PA2	PA3	Periodical	TT1	TT2	Terminal	Final
Practical/Viva	Practical/Viva	Practical/Viva	Assessment	Practical/	Practical/	Test	Internal
(20 Marks)	(20 Marks)	(20 Marks)	Average	Viva	Viva	Average	Assessment
			PA1+PA2+PA3/3	(100 Marks)	(100 Marks)	TT1+	Marks
						TT2/	
						200*20	
Α	В	C	D	E	F	G	D+G/2

PA- Periodical Assessment TT- Terminal Test UE- University Examination

## **10.LIST OF RECOMMENDED BOOKS**

# THEORY

# **TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. John N A (2023)Chatterjee C C. Text Book of Physiology 14<sup>th</sup> Edition. CBS Publication. (CBDC based)
- 2. Tortora G (2020). Principles of Anatomy & Physiology. Wiley Publication.
- 3. Jain A (2021). Text Book of Physiology Vol 1 & 2. Avichal Publishing Company.
- 4. Reddy L P(2023)Fundamentals of Medical Physiology. CBS Publishers and Distributors(CBDC based)

# **REFERENCE BOOKS**

- 1. Hall J. (2020). Guyton & Hall Text book of Medical Physiology. Elsevier Publication.
- 2. Khurana I (2021). Essential Medical Physiology. Elsevier Publication.

# PRACTICAL & CLINICAL PHYSIOLOGY:-

- 1. Varshney VP, Bedi M, (2023) Ghai's Textbook of Practical Physiology: 10th Edition. Jaypee Brothers Medical Publisher (CBDC based)
- 2. John N Aet al (2021) C C Chatterjee's Manual of Practical Physiology: CBS Publishers and Distributors(CBDC based)
- 3. Jain A. (2019) Manual of Practical Physiology. 6th ed. Arya Publications.
- 4. Glynn M., William D. (2017). Hutchison's Clinical methods. 24<sup>th</sup> edition Elsevier Publication

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# INTRODUCTION TO COMPETENCY BASED DYNAMIC CURRICULUM FOR

## FIRST BHMS PROFESSIONAL COURSE

(Applicable from Batch 2022-2023 onwards for 5 years or until further notification by National Commission for Homoeopathy whichever is earlier)



### HOMOEOPATHY EDUCATION BOARD NATIONAL COMMISSION FOR HOMOEOPATHY MINISTRY OF AYUSH, GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

JAWAHAR LAL NEHRU BHARTIYA CHIKITSA AVUM HOMOEOPATHY ANUSANDHAN BHAVAN

No.61-65, Institutional Area, opp. 'D' block, Janak Puri, New Delhi-110 058

#### INDEX

S.No	Description	Page Number
1	Foreword	02
2	Acknowledgement	03
1	Preamble	04
2	Steps Taken to Formulate CBDC Manual	07
3	Understanding The Competencies Table	20
4	Using The Competencies Table	23
5	Glossary	28

#### FOREWORD

New Education Policy 2020 has a focus on developing and shaping the education system with focus on pedagogical approach. It mentions that with the quickly changing employment landscape and global ecosystem, it is becoming increasingly critical that children not only learn, but more importantly learn how to learn. Education thus, must move towards less content, and more towards learning about how to think critically and solve problems, how to be creative and multidisciplinary, and how to innovate, adapt, and absorb new material in novel and changing fields. Pedagogy must evolve to make education more experiential, holistic, integrated, inquiry-driven, discovery-oriented, learner-centered, discussion-based, flexible, and, of course, enjoyable.

In aligning with the NEP 2020, prime objective of National Commission for Homoeopathy is to provide a medical education system that improves access to quality and affordable medical education, ensures availability of adequate and high quality homoeopathic medical professionals in all parts of the country. We are amidst the shift from the traditional approaches of training to a focus on the application of learning through assessing competency acquired by the learner. The curriculum driven instructional model has been the standard method of teaching for more than century, but it is consistently failing to produce well educated citizens and lifelong learners. Medical sciences being high professional courses, there has to be a much greater emphasis on preventive healthcare and community medicine in all forms of healthcare education.

To achieve the prime objective, it's a pleasure and privilege to introduce transformation in curriculum of homoeopathy education which is competency based dynamic.

This curriculum guide can serve a number of purposes. The principal uses are,

- Foundation program in the very beginning after admissions will help students adapting the needs and for their preparedness for the whole course.
- Provide trainers with guidance and resources for conducting or supporting learning activities
- Provide learners with a resource that will support an 'instructor led' delivery and will be a useful reference for future application of the learning
- Providing learners and assessors with resources for understanding and completing assessments
- Serve as guide or resource for 'self-directed' learning

Each chapter is explicit and easy to digest, provides strategies to inspire conversation and action.

I hope teachers, administrators; leaders will find this guide as helpful for reworking our current educational system into a new, dynamic model of teaching & learning in all facets of Homoeopathy.

Dr. Anil Khurana, Chairperson

#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The task of formulating the Competency based Dynamic Curriculum (CBDC) in Homoeopathy has been a stupendous effort which would not have been possible without the vision, direction, and unstinting support of a number of eminent persons.

We can start with none other than the Honourable Prime Minister, Shri Narendra Modiji, who has envisioned the future of the youth through the formulation of the National Education Policy 2020 which has helped to bring about a paradigm shift from knowledge centric to competency-based education.

Honourable Minister of AYUSH, Shri Sarbananda Sonowalji and Minister of State for AYUSH, Dr Munjpara Mahendrabhai Kalubhai have taken effective steps for implementing the National Education Policy in the AYUSH sector. Secretary AYUSH, Vaidya Shri Rajesh Kotechaji has consistently emphasized the urgency, given the direction, and provided resources for structuring and implementing the changeover to Competency based Curriculum.

Chairperson of the National Commission of Homoeopathy (NCH), Dr Anil Khuranaji has been personally monitoring and encouraging us for taking orderly steps and planning for the formulation and implementation of the CBDC. All the esteem members of NCH have given their valuable suggestion while making the final draft of CBDC. Advisory Council of the National Commission for Homoeopathy has always supported the progressive changes which the NCH has been bringing about.

Dr Mangesh Jatkar, Member, Homoeopathy Education Board has kept a vigilant eye over the functioning of various committees constituted for formulating CBDC for First BHMS course. Dr. Rupali Bhalerao, for technical & editorial assistance to revamp this document and homoeopathy education board team including Dr. Kanika Malhotra for tirelessly working to meet every timeline of CBDC work.

Subject experts and convener for syllabus/curriculum designing, Dr K M Dhawale for formulating the syllabus and content which formed the base for this competency based dynamic curriculum.

Members of the core CBDC committee, Dr Munir Ahmed R, Dr Payal Bansal and Convener Dr. Bipin Jain for setting the framework and spending countless hours selflessly guiding this process. All the experts took out time and got trained in medical education technology and formulated the curriculum of their respective subject in record time. Team from Dr.D.Y.Patil Homoeopathic Medical College, Pune for contributing in the final shaping of this document.

Dr. Tarkeshwar Jain,

President, Homoeopathy Education Board

Page **3** of **32** 

#### PREAMBLE TO THE COMPETENCY BASED DYNAMIC CURRICULUM

The National Commission for Homoeopathy (NCH) has undertaken major revisions in the educational regulations in the last year and has devised a new Syllabus to ensure that the student who completes the homoeopathic undergraduate course grows into a homoeopathic physician who is informed and capable of performing as a professional with competency to deliver services as required for addressing the health needs of the person and society at large. It is based on the premise that a correct adherence to homoeopathic principles and knowledge imparted will enable the physician to deliver results in all aspects of health, viz. preventive promotive, curative and rehabilitative.

There is a significant change in the approach and contents in the newly designed curriculum, with the intention of making it more coherent for the present and future needs of society. The designing of curriculum is based on the sound theories of educational methodology as applicable for the health professionals' education, and therefore, the outcomes are quite transparent and achievable.

The Homoeopathic Educational Board (HEB) is obliged by the NCH Act 26 (b) to "develop a competency based dynamic curriculum for Homoeopathy at all levels in accordance with the regulations made under this Act, in such manner that it develops appropriate skill, knowledge, attitude, values and ethics among the graduates, postgraduate and super-specialty students and enables them to provide healthcare, to impart medical education and to conduct medical research".

Competency based medical education (CBME) has been around in the medical world for more than three decades. It has undergone several revisions and adaptations through this period which has placed the NCH in an advantageous position to learn from the varied experiences of curriculum formulation, implementation and assessment.

It should be emphasized that the switch over to CBME involves a sea change in the understanding of the processes and outcomes for which all stakeholders need to be adequately sensitized and the teachers trained to minimize the difficulties inevitable in any transition. The following four pillars need a special mention to grasp the nature of the change being brought about (Frank Jason R, et al 2010).

- The focus is on ensuring that the end user of the health care services is benefited. Hence it is important that the outcomes of the training are defined in clear terms so that the teacher, the student and the community are aware of what can be expected from the training.
- 2. The second logical focus is on bringing the abilities of the physician to the level when the outcomes defined above are realized. This involves the definition of the competencies required in the discharge of various functions of the physician. This would involve certain generic competencies such as problem solving or effective communication and certain specific ones related to the subject of study like. Anatomy, Materia Medica or others. This coupling of the outcome and abilities leads automatically to the third pillar.
- 3. We have been used to consider all training as time bound as the BHMS course is 5 1/2 years duration. But when we realize that the rate of mastering different abilities would vary from

student to student, we should de-emphasize the fixed period of training and instead look at how the student can be helped to master the specific competency.

4. The fourth pillar becomes the student herself/himself. The entire education and training become learner centred and hence the teacher takes a great effort in defining the outcomes, competencies, teaching and learning methods and most important of all, assessment which is predominantly formative and hence intends to shape the evolving capacities of the learner.

While formulating the competency based dynamic curriculum (CBDC) for the homoeopathy undergraduate, we must bear in mind the central role that homoeopathy philosophy and the principle of holistic care plays in the therapeutic actions of the homoeopathic interventions. This is a distinctive aspect which has hardly received the attention it deserves despite Hahnemann's clear recommendations in the first six Aphorisms of the Organon. The revised syllabus has brought this change and the formulation of the competency-based curriculum provides an opportunity to incorporate this approach at all levels of teaching and training. The implications lie in bringing about a sensitive and effective integration (horizontal/vertical/spiral) of all aspects of the syllabus throughout the five and half years of the undergraduate course.

There are five compelling factors that form the fulcrum to drive the change (Harris Peter, et al, 2010):

- <u>Design of curriculum</u>: This needs careful attention due to its novelty. Homoeopathy, as a holistic discipline resting on the foundations of philosophy, needs a holistic approach from the first year itself. Several novel situations will need to be envisaged and catered to. And yet, a number of issues will remain. This is the dynamic nature of the enterprise, and we must be prepared to accept the well-known adage: Change, the only constant!
- <u>Teacher training</u>: Our teachers have discharged the role of information providers and the teaching-learning process calls for a transformation in the role of the teacher (Sidhu Navdeep S. et al2022). The future will need them to wear multiple hats and hence they will need to develop competencies viz. planner, facilitator, assessor, education manager, role model, etc, to be effective for these roles.
- 3. <u>Assessment</u>: Assessment practices must be based on a robust platform of validity, reliability, and objectivity, so that the tools of assessment blend fluidly with the academic flow. In this background, the focus is to shift the assessment approach from the monopoly of summative assessment to a significant allowance for formative assessment, which are supportive for learning and correction on-the-go.
- 4. <u>Student issues</u>: Along with the parents and the community, a significant reorientation is called for while changing it from that of a 'last-minute' sprinter to a long range 'racer'! All stakeholders should be on the same page so that the processes can operate in a well-oiled manner. Glitches are to be expected when a largely 'rights' based social mind set has to shift gears to adopt a competency oriented one. Understanding that change needs patience and good will go a long way to make the latter orientation a way of life.
- 5. <u>Systems</u>: All educational systems from the colleges to universities need to incorporate the multiple changes within their systems. We are used to consider results as 'pass' and 'fail' with the latter carrying the stigma. While there is an Page 5 of 32

expressed need to wish to cater to all categories of learners – fast, normal, slow – the need to bring about changes in the systems is not so readily accepted. The institutions need to develop as 'learning organisations' that spur the 'growth mind-set' of its members – the teachers, students, and all those who are in the loop of curricular or co-curricular management.

The HEB considers the CBDC as a work in progress. Considerable thoughts and efforts are invested into the design and planning of the curriculum. But as has been mentioned above, this is a pioneering work and would always benefit from suggestions that spring from critical thinking and reflection subsequent to sincere attempts in implementation.

The next sections provide details of operational clarity to implement the program. Training of teachers is the key component which will make all the difference. The NCH is committed to make it happen and the cooperation of all stakeholders is earnestly solicited.

#### References

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#### [I - STEPS TAKEN TO FORMULATE HOMOEOPATHY CBDC MANUAL

In this section we will detail the process undertaken in the formulation of this manual. The account will be of use to the users viz. the academicians, teachers and students to better grasp the significance of the effort and the role that each would have to play. The subsequent section will outline the correct use of the manual in order to derive the maximum benefit.

I - Defining National and Institutional Goals and Programme Outcomes

The process of identifying competency is a complex one. Defining the outcome clearly helps in defining the relevant competency thus enabling a person acquiring it with relative ease. In case of the medical graduate, the outcome or goal is determined by the health care needs of the community as perceived by the statutory authorities and the ability of the particular health care system to respond to this need. India has a pluralistic health tradition and the community accesses the several health care systems to fulfil their multiple health needs. Scientific evidence is generally relied upon to determine and differentiate the role of each system in providing health care. This, however, may not always be forthcoming to the required degree of precision.

Considering the above, the NCH has formulated broad national goals which a Homoeopathic graduate would be expected to be able to achieve.

#### NATIONAL GOALS:

At the end of undergraduate program, the medical student should be able to:

- a. Recognize the strength of homoeopathy, its applicability and limitations in health care of society and the individual.
- b. Learn the integration of medical services for effective delivery of health care.
- c. Recognize the purpose of the National Health Policy and "Health for all" as a national goal and health right of all citizens and undergo training to achieve the realization of this social responsibility
- d. Achieve competence in the practice of homoeopathy with holistic approach, encompassing promotive, preventive, curative and rehabilitative aspects of common diseases.
- e. Develop a scientific temper, acquire educational experience for proficiency in profession and promote healthy living based on the tenets of homoeopathy.
- f. Become an exemplary citizen by observing medical ethics and fulfilling social and professional obligations so as to respond to national aspirations.
- g. Develop skills to perpetuate homoeopathy & practice it with zeal so that it stands parallel to other scientific healing methods.

In order to realize these goals, Homoeopathic institutions will need to prepare themselves with suitable infrastructure and processes so that the graduate is able to deliver on the National goals. The NCH has laid down the following goals for homoeopathic institutions.

#### INSTITUTIONAL GOALS:

In consonance with the national goals, each homoeopathic medical institution should evolve institutional goals to define the kind of trained homoeopathic professionals they intend to produce. The undergraduate students coming out of a homoeopathic medical institute should:

- a. Be competent in clinical diagnosis and homoeopathic management of the health problems of the individual and the community, commensurate with his/her position as a member of the health team at the primary, secondary or tertiary levels, using his/her clinical skills based on history, physical examination and relevant investigations.
- b. Be competent to use homoeopathic medicines scientifically for health problems in preventive, promotive, curative palliative and rehabilitative mode.
- c. Appreciate the rationale for the use of different therapeutic modalities & engage in cross- referral when required in the interest of the patient.
- d. Be able to appreciate the socio-psychological, cultural, economic and environmental factors affecting health and develop a humane attitude towards patients in discharging professional responsibilities.
- e. Be able to identify community health problems and learn to work to resolve these by understanding, designing, instituting corrective steps as per homoeopathic principles and evaluating outcome of such measures.
- f. Develop sensitivity to environmental sustainability and engage in community work towards achieving it with responsibility and commitment.
- g. Be trained in critical thinking, evidence-based practice and possess research aptitude and documentation skills necessary in professional work.
- h. Possess the attitude for lifelong learning and be ready to develop competencies as and when conditions of practice demand it.
- i. Be familiar with the basic factors which are essential for the implementation and integration of the National Health Programmes with homoeopathy including practical aspects of the following: (i) Family Welfare and Mother and Child Health (MCH) (ii) Sanitation and water supply (iii) Prevention and control of communicable and noncommunicable diseases (iv) Immunization (v) Health Education.
- j. Acquire basic management skills in the area of human resources, materials and resource management related to homoeopathy in health care delivery, general and hospital management, principal inventory skills and counselling.
- k. Be able to work as an active and responsible partner in health care teams and acquire proficiency in communication skills with colleagues, patients and the community at large.
- I. Be competent to work in a variety of health care settings.

Page **8** of **32** 

m. Develop personal characteristics and attitudes required for professional life such as personal integrity, sense of responsibility and dependability and ability to relate to or show concern for other individuals.

When we look at the translation of these set of goals to the individual learner, we will be able to define these as follows:

#### GOALS OF THE LEARNER

Towards attaining the goals of this program, the homoeopathic graduate must be able to function in the following roles appropriately and effectively:

- a. Clinician who understands and provides holistic preventive, promotive, curative, palliative and rehabilitative care with compassion.
- b. Leader and member of the health care team and system with capabilities to collect, analyse, synthesize and communicate health data.
- c. Communicator with patients, families, colleagues and community.
- d. Lifelong learner committed to continuous improvement of skills and knowledge.
- e. Professional, who is committed to excellence, is ethical, responsive and accountable to patients, community and profession.

The above goals, though desirable, are broad. To realize them, the student entering into the undergraduate homoeopathic programme needs to be equipped with a set of competencies which would fall in the domains of knowledge, skills and attitudes. The broad goals need to be defined in specific actionable terms which will form the Programme outcomes. These will enable all the stakeholders to be clear of the nature of functioning expected from the homoeopathic physician at the end of the training. Accordingly, the team of resource persons worked together to formulate Programme Outcomes

#### **PROGRAMME OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course of the undergraduate studies, the homoeopathic physician must

- 1) Develop the knowledge, skills, abilities and confidence as a primary care homoeopathic practitioner to attend to the health needs of the community in a holistic manner
- 2) Correctly assess and clinically diagnose common clinical conditions prevalent in the community from time to time
- 3) Identify and incorporate the socio-demographic, psychological, cultural, environmental & economic factors affecting health and disease in clinical work
- 4) Recognize the scope and limitation of homoeopathy in order to apply Homoeopathic principles for curative, prophylactic, promotive, palliative, and rehabilitative primary health care for the benefit of the individual and community

- 5) Be willing and able to practice homoeopathy as per medical ethics and professionalism.
- 6) Discern the scope and relevance of other systems of medical practice for rational use of cross referrals and role of life saving measures to address clinical emergencies
- 7) Develop the capacity for critical thinking, self-reflection and a research orientation as required for developing evidence based homoeopathic practice.
- 8) Develop an aptitude for lifelong learning to be able to meet the changing demands of clinical practice
- 9) Develop the necessary communication skills and enabling attitudes to work as a responsible team member in various healthcare settings and contribute towards the larger goals of national health policies such as school health, community health and environmental conservation.

Defining the Programme outcomes is a crucial step since this allows us to derive the competencies the homoeopathic graduate should possess at the end of the period of training. Care is taken to ensure that the National goals and Institutional goals are covered as much as possible by the various aspects of the Programme Outcomes. Further, the Outcomes for each academic year and of the period of internship will be formulated separately based on the Courses studied and the nature of clinical or community activities undertaken each year. Accordingly, the corresponding competencies for the respective years have been defined.

#### II - Deriving Competencies of the Homoeopathic Medical Graduate

Seven broad dimensions of practice were identified in which all actions of the homoeopathic physician in the context of our health care system could be classified (Englander, et al, 2013). The definition of these terms in our medical and social context are as follows:

Table 1: Dimensions of Practice of the Homoeopathic Physician

	Dimensions of Practice of the Homoeopathy Physician	Definition
1.	Knowledge for Homoeopathy Practice	Demonstrates knowledge of established and evolving biomedical, clinical, epidemiological and social-behavioral sciences, as well as the application of this knowledge to patient care using homoeopathy as a means of intervention.

2.	Patient Care	Provides patient-centered, individualized care that is compassionate, appropriate, and effective for the treatment of health problems and the promotion of health.	
3.	Interpersonal and Communication Skills	Demonstrates interpersonal and communication skills that result in the effective exchange of information and collaboration with patients, families, and health professionals.	
4.	Professionalism	Demonstrates a commitment to carrying out professional responsibilities and an adherence to ethical principles.	
5.	Practice based learning and Improvement	Demonstrate the ability to investigate and evaluate one's care of patients, to appraise and assimilate scientific evidence, and to continuously improve patient care based on constant self-evaluation and life-long learning.	
6.	Health care systems	Demonstrate an awareness of and responsiveness to the larger context and system of health care in the country, as well as the ability to call effectively on other resources in the system to provide optimal health care.	
7.	Scholarship	Demonstrate the qualities required to sustain lifelong personal and professional growth.	

We now needed to draw up a list of generic competencies relevant for the training of the homoeopathic physician. These would subsequently be mapped on to the Programme Outcomes for each year. The list of generic competencies drawn up were subsumed under the 4 relevant areas of the functioning of the physician viz. cognitive, personal, interpersonal and in the community after referring to Kallioinen (2010), General Medical Council (2017) and Arora (2020).

Table 2: Generic competencies relevant to the functioning of the physician

Areas	Cognitive	Personal	Interpersonal	Community
	Analytical	Self-reflection	Empathetic	Ethical awareness
	Synthetic	Self-Awareness	Leadership	Community awareness
	Objective	Safety compliance	Team work	Safety awareness

Organizing and Planning	Lifelong learning	Collaboration	
Problem Solving		Respect for Privacy and autonomy	
		Communication skills - oral and written	
	Healthy coping mechanisms	Executive ability	
Information management	Flexibility		
5	Dealing with uncertainty		
Holistic approach			
System based thinking			

This now equips us to chart the generic competencies against the expanded functions of the physician in each of the areas mentioned in Table 1. The components of each of the areas has been expanded to include all actions which the trained physician would be expected to undertake. This also helps us to zero down on the tasks which the physician would need to be trained to perform. The series of seven tables below expands each of the areas, identifies the generic competencies and the component tasks.

Table 3: Charting of Generic Competencies and Tasks against the areas of functioning

	Areas of action	Generic Competencies	Component tasks
1	Knowledge (K) for H	omoeopathy practice	
k-1	Describe the basic scientific principles underlying normal development, structure and function of genes, cells, organs and the body as a whole throughout the life cycle and correlate with concept of man	Integration of information	Information gathering Information management Synthesis of data Holistic approach

	as per Dr Hahnemann and other Homoeopathic masters			
k-2	Describe the aetiology and pathophysiology of major diseases and disorders, and their clinical, laboratory, radiographic and pathologic manifestations and correlate with Homoeopathic concept of disease	Integration information Problem integration	of	Information gathering Information management System based thinking Analysis synthesis
k-3	Describe the epidemiology of disorders in populations and approaches designed to screen, detect, prevent, and treat disease in populations problem formulation- planning of intervention, treatment, evaluation- interpretation, integration and correlate with Homoeopathic concept of preservation of health and clinical management	Integration information problem integration communication problem solving leadership skill team work communication	of	Information gathering Information management System based thinking Analysis Synthesis Organizing and planning Implementation evaluation
	Describe the	Problem solving		Information gathering

therapies for	Information management
common physical	System based thinking
and mental	System based thinking
disorders and	Analysis
recognize the	Synthesis
relative efficacies	Synthesis
and common	
adverse effects of	
these and their	
variations among	
different patients	
and populations and	
relate with different	
expression of	
chronic disease	

		Generic competencies	Component tasks
2	Patient care (PC)	I	l
Рсі	Perform both a focused and comprehensive history and physical examination, develop diagnostic hypotheses, order and evaluate diagnostic tests, and formulate an appropriate plan of care using Homoeopathic concept of case taking with individualisation and Management	Problem solving	Information gathering Problem Integration Documentation Information management System based thinking Organising and planning Analysis and evaluation Holistic approach
Pc2	Perform core technical procedures, as would be expected of a beginning intern, and describe their indications,	Problem solving independent study	Information gathering

	contraindications, and potential complications.		Problem integration Problem formulation Implementation of plan and evaluation
Pc3	Recognize acute, life-threatening conditions and perform measures to stabilize the patient.	Problem solving	Information gathering Problem integration Problem formulation Implementation of plan and evaluation Dealing with uncertainty

		Generic competencies	Component tasks
3	Interpersonal and Communication Skil	ls (ICS)	
Cs1	Communicate with patients and their families, counsel them in an effective, caring, and culturally competent manner as per the guidance of Hahnemann and different masters and current advances	Communication Objectivity Flexibility of thought	Information gathering Organising and planning Compassion Empathy Personal integrity Dealing with uncertainty Respect for privacy and autonomy
Cs2	Communicate, consult, collaborate, and work effectively as a member or leader of healthcare teams.	Communication Team member Leadership skills	Organising planning System based thinking Objectivity

Communication - written and oral
Collaboration
Executive ability

		Competency generic	Component tasks		
4	Professionalism (P)				
P1	Maintain a professional demeanour, while demonstrating responsibility, integrity,	Problem solving	Ethical awareness Self-awareness		
	empathy, reliability, and attention to personal wellness as per the direction from		Empathy		
	Organon of medicine and homoeopathic masters		Integrity		
			Reliability		
Р2	Demonstrate ethical principles that govern	Problem solving	Ethical awareness		
	the doctor-patient relationship, medical decision-making, and healthcare delivery.		Respect for privacy		
			and autonomy		
Ρ3	Provide compassionate, unbiased care to	Problem solving	Compassion		
	patients from diverse backgrounds		Objectivity		
			Flexibility in thinking		

		Generic competency	Component tasks
5	Practice-Based Learning and Improven	nent (PBLI)	
Pblı	Utilize appropriate information technology for scientific and clinical problem-solving and decision-making	Problem solving Independent study	Information gathering Information management Documentation Creative thinking
Pbl2	Analyze and critically appraise the relevant medical literature	Information management	Analysis,

			Evaluation Critical thinking Creative thinking	
Pbl3	Apply principles of evidence-based medicine, medical ethics, and cost- effectiveness to diagnosis, prognosis, and therapeutics.	Problem solving Objectivity Integration of information Problem integration	Analysis Evaluation Critical thinking Plan f implementation evaluation	for
Pbl4	Demonstrate the ability for lifelong self-directed learning.	Problem solving Objectivity Integration of information Problem integration Learning ability	Analysis Evaluation Critical thinking Plan f implementation Evaluation Lifelong learner	for

		Generic competency	Component tasks
6	Healthcare Systems (HCS)		
HCS1	Discuss the organization, financing, and delivery of healthcare services with particular awareness of healthcare disparities, the needs of the underserved, and the medical consequences of common societal problems.	Problem solving objectivity	Empathy Compassion Community awareness Analysis evaluation of information

			information management
HCS2	Define the core principles of healthcare quality, patient safety, and interprofessionalism	Problem solving objectivity	Problem definition Critical thinking Information management
HCS3	Participate in national programmes	Problem solving	Team work Communication Empathy Compassion

		Generic competency	Component tasks
7	Scholarship (S)		
Sı	Define the scientific and ethical principles of biomedical research, including basic, translational, clinical, and population studies.	Integration of information Problem integration objectivity	Information management Critical thinking
S2	Identify a scholarly area of interest, formulate an investigative question, develop and implement methods to assess it, and communicate the results.	Problem solving objectivity Independent study	Analytical Evaluation Documentation Information management Critical thinking Personal integrity Ethical awareness Communication skill

With this background, we should be able to approach the Manual which is being issued in four parts for each year, the last manual also covering the period of internship. It will be noted that the Generic competencies and the Component tasks as in the Table 3 will be aligned with the specific competencies for each item of learning.

Considerable fresh thought has gone into the framing of this document of CBDC for the Homoeopathic graduate. The existing templates were unable to satisfy the very foundations on which homoeopathic practice rests and which have been extensively elaborated in the Preamble to the new Syllabus introduced in 2022. The two features which may be emphasized here are:

1. Close adherence to homoeopathic philosophy and principles at every stage of education and training

2. This is turn demands a rare amount of integration at horizontal, vertical and spiral forms

The next section will deal with how the Competency table was formulated and how it should be used.

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- 4. Arora Aman (2020) Building Generic Competencies Model Conference: International Conference on Recent Trends and Innovations in Business Management, Social Sciences and Technology - NCIBM 2020, New Delhi accessed at <u>https://www.researchgate.net/publication/345001112</u> on 5<sup>th</sup> December 2022

#### **II - UNDERSTANDING THE COMPETENCIES TABLE**

The Competency Table has been designed keeping in mind the Generic and specific competencies required by the learner to attain the overall Program Outcomes (PO) as well as Course Outcomes (CO) of all courses.

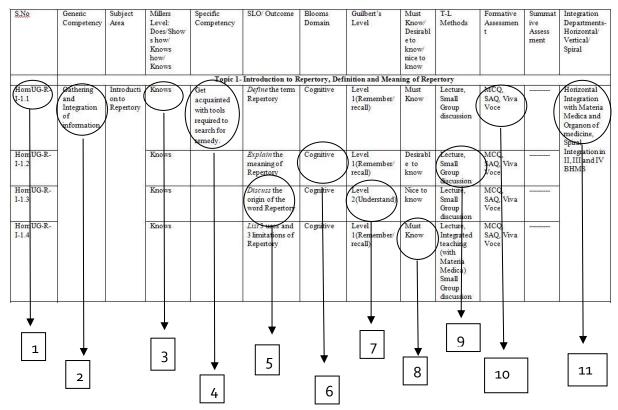
#### A. Methodology in preparation of the Competency Table

The following methodology was adopted in preparing the Competencies table for each course (or subject) of the BHMS program once the National and Institutional Goals, Programme Outcomes, Generic Competencies and component tasks were identified:

- Course Outcomes (CO) were identified for each course (or subject) that were in alignment with the National and Institutional Goals, Programme Outcomes (PO)
- Finalizing the syllabus or the list of topics which will help to achieve not only the Course Outcomes (CO) but also the overall Program Outcomes (PO)
- Identifying the Learning Objectives and Specific Learning Outcome (SLO) for each topic
- Aligning the Specific Learning Outcome (SLO) to the Generic and Specific Competencies that are to be achieved
- Identifying the level of Miller's Pyramid for each Specific Learning Objectives/ Outcome (SLO)
- Classifying each Specific Learning Outcome (SLO) as per Bloom's Taxonomy and Guibert's Level
- Distinguishing the Specific Learning Outcome (SLO) into 'Must know' or 'Desirable to know' or 'Nice to know' categories
- Choosing the appropriate Teaching Learning method/s and the assessment method/s required for achieving each objective or outcome
- Identifying the Horizontal, Vertical and Spiral Integration with other courses (or subjects) required for holistic understanding of the topic

We will now illustrate how the Competency table is to be read with respect to the Repertory Course (subject)

## Illustrative Diagrammatic Representation of Competencies Table with example of the Repertory Course



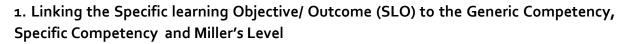
#### Table 4: Description of the Competencies table

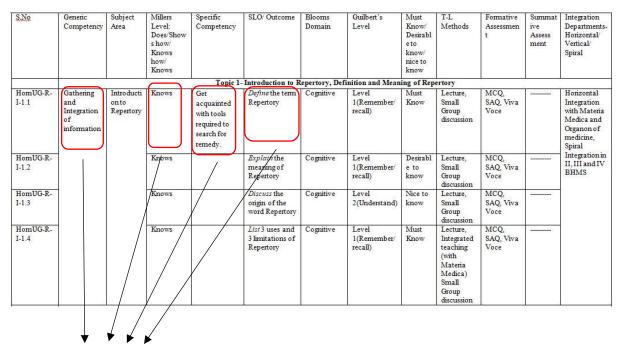
S.No	Description
1	Unique number of the competency /outcome (Hom-UG-R-I-1.1)
	Hom-UG-R-I: Course Code
	1.1: Topic number followed by serial number of the Specific Learning Objectives/ Outcome
	(SLO)
2	Generic Competency to be achieved from the topic
3	Mapping of the Level of Specific Learning Outcome (SLO) to Miller's Pyramid- Knows/ Knows How/ Shows How/ Does
4	Specific Competency to be acquired from the topic
5	Description of Specific Learning Outcome (SLO) for the topic

6	The Blooms Domain addressed by the Specific Learning Outcome (SLO)- Cognitive or Affective or Psychomotor Domain
7	Mapping of the Specific Learning Outcome (SLO) to Guibert's Level of Learning in the Cognitive or Affective or Psychomotor Domain
8	Classifying the Specific Learning Outcome (SLO) into Must know or desirable to know or nice to know areas
9	Teaching Learning methods
10	Assessment methods
11	Subjects that can be vertically or horizontally integrated to improve understanding. If the subject is taught for more than 1 year, it must be integrated spirally in all the years.

#### B. USING THE COMPETENCIES TABLE

A Competency Based Dynamic Curriculum necessitates that each topic in a course (or subject) be elaborated in terms of the outcomes that are to be achieved by the learner at the end of the particular topic. This in turn will help the learner to achieve the competencies at the course and overall, at the program level.





Each Specific learning Objective/ Outcome (SLO) will help the learner to acquire Generic competencies (abilities that a basic homoeopathic doctor would be trusted to have acquired as a consequence of his / her learning) and Specific competencies (abilities that the student is expected to acquire in a focused area of expertise)

In the above table Introduction to a subject will help the learner to acquire a generic competency of gathering and Integrating knowledge & a specific competency of getting acquainted with the tools required to search for a Homoeopathic remedy.

The Specific learning Objective/ Outcome (SLO) also indicates at what level the competency is defined in the Miller's Pyramid which in the above example is at the level of 'Knows' – the ability to recall facts and ideas.

S.No	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/Show s how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Competency	SLO/ Outcome	Blooms Domain	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desirabl e to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formative Assessmen t	Summat ive Assess ment	Integration Departments Horizontal/ Vertical/ Spiral	
				Topic 1-	Introduction to R	epertory, Det	finition and Mean	ing of Rep	ertory	101 10 102		0	
HomUG-R- I-1.1	and onto Integration of information	Knows	Get acquainted with tools required to search for remedy.	<i>Define</i> the term Repertory	Cognitive	Level 1(Remember/ recall)	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce	Integ with Med Orga med Spira	Horizontal Integration with Materia Medica and Organon of medicine, Spiral		
HomUG-R- I-1.2			Knows		<i>Explain</i> the meaning of Repertory	Cognitive	Level 1(Remember/ recall)	Desirabl e to know	Lecture, Small Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce		Integration in II, III and IV BHMS	
HomUG-R- I-1.3				Knows		Discuss the origin of the word Repertory	Cognitive	Level 2(Understand)	Nice to know	Lecture, Small Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce		
HomUG-R- I-1.4			Knows		List 3 uses and 3 limitations of Repertory	Cognitive	Level 1(Remember/ recall)	Must Know	Lecture, Integrated teaching (with Materia Medica) Small Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce			

#### 2. Specific learning Objective/ Outcome (SLO) for each topic

Specific Learning Objectives / Outcomes (SLOs) start with the "Action Verb" as per the Domain and describe what students should know or be able to do at the end of a learning session. The SLOs are written as per the Blooms Domain (Cognitive or Affective or Psychomotor) under which they are categorized.

In the above example four Specific Learning Objectives / Outcomes (SLOs) have been described that belong to the Cognitive domain.

#### 3. Teaching Learning methods for each topic

S.No	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/Show s how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Competency	SLO/ Outcome	Blooms Domain	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desirabl e to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formative Assessmen t	Summat ive Assess ment	Integration Departments- Horizontal/ Vertical/ Spiral
				Topic 1	Introduction to R	epertory, Def	inition and Mean	ing of Rep	ertory			
HomUG-R- I-1.1	and on to Integration of information	Introducti on to Repertory	Knows	Get acquainted with tools required to search for remedy.	Define the term Repertory	Cognitive	Level 1(Remember/ recall)	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce		Horizontal Integration with Materia Medica and Organon of medicine, Spiral Integration in II, III and IV BHMS
HomUG-R- I-1.2			Knows		<i>Explain</i> the meaning of Repertory	Cognitive	Level 1(Remember/ recall)	Desirabl e to know	Lecture, Small Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce		
HomUG-R- I-1.3			Knows		Discuss the origin of the word Repertory	Cognitive	Level 2(Understand)	Nice to know	Lecture, Small Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce		
HomUG-R- I-1.4			Knows		<i>List</i> 3 uses and 3 limitations of Repertory	Cognitive	Level 1(Remember/ recall)	Must Know	Lecture, Integrated teaching (with Materia Medica) Small Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce		

The Teaching- Learning methods have been identified that are most suitable to the Specific Learning Objectives / Outcomes (SLOs) formed for each topic and as per the Domain of each of the Specific Learning Objectives / Outcomes (SLOs).

In the above example, Lectures, Integrated teaching and Small Group Discussion are the Teaching-Learning methods to be adopted for achieving the SLO.

The Teaching Learning Methods will vary as per the Specific Learning Objectives / Outcomes (SLO) and the Domains they cover.

#### 4. Assessment methods for each topic

S.No	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/Show s how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Competency	SLO/ Outcome	Blooms Domain	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desirabl e to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formative Assessmen t	Summat ive Assess ment	Integration Departments- Horizontal/ Vertical/ Spiral
	0			Topic 1-	Introduction to R	epertory, Det	inition and Mean	ing of Rep	ertory	le o		0
HomUG-R- I-1.1	and onto Integration G information	Introducti on to Repertory	Knows	Get acquainted with tools required to search for remedy.	<i>Define</i> the term Repertory	Cognitive	Level 1(Remember/ recall)	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce	<u></u> ,	Honizontal Integration with Materia Medica and Organon of medicine, Spiral
HomUG-R- I-1.2			Knows		<i>Explain</i> the meaning of Repertory	Cognitive	Level 1(Remember/ recall)	Desirabl e to know	Lecture, Small Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce	<u></u>	Integration in II, III and IV BHMS
HomUG-R- I-1.3		Knows     Discuss the origin of the word Repertory     Cognitive       Knows     List 3 uses and 3 limitations of Repertory     Cognitive	Knows		origin of the	Cognitive	Level 2(Understand)	Nice to know	Lecture, Small Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce		
HomUG-R- I-1.4			Level 1(Remember/ recall)	Must Know	Lecture, Integrated teaching (with Materia Medica) Small Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce						

The Assessment methods have been identified that are most suitable to the Specific Learning Objectives / Outcomes (SLOs) formed for each topic and as per the Domain of each Specific Learning Objectives / Outcomes (SLOs) to assess the learner.

In the above example, Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ), Short Answer Questions (SAQ) and Viva Voce are the assessment methods to be adopted for assessing the SLO. The Assessment Methods will vary as per the SLO and the Domain it covers

#### 5. Integrated Teaching

SNo	Generic Competency	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/Show s how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Competency	SLO/ Outcome	Blooms Domain	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desirabl e to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formative Assessmen t	Summat ive Assess ment	Integration Departments- Horizontal/ Vertical/ Spiral		
				Topic 1-	Introduction to F	epertory, Def	inition and Mean	ing of Repe	ertory	<u>k</u> (1				
HomUG-R- I-1.1	and on to Integration of information	Knows	Get acquainted with tools required to search for remedy.	<i>Define</i> the term Repertory	Cognitive	Level 1(Remember/ recall)	Must Know	Lecture, Small Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce		Horizontal Integration with Materia Medica and Organon of medicine, Spiral			
HomUG-R- I-1.2		Knows		<i>Explain</i> the meaning of Repertory	Cognitive	Level 1(Remember/ recall)	Desirabl e to know	Lecture, Small Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce		Integration in II, III and IV BHMS			
HomUG-R- I-1.3					Knows		Discuss the origin of the word Repertory	Cognitive	Level 2(Understand)	Nice to know	Lecture, Small Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce	<u></u>	
HomUG-R- I-1.4		2	Knows		<i>List</i> 3 uses and 3 limitations of Repertory	Cognitive	Level 1(Remember/ recall)	Must Know	Lecture, Integrated teaching (with Materia Medica) Small Group discussion	MCQ, SAQ, Viva Voce				

Horizontal or Vertical Integrated Teaching with other subjects is required for a holistic understanding of the topic from different points of view.

The above topic should be integrated with other subjects of the same year for better understanding of the topic.

Spiral integration is required as the subject will be taught in II, III and IV BHMS and concepts taught in I BHMS will be utilized for further understanding of the subject.

#### III - Glossary of terms used in the template.

#### <u>Goals</u>

These are broad outcomes expected of a student at the end of the course of studies. These are to be contrasted with Objectives/Outcomes which are more specifically and narrowly defined.

#### <u>Programme</u>

A range of learning experiences offered to students in a formal manner over a period of oneto-four years leading to certificates/ diplomas/ degrees. Examples: BA (Economics) BSc (Physics). All possible formal degree Programmes are identified by UGC. BHMS is one such Programme

#### Programme Outcome

Programme Outcomes (POs) are what knowledge, skills and attitudes a graduate should have at the time of graduation. The Programme Outcomes of professional disciplines are identified at national level by the concerned accrediting agency. In this case, it would be the National Commission of Homoeopathy which would be involved.

#### <u>Course</u>

Course for the purpose of this Manual represents a subject e.g. Anatomy. In homoeopathic education some of the courses extend over several years e.g. Materia Medica. The relevance of this is in the formulation of Course Outcome

#### Course Outcome

Course Outcomes are statements that describe what students should be able to do at the end of a course. Where a Course extends over a number of years, it is necessary to define distinct Course Outcomes over the entire teaching programme of the subject. These will vary in depth and extent of the coverage of the subject.

#### <u>Competency</u>

An observable ability of a health professional, integrating multiple components such as knowledge, skills, values, and attitudes. Since competencies are observable, they can be measured and assessed to ensure their acquisition.

#### Generic competency:

Professional performances are denoted by certain demonstrable attributes that the learners imbibe and internalize as reflex activities. These are the abilities of the professional that characterize the quality and level of performance. The generic competencies therefore are the abilities that a basic homoeopathic doctor would be trusted to have acquired as a consequence of his / her learning. The examples include Information gathering, problem identification, etc. The generic competencies therefore refer to the overall frames of abilities.

#### Subject area:

Subject area is a chunk of content in a given subject. It could be a chapter, topic, sub-topic, etc.

#### Millers Levels:

Miller's Pyramid is a diagrammatic representation of the convergence of learning. It maps the pathway of learning to show a person gains the ability and competence in a series of increasingly progressive phases of learning.



The broad base of this pyramid - 'Knows' – has the ability to recall facts and ideas that form the bedrock of professional requirements. 'Knows How' is the next phase of learning, where the students gains the insight into the relationships between the various units of 'knows' and can relate them meaningfully to reach the 'knows how' capacity. These phases would largely be in the Cognitive Domain of Bloom's Taxonomy of Learning Objectives.

Learning is not just about knowing and knowing how, but also to enable that the 'know how' is put into practice. This is the third phase of Miller's Pyramid – the 'Shows How'. During this phase of learning, the student is able to demonstrate the reasoning ability that he / she has acquired in controlled or real situations. This ability also includes the psychomotor dimension of Bloom's Taxonomy. The summit of pyramid, i.e., 'Does' also includes the emotional aspect

of learning in the form of values, attitudes, communication, etc, that denote the 'Affective Domain' of Bloom's Taxonomy.

The Miller's Pyramid is a valuable tool to represent the increasing levels of competencies that the students need to acquire, and also a framework to assess the level of competency that is achieved. Interestingly, the framework focuses on what the learner would be doing, rather than on what the teacher would be doing.

#### Specific competency:

Specific competencies are the abilities that the student is expected to acquire in a focused area of expertise, which could be a discipline-based knowledge, a skill, an attitude, or a combination of these.

#### Specific Learning Objectives / Outcomes:

Specific Learning Objectives / Outcomes (SLOs) describe what students should know or be able to do at the end of a learning session, that they couldn't do before. These are written and communicated in a 'low context communication style', that is to say, whoever reads the SLO would have the same understanding that the person who wrote it had. That is, there would be no communication gap.

That is the reason why the SLOs are written specifically and exclusively as units of learning in one of the domains of Bloom, and further at one of the levels of Guilbert. This will ensure that the learning that is expected is clearly communication among all those who refer to it, including those who set the assessment and evaluate the student performance. Further, the SLOs are ALWAYS written with an ACTIVE verb, so as to make the statement observable and measurable.

#### Bloom's domain:

Bloom's Taxonomy of Educational Objectives is a tool for classifying learning under the categories of 'knowledge', 'skill', and 'attitude / value / communication', represented by the technical terms 'Cognitive', 'Psychomotor', and 'Affective' domains respectively. Each of these domains distinguish the dimension of learning in a particular area. The importance of such classification is that it offers a clear model for both teaching and students' assessment.

#### Guilbert's level:

Guilbert's Hierarchy is a tool that describes the various levels of learning that can be mapped and managed in the Bloom's domains of learning – cognitive, psychomotor, and affective. This tool also has the additional benefit to identify the appropriate teaching – learning methods / media, and also the assessment strategies.

In the 'knowledge' domain Guilbert's approach to learning proceeds from recall of facts to understanding / interpreting the different sets of data, and finally to the ability to make decisions and solve problems on the basis of the understanding / interpretation. This simple three-step process builds a sequential order of learning; it clearly brings out that decisions shall be made NOT on the basis of facts alone, but through a process of understanding and interpretation. The 'skill' domain builds the learning from the stage of observing and imitation to gaining control over the skills and culminating in automatism of the skill. In simple terms, any skill will be learnt initially by observing its performance, and imitating the same in the sequential order. In the next phase, the learner tries to gain control over the skill initially under the supervision, and ultimately will be able to perform it independently.

Learning in the affective domain proceeds from the stage where the learner is open and receptive to the stimulus or trigger situation, responding to it in a desirable manner, and finally internalising the responses.

#### Priority of learning:

The priority of learning is represented as 'Must know', 'Desirable-to-know', and 'Nice-to-know'. Prioritisation is a critical component of curriculum design because it classifies the learning outcomes on the basis of their importance and usefulness for the ultimate professional standards. The priority of learning is objectively assigned by a formula that gives weightage on the basis of 'frequency and impact' of the learning for professional needs.

#### TL Method / Media:

The teaching-learning (TL) methods and media are the vehicles that enable the acquisition of stated outcomes. Teaching method is simply 'what the teacher does or what the teacher enables the students with', such as giving a lecture, conducting a demonstration, or facilitating a group discussion. Teaching-learning media is 'what the teacher or the students use' to enable the learning; with examples such as a board, or projector, or model, or specimen, among others.

The teaching-learning methods and media are specific to the domains and levels in the domains. It must also be remembered that learning is a continuum, and a range of methods and media would be appropriate in the different phases in the continuum of learning.

#### Assessment:

Assessment of learning is an important component of curriculum. This measures the performance of the students in comparison to the expected outcomes of learning. Therefore the learning outcomes must be stated and communicated clearly and objectively to all the stakeholders of education. Assessment strategy is based on the domain and the level of domain in which the outcome is to be measured. Assessment could be judgemental for the extent and quality of outcomes, when it is called 'assessment <u>of</u> learning', or it could also be supportive for learning, when it is called as 'assessment <u>for</u> learning'. There are two major approaches to assessment – formative, and summative. The tools of assessment are provided in the annexure.

#### Formative Assessment:

Formative assessment is NOT judgmental, in that it does not brand the learner as 'pass' or 'fail'. The formative assessments measure the extent and quality of learning with reference to the expected learning outcomes, so that the students can be given feedback to improve on their performance. The formative assessments promote mastery learning, that is to say, each students achieves the stated level of mastery of performance because of the feedback and support. Formative assessment is also called as continuous assessment.

#### Summative Assessment:

Summative assessment has the mandate to judge the achievement of the learner at the end of a period of learning, and label him / her as 'pass' or 'fail, assign a rank, approve for eligibility to be promoted or eligibility to be admitted to a course. These assessments also serve as quality check to ensure that those who are being certified conform to a minimum standard of professional competence.

#### Integration:

Integration of learning is an essential requirement for aligning various data points of knowledge and skills for getting a holistic understanding and enabling a unified performance. Integration can be achieved at various dimensions and at various levels.

The dimensions of integration could be temporal in the form of Horizontal, Vertical, or Spiral. Horizontal integration is the alignment of learning on a longitudinal timeline, where the comparable contents of various subjects in the same term or year are integrated, for example the structure from anatomy, function from physiology, symptoms from Materia medica, and rubrics from repertory in the pre-clinical phase of BHMS.

Vertical integration is seen in the subjects that build on the pre-existing knowledge and skills of another subject. For example, the integration between the basic sciences such as anatomy, physiology, and biochemistry for the para-clinical learning such as in pathology, and the integration of basic and para-clinical skills into clinical learning.

Spiral integration is where a subject is recurring at various levels in the same course. For example, Materia medica is learnt from the first to final BHMS, and the focus of the subject is not the same in each year. There would be iteration of the same knowledge from different perspectives and capabilities across the different phases of BHMS.

The levels of integration represent the increasing approximation of knowledge from different subjects, so as to reach an approximation of fusion. The attempt to integration may begin with arranging the comparable contents of different subjects at the same cross sections of timeline. Further, there could be positioning the content of one subject into another subject to bring some kind of co-existence. Still further, the contents can be seamlessly merged to create an aligned learning content. Such integrative efforts can bring about holistic learning for a meaningful homeopathic capacity-building.

## COMPETENCY BASED DYNAMIC CURRICULUM FOR

## FIRST BHMS PROFESSIONAL COURSE

(Applicable from Batch 2022-2023 onwards for 5 years or until further notification by National Commission for Homoeopathy whichever is earlier)

# (Organon of Medicine and Homoeopathic philosophy and Fundamentals of Psychology)



## HOMOEOPATHY EDUCATION BOARD NATIONAL COMMISSION FOR HOMOEOPATHY

#### MINISTRY OF AYUSH, GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

JAWAHAR LAL NEHRU BHARTIYA CHIKITSA AVUM HOMOEOPATHY ANUSANDHAN BHAVAN

No.61-65, Institutional Area, opp. 'D' block, Janak Puri, New Delhi-10,058



#### <u>INDEX</u>

Sr. No	Title	Page No.	
1.	Preamble	2	
2.	Course Code and Name of Course	3	
3.	Course Outcomes (CO)	3	
4.	Contents of CourseHomUG-OM-I (Course Contents, Teaching Hours)	37	
5.	Table 2-Learning Objectives (Theory) of Course HomUG-OM-I	41	
6.	Psychology	59	
7.	Assessment	136	
8.	References/ Resources	145	
9.	List of Contributors	147	

#### I PROFESSIONAL BHMS

**Subject NAME:** Organon of Medicine and Homoeopathic philosophy and Fundamentals of Psychology

Subject CODE: HomUG-OM-I

#### **TEACHING HOURS:**

1 <sup>st</sup> BHMS							
Organon of	Medicine	and	Homoeopathic	Philosophy,	and	Fundamentals	of
Psychology							

YEAR	TEACHING HOURS-			
	LECTURES	NON-LECTURE		
1 <sup>ST</sup> BHMS	180	100		

#### Preamble-

Organon of Medicine with Homoeopathic Philosophy is a central fulcrum around which education and training of a homoeopathic physician revolves. It lays down the foundations of homoeopathic practice, education, training and research. It not only elaborates on the fundamental laws but also how to apply them in practice. It defines the qualities of a healer, guides the homoeopathic physician in inculcating values and attitude and develop skills.

Nature nurtures us. It is well depicted in our science. Therefore, Homoeopathy is in sync with Nature. The need to keep life force within us well balanced with nature is well established in Organon. Hahnemann as an ecologist was well ahead of his time. Philosophically, it connects man and his actions to the dynamic forces available in nature, thus bringing to fore the holistic approach. Lateralization of these concepts helps the student to develop insight into various facets of Life & Living. Organon orients the students to homoeopathy as an Art & Science. Its comprehensive understanding needs a core competency in logic and the concepts of generalization and individualization. Its treatment of disease process and relating to the concept of Miasm makes it a study of the process of scientific investigation.

The biggest challenge in teaching-learning of Organon is to first understand the fundamentals according to the Master's writing and then demonstrate them in practice. Quality and real time integration with other subjects helps a student to conceive the holistic perceiving of Man and Materia Medica. The concepts and knowledge required by the Physician with operational knowledge of management of patients and their diseases will need horizontal and vertical integration with Homoeopathic subjects and clinical subjects.

First BHMS will need horizontal integration with Anatomy, Physiology, Homoeopathic Pharmacy and Homoeopathic Materia Medica. Organon will have spiral integration with itself and vertical integration with clinical subjects. Second year will need integration with pathology, community medicine, forensic medicine, along with other homoeopathic subjects. Third and fourth year establishes links with clinical subjects, research methodology and pharmacology.

Science is never static. Since the time of Hahnemann, medical science has advanced by leaps and bounds. Since Homoeopathy is based on principles rooted in nature, they would stand the test of time. However, their application in the changing times and circumstances would find newer avenues to heal. This is an opportunity for a homoeopath to connect the current advances while relating with the fundamental laws. Mastering all this will make him a master healer and will move him towards higher purpose of existence.

Course Code	Name of Course
HomUG-OM-I	Organon of Medicine and Homoeopathic philosophy and Fundamentals of Psychology.

#### 1. Course Code and Name of Course

#### 2.COURSE OUTCOMES (CO):

# At the end of course in Organon of Medicine and Homoeopathic philosophy and Fundamentals of Psychology, the BHMS student shall be able to:

- 1. Explain the Cardinal Principles and Fundamental laws of Homoeopathy.
- 2. Describe the concept of Health, Disease and Cure in Homeopathy
- 3. Interpret a case according to the Hahnemannian Classification of Disease
- 4. Apply the Theory of Chronic Disease to determine the miasmatical background in a case.
- 5. Demonstrate case taking and show empathy with the patient and family during case taking
- 6. Demonstrate Analysis, evaluation of the case to form the Portrait of disease
- 7. Apply the concept of Susceptibility to determine posology in a given case
- 8. Interpret the action of the medicine in a case on the basis of Remedy reactions.
- 9. Apply knowledge of various therapeutic modalities, auxiliary measures & its integration with prevalent & other concepts in the management of patients.
- 10. Identify the various obstacles to cure and plan treatment accordingly.
- 11. Display qualities, duties & roles of a Physician as true practitioner of healing art
- 12. Develop the competencies essential for primary health care in clinical diagnosis and treatment of diseases through the judicious application of homoeopathic principles

- 13. Recognize the scope and limitation of homoeopathy and to apply the Homoeopathic Principles for curative, prophylactic, promotive, palliative, and rehabilitative primary health care for the benefit of the individual and community.
- 14. Discern the relevance of other systems of medical practice for rational use of cross referral and life saving measures, so as to address clinical emergences
- 15. Develop capacity for critical thinking and research aptitude as required for evidence based homoeopathic practice.
- 16. Demonstrate aptitude for lifelong learning and develop competencies as and when conditions of practice demand.
- 17. Be competent enough to practice homoeopathy as per the medical ethics and professionalism.
- 18. Develop the necessary communication skills to work as a team member in various healthcare setting and contribute towards the larger goals of national policies such as school health, community health, environmental conservation.
- 19. Identify socio-demographic, psychological, cultural, environmental & economic factors that affect health and disease and plan homoeopathic intervention to achieve the sustainable development Goal.

#### Specific Objectives of Organon of Medicine and Homoeopathic philosophy in1<sup>st</sup>BHMS

- 1. Recall the history of medicine and history of homoeopathy to relate its evolution
- 2. Correlate the first six aphorisms of Organon of Medicine for the study of anatomy, physiology, pharmacy.
- 3. Discuss the concept of health, indisposition and disease and its importance into the learning of anatomy, physiology, pharmacy and psychology
- 4. Discuss concept of Dynamization with health, disease and drug
- 5. Develop portrait of drug in the context of knowledge of anatomy, physiology, psychology and pharmacy
- 6. Explain the procedure and ethics of Drug proving

# COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)of Organon of Medicine and Homoeopathic Philosophy for I BHMS

At the end of I BHMS, the student should be able to,

- 1. Summarize the important milestones in the History of Medicine and development of Homoeopathy.
- 2. Value the contributions and qualities of Dr. Hahnemann as a physician and person
- 3. Recall the contributions of stalwarts in development of Homoeopathy
- 4. Explain the Cardinal Principles and Fundamental laws of Homoeopathy
- 5. Explain the Homoeopathic concept of Health, Disease and Cure in light of modern concepts

- 6. Apply Inductive and Deductive Logic in the study of the Basic principles of Homoeopathy
- 7. Describe the important features of the various editions and Ground plan of Organon of Medicine
- 8. Explain the meaning and significance of aphorisms§1-27
- 9. Relate the concepts of homoeopathic philosophy with other pre-, para-, and clinical skills by way of horizontal, vertical and spiral integration.

#### 3. Contents of Course HomUG-OM-I

#### **Course Contents-**

- 1. Introduction:
  - 1.1. History of medicine
  - 1.2. History of Homoeopathy

Short history of Hahnemann's life, his contributions, and situation leading to discovery of Homoeopathy

- 1.3. Brief history and contributions of Boenninghausen, Hering, Kent, R L Dutt, M L Sircar& B K Sarkar.
- 1.4 History and Development of Homoeopathy in brief in India, U.S.A. and European countries
- 1.5. Fundamental Principles of Homoeopathy.
- 1.6. Basic concept: Individualistic, Holistic& Dynamic

1.6.1. Life; Hahnemann's concept and modern concept.

- 1.6.2. Health: Hahnemann's concept and modern concept.
- 1.6.3. Disease: Hahnemann's concept and modern concept.
- 1.6.4. Cure.
- 1.7. Understanding Homoeopathy in vertical, horizontal & spiral integration with pre, para & clinical subject.
- Logic: To understand Organon of medicine and homoeopathic philosophy, it is essential to be acquainted with the basics of LOGIC to grasp inductive and deductive reasoning. Preliminary lectures on inductive and deductive logic (with reference to philosophy book of Stuart Close Chapter 3 and 16).
- 3. § 1 to 27 of Organon of medicine, § 105 to 145
- 4. The physician purpose of existence, qualities, duties and knowledge
- 5. Vital force- dynamization- homoeopathic cure- natures law of cure & its Implicationsdrug proving

1: Topics with reference list referring to Chapters fi	rom the	text book	S	
Торіс	Kent	Roberts	Close	Dhawale
Understanding the first six aphorisms and its application in the study of anatomy, physiology, pharmacy.	1-6	1	6	4
Concept of health, indisposition and disease and its importance in learning anatomy, physiology, pharmacy and psychology	1 to 9	2, 3, 4	6	2
Dynamization and relating with health, disease and drug	10, 11	2-6	14, 15	2, 16
Developing portrait of drug with help of knowledge of anatomy, physiology, psychology and pharmacy	13,21- 25,26	15	15	16

#### Non lectures- community - OPD/IPD -

Students will be exposed to OPD/PD-community from first BHMS:

Students will understand the first six aphorisms in action and will get sensitized to sociocultural-political-economical perspective of the community. They should develop insight into what constitutes health and how disease develops.

Introduce Journals from 1<sup>st</sup> year-

Habit of collecting evidence and noting them down vis-a-vis the expected objective will train them for evidence-based learning and inculcating the habit of using logic so inherent in Homoeopathic practice.

They also will realize the importance of skill and attitude and relevance of each subject in relation to Organon and Homoeopathic philosophy

They will write their experience of the clinic/OPD in relation to Observation/Cure/relief/Mission/Prevention/acute/chronic/indisposition etc.

- (i) 5 medicines from HMM to correlate with Physiology-Anatomy-Pharmacy.
- (ii) 5 cases observed in OPD

#### Teaching Learning Method

Assignments- Group work

Problem Based Learning through Cases- Literature

Group Discussion – Problem based learning

Project work with its presentations in class

Practicing Evaluation & Feedback system- after Project work, assignments & Group Discussions.

#### **Teaching Hours-**

1 <sup>st</sup> BHMS Organon Classroom teaching and non-lecture hours									
YEAR	TEACHING HOURS-	Non-lecture							
	LECTURES								
1 <sup>st</sup> BHMS	130	78							

## Teaching Hours Theory

Sr. No.	List of Topics	Term	Lectures	Non- Lectures
1	History of medicine in brief History and Development of Homoeopathy In brief in India, U.S.A. & European Countries	1	5	5
2	Short history of Hahnemann's life, his contributions & situation leading to discovery of Homoeopathy	I	5	5
3	Brief History & Contributions of Boenninghausen, Hering, Kent, RL Dutt, ML Sircar & BK Sirkar	I	15	
4	Logic: To understand organon of medicine & homoeopathic philosophy, it is essential to be acquainted with the basics of LOGIC to grasp inductive & deductive reasoning. Preliminary lectures on inductive & deductive logic with reference to philosophy of Stuart Close.	1	5	5
5	Science & Art in Homoeopathy	I	5	
6	Different Editions & Constructions of Hahnemann's Organon of Medicine	I	10	5
7	Fundamental Principles of Homoeopathy		20	5
8	Basic concept of: Individualistic & Holistic Life: Hahnemann's concept & Modern Concept Health: Hahnemann's Concept & Modern Concept Disease: Hahnemann's Concept & Modern Concept Cure: Hahnemann's Concept & Modern Concept	II	5	5
9	§1-27&105-145 of Organon of medicine	/	60(20+40)	48
			130	78

## 4. Table 2-Learning Objectives (Theory) of Course HomUG-OM-I

Generic Compet ency	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/Sh ows how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Compete ncy	SLO/ Outcome	Bloo ms Doma in	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desira ble to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formati ve Assess ment	Summa tive Assess ment	Integratio n Departm ents- Horizonta I/ Vertical/ Spiral
TOPIC 1(1.1 Acquirin g and Integrati on of Informat ion	) – HISTORY O History of Medicine as it is evolved with important milestone s	F MEDICINE Knows	Explain History of Medicine with important milestone s	Describe the evolution of Medicine	Cognit ive	Level II Understand and interpret	Must Know	Lecture, small group discussio n, Seminars	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	Practise of medicine
		Knows		Summarize important Milestones in Development and Evolution of Medicine	ive	Level II Understand and interpret	Nice to Know	Lecture, small group discussio n, Seminars	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	Practise of medicine

o h K h	evel: Does/Sh ws ow/ Cnows ow/ Cnows	Specific Compete ncy	SLO/ Outcome	Bloo ms Doma in	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desira ble to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formati ve Assess ment	Summa tive Assess ment	Integratio n Departm ents- Horizonta I/ Vertical/ Spiral
К	nows		Describe the contribution of various Stalwarts in development of medicine	Cognit ive	Level II Understand and interpret	Nice to Know	Lecture, small group discussio n, Seminars	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	Practice of medicine

Generic Compet ency	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/Sh ows how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Compete ncy	SLO/ Outcome	Bloo ms Doma in	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desira ble to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formati ve Assess ment	Summa tive Assess ment	Integratio n Departm ents- Horizonta I/ Vertical/ Spiral
Acquirin g and Integrati on of Informat ion	History of Homoeop athy as it is evolved with important milestone s	1	Describe History of Homoeop athy	Describe History of Homoeopath y	Cognit ive	Level II Understand and interpret	Must Know	Lecture small group discussio n Seminars	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	Materia Medica repertory
				Describe the important milestones in the evolution of Homoeopath Y	Cognit ive	Level II Understand and interpret	Must Know	Lecture small group discussio n Seminars Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	Materia Medica repertory

Generic Compet ency	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/Sh ows how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Compete ncy	SLO/ Outcome	Bloo ms Doma in	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desira ble to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formati ve Assess ment	Summa tive Assess ment	Integratio n Departm ents- Horizonta I/ Vertical/ Spiral
				Discuss the significance of important milestones in the evolution of Homoeopath Y	Cognit ive	Level II Understand and interpret	Must Know	Lecture small group discussio n Seminar s Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	Materia Medica repertory

Generic Compet ency	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/Sh ows how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Compete ncy	SLO/ Outcome	Bloo ms Doma in	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desira ble to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formati ve Assess ment	Summa tive Assess ment	Integratio n Departm ents- Horizonta I/ Vertical/ Spiral
g and nn's	) – LIFE HISTO Hahnema nn's Life History	RY OF DR. HA	AHNEMANN Describe Hahnema nn's Life History	Explain in detail the Life history of Dr. Hahnemann with his contribution towards Homoeopath y	Cognit ive	Level II Understand and interpret	Must Know	Lecture Small Group Discussi ons Presenta tion	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	Materia Medica
				Discuss the contribution and qualities of Dr.Hahneman n as a physician and person	Affect ive	Level II Understand and interpret	Must Know	Lecture Small Group Discussi ons Presenta tion	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	

Generic Compet ency	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/Sh ows how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Compete ncy	SLO/ Outcome	Bloo ms Doma in	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desira ble to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formati ve Assess ment	Summa tive Assess ment	Integratio n Departm ents- Horizonta I/ Vertical/ Spiral
TOPIC 1(1.3 Acquirin g and Integrati on of Informat ion	) – LIFE HISTO Stalwarts of Homoeop athy	ry of stalv Knows	VARTS OF HOM Life History of Different Stalwarts In Homoeop athy	AOEOPATHY Describe Life History of Following stalwarts Dr. Kent, Dr. Boger, Dr.Boenningh ausen. Dr, Hering, Dr. T.F. Allen, Dr. M.L. Sircar	Cognit ive	Level II Understand and interpret	Desira ble to know	Lecture Small Group Discussi on Seminar s	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	Materia Medica Repertory
				Discuss the Contributions of stalwarts in development of Homoeopath Y	Cognit ive	Level II Understand and interpret	Desira ble to know	Lecture Small Group Discussio n Seminars	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	Materia Medica Repertory

Generic Compet ency	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/Sh ows how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Compete ncy	SLO/ Outcome	Bloo ms Doma in	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desira ble to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formati ve Assess ment	Summa tive Assess ment	Integratio n Departm ents- Horizonta I/ Vertical/ Spiral
TOPIC 1(1.4	) – HISTORY &	DEVELOPM	ENT OF HOMO	EOPATHY IN INI	DIA. USA 8	EUROPEON CO	UNTRIES				
Acquirin Hi g and De Integrati en on of Ho Informat atl ion Ino & Eu	History & Developm ent of Homoeop athy in India, USA & European Countries	Knows	History & Developm ent of Homoeop athy in India, USA & European Countries	Explain the History & development of Homoeopath y in India, USA and European countries	Cognit ive	Understand and interpret	Desira ble to know	Lecture Small Group Discussi on Seminar s	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	Materia Medica
		Knows		Discuss the Contributions of stalwarts in development of Homoeopath y in India, USA and European countries	Cognit ive	Level II Understand and interpret	Desira ble to know	Lecture Small Group Discussi on Seminar s	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	Materia Medica Repertory

Generic Compet ency	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/Sh ows how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Compete ncy	SLO/ Outcome	Bloo ms Doma in	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desira ble to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formati ve Assess ment	Summa tive Assess ment	Integratio n Departm ents- Horizonta I/ Vertical/ Spiral
g and ntal Integrati Princip on of of	Principles of Homoeop	Knows	Understa nding the Fundame ntal Principles that govern Homoeop athy	Enumerate the cardinal principles of Homoeopath y	Cognit ive	Level II Understand and interpret	Must know	Lecture Small Group Discussi on Seminar s	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	Materia Medica <b>Pharmac</b> <b>Y</b>
		Knows		Explain the Cardinal Principles and Fundamental laws of Homoeopath Y	Cognit ive	Understand (Level II)	Must know	Lecture Small Group Discussi on Seminar s	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	Materia Medica Pharmac Y
		Knows		Describe the significance and	Cognit ive	Understand (Level II)	Must know	Lecture	MCQ, SAQ,	MCQ, SAQ,	Materia Medica

Generic Compet ency	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/Sh ows how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Compete ncy	SLO/ Outcome	Bloo ms Doma in	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desira ble to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formati ve Assess ment	Summa tive Assess ment	Integratio n Departm ents- Horizonta I/ Vertical/ Spiral
				importance of Cardinal Principles and Fundamental laws				Small Group Discussi on Seminar s	LAQ, Quiz	LAQ, Viva	Pharmac y
TOPIC	1(1.6): Concept	t of Health Di	sease and Cure	as per Hahnema	ann's conce	ept and correlation	on with mo	dern concept	t.		
Acquirin g and Integrati on of Informat ion	Concept of Health Disease and Cure	Knows	Knowledg e and applicatio n of concept of Health, Disease and Cure	Define the terms Health, disease and cure according to Dr. Hahnemann	Cognit ive	Remember (Level I)	Must know	Lecture Small Group Discussi on Seminar s	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	Anatomy physiolog y pharmacy Materia Medica
		Knows		Define the terms Health, disease and cure	Cognit ive	Remember (Level I)	Must know	Lecture Small Group Discussio	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	Anatomy physiolog y pharmacy

Generic Compet ency	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/Sh ows how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Compete ncy	SLO/ Outcome	Bloo ms Doma in	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desira ble to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formati ve Assess ment	Summa tive Assess ment	Integratio n Departm ents- Horizonta I/ Vertical/ Spiral
				according to modern concept.				n Seminars			
		Knows		Explain Health, disease and cure according to Dr Hahnemann	Cognit ive	Understand (Level II)	Must know	Lecture Small Group Discussi on Seminar s	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	Anatomy , physiolog y, pharmacy
		Knows		Differentiate the Hahnemannia n concept of health, disease and cure from the modern concept	Cognit ive	Understand (Level II)	Must know	Lecture Small Group Discussi on Seminar s	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	Materia Medica Anatomy Physiolog Y Pharmac Y

Generic Compet ency	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/Sh ows how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Compete ncy	SLO/ Outcome	Bloo ms Doma in	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desira ble to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formati ve Assess ment	Summa tive Assess ment	Integratio n Departm ents- Horizonta I/ Vertical/ Spiral
g and editi ntegrati and on of Cons nformat ons on Orga of	Different editions and Constructi ons of Organon	t editions a Knows	nd Construct Significan ce of Different editions and Constructi ons of Organon of Medicine	tions of Organ Explain the history & development different editions and Constructions of Organon of Medicine	on of Ma Cognit ive		Must know	Lecture Small Group Discussi on Seminar s	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	Materia Medica physiolog y and pharmacy
		Knows		Differentiate between Different editions and Constructions of Organon of Medicine	Cognit ive	Understand (Level II)	Must know	Lecture Small Group Discussi on Seminar s	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	Materia Medica Pharmac Y

Generic Compet ency	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/Sh ows how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Compete ncy	SLO/ Outcome	Bloo ms Doma in	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desira ble to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formati ve Assess ment	Summa tive Assess ment	Integratio n Departm ents- Horizonta I/ Vertical/ Spiral
Topic 2:	Logic										
Acquirin g and Integrati on of Informat ion	Logic in Homoeop athy	Knows	Utility and Correlating Logic to Homoeopat hy	Inductive Logic 2.Deductive Logic	Cognit ive	Understand and interpret	Must know	Lecture Small Group Discussi on Seminar s	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	Materia Medica Repertor Y
		Knows		Differentiate between inductive and deductive logic using examples	Cognit ive	Level 2 Understand and interpret	Must know	Lecture Small Group Discussio n Seminars	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	
		Knows		Apply the concept of Inductive and Deductive Logic to the	Cognit ive	Level III Decision/pr oblem solving	Must know	Lecture Small Group Discussio	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	Repertor y

Generic Compet ency	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/Sh ows how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Compete ncy	SLO/ Outcome	Bloo ms Doma in	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desira ble to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formati ve Assess ment	Summa tive Assess ment	Integratio n Departm ents- Horizonta I/ Vertical/ Spiral
				Fundamental Principles of Homoeopath Y				n Seminars			
	phorisms 1-2							Γ.			1 -
Acquirin	Aphorism	Knows	Understa	Explain the	Cognit		Must	Lecture	MCQ,	MCQ,	Anatomy
g and			nding the	meaning	ive	(Level II)	know	Small	SAQ,	SAQ,	1
Integrati			meaning	and				Group	LAQ,	LAQ,	Physiolog
on of			of	significance				Discussi	Quiz	Viva	У
Informat			Aphorism	of				on			Pharmac
Informat ion			Aphorism s	of Aph. 1-27				Seminar			у
			•	-				•••			
			•	-	Cognit	Understand	Must	Seminar	MCQ,	MCQ,	y Materia
			•	Aph. 1-27	Cognit ive	Understand (Level II)	Must know	Seminar s	MCQ, SAQ,	MCQ, SAQ,	y Materia Medica
			•	Aph. 1-27 Explain	-			Seminar s Lecture		-	y Materia Medica Integrate
			•	Aph. 1-27 Explain Drug	-			Seminar s Lecture Small	SAQ,	SAQ,	y Materia Medica Integrate d teaching
			•	Aph. 1-27 Explain Drug proving as	-			Seminar s Lecture Small Group	SAQ, LAQ,	SAQ, LAQ,	y Materia Medica Integrate d teaching with

Generic Compet ency	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/Sh ows how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Compete ncy	SLO/ Outcome	Bloo ms Doma in	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desira ble to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formati ve Assess ment	Summa tive Assess ment	Integratio n Departm ents- Horizonta I/ Vertical/ Spiral
	,	•	, ,	lities, duties a			1				1
Acquirin	Homoeop	Knows	Qualities	Recognize	Affect	Receiving	Desira	Lecture	MCQ,	MCQ,	
g and	athic		and	the	ive		ble to	Small	SAQ,	SAQ,	
Integrati	Physician		Attributes	qualities,			know	Group	LAQ,	LAQ,	
on of			of a	duties and				Discussi	Quiz	Viva	
Informat			Physician	knowledge				on			
ion				expected				Seminar			
				from a				S			
				physician							
				Explain the	Cognit	Understand	Must	Lecture	MCQ,	MCQ,	
				Mission,	ive	(Level II)	know	Small	SAQ,	SAQ,	
				qualities,				Group	LAQ,	LAQ,	
				duties & role				Discussi	Quiz	, Viva	
				of a				on			
				Physician as				Seminar			
				true				S			
				practitioner				5			
				of healing art							

Generic Compet ency	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/Sh ows how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Compete ncy	SLO/ Outcome	Bloo ms Doma in	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desira ble to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formati ve Assess ment	Summa tive Assess ment	Integratio n Departm ents- Horizonta I/ Vertical/ Spiral
Topic 5: V	ital force- dy	namisatio	n- homoeopa	athic cure- nat	ures law	of cure & its l	mplicatio	ns- drug pr	oving		
Acquiring and Integratio n of Informati on	Concept of Vital Force and Drug Dynamizat ion	Knows	Importanc e of Vital Force in health, disease and Cure and Drug Dynamizat ion	Explain the roleof vital force in health, disease and cure	Cogniti ve	Understand (Level II)	Must know	Lecture Small Group Discussio n Seminars	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	Materia Medica Pharmacy
		Knows		Explain the concept of Homoeopat hic Dynamizatio n Enumerate	Cogniti ve Cognit	Understand (Level II) Remember	Must know Must	Lecture Small Group Discussio n Seminars Lecture	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz MCQ,	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva MCQ,	Materia Medica Pharmacy Pharmac
				the methods of Homoeopat hic	ive	(Level I)	know	Small Group Discussio	SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	SAQ, LAQ, Viva	y

Generic Compet ency	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/Sh ows how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Compete ncy	SLO/ Outcome	Bloo ms Doma in	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desira ble to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formati ve Assess ment	Summa tive Assess ment	Integratio n Departm ents- Horizonta I/ Vertical/ Spiral
				Dynamizatio n				n Seminars			
		Knows		Explain the Nature's therapeutic law of cure	Cognit ive	Understand (Level II)	Must know	Lecture Small Group Discussi on Seminar s	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	
		Knows		Apply Nature therapeutic law of cure to Homoeopat hy	Cognit ive	Understand (Level III)	Must know	Lecture Small Group Discussi on Seminar s	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	

Generic Compet ency	Subject Area	Millers Level: Does/Sh ows how/ Knows how/ Knows	Specific Compete ncy	SLO/ Outcome	Bloo ms Doma in	Guilbert's Level	Must Know/ Desira ble to know/ nice to know	T-L Methods	Formati ve Assess ment	Summa tive Assess ment	Integratio n Departm ents- Horizonta I/ Vertical/ Spiral
		Knows		Explain Drug Proving					MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Quiz	MCQ, SAQ, LAQ, Viva	Pharmacy

Sr. No	Non-Lecture Teaching Learning methods	Total Time Allotted per Activity (Hours)
1	Seminars/ Workshops	
2	Group Discussions	
3	Problem based learning	
4	Integrated Teaching	78 hours
5	Case Based Learning	
6	Self-Directed Learning	
7	Tutorials, Assignments, Projects	
	Total	78 hours

#### Psychology

#### Preamble

Mind is an invisible dynamic force operating on the body which can be seen and felt with its expressions at multiple levels. While understanding Man it is important to know how he behaves, feels and thinks in general of his life and in different situations.

Health is that balanced condition of the living organism in which the integral, harmonious performance of the vital functions tends to the preservation of the organism ensuring the normal development of the individual. In a similar way, study of mind is an inseparable component of the study of man and is essential for prescribing. Thus mind remains an integral component of Homoeopathic prescribing.

In § 5 of Organon of Medicine, Dr Hahnemann talked of basic knowledges required for Homoeopathic practice of Holistic cure. According to him homoeopathic physician has to have knowledge of :

- a. Constitution of Man
- b. His moral & intellectual character
- c. Mode of living habits
- d. His social & domestic relations
- e. His adaptations with the environment

Above knowledge will help the Homoeopathic physician not only to understand the person in the patient but also to identify the cause of suffering by delving in to detailed enquiry. This may take the form of exploring evolutionary aspects from childhood to present, from family history – past history to present illness - all of which will indicate the qualities of the human in health as well as in disease.

Psychology is a science of mind and behaviour which is important and necessary in all areas of life including the growth and development of human being. Theoretically, psychology examines psychological phenomena and behavioural patterns that appear as individual's external behavioural reactions against any stimulus - be it Biological–Psychological–Emotional–Social-Spiritual.

Modern concept of psychology has talked of Mental Health and Hygiene which indicates the importance and great need for ensuring psychological wellbeing in us. This state is under constant stress due to the rapid changes taking place in the life situation due to internal pressures and external environment.

#### Index

Sr. No	Title	Page No.
1	Course Outcomes	61
2	Course Content	63
3	Teaching Methods	134
4	Number of Teaching Hours	135
5	Table.7- Assessment Summary	136
6	Number of papers and Mark Distribution	136
7	Scheme of Assessment (formative and Summative)	137
8	Calculation Method for Internal assessment Marks	138
9	Evaluation Methods for Periodical Assessment	138
10	Paper Layout	139
11	Distribution of Theory exam	140
12	Theme table	141
13	Question paper Blue print	142
14	Distribution of Practical Exam	144
15	Text Books and Reference books	145
16	List of Contributors	147

#### Course outcomes:

- 1. Explain the concept of Mind as perceived by Hahnemann and other stalwarts
- 2. Define the structure of the mind as conscious and unconscious and its various constituents / components in terms of Emotion, Thinking, Behaviour, Sleep and Dreams
- 3. Identify the conscious expressions of Mind as Emotion, Thought and Behaviour
- 4. Explain the neurophysiological basis of mental functioning
- 5. Discuss the relationship between the growth of the brain and the mind and its correlation with physical growth of the from infancy to old age and psychosocial development.
- 6. Evaluate the role that emotions and intellectual functions play in our daily lives
- 7. Derive the importance of the role of 'Learning' in human adaptation and change
- 8. Discuss 'Personality' as a synthesis of inborn traits and learnt responses occurring over the growing years
- 9. Realize the various forms of 'conflict', their origins and their role in determining the quality of our personal and social lives
- 10. Integrate the concept of mind as conceived in homoeopathic philosophy with that in modern psychology
- 11. Demonstrate the importance of the study of the Mind in approaching the study of Repertory and Materia Medica
- 12. Realize how a healthy individual experiences the harmonious functioning of the different constituents of the mind
- 13. Summarise the importance of knowledge of Psychology in Modern life and in Homoeopathic practice

#### **General Instructions**

- 1. Instructions in psychology should be planned in such a way that students should be able to present a basic understanding of the structure of mind, brain and its functioning with the kind of interrelationship they are sharing with each other.
- 2. Each topic should be planned in parallel with others subjects of Homeopathy where ever relevant to achieve integration with other subjects.
- 3. Since this subject is dealing with the human mind and its functions, topic should be dealt in more interactive ways where maximum learning will be achieved by doing rather than memorizing the things.
- 4. Emphasis would be more on the organization of the brain areas, their functions and correlated with the medical concept and philosophical concept of Mind.

- 5. Student should learn the psychological organization with learning the importance of special senses and their functions in great details that forms the foundation of the subject.
- 6. Most of the basic topics can be studied in interactive ways, discussion based on clinical case or any relevant event/ incidence of daily life.
- 7. Topics having philosophical connection should be taught with the help of discussion or in the form of story -telling with connections to the principles of philosophy.
- 8. Topics requiring a lot of analysis of information can be taught with role-play with directed observation method followed by discussion on the same pointing out its relevance and importance.
- 9. Nice to know topics along with a lot of community related information should be dealt with survey methods
- 10. Topics which are interrelated with other subjects of Homoeopathy should be presented and discussed.
- 11. Lectures or demonstration on the clinical and applied part of psychology should be arranged in the 3<sup>rd</sup> semester of the course and it should aim at demonstrating the structural-physiological –psychological basis of mental expressions of the symptoms and its value in Homeopathy.
- 12. Learning of applied psychology would be more qualitative in the various OPDs/Peripheral OPDs where contact with community will improve their knowledge, observation skills, attitude of communication with the community.
- 13. Some of the theoretical lectures should conclude with discussion on the learning achieved with its importance.
- 14. Periodical seminars on general topics related to philosophical aspect and its connection with psychology should be arranged for vertical, horizontal and spiral integration.
- 15. Role of observation and correlation should be demonstrated while discussing the intricacies of the subject of psychology.
- 16. Inter-departmental or joint seminars should be planned
- 17. While working on community survey- purpose should be kept very broad with the following objectives.
  - (i) Experiencing the community in actuality for the demographic configuration, different cultural traditions, different practices and inter-relationship and its effect on Mind and Body as a joint system.
  - (ii) Learning the functioning of human being in multiple situations of stress and process of getting adapted with those.
  - (iii) Quality of Mental Health of the community and its varied expressions
  - (iv) Quality of Inter-relationship within different castes, communities, religions and its impact on Individuals

#### Course contents:

Note: Each topic should be related with relevant clinical examples and the relationship with the subjects of Homoeopathic Philosophy, Materia Medica and Repertory must be made.

- 1. Introduction to the study of Mind in Homoeopathy
  - A. Concept of Mind- i. Contemporary schools of psychology
    - ii. Concept of Mind by Hahnemann
- 2. Psychological organization and the interrelationship of Thought (Cognition), Feelings (Affect) and Behaviour (Conation); Conscious and Unconscious elements
  - A. Psychological Organisation i. Definition of Emotions and its types
    - ii. Definition of Thinking and its types
    - iii. Definition of Behaviour and its types
  - B. Effects on Thought (Cognition), Feelings (Affect) and Behaviour (Conation) on Mind and Body
  - C. Interrelationship of Thought (Cognition), Feelings (Affect) and Behaviour (Conation) on Mind and Body
  - D. Representation of Thought (Cognition), Feelings (Affect) and Behaviour (Conation) in Materia Medica
  - E. Representation of Thought (Cognition), Feelings (Affect) and Behaviour (Conation) in Repertory
- 3. Physiological and Evolutionary basis of behaviour -
  - A. Instincts, Conditioned and unconditioned reflexes
  - B. Conscious and unconscious behaviour
  - C. Scientific study of Behaviour and its expressions
  - D. Evolutionary study of behaviour
  - E. Understanding Relationship of Behaviour to Emotions and Thought
  - F. Expressions of Behaviour in Repertory and Materia Medica

- 4. Understanding Emotion, its different definitions and expressions in Repertory and Materia Medica
  - A. Scientific study of Emotions i. Definition of Emotions and its types
    - ii. Effects Emotions on Mind and Body
    - iii. Effect of emotions on sexual behaviour
    - iv. Interrelationship of Emotions on Mind and Body
  - B. Representation of Emotions in Materia Medica-
  - C. Representation of Emotions in Repertory
- 5. Understanding Intellect: Attention, memory and its function and expression in Repertory and Materia Medica Basic concepts of Thinking
  - A. Definition of Thinking and its types
  - B. Intelligence and its measurement
  - C. Effects of Thinking /Thought (Cognition) on Mind and Body
  - D. Representation of Thinking /Thought (Cognition) in Materia Medica
  - E. Representation of Thinking /Thought in Repertory
- Motivation and their types with role in our lives
   Study of Motivation and its types

Importance of study of Motivation for Homoeopathic Physicians

- 7. Learning and its place in adaptation
  - A. Study Learning:
    - Definition of Learning and its types
    - Study of relevance of Learning for Homoeopathic Physician
    - Study of disturbances/ malfunctioning of Learning
  - B. Adaption
    - Definition and its dynamic nature
    - Successful and unsuccessful adaptation

8. Growth and development of Mind and its expressions from Infancy to old age

Study of Developmental Psychology

- i. Normal developments since birth to maturity (both physical and psychological)
- ii. Deviations- in Growth and Development and its effects on later behaviour
- iii. Understanding the bio-psycho-socio-cultural-economical-political-spiritual concept of evolution
- iv. Importance of above study to understand Materia Medica drug proving
- 9. Structure of Personality, the types, their assessment, relationship to Temperament and representation in Materia Medica
  - i. Definition of Personality and its types
  - ii. Various constituents of Personality like Traits and Temperament
  - iii. Theories of Personality by psychologists
  - iv. Measures for the assessment of Personality, relationship to Temperament and representation in Materia Medica
- 10. Conflicts: their genesis and effects on the mind and body
  - i. Conflicts and their types
  - ii. Genesis of Conflicts and effects on the mind and body
  - iii. Genesis of Conflicts and related Materia Medica images
- 11. Applied Psychology: Clinical, Education, Sports, Business, Industrial

Application of knowledge of Psychological Components and its Integration in understanding

- i. Psychological basis of Clinical Conditions
- ii. Education
- iii. Sports
- iv. Business

12. Psychology and Its importance in Homoeopathic Practice for Holistic management of the Patient.

Semester 1 Topic 1: 1. Introduction to Psychology with overview of different schools

	1	_		-	-	1	I	1	I		r	1
Sr.No 1	Generic competency	Subject area	Millers Know/ Know how/ Show how/ Does	Specific competency	Specific Learning Objectives / Outcomes	Bloom's domain	Guilbert's level	Must know / desirable to know / nice to know	TL method / media	Formative Assess ment	Summative Assessment	Integration Horizontal Vertical / Spi
HomUG- OM-l.1.1	Information collection	What is Psychology	Knows	Discuss Psychology as a science	Define Psychology	Cognitive	Recall level I	Must know	Class room Lecture	MCQ	SAQ LAQ	
	Information collection		know		Discuss the psychology as a science	cognitive	understand level II	Desirable to know	Lecture	True /False sentences	Short Note	Concept Logic-Induct /Deductive Logic f Organon
	Information Analysis		Knows		Discuss the factors which make Psychology as a science	Cognitive	Understand Level II	Must know	Lecture	MCQ	SAQ Viva	
	Integration of information		Knows how		Explain the utility of the subject for a Homoeopath	Cognitive	Interpret Level II	Desirable to know	Lecture with discussion	MCQ	SAQ Viva	Horizontal integration Organon

HomUG- OM-I.1.2	Infor	ction	Different k schools of Psychology	diff sch	erent ools of rchology	Classify different schools of psychology based on their Concept and objectives and methods.	Cognitive	Understan Level II	id Mus kno		n		SAQ /iva	Concept of Man/ Individualizat from the Organon( use as a preparat of concept fo next topic)
	Sr.No	<b>r 1: Topic</b> Generic compet ncy	Subject area	f Mind in F Millers Know/ Know	Specific compete	Learnin		′s l	Must know / desira	TL method / media	Format	Summ -ative	Integra on	-
				how/ Show how/Do	ncy	Objecti ves / Outcom es	n	level k	ble to know / nice to know	media	Assess	Assess ment	Horizor al Vertica Spiral	1

				t schools of psychol ogy				concept of Mind			Kent /BB/ Boger
Hom UG- OM- I.2.2	Informat ion organiza tion and synthesis	Knows	Relate concepts of Mind in psycholog y and homoeop athy	Discuss concept of Mind as in Organo n	Cognit ive	Integrat e Level III	Must know	Small group discussio n Charts / Models Audio- visual aids	Quiz True- false test items	LAQ/SAQ/ Viva	Horizont al Organon
	Analysis	Knows		Compar e and contrast concept of mind in Organo n with that in differen t schools	ive	Underst and Level II	Nice to know	Lecture	ΜርQ	SAQ	

		of psychol				
		ogy				

Semester 1 – Topic- 3-Psychological organization of Mind and its interrelationship with Thought (Cognition), Feelings (Affect) and Behaviour (Conation)

Sr.No 3	Generic competen	Subject area	Millers Know/	Specific competenc	Specific Learning		Guilbert' s	Must know /	TL metho	Format ive	Summ -ative	Integrati on -
	су		Know how/ Showhov / Does	y	Objectiv es / Outcom es	domai n	level	desira ble to know / nice to know	d / media	Assess	Assess ment	Horizon tal / Vertical/ Spiral
Hom UG- OM- I.3.1	Informati on synthesis	Organizatio n of Mind and interrelatio nship of its constituent	Knows how	Identify the topography of the mind	Classify the divisions of the mind into consciou s, unconsci	Cognit ive	Underst and Level II	Must know	Caselet s and discuss ion	DOPS Full form to be written ?	LAQ / SAQ	

38

Hom UG- OM- I.3.2	Informati on collection		Knows how	Identify the constituent s of the conscious mind	ous and sub- consciou s element s Distiguis h the consciou s mental expressi ons as	Cognit ive	Interpre t Level II	Must know	Caselet s and Matchi ng exercis es	MCQ	LAQ, / SAQ/V iva	Integrati on with concept of Mental and
					Emotion , Thought and Behavio ur							Behavio ral Expressi ons or sympto ms from the Organo n
Hom UG- OM- I.3.3	Informati on Interpreta tion Self reflection	Interrelatio nship of Emotions/ Thinking/	Knows how	Recognize the interrelation ship of mental constituents and effects	Identify the relations hip of mental expressi ons in terms of	Affecti ve	Receive Level I	Must	Audio- visual media	Caselet s with check list	SAQ	Horizon tal integrati on Organo n

Behaviour	of Mind and	Emotion			
and Mind	Body	1			
and Body		Thinking			
		and			
		Behavio			
		ur on			
		Mind			
		and			
		Body			

HomU G-OM- I.3.4	Information Demonstrati on	Demonstrati on of abilities of observation	Show s How	Observet he mental expressio ns in terms of Emotion, Thinking and Behaviou r	Identify the evidences of psychologi cal expression s of Emotion, Thinking and Behaviour	Affective	Receive Level I	Mus t kno w	Audio- visual means in Small groups	Film viewing	Viva	
	Analysis and intergation	Demonstrati on of abilities of integration	Kno ws how	Distinguis h the expressio ns into Emotion, Thinking and Behaviou r	Align the observatio ns conducted above with the knowledge about emotions, thoughts and behaviour	Cognitive	Understa nd Level II	Mus t kno w	Process the observatio ns	Check list on the film shown	MC Q	
HomU G-OM- I.3.5	Analytical	Application of knowledge in practice	Show s how	Identify the mental expressio ns in Repertor y	Demonstra te the rubrics from the given case scenarios	Psychomot or	lmitate Level I	Mus t kno w	Case- based learning Teaching with Repertory	Assignme nts	SA Q	Hor learning with Reperto ry

Sr.No. 4	Generic compete ncy	Subject area	Millers Know/ Knowh ow/ Show how/ Does	Specific competenc y	Specific Learning Objective s / outcomes	Bloom 's domai n	Guilbert 's level	Must know / desira ble to know / nice to know	TL method / media	Forma tive Assess ment	Sum m - ativ e Asse ss men t	Integratio n - Horizontal / Vertical / Spiral
Hom UG- OM- I.4.1	informati on Collectio n	Physiolo gical basis of the mind	Knows	Understa nding the parts of the brain important in understan ding mental functions	List the parts of the Brain relevant to understan ding the mental functionin g	Cognit ive	Recall Level I	Must know	Lecture with a demonstr ation with model of brain	MCQ	SAQ	Anatomy - Brain structures can be dealt simultane ously
Hom UG- OM- I.4.2	informati on collection		Knows		Explain the different parts of the brain	Cognit ive	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Demonstr ation of brain model	MCQ	SAQ	

## Semester 1 Topic 4 Physiological basis of Emotions, Thought and Behaviour

		which are the seat of the emotions of aggressio n, love, anger and anxiety			with discussion			
Hom UG- OM- I.4.3	Knows		ive a ir	Jnderst Must and and know nterpre : Level II	Demonstr ation of brain model with a discussion	MCQ	SAQ	

Hom UG- OM- I.4.4		Knows		Explain the different parts of the Brain which are responsibl e for simple behaviour	Cognit ion	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Desira ble to know	Group discussion	MCQ	SAQ	
Hom UG- OM- I.4.5	Informati on Interpret ation and Synthesis	Knows how	Discuss the genesis of Emotions, Thinking, Behaviour	Integrate the manner in which the emotions, intellectu al and behaviour al function are coordinat ed	Cognit ive	Proble m solving Level III	Must know	Lecture with PPT	MCQ	SAQ	Integratio n with Psycho- physiolog y

Sr. No	Generic Competen cy	Subject area	Millers Know/ Know how/ Show how/ Does	Specific compete ncy	Specific Learning Objectives / Outcomes	Bloom 's domai n	Guilbert's level	Must know / desira ble to know / nice to know	TL method / media	Format ive Assess ment	Summ -ative Assess ment	Integration Horizontal Vertical Spiral	- / /
	Informatio n	Behaviour and Functioning and the origins	Knows	Instincts and reflexes	Define instinct and reflex	Cognit ive	Recall Level I	Must know	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ	Physiology	
	Informatio n		Knows	and their importan ce	Enumerate the instincts seen across the animal species	Cognit ive	Recall Level I	Must know	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ		
	Informatio n		Knows		Enumerate the reflexes	Cognit ive	Recall Level I	Must know	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ		

Semester 1: Topic 5: Understanding behaviour, its origins and its representation in repertory and Materia medica

		seen in the new born							
Informatio n Analysis	Knows		Cognit ive	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ/V iva	
Informatio n	Knows		Cognit ive	Recall Level I	Must know	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ	
Informatio n	Know Define Behavi and Functiong	or Behaviour as	Cognit ive	Recall Level I	Must know	Lecture and AV methods	MCQ	MCQ	Organon + Repertory – Concept of symptomato logy- Physical symptoms
Informatio n Analysis	Knows		Cognit ive	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ/V iva	

Self awarene	s		and unconscio us							
Informat n collectio		Know	Define functionin g as expression s of the system which needs special instrument s to measure	Cognit ive	Recall Level I	Must know	Lecture and Demonstra tion	MCQ	MCQ	
Informat n Analysis	0	Know how	Elaborate on the difference between Behaviour and Functionin g	Cognit ive	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ/V iva	
Informat n	0	Knows	Discuss the scientific methods	Cognit ive	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Lecture	LAQ	LAQ	

System thinking				of studying behaviour						
Informatio n		Knows	Origins and function of Behaviou r	Draw a list of species specific behaviours in birds, fish and primates		Recall Level I	Must know	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ
Informatio n Analysis		Knows		Discuss the function of these specific behaviours	Cognit ive	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ Viva
Informatio n	Control of Behaviour	Knows	Factors influencin g behaviour	Discuss the factors which regulate any two of the species specific behaviours listed above	Cognit ive	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ Viva
Informatio n		Knows		Differentia te innate and	Cognit ive	Underst and and	Must know	Lecture	LAQ	LAQ

Synthesis		learned behaviour as originating from unconditio ned and conditione d reflexes		interpre t Level II					
Analytical	Knows	Discuss how emotions are the determina nts of behaviour and functionin g	Cognit ive	Underst and and interpre t Level I	Must know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ Viva	
Analytical	Knows	Discuss how thoughts are is the determina nt of behaviour and	Cognit ive	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ Viva	

				functionin g							
Informatio n Analysis	BehaviourBehavio urand Homoeopathy	Knows	Represen tation of Behaviou r in the repertory	Illustrate the place of behaviour in repertory	Cognit ive	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Demonstra tion	Checkli st	MCQ / Viva	Repertory
Informatio n Synthesis		Knows	Represen tation of behaviour in Materia Medica	Illustrate the representa tion of behaviour in Materia Medica	Cognit ive	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Demonstra tion	Checkli st	MCQ / Viva	Materia Medica

Semester 2 Topic 1-Understanding emotions and their representation in the repertory and Homoeopathic Materia Medica(HMM)

Sr.	Generic	Subject	Mill	Specific	Specific	Bloom	Guilbert's	Must	TL	Formativ	Summ	Integratio
No	Compete ncy	area	ers Kno w/ Kno w	competen cy	Learning Objective s / Outcomes	's domai n	level	know / desira ble to know / nice to know	method / media	e Assess ment	-ative Assess ment	n - Horizontal / Vertical / Spiral

		how / Sho w how / Doe s									
Informati on	Understan ding emotions, the types	Kno ws	Define emotions and differentia	Define emotions, mood and feelings	Cognit ive	Recall Level I	Must know	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ	
Analysis	and their origins	Kno ws how	te from feeling and mood	Differenti ate the above three from each other	Cognit ive	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Lecture	Caselets	SAQ/V iva	
Observati on Empathy		Sho ws	Recognitio n of facial expression s	Recognize different emotions exhibited on the screens	Affecti ve	Receive Level I	Must know	Images of facial expression s	Spotters	MCQ	

System thinking	Kno w		Discuss the different ways that emotional expressio n is perceived by us	Cognit ive	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ	
Informati on	Kno ws	Classificati on of emotions	Discuss the classificati on of emotions Primary and Secondar y; Positive and negative	Cognit ive	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Nice to know	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ	
Analysis	Kno ws		Discuss the implicatio ns and limitation of the above	Cognit ive	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Nice to know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ/V iva	Integrat n with Kent's concept hierarch

			classificati on							of mental symptoms
Informati on collection	Kno ws	Understan d theories of emotions and their significanc e	Describe the prominent theories of emotions James Lange Cannon- Bard Schaster- Singer Cognitive Mediation al theory	Cognit ive	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Nice to know	Lecture with cassettes	SAQ	SAQ/V iva	Integratio n with signs and symptoms from HMM of few prominent remedies studied simultane ously
Informati on collection	Kno ws		The Bhava- Rasa theory of emotions	Cognit ive	Recall level-I	Nice to know	Lecture with multimedi a-e.g. video films or images demonstr ating the	SAQ	SAQ	Integratio n with the concept of channeliza tion and its importanc e in the healing

						theory of Bhav-Rasa			process or cure from the 1 <sup>st</sup> aphorism of Organono n
Informati on Analysis	Kno ws	Differenti ate the five theories from each other	Cognit ive	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Nice to know	Lecture	LAQ Essay writing/M odel preparati on on each theory ( can be considere d as a project for practical )	LAQ	
Informati	Kno	Evaluate	Cognit	Proble	Nice	Discussion	LAQ	LAQ	
on Synthesis Problem solving	WS	the implicatio ns of each of the theories in understan	ive	m solving level -III	to know	with examples			

				ding emotions							
Informati on collection	Biological view of emotions	Kno ws	Biological basis of emotions	Enumerat e the constitue nts of the limbic system important in the understan ding of emotions	Cognit ive	Recall Level	Must know	Lecture with model	MCQ	MCQ/ Viva	Anatomy + Physiolog y
Informati on Analysis and Synthesis		Kno ws		Discuss the role of the different constitue nts of the limbic system in expressio n and regulation of emotions	Cognit ive	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Discussion with models	LAQ	LAQ	

Inforr on Analy		Kno ws		Discuss the effects of hormones in influencin g emotions	Cognit ive	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ/V iva	Physiolog y
Inforr on Synth		Kno ws	Sex and emotions	Define sexual activity in terms of emotional arousal	Cognit ive	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Lecture	LAQ	LAQ	
Inforr on Synth		Kno ws		Describe the participati on of brain systems in sexual behaviour	Cognit ive	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Lecture	LAQ	LAQ	
Inforr on interp ation	pret	Kno ws		Discuss the effect of early influences on sexual behaviour	Cognit ive	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ/V iva	

Informati	Kno	Discuss Cognit Underst Must Lecture		Q/V
on	ws	the effectsiveand andknowofsocio-interpreculturaltLevel II	iva	
Synthesis		surroundi ngs on sexual behaviour		
Informati on collection	Kno ws	Enumerat Cognit Recall Must Lecture e the ive Level -I Know orientatio n seen	МСО МС	Q
Informati on	Kno ws	IdentifyCognitRecallMustLecturegenderiveLevel -1knowidentityand sexualidentityidentity	MCQ MC Viv	
Self awarenes s	Kno ws	Recognize the challenge s faced by differently sexually oriented persons in societyAffecti ve Level-IIMust knowVisual clip of cases Role playRole play	s SAQ SA	Q/V

Informati on collection	Wholistic Holistic approach to Emotiona I health	Kno ws	Emotions and their effects on the self and others	List the effects of emotions on the human system in terms of cognitive, behaviour al and physical system	Cognit ive	Recall Level-I	Must know	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ/ Viva
Systems thinking		Kno ws		Discuss the pathways through which emotions affect cognition, behaviour and physical system	Cognit ive	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Lecture with demonstr ative examples	LAQ	LAQ
Informati on collection		Kno ws	Positive emotions and their	Define happiness , joy and peace	Cognit ive	Recall Level I	Must know	Lecture with demonstr	SAQ Essay	SAQ/ Viva

		effect on health					ative examples			
Informati on Analysis	Kno w		Describe the brain mechanis ms responsibl e for states of happiness , joy and peace	Cognit ive	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ	Anatomy
Informati on Synthesis	Kno w		Discuss the effects of states of happiness , joy and peace on human systems	Cognit ive	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Lecture	LAQ	LAQ	Physiolog y
Holistic approach Self awarenes s	Kno ws		Explore the different mechanis ms for maintaini ng a state	Affecti ve	Receive Leve-l	Must know	Lecture with demonstr ative examples	LAQ	LAQ	Integratio n with concept of harmoniu ms way life or balance

			of joy and peace							life from Organon
Informati on collection	Kno ws	Influence of Cultural on expression s of emotions	effects of different	Cognit ive	Recall level-I	Nice to know	Lecture	MCQ Project on collection of informati on from different culture and their concept of emotions and its expressio ns	MCQ/ Viva	
Holsitic Holistic approach	Kno ws		Discuss the implicatio ns of cultures affecting emotional expressio n	Cognit ive	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Nice to know	Lecture/ Films	SAQ above exercise will be useful here as well	SAQ/V iva	

Informati	Emotions	Kno	Represent	Illustrate	Cognit	Underst	Must	Demonstr	DOPS	MCQ	Repertory
on	and	WS	ation of	the place	ive	and and	know	ation			
Analysis	Homoeop		Emotions	of		interpre					
Analysis	athy		in the	emotions		t Level II					
			repertory	in							
				repertory							
 Informati	•	Kno	Represent	Illustrate	Cognit	Underst	Must	Demonstr	DOPS	MCQ	Materia
on		WS	ation of	the	ive	and and	know	ation			Medica
Synthesis			emotions	represent		interpre					
Jynthesis			in Materia	ation of		t Level II					
			Medica	emotions							
				in Materia							
				Medica							

Semester 2 Topic 2-Understanding intellect and its representation in repertory and materia medica – Part-I Attention, concentration and memory

Sr. No	Generic Compete ncy	Subject area	Millers Know/ Knowho w/ Showho w/ Does	,	Specific Learning Objective s / Outcome s	Bloom's domain	Guilbert's level	Must know desirab e to know nice to know	TL method / media	Formati ve Assess ment	Summ -ative Assess ment	Integra tion - Horizo ntal / Vertical / Spiral
	Informati on collection	Introducti on to attention and concentra tion the	Knows	Definition of terms with psycho- physiologi cal	Define attention and concentra tion	Cognitiv e	Recall Level I	Must know	Lecture	ΜርQ	MCQ/ Viva	
	Informati on interpret ation	underlying psycho- physiologi cal mechanis ms, regulation and	Knows	mechanis ms	Enumerat e the brain regions which are involved in these functions	Cognitiv e	Recall Level I	Must know	Lecture with model	ΜCQ	MCQ/ Viva	Anato my

Informati	applied	Knows		Discuss	Cognitiv	Underst	Must	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ/V	Physiol
on	aspects			the neural	е	and and	know			iva	ogy
curthocic				processes		interpre					
synthesis				which are		t Level II					
				responsibl							
				e for							
				regulating							
				attention							
				and							
				concentra							
				tion							
	_										
Informati		Knows	Control	Discuss	Cognitiv	Underst	Must	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ/	
on			over	the	е	and and	know			Viva	
Interpret			attention	factors		interpre					
ation			and	which		t Level II					
acion			concentrat								
			ion	attention							
				and							
				concentra							
				tion							
Informati	1	Knows		Realize	Affective	Receive	Must	Demonstr	- ?	-	
on				the above			know	ation	?		
				processes		Level-I					
Interpret				in our					survey		
ation and				daily life					on		
synthesis									attentio		
									n span		
									with the		

									help of multime dia or any activity		
Informati on collection		Knows		Discuss the different physical and psycholog ical methods used for regulating attention and concentra tion	Cognitiv e	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Lecture	LAQ	LAQ	
Informati on Interpret ation	Applied aspects of attention	Knows	Applicatio n of attention and concentrat ion	Discuss the effects of disturbed attention in childhood and adult life	Cognitiv e	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Lecture Video	SAQ	SAQ/V iva	Spiral integra tion with anatom y and physiol ogy

Informati on Interpret ation		Knows	Represent ation of attention and concentrat ion in the repertory	Identify the rubrics representi ng attention and concentra tion in the	Cognitiv e	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Demonstr ation	DOPS	MCQ	use of all the 3 reperto ries
Informati on Interpret ation		Knows	Reflection of attention in Materia Medica	repertory Identify the reflection of attention and concentra tion in remedies	Cognitiv e	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Demonstr ation	SAQ	SAQ/V iva	Source s of HMM
Informati on collection	Memory types, processes and	Knows	Types of Memory and processes	Enumerat e the types of memory	Cognitiv e	Recall Level I	Must know	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ	
Informati on Interpret ation	applied aspects	Knows		Discuss the models of memory	Cognitiv e	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Lecture	SAQ Project on models	SAQ/V iva	Integra tion with anatom y and

			Informati on- processin g And neural network					of Memory		physiol ogy
Informa on Analysis	Know		Discuss the function of the types of memory in our daily lives	Cognitiv e	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Lecture	LAQ Activity on memory games and its importa nce in day to day to life	LAQ	
Informa on collectio	Know	Factors affecting memory and their regulation	Enumerat e the factors which affect different types of memories	Cognitiv e	Recall Level I	Must know	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ/ Viva	

Informati on Interpret ation		Know how		Discuss different ways of assessing different types of memory	Cognitiv e	Underst and and interpre t Level II	Must know	Lecture	SAQ Activity based on memory games ( connect ion can be linked to concept of MSE/M	SAQ/V iva	
Informati on Collectio n and Interpret ation Informati on	Forgetting , its mechanis ms and implicatio ns	Know	Forgetting , the types and the implicatio ns	reasons for forgetting Discuss	Cognitiv e Cognitiv	Underst and and interpre t Level II Underst and and	Must know Must	Lecture Lecture Demonstr	MSE ) SAQ SAQ	SAQ/V iva SAQ/	
on Synthesis		how		ways of enhancin g recall	e	and and interpre t Level II	know	Demonstr ation with examples	Memory games with concept of	Viva	

Informati on collection	Knows	Describe the state of memory with senescenc e	Cognitiv e	Recall Level I	Must know	Lecture	mnemo nics SAQ	SAQ/V iva	
Informati on Analysis and Interpret ation	Knows	Discuss the implicatio ns of loss of memory with advancing age	Cognitiv e	Underst and and interpre t Level II		Lecture	SAQ survey on state of memory function with advanci ng age ( a small article can be publishe d with the help of survey findings )	SAQ/V iva	Integra tion with anatom y and physiol ogy

Info	ormati	Applied	Knows	Memory	Describe	Cognitiv	Underst	Nice	Lecture	-	-	
on		aspects of		changes	ways in	е	and and	to				
Inte	erpret	Memory			which		interpre	know				
atio	•				memory		t Level II					
					can get							
					distorted							
Info	ormati		Knows		Discuss	Cognitiv	Underst	Nice	Lecture	-	-	
on					ways of	е	and and	to				
Ans	alysis				reconstru		interpre	know				
and	•				cting a		t Level II					
	erpret				lost							
atio	•				memory							
		-				-						
	ormati		Knows		Discuss	Cognitiv	Underst	Nice	Lecture	-	-	
on					the	е	and and	to				
Inte	erpret				implicatio ns of the		interpre t Level II	know				
atio	•						t Level II					
					dangers of							
					reconstru							
					ction of							
					memory							
					, in our							
					everyday							
					life							
Info	ormati	Homoeop	Knows	Represent	Identify	psychom		Must	Demonstr	DOPS	MCQ	
on		athic		ation of	the	otor	Underst	know	ation			
				sharp and	rubrics		and and					
				loss of	representi							

	aspects of		memory in	ng		interpre					
collection	memory		the	memory		t Level I					
ı			repertory	issues in							
Interpret				the							
ation				repertory							
Informati		Knows	Reflection	Identify	Cognitiv	Underst	Must	Demonstr	SAQ	SAQ/V	
on			of memory	the	е	and and	know	ation		iva	
			issues in	reflection		interpre					
collection			Materia	of		t Level I					
and			Medica	memory							
Interpret				in							
ation				remedies							

## Semester 2 Topic 3-Understanding intellect and its representation in repertory and materia medica – Part-II Perception and Intelligence

Sr.N	Generic	Subject	Mill	Specific	Specific	Bloom's	Guilber	Must	TL	Formativ	Summ	Integration -
0	Compet ency	area	ers Kno w/ Kno w how / Sho w	compete ncy	Learning Objectives / Outcomes	domain	t's level	know / desira ble to know / nice to know	method / media	e Assess ment	-ative Assess ment	Horizontal / Vertical / Spiral

			how / Doe s		- 6							
Hom UG- OM- 2.2.1	Informat ion collectio n	Discuss Perceptu al organizat ion	kno ws	Describe Perceptio n and differenti ate from sensation	Define Perception.	Cognitio n	Recall level I	Must know	Small group discussio n	ΜCQ	MCQ	Horizontal Anatomy and Physiology
	Informat ion organiza tion and Interpret ation			s and thinking	Relate perception to sensory processes and differentiat e from thinking	Cognitio n	Unders tand and interpr et Level II	Must know	Visual films	SAQ	SAQ	
Hom UG- OM- 2.2.2	Informat ion Synthesi s		kno w	Genesis of perceptio n and importan ce of ground	Describe the Psychophy siology of perception	Cognitio n	Unders tand and interpr et Level II	Must know	Small group discussio n	ΜCQ	MCQ	

Hom	Informat	Kno	Dynamics	Describe	Cognitiv		Must	Small	Observat	MCQ/	
UG-	ion	ws	of	the role of		Unders	know	group	ion	Viva	
OM- 2.2.3	interpret ation	how	perceptio n and perceptu al errors	attention and state of the mind, depth, constancy, movement in Perception		tand and interpr et Level II		activities	Examples or Activity indicatin g the role of in attention in perceptio n		
Hom UG- OM- 2.2.4	Informat ion synthesi s	Kno w		Explain the physiologic al and psychologi cal basis for Perceptual errors.	Cognitiv e	Unders tand and interpr et Level II	Desir able to know	Films and images	Project	MCQ/ Viva	
Hom UG- OM- 2.2.5	Informat ion synthesi s	Kno w	Social perceptio n and its impact on our lives	Discuss determinan ts of social perception	Cognitiv e	Unders tand and interpr et Level II	Must know	Class room lecture	MCQ + Survey on this topic demonstr ating the	LAQ/S AQ	

									impact of social factors		
	Self reflectio n	Kno w		Realize the effect of perception on interperson al and community relationshi ps	Affectiv e	Receiv e Level I	Must know	Media and discussio n + Role Play followed by directed discussio n	SAQ	SAQ/ Viva	Integration with the concept of disposition –Mental specifically / individualiz ation
Hom UG- OM- 2.2.6	Holistic approac h	Kno ws	Gestalt perceptio n and its importan ce to Homoeop athy	Observe gestalt perception	psycho motor	Observ e/ imitate Level II	Must know	Small group activity + Role Play followed by directed	Presentat ion performa nce	MCQ	

				Illustrate its importance to Homoeopa thy in case taking	Cognitiv e	Unders tand and interpr et Level II	Desir able to know	discussio n Visual films Demonst ration in OPD/vide os		LAQ	Horizontal/ Vertical with Organon
HOM UG OM 2.2.7	informat ion Synthesi s	Kno ws	Applied aspects of Perceptio n	Understand the perceptual difficulties of Dyslexia Know the phenomen a of hallucinatio n	Cognitiv e	Unders tand and interpr et Level II	Must know	Caselets and visual graphics		SAQ/ Viva	Vertical integration Psychiatry
HOM UG OM 2.2.8	Informat ion manage ment	Sho ws how	Perceptio n in Repertory and Materia Medica	Derives rubrics and remedies related to perceptual	Cognitiv e	Unders tand Level II	Must know	Demonst rate	DOPS	SAQ / Viva	Horizontal integration Repertory and HMM

				phenomen a							
Informat ion collectio n	Intelligen ce and its measure ment	Kno ws	Conceptu al models of Intelligen ce	Define Intelligence	Cognitiv e	Recall level I	Must know	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ/ Viva	
Informat ion Analysis and informat ion Interpret ation		Kno ws		Detail the different approaches to viewing Intelligence i. Multiple intellige nces (Gardner ) ii. Triarchic theory (Sternbe rg) iii. Fluid and Crystalliz ed (Catell's)	Cognitiv e	Unders tand and interpr et Level II	Nice to know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ/ Viva	

Informat ion collectio	ws n li	Measure ment of ntelligen ce	iv. PASS theory Define Intelligence Quotient (IQ)	Cognitiv e	Recall level I	Must know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ/ Viva
n Informat ion Analysis and interpret ation	Kno ws		Discuss the contributio n of heredity and environme nt to intelligence	Cognitiv e	Unders tand and interpr et Level II	Must know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ/ Viva
Informai ton Analysis	Kno ws		Discuss the pros and cons of measurem ent of IQ	Cognitiv e	Unders tand and interpr et Level II	Must know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ/ Viva
	Kno ws		Enumerate the methods of assessing intelligence	Cognitiv e	Recall level I	Nice to Know	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ/ Viva

Informat	Intelligen	Kno	Emotiona	Define	Cognitiv	Recall	Must	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ/
ion	ce as a	WS	1	emotional	е	level I	know			Viva
collectio n	force		intelligen ce and its uses	intelligence						
Informat ion collectio n	-	Kno ws		Define the component s of Emotional intelligence	Cognitiv e	Recall level I	Must know	Lecture	ΜCQ	SAQ/ Viva
System thinking and self awarene ss		Kno ws		Discuss the ways in which Emotional intelligence is useful to individuals and groups	Cognitiv e	Unders tand and interpr et Level II	Must know	Lecture and discussio n	LAQ Activity indicatin g the usefulnes s of Emotion al Intelligen ce in day to day activity / functioni ng	LAQ
Informat ion		Kno ws		Define creativity	Cognitiv e	Recall level I	Must know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ/ Viva

colle n	ctio		Creativity and its growth								
Infor ion Syst thinl	ems	Kno ws	growin	Illustrate the process of creativity	Cognitiv e	Unders tand and interpr et Level II	Must know	Lecture	Project or activity on any theme indicatin g the creativity		
Syst thinl		Kno ws		Discuss the ways in which creativity can be fostered	Cognitiv e	Unders tand	Must know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ/ Viva	
Infor ion colle n	aspects	Kno ws	Extremes of intelligen ce	List the types of extreme intelligence on the Bell- shaped curve	Cognitiv e	Recall level I	Must know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ/ Viva	
Infor ion Anal		Kno ws		Discuss the special needs of the persons occupying	Cognitiv e	Unders tand and interpr	Nice to know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ/ Viva	

				the extremes of intelligence		et Level II					
Informat ion Analysis	Intelligen ce and Homoeo pathy	Kno ws	Represen tation of Intelligen ce in the repertory	Illustrate the place of Intelligence in repertory	Cognitiv e	Unders tand and interpr et Level II	Must know	Demonst ration	DOPS	MCQ	Repertory
Informat ion Synthesi s		Kno ws ? Sho ws	Represen tation of intelligen ce in Materia Medica	Illustrate the representat ion of intelligence in Materia Medica	Cognitiv e	Unders tand and interpr et Level II	Must know	Demonst ration	DOPS	SAQ/ Viva	Materia Medica

Sr.No 10	Generic Compet ency	Subject area	Millers Know/ Know how/ Show how/ Does	Specific competen cy	Specific Learning Objectives / Outcomes	Bloom's domain	Guilbert's level	Must know / desirab le to know / nice to know	TL method / media	Forma tive Assess ment	Summ -ative Assess ment	Integrat ion - Horizon tal / Vertical / Spiral
Hom UG- OM- 2.10. 1	Informa tion collectio n	Motivati on, the types and its role in daily living	Knows	Describe motivatio n	Define motivation	Cognitive	Recall level I	Must know	Class room lecture	MCQ	LAQ/SA Q	
Hom UG- OM- 2.10. 2	Informa tion collectio n		Knows	Understan d the nature and types of motivatio	Enumerate the types of motivation	Cognitive	Recall level I	Must know	Class room lecture	MCQ	LAQ/SA Q	
Hom UG OM	Self reflectio n		Knows how	n	Recognize the types of motivation influencing our	Affective	Receive level I	Must know	Audio- visual Discussi on	SAQ	SAQ/Viv a	

## Semester 2 Topic 4-Motivation, its types and its relevance for Homoeopath

2.10.3					thinking and emotions							
Hom UG- OM- 2.10. 4	Informa tion Interpre tation	Use of Maslow's model of motivati on in our personal	Knows	Models of Motivatio n	Describe the Maslow's self- actualizatio n model	Cognitive	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Small group discussi on	Assign ment	LAQ	
HOM UG OM 2.10.5	Self reflectio n and awaren ess	and professio nal lives	Knows how		Recognize the importance of the model in knowing human beings	Affective	Receive level I	Must know	Group discussi on with caselets	Checkl ist	SAQ/Viv a	
UG HOM 2.10.6	Informa tion Synthes is	Utility of Motivati on for a Homoeo path	Shows how	Reflection of motivatio n in Repertory and HMM	Derives rubrics and remedy images related to motivation	Cognitive	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Demons trate	Checkl ist	МСО	

Sr.No 8	Generic Compet ency	Subject area	Miller s Know / Know how/ Show how/ Does	Specific competency	Specific Learning Objectives / Outcomes	Bloom's domain	Guilbert's level	Must know / desirab le to know / nice to know	TL method / media	Forma tive Assess ment	Summ -ative Assess ment	Integrat ion - Horizon tal / Vertical / Spiral
Hom UG- OM- I.6.1	Informa tion collectio n	Learning and adaptatio n	Know s	Define learning and its role in bringing about adaptation to	Define learning and adaptation	Cognitiv e	Recall level l	Must know	Class room lecture	MCQ	LAQ / SAQ	
	Informa tion Synthes is			change	Derive the relationship between the two	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Caselets	Casele ts	Problem	
Hom UG- OM- I.6.2	Informa tion collectio n	Learning forms and their	Know s	Forms of learning	Explain the three forms of learning viz. Classical conditioning,	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Class room lecture	Checkl ist	LAQ/SA Q	

## Semester 2 Topic 5-Learning, its types and its relevance in daily functioning of Humans

		implicatio n for us			Instrumental conditioning and observational learning							
Hom UG- OM- I.6.3	Holistic thinking		Does	Differentiate the forms or types of learning and their significance	Explain the significance of the above three forms in our daily lives	5	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must to know	Demons tration	Projec t	MCQ	
	Informa tion collectio n		Know	Determinants of learning and their significance	Enumerate the various factors which determine the quality of learning	Cognitiv e	Recall level I	Must know	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ	
	Proble m solving		Know how		Derive the ways in which these factors can be used for enhancing learning	Cognitiv e	Problem solving level II	Must know	Assignm ents	Casele ts	SAQ / Viva	
	Analytic al		Know s		Identify the factors which would inhibit learning and	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Assignm ent	SAQ	SAQ/Viv a	

				which wo need to attended t	ould be to						
Informa tion collectio n	Assessmen t of learning	Know s	Know the methods or assessing learning		the is	Cognitiv e	Recall level I	Must know	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ/Viv a
Analytic al				Evaluate respective value of different methods assess learning		Cognitiv e	Problem solving level III	Must know	Assignm ent	SAQ	SAQ/Viv a
Informa tion Synthes is	Utility of Learning and adaptation for a Homoeopa th	s how	Reflection or learning and adaptation in Repertory and HMM	rubrics remedy images related	and to and	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Demons trate	DOPS	MCQ

# Semester 3 Topic 1-Evolution of Mind with Growth and Development: Normal developments since birth to maturity: physical and psychological

Sr.No	Generic Compet ency	Subject area	Millers Know/ Know how/Sho w how/Doe s	Specific competen cy	Specific Learning Objectives / Outcomes	Bloom's domain	Guilbert's level	Must know desirable to know nice to know		Forma tive Assess ment	Summ -ative Assess ment	Integrat ion - Horizon tal / Vertical / Spiral
	Informa tion collectio n and analysis	Concept and process of Human Develop	Knows	Discuss areas of human Growth and Developm	Define and distinguish between Growth and Development	Cognitiv e	Interpret	Must know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ/Viv a	
Hom UG- OM- I.4.1	Informa tion collectio n	m	Knows	ent	List the three domains of development Physical, Cognitive and psychosocial development	Cognitiv e	Remembe r- level I	Must know	Class room Lecture	MCQ	LAQ / SAQ	
Hom UG-	Informa tion		Knows		Distinguish the	Cognitiv e	Understan d and	Must	Small group	Quiz	LAQ/SA Q	

OM- 1.4.2	Analysis <del>Analytic</del> <del>al</del>		how		characteristic s of physical, cognitive and psychosocial development		interpret Level II	know	discussi on Charts / Models Audio- visual aids	True- false test items		
	Informa tion analysis Analyitc al		Knows how	Discuss determina nts of developme nt	Distinguish between the contribution of nature and nurture in development	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Lecture	LAQ	LAQ	
	informa tion collectio n and Interpre tation		Knows		Define the concept of development al milestones in childhood	Cognitiv e	Recall	Must know	Lecture	MCQ	MCQ	
Hom UG- OM- I.4.3	Informa tion Organiz ation <del>Analytic</del> <del>al</del>	Develop mental stages of Psychose xual, cognitive and psychoso	Knows how	Discuss the theories of cognitive and psychosoc ial	Discuss the theory of psychosexua l developmen t as proposed by Freud	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Small group demons tration, peer group activitie s.	MCQ	МСО	Horizon tal integrat ion with Anato my, physiol ogy

Informa tion Analytic al	cial develop ment	Knows how	developm ent	Discuss the theory of cognitive developmen t proposed by Piaget	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Lecture with example s	LAQ	LAQ
Informa tion Analytic al	_	Knows how		Discuss the theory of psychosocial developmen t of Erik Erikson	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Lecture	LAQ	LAQ
Informa tion collectio n and Interpre tation and Analysis	across the Life span	Knows how	Discuss the developm ent of the human being across the lifespan	Discuss the different stages of physical, emotional and cognitive development of childhood	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Lecture	LAQ	LAQ
Informa tion collectio n		Knows		Discuss parental styles appropriate to help optimal growth in childhood	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Lecture	LAQ Essay on most suitabl e parent	LAQ

Self reflectio n		ing style	
Informa tion collectio n and Interpre tation <del>Analysis</del>	Knows how	Discuss the different stages of physical, psychosocial and cognitive development of adolescenceCognitiv Understan d and interpret Level IIMust knowLecture Level KnowLAQLAQ	
Informa tion Self reflectio n	Knows how / Show how	Discuss the Cognitiv Understan Must Lecture LAQ LAQ role of home, e d and know school and society on the development of the adolescent e the adolescent contract of the development of t	
Informa tion Analysis	Knows how	DiscusstheCognitivUnderstanMustLectureLAQLAQdifferentedandknowinterpretinterp	

				and cognitive development of adulthood							
Inform tion Analys		Knows how		Discuss the different stages of physical, psychosocial and cognitive development of old age and senescence	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Lecture	LAQ	LAQ	
Inform tion Self reflect n a aware ess	io nce of knowled ge of Growth and Develop ment for	Knows how	Discuss significanc e of growth and developm ent in homoeopa	Recognize the impact on knowledge of Growth and Developmen t in case taking	Affectiv e	Receive level I	Must know	Lecture	LAQ	LAQ	Hor. with Organo n
Inform tion Analys	nomoeo path	Knows	– thy	Identify the significance of knowledge of Growth and Developmen	Psycho motor	Imitation level I	Must know	Lecture	LAQ	LAQ	Hor. with Reperto ry

		t in use of Repertory							
Informa tion organiz ation <del>Analysis</del>	Knows	Locate the significance of knowledge of Growth and Developmen t in Homoeopat hic Materia Medica	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Lecture	LAQ	LAQ	Hor. with HMM

Sr.N o	Generic Compet ency	Subject area	Millers Know/ Know how/Sho w how/Doe s	Specific competen cy	Specific Learning Objectives / Outcomes	Bloom's domain	Guilbert's level	Must know / desirabl e to know / nice to know	TL method / media	Forma tive Assess ment	Summ -ative Assess ment	Integrat ion - Horizon tal / Vertical / Spiral
Hom UG- OM- I.9.1	Informati on collection	of Personali ty. Tempera ment	Knows	Discuss the concept of personalit Y	Define the concept of personality	Cognitiv e	Recall level I	Must know	Lecture with discussio n	MCQ	SAQ/Viv a	Concep t to be discuss with Organo n
	Informa tion collectio n , informa tion interpre tation and	and trait	Knows	Discuss the concept of Tempera ment and its evolution	Discuss the concept of temperament and its relation to Body type	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Lecture	SAQ	SAQ	

## Semester 3 Topic 2- Development of Personality, types, Traits, Temperament

	Synthes is												
Hom UG- OM- I.9.4	Informa tion collectio n + Informa tion Interpre tation		Knows	Discuss the concept of traits and its utility	Describe t scientific concept 'Traits' a their importance	of and	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Lecture with case let discussi on	MCQ	SAQ/Viv a	Concep t to be discuss with Organo n
Hom UG- OM- I.9.5	Informa tion collectio n interpre tation and Analysis Synthes is	Theories of Personali ty and develop mental process	Knows	Discuss the Theories of Personalit y	Explain t following theories personality 1. Biologica 2. Behaviou ic 3. Learning 4. Humanist proposed by varic psycholog ts and th implicatio	tic d ous gis neir	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Desirabl e to know	Lecture with case discussi on or suitable exampl e	MCQ Essay on each theory	SAQ/Viv a	

Hom	Informa	Knows	Discuss	s to a physician	Cognitiv	Understan	Desirabl	Case	MCQ	SAQ	
UG- OM- I.9.6	tion Holistic approac h	how	the developm ent of Personalit y and	process of personality development	e	d and interpret Level II	e to know	scenari o discussi on			
Hom UG- OM- I.9.7	Informa tion collectio n and Case Interpre tation of data	Knows	factors determini ng it	Enumerate the Factors determining the Personality	Cognitiv e	Recall level I	Desirabl e to know	Case scenari o discussi on	MCQ	SAQ/Viv a	
Hom UG- OM- I.9.9	Informa tion Analysis Synthes is	Knows how	Assessme nt of personalit y	Describe the techniques of assessing Personality	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Nice to know	Case scenari o discussi on	MCQ	SAQ/Viv a	

Hom UG- OM- I.9.1 0	Informa tion collectio n	Personali ty and Homoeo pathy	Knows	Implicatio ns of study of personalit y to homoeopa th	Discuss relevance concept Personalit a homoeop	of ty to	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Discussi on with case scenari o	MCQ	LAQ	Hor with Organ on
Hom UG- OM- I.9.1 1	Proble m Solving		Knows		Discuss relevance studying Personalit from perspectiv Materia Medica	y the	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Desirabl e to know	Discussi on with scenari o	MCQ	LAQ	Hor with MM

Sr.No 7	Generic Compet ency	Subject area	Millers Know/ Know how/Sho w how/Doe s	Specific competen cy	Specific Learning Objectives / Outcomes	Bloom's domain	Guilbert's level	Must know / desirable to know / nice to know	TL metho d / media	Forma tive Assess ment	Summ -ative Assess ment	Integrati on - Horizont al / Vertical / Spiral
Hom UG- OM- I.5.1	Informa tion	Concept of Bio- Psycho- Social model for	Knows	Describe concept of Bio- Psycho- Social developm	Define the Bio-Psycho- Social model	Cognitiv e	Recall level I	Must know	Lectur e	Ess	LAQ/ SAQ	Anatomy , Physiolo gy
	Informa tion Analysis Synthes is	holistic care	Knows	ent of Human Being	Illustrate how each of the constituent of the Bio- psycho-social model gives a more comprehensiv e understandin	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Lectur e	LAQ	LAQ	

## Semester 3 Topic 3-Bio-Psycho-Social development of Human Being

				g of a human being							
	Holistic approac h System based thinking	Knows how	Implicatio ns of the Bio- psycho- social approach	Discuss the significance of the Bio- psycho-social approach to a human being	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Lectur e	LAQ	LAQ	
	Synthes is	Knows	Implicatio ns in homoeopa thic care	Discuss the similarity between homoeopathi c approach to a human being with Bio-psycho- social approach	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Lectur e	LAQ	LAQ	Hor with Organon
Hom UG- OM- I.5.5	Informa tion Synthes is	Knows how	Discuss Socio cultural basis of Behavior	Defines the role of culture in shaping human behavior.	Cognitiv e	Recall level I	Must know	Small group discus sion	Chart prepar ation Assign ment	SAQ	

Sr.No	Generic Compet ency	Subject area	Millers Know/ Know how/Sho w how/Doe s	Specific competen cy	Specific Learning Objectives / Outcomes	Bloom's domain	Guilbert's level	Must know / desirabl e to know / nice to know	TL method / media	Forma tive Assess ment	Summ -ative Assess ment	Integrati on - Horizont al / Vertical / Spiral
Hom UG- OM- I.10. 1	Informa tion collectio n	Stress, Conflicts and Coping Mechani sms	Knows	Discuss the Concept of Stress and types of stress	Define Stress	Cognitiv e	Remembe r and Recall Level I	Must know	Present ation with case let	MCQ	LAQ	Observat ion in any departm ental OPD/ IPD
Hom UG- OM- I.10. 2	Informa tion and analysis		Knows		Classify the types of stress	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Present ation with case let	MCQ	LAQ	
Hom UG- OM-	Informa tion		Knows how		Identify the sources of Stress	Cognitiv e	Understan d and	Must know	Present ation	MCQ	SAQ/Viv a	

## Semester 3 Topic 4 Concept of Stress-Conflict: their genesis, types and effects on the mind and body

l.10. 3							interpret Level II		with case let			
Hom UG- OM- I.10. 4	Organiz e the data	Knows how		Discuss effect Stresses Mind Body	the of on and	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Desirabl e to know	Present ation with case let	MCQ	SAQ/Viv a	
Hom UG- OM- I.10. 5	Informa tion	Knows	Concept of Conflict and types	Define Conflict		Cognitiv e	Recall level I	Must know	Present ation with case let	MCQ	SAQ/Viv a	Observat ion in any departm ental OPD/ IPD
Hom UG- OM- I.10. 6	Informa tion collectio n	Knows		State stages Conflict	the of	Cognitiv e	Recall Level I	Must know	Present ation with case let	MCQ	SAQ/Viv a	Observat ion in any departm ental OPD/ IPD
Hom UG- OM- I.10.7	Organiz e the data	Knows how		Enumerat the types Conflict		Cognitiv e	Recall Level I	Must know	Present ation with case let	MCQ	SAQ/Viv a	Observat ion in any departm

											ental OPD/ IPD
Hom UG- OM- I.10. 8	Analysis Synthes is	Know	Describe the relationshi p between stress and conflict	Discuss the relationship between Stress and Conflict	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Desirabl e to know	Present ation with case let	MCQ	SAQ/Viv a	Observat ion in any departm ental OPD/ IPD
Hom UG- OM- I.10. 9	Informa tion	Know	Discuss the concept of Coping Mechanis ms and their use	Define Coping mechanism	Cognitiv e	Recall Level I	Must know	Present ation with case let	MCQ	SAQ/Viv a	Observat ion in any departm ental OPD/ IPD
Hom UG- 0M- 1.10. 10	Informa tion	Knows how		Enumerate the types of Coping mechanisms	Cognitiv e	Recall Level I	Must know	Present ation with case let	MCQ	SAQ/Viv a	Observat ion in any departm ental OPD/ IPD

Hom UG- OM- I.10. 1	Proble m solving		Knows how		Discuss the utility of Coping mechanism while dealing with Stress	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Present ation with case let	MCQ	MCQ	Observat ion in any departm ental OPD/ IPD
1	Holistic approac h System based thinking		Knows how	Discuss successful resolution of conflict	Evaluate the role of learning and adaptation in ensuring resolution of stress	Cognitiv e	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Lecture with case exampl e	LAQ	LAQ	
	Synthet ic	Applicati on of stress- conflict in Homoeo pathy	Shows How	Exploring effects of stress- conflict in Homoeop athy	Explore the reflection of conflict in Hom Materia Medica	Cognitiv e	Problem solving III	Must know	Lecture	LAQ	LAQ	

Sr.No	Generic Compet ency	Subject area	Millers Know/ Know how/ Show how/ Does	Specific competen cy	Specific Learning Objectives / Outcomes	Bloom's domain	Guilbert's level	Must know / desirab le to know / nice to know	TL method / media	Forma tive Assess ment	Summ -ative Assess ment	Integrat ion - Horizon tal / Vertical / Spiral
Hom UG- OM- I.11.1	Informa tion Collecti on	Applied Psycholo gy	Knows	Understan d the applicati on of Psycholo gy in the different fields of Clinical, Educatio n, Sports,	Define the following terms in Applied Psychology viz Clinical, Business, Education, Sports, Industrial	Cognitiv e	Recall Level I	Must know	Discussi on on the utility of the subject in multiple human resource s areas	MCQ	SAQ	
	Informa tion manage ment		Knows	Business, Industrial	Illustrate the utility of subject Psychology in various fields	Cognitiv e ? Psycho- motor	Understan d and interpret Level II	Desirab le to know	Library referenc es	SAQ	SAQ/Viv a	

## Semester 3 Topic- 5- Applied Psychology: Clinical, Education, Sports, Business and Industrial

Generic Compet ency	Subject area	Millers Know/ Know how/ Show how/ Does	Specific competen cy	Specific Learning Objectives / Outcomes	Bloom's domain	Guilbert's level	Must know / desirab le to know / nice to know	TL method / media	Forma tive Assess ment	Summ -ative Assess ment	Integrat ion - Horizon tal / Vertical / Spiral
System s thinking	Psycholo gy and Homoeo pathy for Holistic manage ment	Knows	Summarizi ng the course of Psycholog Y	Discuss the ways in which Psychology may contribute to the holistic manageme nt of the patient	Cognitive	Understan d and interpret Level II	Must know	Lecture and discussi on	LAQ	LAQ	

## Semester 3 Topic 6: Psychology and its importance in Homoeopathic practice for Holistic Management of the patient

#### **Teaching-Learning Methods**

- a. Classroom teaching
  - i. Lecture
  - ii. Demonstration
  - iii. Group discussion
  - iv. Problem based learning
- b. Practical
  - i. Psychological theories Models / Experiments / Any activity
  - ii. Facial recognition spotting
- c. Individual learning
  - i. Assignment
  - ii. Short project -e.g. searching MM or Repertory for representation of emotions, thoughts and behaviour

#### V Practical – Lab work – Field – Clinical Hospital work

- a. Journal club: a team of students to present the understanding of current development in psychological aspects of every day events
- b. Field work Some survey for identification of psychological disturbance in Common Man
- c. Clinical Hospital Work- Small project on psychometric tests.

#### VI No of Teaching Hours: Theory

Sr. No	Торіс	No of lectures	Non-lectures
1.	Introduction to the study of Mind in Homoeopathy	3	-
2.	Psychological organization and the interrelationship of Thought (Cognition), Feelings (Affect) and Behaviour (Conation); Conscious and Unconscious elements	2	1

		•	
3.	Physiological basis of behaviour - the place of conditioned and unconditioned reflex	3	1
4.	Understanding Behavior and Functioning and expressions in Repertory and Materia Medica	4	2
5.	Understanding Emotion, its different definitions and expressions in Repertory and Materia Medica	5	3
6.	Understanding Intellect: Attention, memory and its function and expression in Repertory and Materia Medica	4	3
7.	Understanding Intellect: Perception and expressions in Repertory and Materia Medica	3	2
8.	Understanding Intellect: Thinking, intelligence and its measurement and expressions in Repertory and Materia Medica	4	2
9.	Motivation and their types with role in our lives	2	2
10.	Learning and its place in adaptation	4	2
11.	Growth and development of Mind and its expressions from Infancy to old age	4	2
12.	Structure of Personality, the types, their assessment, relationship to Temperament and representation in Materia Medica	4	2
13.	Conflicts: their genesis and effects on the mind and body	3	1
14.	Applied Psychology: Clinical, Education, Sports, Business, Industrial	2	-
15.	Psychology and its importance in Homoeopathic practice	2	-

	Total	50	22

#### 8. Assessment

## 8A- Number of papers and Mark Distribution

Sr. No.	Course Code	Papers	Theory	Practical	Viva Voce	Internal Assessment Practical	Grand Total
1	HomUG-OM-I	1	100	50	40	10	200

## 8B - Scheme of Assessment (formative and Summative)

Sr. No	Professional Course	1 <sup>st</sup> term (1-6 Months)	2 <sup>nd</sup> Term (7-12 Months)	3 <sup>rd</sup> Term (13-18	Months)
1	First Professional BHMS	First PA + 1 <sup>ST</sup> TT	2 <sup>nd</sup> PA+2 <sup>ND</sup> TT	3 <sup>rd</sup> PA	UE

PA: Periodical Assessment; TT: Term Test; UE: University Examinations

#### 8 C - Evaluation Methods for Periodical Assessment

Sr. No	Evaluation Dimensions
1	Practical/Clinical Performance

2	Viva Voce, MCQs, MEQ (Modified Essay Questions/Structured Questions)
3	Open Book Test (Problem Based)
4	Reflective writing
5	Class Presentations; Work Book Maintenance
6	Problem Based Assignment
8	Co-curricular Activities, (Social Work, Public Awareness, Surveillance/ Prophylaxis Activities, Sports or Other Activities which may be decided by the Department).
9	Small Project

#### 8D - Scheme of Assessment (Formative )

Sr No		1 <sup>st</sup> term (1-6 Mon	ths)	2 <sup>nd</sup> Term (7-12 Mo	3 <sup>rd</sup> Term (13-18 Months)	
1	First Professional	ı <sup>st</sup> PA	1 <sup>ST</sup> TT	2 <sup>nd</sup> PA	2 <sup>ND</sup> TT	3 <sup>rd</sup> PA
	BHMS	10 Marks Practical/Viva	50 Marks Practical/ Viva	10Marks Practical/Viva	50 Marks Practical/ Viva	10Marks Practical/Viva

For Internal assessment, Only Practical/Viva marks will be considered. Theory marks will not be counted)

8E - Method of Calculation of Internal Assessment Marks for Final University Examination:

PA1	PA2	PA <sub>3</sub>	Periodical	TT1	TT2	Terminal	Final
Practical/Viva	Practical/Viva	Practical/Viva	Assessment	Practical/Viva	Practical/Viva	Test	Internal
(10 Marks)	FIGULCAL	FIACLICAL	Average	(50 Marks)	FIACLICAL	Average	Assessment
	(10 Marks)	(10 Marks)	PA1+PA2+PA3/3	(20 Marks)	(50 Marks)	TT1+	Marks
						TT2/	
						100*10	
	В	С	D		F	G	D+G/2
A				E			

PA: Periodical Assessment; TT: Term Test; UE: University Examinations

#### 8 F - Paper Layout

Summative assessment:

<u>Theory- 100 marks</u>

#### Section –I-50 marks-Organon

ΜርQ	5 marks	10min
SAQ	25 marks	50 min
LAQ	20 marks	30 min

Section –II-50 marks- Psychology

ΜርQ	5 marks	10min
SAQ	25 marks	50 min
LAQ	20 marks	30 min

## 8 G – I – Distribution of Theory Exam - Organon

Sr.	Paper			D		
No.				Type of Questions "Yes" can be asked.		
						d.
				"No" sh	ould not b	e asked
	A	В	С	MCQ	SAQ	LAQ
	List of Topics	Terms	Marks	(1mark)	(5 Marks)	(10 Marks)
1	Introductory Topics	1	Refer Next Table	Yes	Yes	No
2	Logic	1	-	No	Yes	No
3	§1-27&105-145 of Organon of medicine, §105 to 145	&		No	Yes	Yes
4	The Physician – Purpose of Existence, Qualities, Duties, Knowledge			Yes	Yes	Yes
5	Vital Force – Dynamisation – Homoeopathic Cure – Natures Law of Cure & Implications – drug proving			Yes	Yes	Yes

8 G – II – Theme Table - Organon

Theme*	Торіс	Term	Marks	MCQ's	SAQ's	LAQ's
А	Introductory Topics	I	10	Yes	Yes	No
В	Logic	1	05	No	Yes	No
С	§1-27&105-145 of Organon of medicine, §105 to 145	&	25	No	Yes	Yes
D	The Physician – Purpose of Existence, Qualities, Duties, Knowledge		10	Yes	Yes	Yes

Theme table: -Psychology

Theme*	Topics	Term	Marks	MCQ's	SAQ's	LAQ's
А	Introduction to psychology	I	05	NO	Yes	No
В	Psychological organization of Mind –Structural and Functional	I	10	Yes	Yes	Yes
С	Understanding Emotion/thinking/ Behaviour	1	10	Yes	Yes	Yes
D	Motivation and their types with role in our lives	I	05	Yes	Yes	Yes
E	Growth and development	II	10	Yes	Yes	Yes
F	Personality development and stress management	111	05	NO	yes	no
G	Applied Psychology	111	05	No	Yes	no

## 8 H Question paper Blue print :

#### Sections I : Organon – 50 Marks

A	В	Question Paper Format
Question Serial Number	Type of Question	(Refer table 4FII theme table for themes)
Q1	Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ)	Theme A
	5 Questions	Theme A
	1 mark each	Theme A
	All Compulsory	Theme A
	Must Know part – 3 MCQ	Theme A
	Desirable to know – 2 MCQ	
	Nice to know – NIL	
Q2	Short Answer Questions (SAQ)	Theme A
	5 Questions	Theme B
	5 Marks Each	Theme C
	All Compulsory	Theme C
	Must Know part – 5 SAQ	Theme C
	Desirable to Know – NIL	
	Nice To Know - NIL	
Q <sub>3</sub>	Long Answer Questions (LAQ)	Theme C
	2 Questions	Theme D
	10 Marks Each	
	All Compulsory	
	All questions on must know	
	Desirable to Know – NIL	
	Nice To Know - NIL	

## Section-II- Psychology -50 marks

Question Serial	Type of Question	Question Paper Format
Number		(Refer table 4 F II Theme table for themes)
Q1	All compulsory	Theme B +C+E+F+G
	Multiple choice Questions (MCQ) 5 Questions -1 mark each	
	Must know – 3MCQ	
	Desirable to know-1 MCQ	
	Nice to know -1 MCQ	
Q2	Short answer Questions (SAQ) 5 Questions 5 Marks Each	Theme A+B+C+D+E+F+G
	All compulsory	
	Must know part: 3 SAQ	
	Desirable to know: 1 SAQ	
	Nice to know: 1 SAQ	
Q3	Long answer Questions (LAQ) 2 Questions 10 marks each	Theme B+C+ E+F+G
	All compulsory	
	Must know part: 2 LAQ	

#### 8 I - Distribution of Practical Exam

#### Practical -100

#### Practical Organon: 50 marks

Practical	25 marks
Viva voce	20 marks
Internal assessment	5 marks

#### Practical Psychology: 50 marks

Practical	25 marks
Viva voce	20 marks
Internal assessment	5 marks

#### 9. References

#### I. Text book/s

- 1. Hahnemann S. Organon of medicine. 6ed
- 2. Sarkar. B. K. Hahnemann's organon of medicine
- 3. Roberts H. A. The principles and Art of cure by homoeopathy
- 4. Kent J. T. Lecture's on homoeopathic philosophy
- 5. M. L. Dhawale. Principles & Practice of Homoeopathy

- 6. Hughes Richard The Principles and Practice Of Homoeopathy
- 7. Close Stuart: The genius of homoeopathy
- 8. Allen J Henry: The Chronic Miasm With Repertory
- 9. Banerjee P N.: Chronic diseases- Its cause and cure

#### II. Reference books

- 1. Arya M.P (2018): A study of Hahnemann's Organon of medicine
- 2. Singh Mahindra: Pioneers Of Homoeopathy
- 3. Vithoulkas George (2002): Science of Homoeopathy

#### References/ Resources: Standard textbook: for Psychology

- 1. Shelley E Tylor. 10th edition (2018) Health psychology
- 2. Shashi Jain 4th edition (2014) Introduction to psychology
- 3. Psychology textbook for class XI.7th edition National Council for Educational Research and training
- 4. Psychology textbook for class XII 7th edition National Council for Educational Research and training
- 5. Morgan Clifford Thomas 7<sup>th</sup> edition (2017) Introduction to Psychology
- 6. Alder (2009) Psychology and Sociology applied to medicine
- 7. Chavan (2013), Community Mental Health in India
- 8. Munn (2010) Norman Normal Psychology
- 9. Baron Misra (2016) Psychology
- 10. Susan (2011) Ayers Psychology for Medicine
- 11. Diana Papilia (2001) Developmental psychology
- 12. Atkinsons & Hilgard (2015) Introduction to Psychology

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# COMPETENCY BASED DYNAMIC CURRICULUM FOR FIRST BHMS PROFESSIONAL COURSE

(Applicable from Batch 2022-2023 onwards for 5 years or until further notification by National Commission for Homoeopathy whichever is earlier)

## (Yoga for Health Promotion)



## HOMOEOPATHY EDUCATION BOARD NATIONAL COMMISSION FOR HOMOEOPATHY MINISTRY OF AYUSH, GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

JAWAHAR LAL NEHRU BHARTIYA CHIKITSA AVUM HOMOEOPATHY ANUSANDHAN BHAVAN No.61-65, Institutional Area, opp. 'D' block, Janak Puri, New Delhi-110 058

#### Subject Code: HomUG-Yoga I

#### Subject: Yoga for Health Promotion

The syllabus of Yoga for the 1st BHMS students should include the basic concept of Yoga and its philosophy, with a clear idea of the different section of asana, pranayama, kriya and meditation. Total 30 hours of class will include practical training. The students will be trained in understanding the relationship between Yoga and Homoeopathy in a wholistic approach, and the point of application of yoga in part of treatment.

The topic and respective allotted hours are as follows-

Sr.no.1	TOPIC	CLASS
1.	Yoga definition, concept, types, benefits, and origin.	Hours 1
2.	History and patanjali, yoga philosophy and development of yoga.	Hours 1
3.	Astanga, yoga, hathayoga.	Hours 1
4.	Asana-types, examples, benefits.	Hours 1
5	Corelation of vital force and prana.	Hours 1
6	Meditation-types, methods, benefits.	Hours 1
7	Kriya-types, methods, benefits.	Hours 1
8	Relationship of yoga and homoeopathy on wholistic plane.	Hours 1
9	Application of yoga in terms of hahnemann's accessory circumtanses.	Hours 1
10	Pranayanam, types, benefits.	Hours 1
11	Practical learning about asanas (postures)-pawanmuktasna, backstreching, sunsalutation, classical sequences.	Hours 5
12	Practical learning about Breathing, pranyama including abdominal, thoracic, clavicular, hasthamudra, vilom, lung sensitising.	Hours 5
13	Practice of relaxation, tense and relax, short yoganidra, extended, savasana, yoganidra, sankalpa.	Hours 5
14	Meditation practice, sitting posture, kaya sthairam, omchanting, trataka.	Hours 5